TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TO KEEP RAILROADS FROM RAISING RATES

Except With Consent of the Commission.

Stone Bill Is Passed After a Warm Debate.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house this morning passed the Stone bill, which prohibits railroads from raising rates or charging classifications without the written consent of the railroad and warehouse commission. There was a long debate and the vote stood 80 to 25 for the bill. All of the St. Louis county representatives voted against it, except Capt. Randall, who voted for it. The bill provides that after any common carrier has put into effect any rate between stations in Minnesota, the rate cannot be increased without the written order of the commission. The provision also applies to joint rates, which cannot be discontinued or changed without consent of the commission.

Two amendments were adopted, both being presented by Mr. Clague, of Redwood county. One provides that the act shall not apply to property carried free, or for reduced rates for the federal or state governments, or for any municipality within the state, or for any church or religious society or charitable purpose; for carrying freight to and from fairs and expositions, for stock breeding purposes or for carrying seed grain. The other amendment provides that common carriers may put emergency rates into effect for the protection of the carrier or shipper, and they may be restored at a specified time, or may be extended in the discretion of the commission. Violation of the law is punished by a penalty of $100 per day for each day the violations continue, to be recovered by the attorney general in a civil action.

The advocates of the bill made the claim that it would prevent discrimination in rates, and in talking along that line, Mr. Clague made the statement that Mr. Klein, of Chaska, was fretting because of special discriminating rates on wood hauled to his brickyard there. Mr. Klein is a member of the house.

The opponents of the bill made the point that it would prevent any reductions of rates, because the roads would not take chances on reductions when they might not be able to restore them again.

Mr. Dowling, of Eveleth, in a speech opposing the bill, said it gave the commission an additional club over the railroads, and that it is not now using properly the facilities it has.

* * *

The bill restoring the land grant rights of the Hastings & Dakota railroad was killed by the house after an exchange of courtesies between some of the members. The bill was introduced by Mr. Chinnok by request, and it was first favorably reported upon by the railroad committee. Then Mr. Chinnok had it referred back to the committee, and this morning it was reported back without recommendation.

Mr. Haughland moved that it be indefinitely postponed, and W. A. Nolan, chairman of the railroad committee, made the charge that one of the house members, whose name he did not mention, had received information that the bill was a bad one, and had withheld it with the intention of putting the railroad committee in a hole. It was intimated that the member in question was one of the leading opponents of Speaker Babcock in the speakership contest, and that his intention was to put the committee appointed by Dr. Babcock in a false light.

* * *

The Gregory anti-vaccination bill, on motion of its author, was made a special order for Thursday, March 12, at 2 o'clock p. m., when the Fosseen sanitary bill, which includes a compulsory vaccination clause, will also be discussed.

A petition was received from residents of Two Harbors asking that the legislature pass a bill prohibiting any sort of fishing in Lake Superior between Oct. 15 and March 15.

Mr. Hugo introduced an amendment to the law under which the Duluth municipal court acts, increasing the pay of First Assistant Clerk Lloyd from $900 to $1100 a year, and making the court stenographer's fees 10 cents a folio instead of 5 cents.

* * *

Dr. Budd, of Two Harbors, introduced three bills. One of them permits counties to issue bonds for jails and sheriffs' residences and another validates jail bonds heretofore issued by counties. A third makes a slight change in the law punishing lumber jacks for accepting transportation from employers and then refusing to go to work. The old law made the punishment both fine and imprisonment, and the Budd bill makes it fine or imprisonment.

Dr. Graham, of Duluth, introduced a bill allowing the state treasurer to borrow temporarily from other funds to replenish the state revenue fund.

Mr. Tighe, of Ramsey, introduced a bill adding to the adverse possession law by providing that not only must a person claiming property by adverse possession have held it for fifteen years, but that he must have paid taxes on it for at least seven and one-half years.

* * *

Mr. Chinnok, of Ramsey county, provides for the incorporation of pawnbroking and chattel mortgage companies in a bill introduced by him.

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WOULD WORK A REVOLUTION IN TELEPHONE BUSINESS

Bills Introduced In Legislature Compelling Companies to Make Connections With Other Lines When Requested---Anti-Vaccination Lobby Persistent.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The two telephone bills introduced in the house yesterday by Messrs. Klein and J. D. Schroeder, would work a revolution in the telephone business if they passed.

Under their provisions it would not make much difference to a subscriber whether he patronized one telephone or the other. If he were a Zenith 'phone subscriber he could get people that had the Duluth 'phones, and vice versa. If the Duluth Telephone company asked the Zenith to make connections, the latter would have to comply or be subject to the penalties provided by the bills, one of which includes a simple fine of $25 to $100, and the other in addition prescribes that a company refusing to comply could be enjoined from continuing in business.

These bills are similar to the so-called "barbed wire fence" telephone bill, introduced at the special session last winter, which provided that if a farmer wanted a telephone he could make any nearby line give him a connection.

* * *

For persistence, energy and earnestness, the anti-vaccination lobby beats the world. There is hardly an hour in the day when there are not several lobbyists button-holing members, in their seats or wherever they can find them, and pouring doleful tales of the horrors of vaccination into their not too willing ears. They itch for argument, and they are primed full of horrible examples that they can cite, where all sorts of deadly diseases have followed closely on the heels of a vaccination.

Their claim is, of course, that the germs of disease were inserted along with the vaccine in the persons of the victims, and that vaccination is a crime and a disgrace to civilization. Not only that, but they say that smallpox is not

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AN OLD TIME RIVER RACE IS ON

New Orleans, Feb. 26.—A river race, such as was a common occurrence twenty years ago, is now in progress between this city and Vicksburg between the steamers City of Louisville, of Cincinnati, and the Queen City of Pittsburg. Both boats are loaded down with passengers principally visitors returning to their homes from the New Orleans Mardi Gras, and if either boat breaks the record of the Robert E. Lee, the citizens of Vicksburg will give a handsome pair of cabin horns to the successful contestant.

VICTIM TURNS ON HIS ASSAILANT

Chicago, Feb. 26.—After torturing a man he had already wounded three times, Henry Carr, 32 years old, was shot and killed last night by James Fletcher, 19 years old, his victim. The struggle which preceded the killing took place in the kitchen of Carr's home, the only witness being a 12-year-old boy, the brother of Carr's wife. Carr was intent on murder because he believed Fletcher had broken up his home. In his pocket was found a letter from Mrs. Carr, who begged forgiveness. Fletcher, it is believed, will recover.

FOUL WRETCH CONFESSES TO THE MURDER OF FIVE WOMEN

Knapp, Who Was Arrested Yesterday at Hamilton, O., Makes Startling Statement to Mayor.

Hamilton, O., Feb. 26.—Alfred Knapp, the Indianapolis man arrested yesterday, who confessed to the murder of his third wife, today made a full confession of five murders. Among them is that of Ida Gebhard, the West Indianopolis girl, who was found murdered and outraged in a stable July 3, 1895. Knapp's confession, which was sworn to before Mayor Bosch, is as follows:

"On Jan. 21, 1894, I killed Emma Littleman in a lumber yard in Gest street, Cincinnati. On Aug. 1, 1894, I killed May Eckert in Walnut street, opposite the Y. M. C. A., in Cincinnati. On Aug. 7, 1894, I killed my wife, Jennie Connors Knapp under the canal bridge in Liberty street, Cincinnati, and threw her into the canal. In Indianapolis, in July, 1895, I killed Ida Gebhard. On Dec. 22, 1902, I killed my wife, Annie Knapp, at 339 South Fourth street, in Hamilton, and threw her into the river out by Lindenwald. This is the truth.

"I make this statement by my own free will and not by the request of any officer or any one else.

"ALBERT KNAPP."

Sworn to before me, this 26th day of February, 1903. C. F. BOSCH, Mayor.

Knapp admitted yesterday afternoon to Director of Police Mason, Capt. Lenhan and Mayor Bosch that he choked his wife to death on the morning of Dec. 22, but says that he does not know why he did it. He says he then came up town, hired a spring wagon, secured a wooden box from a shoe store and drove back home. There he stuffed the body into the box, being obliged to double it in order to close the lid. He then drove to Lindenwald, about two miles south of the city, and crossed over to the Miami river just west of Lindenwald. Reaching a high bluff over the river, he dumped the box containing the body into the water and drove back to town. Knapp was taken in hand by the police yesterday evening and ordered to take them to the place where he had thrown the body. He did so, and pointed out the place where he had pushed the box over the high embankment.

SMOOT CHARGED WITH POLYGAMY

Alleged That Senator-Elect Married a Plural Wife Since Utah Was Admitted as a State.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Senator Burrows, chairman of the senate committee on privileges and elections, today presented to the senate a protest signed by Rev. J. L. Leilich, in the case of Senator-elect Reed Smoot, of Utah, urging that Mr. Smoot shall not be permitted to take his seat in the senate. Mr. Leilich is in charge of Methodist missions in Utah, and resides in Salt Lake. He is in Washington as the representative of the Ministers' association of Salt Lake. His statement is sworn to.

Mr. Leilich declares that Smoot is a polygamist and now has a plural wife, although he deems it inexpedient to give the maiden name of the lady at this time. His charge on this point is as follows:

"That the said Reed Smoot is a polygamist and that since the admission of Utah into the Union of states he, although then and there having a legal wife married a plural wife in the state of Utah, in violation of the laws and compact hereinbefore described and since such plural or polygamous marriage the said Reed Smoot has lived and cohabited with both his legal wife and his plural wife in the state of Utah and elsewhere, as occasion offered; and that the only record of such plural marriage is the secret record made and kept by the authorities of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, which secret record is in the exclusive custody and control of the first presidency and the quorum of the twelve apostles of said church, of which the said Reed Smoot is one, and beyond the control and power of the protestants. Your protestants respectfully asks that the senate of the United States, or its appropriate committee, compel the first presidency and the quorum of the twelve apostles and the said Reed Smot to produce such secret record for the consideration of the senate. Your protestant says he is advised by counsel that it is inexpedient at this time to give further particulars concerning such plural marriage and its results, or the place in which it was solemnized, or the maiden name of the plural wife."

Mr. Leilich also asserts that "President Joseph F. Smith, the president of the Mormon church is living in open polygamy and has had a child born to him by his plural wife as late as 1898."

And also that "Professor Lorenzo Snow lived and died in the practice of polygamy and polyamous cohabitation, and that his "plural' wife." Minne Jensen Snow bore him a child as late as the winter of 1896-7.'

PRESIDENT TO SPEAK

At the Wesley Celebration at Carnegie Hall.

Washington, Feb. 26.—President Roosevelt left for New York at 11 o'clock to attend the bi-centennary celebration of the anniversary of the birth of John Wesley, to be held in Carnegie hall tonight. The president was accompanied by Secretary Loeb, Capt. W. S. Cowles, his military aide, Stenographer Latta and his physician. The president's train, consisting of two cars, was run as the second section of the regular Pennsylvania express. The party is due to arrive at West Twenty-third street at 5 p. m. The president will dine at the residence of Samuel W. Bowne, 35 West Fifty-seventh street.

This evening President Roosevelt and party will attend the celebration in Carnegie hall, where the president will be the principal orator. He will leave the hall immediately upon the conclusion of the speech to meet a private engagement at the university club. The special train is expected to leave for Washington shortly after midnight, arriving here at 7:20 tomorrow morning.

New York, Feb. 26.—Fifteen thousand applications have been made for tickets to the John Wesley bi-centennial celebration, which is to take place tonight at Carnegie hall under the auspices of the metropolitan twentieth century thank-offering commission, which was organized to raise $1,000,000 for the Methodist denomination in this city. Thousands will be disappointed, as the hall seats only 3100.

The speakers will be President Roosevelt, who will discuss the progress of methodism; Chancellor Day, of Syracuse, who will deliver an address on "The Gospel of John Wesley," and Bishop Andrews, whose theme will be "Then and Now—A. D. 1783 and A. D. 1903."

STATION FOR PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Feb. 26.—Jos. Ramsay, Jr., president of the Wabash railroad has approved the plans for the new station in this city, and the contract for its construction has been awarded to the George A. Fuller company. The structure is to be completed in ten months and will cost over $1,000,000.

TRIUMPHS OF 1902.

Seldom if ever in any one year of the history of the world have so many important events of universal interest taken place. America, England, Germany and France have each participated. The President of the United States welcomed and entertained H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia at the White House, Edward the VII was crowned King of England and Emperor of India, the German Emperor had his American-built yacht, "Meteor," christened; France had the unveiling of the Rochambeau Statue, and at all functions attending these celebrations Moet & Chandon's Champagne was used exclusively. This indeed is an unparalleled record, which is proof positive of the superiority and popularity of the renowned brand of Moet & Chandon White Seal.

SEVERAL FIREMEN SERIOUSLY HURT IN A FIRE IN NEW YORK

A Quarter Million Dollar Blaze In an Eight-Story Building Caused a Number of Broken Legs and Heads Among the Fire Fighters.

New York, Feb. 24.—Several firemen were hurt, one perhaps fatally, at a fire in an eight story building at Broadway and Thirteenth streets early today. The property loss is estimated at $250,000. Captain John Andres of an engine company, while at work at the fire, fell through an open shaft, striking on his head. He was thought to be fatally injured and was taken to a hospital.

A dozen firemen were at work on the sixth floor when a part of the fire proof ceiling fell. Battalion Chief Gooderson was knocked unconscious by a piece of tile and Fireman Daniel Foley's right leg was broken and he was sent to a hospital while Gooderson was ordered home by Chief Purroy. Fireman Joseph Minsch and Thomas Mix fell from a ladder and broke their legs and a piece of cornish crushed Fireman Joseph Kimmeths foot. The three men were taken to a hospital.

Sparks from the burning building were blown toward the Morton house at Broadway and Fourteenth street and the 200 guests of that hotel, who had been aroused by thee fire eengines, all went down to the street for safety. It was found, however, that the hotel was not at any time in danger.

The occupants of the building were Hackett, Carhart & Co., men's furnishers; the Crown Suspender company; the Montauk Silk company, the Brainard & Armstrong Silk company and the Altman Neckwear company. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained.

COUNT BONI ADVOCATES A FRANCO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE

Believes That With the Two Greatest Democracies, France and the United States, Allied Together, No Country Could Upset the Peace of the World.

New York, Feb. 26.—Count Boni Castellane has left for New York, says the Paris representative of the American. Before embarking at Cherbourg, he said:

"The primary object of my visit is to see my relatives and friends and bring back my wife and children. I shall also visit Florida.

"While the trip gives me pleasure, it is one of duty also. I would like much to speak in the United States about increased ties and even formal alliance between France and the United States. This is the physicologic moment for such an alliance, particularly as Germany is showing an extraordinary appetite for extra European territory.

"If we had such an alliance neither England nor Germany nor any other country could upset the peace of the world, nor could all combined do so, for very soon the American navy will be the greatest in the world, just as our submarine fleet is now the strongest. The grandest spectacle of the twentieth century would be to see the two greatest democracies defying the combined monarchies of Europe. I trust the lesson of Venezuela will not be lost on the United States."

FISHING TUGS PASS NIGHT SAFELY

Grand Haven, Mich., Feb. 26.—The fishing tugs J. H. Dornbos and C. J. Bos passed the night in safety in the ice pack off this harbor. They appear from the shore today to have suffered no damage from the pressure of the ice during the night. The steamers Naomi and Nyack, of the Crosby line, are now working on the ice pack in an effort to release the tugs. There is little wind today and no movement of the ice. At 10 o'clock the Dornbos appeared to have been freed by the steamers. The crews have food and coal and are not suffering.

CINCINNATI HAS THE WORST FIRE IN HISTORY OF THE CITY

Pike Theater and Other Buildings Burned.

The Loss Will Amount to Over Two Millions.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—This city was visited by a fire today that destroyed one-half of a square in the most central part and caused a loss of over $2,000,000. The burning embers were carried four miles, the Kentucky suburbs being covered with them. The fire departments of Covington, Newport and other Kentucky towns came promptly to the assistance of the local firemen and it was noon before their combined efforts had the fire under control. Crews were at work all the time on the roofs of surrounding buildings and a general conflagration was narrowly averted. The underground system of telegraph and telephone wires not only prevented communication from being cut off, but also enabled the firemen to prevent the fire from spreading as they could not have done had all the wires still remained on poles and buildings that formerly surrounded the burned district.

It was, perhaps, the greatest scare the city ever had as it was thought at one time that the entire business section was endangered and such would have been the case if there had been brisk winds.

Joseph Schaefer and John Keenan were seriously injured by falling walls, but both will recover. Although there are reports of persons being missing, it it not thought that any lives were lost. Captain O'Keefe and seven firemen were caught on the roof of one of the buildings and all came near perishing when the flames broke out under them, but they were rescued by ladders. The fire wiped out some of the landmarks of the city. All the buildings were among the most substantial in the city, with the possible exception of the large Pike building.

Cincinnati, Feb. 26.—This city was today visited by the most destructive fire in its history. About 1:30 this morning flames were discovered in the cellar of George Joffees' grocery store, in the Pike building on Fourth street, between Vine and Walnut. An hour later there was an explosion, supposed to come from liquors in storage, and the flames soon afterward shot up through the roof of the six-story stone front building and from that time on for several hours the fire was beyond control. The Pike building was totally destroyed, including the offices of the United States Express company, the Adams Express company, White's restaurant, owned by Maynard & Kerr, George Joffees' grocery, John B. Martin's restaurant, Empson's confectionery, Henry Strauss' cigar store and the offices of the Pike Theater company on the first floor, the Pike theater auditorium and other offices on the second floor and all of the offices on the third, fourth and fifth floors. The Season Good building adjoining the Pike building on the west, at the corner of Vine and Fourth street, was badly damaged.

The building adjoining the Pike building on the east, owned by the L. B. Harrison estate, and occupied by the Robert Clarke company, publishers, and Duhme Bros., jewelers, on the first floor, and others in the upper stories, was totally destroyed.

The Fosdick building east of the Robert Clarke company and Duhme Bros., and occupied by the Norfolk & Western railroad and others was badly damaged, while the Carlisle building, occupied by the Southern Pacific Railroad company and Smith & Sons, and the Cincinnati Trust company on the first floor and very many offices on the other five floors were slightly damaged.

The front stone walls of the Pike building and those of the adjoining structures, owned by the Robert Clarke company and the Duhme Bros., jewelry store, and of the Season Good buildings, did not fall. The rear walls of these structures, which are of brick, gave way with the falling floors.

The fire swept across the alley known as Baker street and burned the large publishing house of the American Book company at the corner of Baker street and other property along Baker street. The fire did great damage to the telephone building and all 'phones in the city were cut off for some time.

All the guests in the Burnett house, on Vine street, just across the street from the telephone building, were called out of their rooms as were those at the Gibson, the Emery and the Stag hotels, which were in close proximity to the fire. The Kankakee building, which is diagonally across the street from the Season Good building and Pike opera house, and occupied by the Western Union, the Associated Press, the Big Four and other offices, was threatened, and all the wires of the Western Union for hours were in danger, but this location was spared. There was scarcely any wind blowing, and this prevented the fire from spreading in any direction except southward to Baker street. Not only the entire fire department, but also the police and other departments, were on hand expecting a general catastrophe. Mayor Fleischmann was present and nearly all of the business men whose places are in the central part of the city, were called out of bed to protect their property. It was not until after daylight that the fire was gotten under control and the danger of a general conflagration was believed to be over.

As it is known that about twenty people sleep in the Pike building there were at first reports that several lives had been lost, but none of these reports have been confirmed. There were many narrow escapes. Night Watchman John Agin and Mat Garretson, and Harry Richardson, doorkeeper, saved six lives by entering the building and forcing their way through the smoke and rescuing lodgers. Five men were sound asleep in a rear room of the Pike building when they were rescued by having their door broken in. They were John Mulvern, B. W. Zeigler, H. C. Storey, J. F. McDonald and W. C. Askher. All escaped in their night clothes. Agin, Richardson and Garretson proceeded through the building, giving the alarm to all until they had to be helped out of the structure themselves.

Capt. G. L. Glannan, head of a well-known detective bureau, who was asleep on the third floor, was awakened and escaped in his night clothes. He lost all the records of his office. Nothing was saved from the upper floors, nor from the rooms of the theater company.

As there are over 400 different losers, it is impossible at this writing to estimate the total loss. The fire was still burning at 9 a. m., with little prospects of control in the territory bounded by Vine, Walnut, Fourth and Baker streets, and the loss was then estimated at over $3,000,00. John Keenan, night watchman of the American Book company, was caught by falling walls and fatally injured.

The escape of Will Jones, the well-known Cincinnati actor, just before the roof of the burning building fell, and his rescue, half dead, from the top of the building, was a thrilling and almost miraculous one. Jones presence of mind, which led him to throw his cuff into the street below, and thus make his whereabouts known, saved his life.

After a hard hehearsal, Jones went to the Pike building, about midnight, to get his valise, which he had left in a studio of an artist friend on the fourth floor. After entering he was so tired out he fell asleep in a chair. When he awoke suddenly he was almost blinded and suffocating, but saw outside the glare of the flames. He crawled to the door. Outside in the great air shaft the flames were shooting up. Howe he made his way he does not know, but instinctively found the stairway leading to the top.

He went up to the roof, and in some manner got through a skylight. He fell over something and was stunned. When he recovered the flames were shooting through the roof. He crawled to the edge, but the firemen in the street did not notice him. He shouted himself hoarse. He took his cuff and wrote on it:

"I am on roof. Nearly dead from gas. JONES."

He threw it to the ground and a reporter picked it up and located the figure of a man standing outlined in the sparks. Jones crept along the edge of the rear of the building and there waited for the firemen, who placed a ladder across the alley from the telephone exchange building. Jones was carried down and taken to the hospital.

The girls in the telephone exchange building, across an alley from the burning Pike building, were badly frightened as the dark clouds of smoke rolled about the building. The exchange rooms are on the top floor of the six-story building, and the night force consists of eight exchange girls and the night manager, George Kappes. The girls pluckily stuck to their posts from 1:30 to 3:30 a. m., when the flames were blazing in their windows, so they were ordered out. Later they returned to "their calls," and when the large day force of girls came on duty they fearlessly went to the sixth floor for duty, although the fire raged all around them.

The Pike theater building was totally destroyed by fire in 1866, and it narrowly escaped total destruction on March 30, 1902, when there was a Sunday matinee in progress, but no lives were lost in any of the fires.

After the fire of last year the interior of the Pike was remodeled and the theater redecorated and refurnished at an expense of several thousand dollars. The scenery and costumes used by the Pike stock company during the season which closed last Saturday night, valued at about $10,000, were stored in the opera house. Included in this was a good portion of the expensive costumes used in the presentation of "Cinderella" during Christmas week.

The loss of the Henrietta Crossman company, which has been at the Pike this week, is over double that of the Pike Stock company. Henrietta Crossman was called up with other guests at the Burnet house and witnessed the burning of her company's effects. She went into the crowd on the street in the night and offered her assistance.

The Pike building belongs to the Pike estate, and Powell Crossley is the general lessee, sub-letting it to over 200 tenants.

The building adjoining the Pike on the west, a five-story structure, was supposed to be fireproof, but the enormous heat from the Pike fire and falling walls damaged it very much. It is owned by Louis Seasongood, and is occupied by the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad on the first floor, and by numerous tenants in the basement, and by Richter & Phillips, wholesale jewelers, on the second story and others on the upper floors. The loss of Richter & Phillips is very large, although there was considerable salvage, as the Seasongood building withstood the flames for some time.

Among the losers are Artists John Ward Dunsmore, Rena De Camp, Elizabeth C. Eckstein and C. A. Meurer, whose studios were destroyed with many valuable pictures.

The American Book company will lose a quarter of a million on their publishing house and stock and machinery. The plates of the eclectic sys-

(Continued on page 10.)

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern THE BURROWS STORE. Duluth. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

Opening Hat Sale!

The New Spring Styles.

$1.90

For Men's Hats that sell in other stores for $2.50 and $3.00

Tomorrow and Saturday we will place on sale 100 dozen very fine stiff and soft hats in the fashionable shapes and colors. You will find here the greatest lot of values ever offered in Duluth. Every hat made for this season's wear and of the styles now the rage in the East. Hat stores charge $2.50 and $3; here tomorrow and Saturday $1.90

(See them in our avenue window.)

Burrows' Special Soft and Stiff Hats $3.50 | Young's New York Hats, all styles $3.00 | The Celebrated Stetson Hats $3.50

The Famous 1903 Knox Hats Are Now on Sale!

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern THE BURROWS STORE. Duluth. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

TOMORROW AND SATURDAY

LAST DAYS OF OUR SALE OF

SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS

At HALF PRICE

Our Sensational Trouser Sale!

Values that have never been equaled in the history of Duluth. Trousers of every good material in latest styles. Trousers to fit every figure and that sold earlier for $4.00, $3.75, $3.50 and $3.00—now for $1.85

Boys' Clothing Half Price Tomorrow and Saturday.

Men's Fine Underwear Half Price Tomorrow and Saturday.

MRS. FAIRBANKS IS RE-ELECTED

Unanimously Chosen President-General of the D. A. R.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The election of officers was the feature of today's session of the Daughters of the American Revolution. There was less excitement than usual over the result in view of the unequivocal declaration of Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, that she would not permit her name to be presented as a candidate for president general, leaving the field clear for Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, the present incumbent.

Mrs. Percy S. Foster, the musical director, introduced Mrs. Tryphosa Bachelder, regent of the Abigail Adams chapter of Boston, Mass., who sang "Gounod's Prayer." Mrs. Waring, of South Carolina, took the chair during the reading of the minutes of yesterday's sessions, which were approved after a number of corrections and personal explanations. The congress formally accepted the invitation of President Roosevelt to a reception at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon, at the White House.

Mrs. Cornelia Cole Fairbanks, of Indiana, was unanimously re-elected president general.

They Receive Notice.

Notice has been served on the twenty-two applicants, whose stone and timber entries were suspended by the general land office commissioner at Washington at the instigation of Special Agent O'Conner, that their entries have been suspended and that they have thirty days in which to ask for a hearing. Should they not apply for such their entries will be cancelled.

INVENTOR GATLING DEAD.

New York, Feb. 26.—R. J. Gatling, inventor of the Gatling gun, died here today at the home of his son-in-law, Hugh O. Pentecost.

COMMODORE PUMPED OUT

Interior Workings of Mine Are Found In Bad Shape.

The Corrigan-McKinney company of Cleveland has completed the pumping out of the Commodore mine. The work was done Tuesday of this week and Amos Shepherd was here to meet Price McKinney, who was expected here from Chicago, but did not come.

The object of the proposed conference was to map out ways and means for the working of the mine the coming summer. It was found when the water had been taken out, that the shaft and underground workings were in such shape that it would be impossible to take out much ore this year.

Four weeks ago Price McKinney said he believed it would cost about $10,000 to start the work at the mine again, but it has been found that the largest part of the work is yet to come, and the underground workings are in such shape that little can be done in the production of ore this season for shipment.

The mine has been flooded for the past three or four years, and shipments have been made each year from a large stock pile that was taken out soon after the Corrigan-McKinney company took leases on the property.

The shipments of ore from the Laura and Winnifred mines, recently acquired as a working property by the Corrigan-McKinney company from J. J. Hill, will not be large this year, although the mines are to be heavily worked.

Men are being engaged by mining companies and work will be commenced by two large crews in a few days stripping at the mine on the George H. Crosby property and the Leonard lands.

A new sample of ore taken from one of the testpits on section 30 has been brought to Duluth. It was taken out at about 60 feet, and is a fine specimen of ore.

12% Discount on all goods bearing RED TAG

Colored Tag Sale!

Only TWO DAYS MORE in which we offer big discounts on everything in our store.

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, China, Pictures, Stoves and Housefurnishings.

22% Discount on all goods bearing WHITE TAG

The WHOLE HOUSE IS PROVIDED FOR IN ECONOMIES OF THE MOST DECISIVE SORT

12% to 60% discount on everything here.

See the Bargains in Our Show Window.

12% off on all carpets, rugs, oil cloths, mattings, lace curtains, fancy china, steel ranges, etc.

30% off on couches, book cases, dressers, drapery goods, sofa cushions, parlor and hanging lamps, etc

Come in and look around—all goods are marked in plain figures—each article bears both its old price tag and a tag denoting the discount.

60% Discount on all goods bearing YELLOW TAG

12% to 60% discount on everything here.

See the Bargains All Over the Store.

22% off on office furniture, dining room furniture, brass and iron beds, chiffoniers, bureaus, rockers, leather chairs, couches, dinner sets, etc.

45% off on fine iron beds, mahogany bed room suites, settees, chairs, dining room furniture, coal heaters, etc., etc.

60% off on miscellaneous goods of all kinds—some wonderful bargains in this lot.

TERMS OF CREDIT: ¼ cash and the balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

Only two days more in which to procure these wonderful bargains.

Absolutely no goods sent on approval or exchanged.

33% Discount on all goods bearing BLUE TAG

The G. C. Steele Co

226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth.

45% Discount on all goods bearing GREEN TAG

AMONG THE ROADS

Roadbeds Badly Affected By Cold Snap and Thaw.

Range Roads Have Many New Ore Cars Coming.

The railroad tracks and roadbeds have not been in worse condition in the Lake Superior country for years, a managing railroad man said this morning.

The cause for the terrible condition of the tracks is said to have been the extremely hard freeze of a couple of weeks ago and the thaw just after it. It has caused miles of track on every system to heave and roll, until it is like taking a sea voyage to make a railroad trip.

"I have just returned from a trip over the Iron Range road," he said, "and in the years I have traveled over it I have never seen anything like it. Half the time we seemed to be on the ties. It was simply awful, and I don't see how the trains stay on the tracks."

This is exaggerated, of course, but it is no worse on the range roads, nor so bad, as on some of the others, for it is conceded that the Iron Range road has one of the best roadbeds in the country, or at least in the West.

Several weeks ago the road between Superior Junction and Ashland began to show signs of internal disruption, and heaved and warped, until all the money the Northwestern had put into the piece of track seemed lost.

The company spent a lot of money ballasting up the roadbed and straightening and leveling the track a year ago, and had it about completed at the time of the first cold spell. With the first thaw the track began to curl, and after the last spell of two kinds of weather it is said it defies description. The result will be that the company will have to spend a large amount of money and reballast and relevel the branch.

This morning H. E. Still, assistant freight agent for the Northern Pacific from St. Paul, and General Agent T. E. Blanche of the Northern Pacific at this city, took a trip to Washburn, and will look over the piece of track recently acquired, called the "Battle Ax." This piece of road, which was the subject of so much litigation in Bayfield county, is said to be in a state of upheaval from one end to the other. It is likely that work will be ordered on this branch this summer with a view of making a good roadbed.

The Omaha, Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads out of Duluth are said to be in fair condition, considering, but still the number of bumps are increased over what they were some weeks ago.

A member of one of the freight crews running into Duluth stopped at the St. Louis hotel this morning. He said he was having trouble keeping the crews together, as the brakesmen felt it was worth all there is in life to attempt to stick on top of a freight car going over the lines.

The intense cold of a week or so ago, followed by the balmy and mild weather, has done all kinds of things to the surface of the earth, the railroad men say. It is seamed and jarred and the frost has sunk so far into the ground that it disturbs even such solid constructions as the roadbeds.

It is probable that large crews of men will be put on the roadbeds for all the companies in this territory as soon as the work will be possible.

EASTERN CAR SITUATION.

Congestion In West Nothing Compared to It.

The Western railroad men have had but a slight touch of the great losses caused by the car famine in the country, and Duluth has been practically out of the trouble altogether, excepting that business could not be taken here.

Purchasing Agent Fred H. White of the Iron Range road has returned from Pittsburg, where he spent a few days on business, and in his travels he made some observations regarding the situation.

"I saw one remarkable and peculiar thing," said Mr. White. "That was the result of a mixup of bills, or their loss from the cars, and the consequent failure to deliver cars. The bills were separated from the cars some way on some Pennsylvania trains east of Chicago, and when the deliveries were delayed, the consignees started to inquire.

"The cars were tied up in some yards, piled in under thousands of others and behind them, and they could not find them. The shippers made claims for the value of their shipments, and the Penniylvania has been paying these claims, because it cannot find its cars.

"It seems strange, too, with such a spelndidly tracked system, that cars could be absolutely lost. But it was a fact, and rather than to wait until they turned up, the company has paid big claims for shipments."

Mr. White saw several trainloads of new cars coming from the carworks at Chicago and Detroit, and with the deliveries being made thinks the relief will come in a comparatively short time from the congestion and car famine.

One hundred and forty-three cars a day are being delivered and are being sent out in trainloads for distribution among the middle Western roads. It won't take long for those to count up, he believes, and relieve the situation.

NEW CARS COMING.

Missabe and Iron Range Roads Expect Many.

The strike at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway shops at Proctorknott has been declared off and the men are expected to return to work tomorrow morning.

President McGonagle returned from the Masonic convocation at St. Paul this morning, but he was not announcing anything regarding the strike situation, excepting that he expected the men back tomorrow.

The 400 cars ordered by the company are expected to be delivered by April 1, the date set. Fifty cars are to be box and flats and 350 are to be steel iron ore cars of a pattern somewhat more modern than the ones now in use, though practically the same.

The Iron Range has 500 cars coming, and there is expected to be no hitch in the delivery, though as Mr. McGonagle said in regard to his cars, it is impossible to tell whether they will be delivered until they are seen on the purchasers' tracks.

The cars come from the Pittsburg works, the the Detroit works and from Chicago.

Missabe Dock Repairs.

A large force of men is engaged on repairs on No. 1 dock, near Mesaba Junction, at the West End. The work to be done on the dock will be expensive, and probably cost several thousand dollars. The dock is being newly decked and the pockets are being relined. The work will be finished in about three weeks, and will be ready for the shipments from the range, which will begin early in April.

A friend of the Home—A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

ROCK ISLAND GETS IT.

Said to Have Secured the Frisco System.

It is reported on almost official authority at Chicago that the Rock Island has secured control of the 'Frisco railway system, and that the deal is the forerunner of a new and far-reaching community of interest among Western lines.

Within one or two months, according to the reports, the Rock Island will be given representation on the Santa Fe board, and the Santa Fe interests will have an equal representation on the Rock Island board. The terms on which the 'Frisco passes to the Rock Island are said to be as follows:

"For every share of 'Frisco common stock, $20 in cash, $45 in preferred bonds and $55 in Rock Island preferred stock. It is also reported that President Yoakum will be placed in charge of the new Rock Island, which will be one of the largest, if not the largest, system in the world, under the management. This acquisition of the 'Frisco would add about 5000 miles to the Rock Island, making it a system of nearly 13,000 miles. Should the Pere Marquette be included, the system will be over 14,000 miles in length.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c.

Labor Unions Oppose It.

Information has reached the Superior grocers that the judiciary committee in the state legislature at Madison, Wis., will report favorably on the bill providing that 10 per cent of a man's wages shall not be exempt from execution in a garnishment proceeding, and, furthermore, providing that $4 of a man's wages can be attached besides the 10 per cent for the expenses of the garnishment. The representatives of the labor unions in West Superior are fighting the measure hard and hope to kill it before the session is over. There was a similar fight on two years ago no changes to the present law resulting.

CANTONESE AGITATED.

Paris, Feb. 26.—A steamer which has arrived at Marseilles with the Chinese mail also brought advices from Canton to the effect that the Cantonese have been agitated over the arrival there of two American warships, which gave rise to the report that the United States desired to secure the small island of Honan, occupying a strategic position in front of Canton. The Chinese and some of the foreign element credited the report.

Timber Deeds Filed.

Two timber deeds, involving a consideration of $10,000, were filed with the register of deeds today. A deed, dated Nov. 25, 1902, transfers from Cook & Turrish to the John Schroeder Lumber company, standing pine in sections 21, 22, 25, 29, 30 and 31-58-13. The consideration was $3000.

The other deed, dated Jan. 5, 19[illegible], transfers from J. B. Kehl, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., to the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company standing pine in section 2-15-12. The consideration was $7000, and the buyers have five years to cut and remove the timber.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ZENOTA FLOUR DULUTH, MINN.

A FEW DAYS MORE.

Great Fire and Discount Sale

THE GREATEST OF ALL SALES OF

Furniture, carpets, rugs, lace curtains, portieres, stoves and ranges

Is still going on and will continue for the balance of this month. Every article in our establishment is on the big discount list. No graduating discounts, but strictly one grade big cut. We are merely doing business for the fun of it this month—merely trading dollars. Look around and see and if you are a judge of a good article you cannot but see at a glance that our prices are far below all others. If you are not able to judge bring along your best friend and let them help you—that is the way. Examine the goods very closely; satisfy yourself. A great many people are very easily talked into buying something that is almost worthless, pay a big price for it—and it is not what they wanted at all. Remember that we handle strictly high grade goods and our prices overshadow all. Come in and let us show you.

$40.00 Chiffoniers at	$22.00
$24.00 Dressers at	12.50
$9.50 Parlor Tables at	4.75
$5.50 Parlor Tables at	3.00
$40.00 Leather Chairs at	23.00
$22.00 Leather Chairs at	13.50
$6.00 Ladies' Desks at	3.75
$3.00 Iron Bedsteads at	1.00

We have just received 75 rolls of the finest straw matting on the market. These will be included in this sale. New Rugs, Carpets and Furniture arriving every day, all included in this sale, and if you have not got all the money to pay down we will give you credit and make terms to suit you at

BAYHA & CO.

NEWS TRIBUNE BUILDING,

24 and 26 East Superior Street, Duluth.

BUT A WEEK TO LIVE

Henderson's Execution Is Now But a Few Days Distant.

Chances For an Appeal to Supreme Court Are Slim.

Charles E. L. Henderson, the condemned murderer of Ida McCormack, his mistress, has but seven more days to live. The date for his execution by hanging falls on Friday of next week, and the chances for a stay of execution by an appeal to the supreme court are grawing rapidly less.

Alexander Marshall, his attorney before the pardon board when Henderson made application for a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment, admitted this morning that the chances for his client are getting very slim for a postponement of execution. Not much has been said of late of Henderson's execution at the sheriff's office, for the reason that it was understood that an appeal would be taken. It seems that Henderson's relatives undertook to raise the funds necessary to carry his case to the supreme court, but up to today there were no indications to show that they had been successful. They have been back to their homes in the East several weeks.

The general opinion among the local authorities is that the execution will come off March 6, the date set by the governor. The scaffold and enclosure will not be erected until the last thing, as they form rather gruesome objects to be standing in so close proximity to the court house. The plans for the scaffold have been drawn, and it will be built in sections in one of the local carpenter shops ready to put together in a very short time. It is understood that the scaffold will be about 12 feet square and 13 feet high. The inclosure is likely to be about double the height of the scaffold.

Henderson is reported to be bearing up well under the strain. Although in solitary confinement and constantly reminded of his approaching end by the presence of the death watch, he maintains the cheerful air that characterized his bearing up to the time the date of the execution was set. He has a good appetite and sleeps well.

For a long time Henderson has been apparently resigned to the fate in store for him and several times has stated that while he had hopes that his sentence would be commuted, and afterward that his case would be appealed to the supreme court, he knew all would be for the best and he would be ready when the time came for him to die.

He reads a great deal from his Bible, and up to the time he was put under charge of the death watch and deprived of the former liberties he enjoyed, took an active part in the gospel exercises held in the jail every week and talked in a cheerful strain to other prisoners who were confined in the county jail, either waiting the death penalty, as in the case of Corriveau, or a long term of imprisonment as in Grahek's case. Henderson often expressed sympathy for John Grahek, whom, he said, was but a youth and under the circumstances which brought about the killing of Seatovitch, was receiving very severe punishment.

Relative to the story which appeared in the morning paper recently to the effect that he had prayed God to strike his guards dead. Henderson has asked The Herald to correct a wrongful impression that has gone abroad about him, and which he claims was the result of a misunderstanding. He says that on the morning in question he was reading psalm CIX and one of the guards thought he was praying a curse to fall on those watching him. The matter was called to Henderson's attention later in the day and he explained the reading.

Henderson asked that it be made plain that he would not pray for a curse to fall on any man, that he bears no illwill toward a single person, and that he has the utmost respect for the sheriff and his deputies, who have at all times treated him with all the kindness in their power.

Relative to the application to the pardon board for the commutation of Corriveau's sentence from death to life imprisonment, Alexander Marshall, who is one of his attorneys, said this morning that he had not been informed that the pardon board would hold a special session to consider the application. Mr. Marshall says the next regular meeting of the board will be held April 13, and as the date of Corriveau's execution has not yet been set, he could see no reason why the board would meet before the regular time for doing so.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
"THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE"
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Watch and wait! for the opening of our FURNITURE department. Think of it! Glass Block prices on furniture!

Early springtime household needs.

are coming to the front. The balmy weather of the past few days has stimulated buying in our housekeeping departments. So we want to assure you the "Greater Glass Block" is more than ever headquarters for housekeeping goods, housecleaning goods, housefurnishing goods—for outside and inside the home. Without exception the prices on these goods are lowest at the Glass Block and the qualities best for the price.

Wall papers and paints.

Spring stock of wall papers is now complete, from the most inexpensive to the finest gold, bronze, enamel and embossed effects.

Combination color and pattern schemes for diningrooms, parlors, dens, halls and bedrooms in unique and artistic effects, exclusive patterns and ideas, without extra charge.

Fresh ready-mixed house paints in tins, small sizes and gallons. Paints for outside and paints for interior woodwork. Varnishes and Neal's enamels, and wood stains for all sorts of interior wood finish—**We are Headquarters.**

Baby carriages and go-carts

Complete new line of reed and hardwood baby carriages, go-carts, folding go-carts, English perambulators, with coach finish bodies. The "Whitney" baby carriages and carts—our specialty—are the best and most popular.

Every price at the Glass Block is far lower than at any other Duluth store. Make no mistake, this is a fact!

Trunks, bags, suit cases.

Are you going to Oregon—or anywhere else? Don't travel with old dilapidated trunks or bags, when you can buy now at Glass Block prices. New stock steamer trunks, Saratogas and bags of every kind now ready.

Carpets and curtains.

New ingrains, new Brussels, new velvets, new portieres, new lace curtains, new chamber curtains, new patterns and new ideas in all these lines are coming in every day. Glass Block prices on them all.

Housefurnishing goods.

All kinds of hardware, tinware, woodenware, willowwore, brass, nickel, bronze, good for all sorts of household and housecleaning and housekeeping uses—in the economy basement salesroom. Now's the time to acquire the "Glass Block basement habit," and save dollars on your spring purchases.

BARGAINS!

Wrappers 98c. Just received new lot of ladies' fine percale wrappers, in desirable colors and pretty patterns. Blue and white, black and white—fancy trimmings of braid and ruffles. Skirts full width with deep flounce—all sizes, 32 to 46—a grand bargain at, each.... 98c

Baby carriages. A few carriages which were slightly soiled or scratched in shipment, will be sold out at special prices. Call and see the savings to be effected on baby carriages. Special prices on the soiled lot are $7.50 to...... $4.50

Wall paper 3c. Friday we offer all day, the choice from 3000 rolls of good papers, many extremely pretty patterns and colors, suitable for all sorts of rooms. Values are up to 15c a roll, and the closing out price, per roll, will be....... 3c

Ruffle curtains. Think of it—two curtains for less than others' price of one. Ruffled white muslin chamber curtains, good quality, well made, fully worth 65c a pair—Friday bargain, per pair.......... 39c

Housecleaning. Clothes baskets, a very good article, birch wood, special Friday bargain at.......... 35c

Dust beaters—the planet brand—special Friday bargain.......... 25c

Mop sticks, strong and complete—Friday.......... 8c

YOU HAVE THE BANK. WE HAVE THE KEY,

....CALL AT THE...

Duluth Savings Bank

NO. 216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN., AND GET ONE OF THESE

"Home Savings Banks."

They are Helping Others. They Will Help You. Try it:

It Is Loaned to You Free Upon the Deposit of $1.00 or More.

WE PAY THREE PER CENT INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

PIANIST OF FAME

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the Noted Russian Pianist, Here.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, a young Russian of congenial inclinations and an unaffected dignity, which does not make the humble admirer of art tired when he sees it, and incidentally a pianist of great renown, arrived in Duluth at 11 o'clock this morning.

M. Gabriolwitsch was very tired when he came, having traveled all the way from Detroit and from Chicago over the Omaha, and went immediately to his room in the Spalding hotel to refresh himself before the reception to be given this afternoon at the Commercial club. The young man has friends in Duluth whom he met here before and remembers the city very kindly.

Far different from the general run of actor and musician, M. Gabrilowitsch, whose accomplishments in a musical way are conceded beyond criticism almost, is natural. Judged from the standpoint of the so-called American "artist" such a thing would be impossible—to be a good fellow and a genius. To see him by the side of a "curses on you" man from the ten-twent-thirt houses, he wouldn't make a hit, because the matinee friends would think he was only a millionaire or a duke or something of that calibre.

The young man speaks English better than the average "artist" or layman, for that matter, and bears himself with a manner which inspires admiration and warmth rather than reserve in the casual meeting. He will play at the Lyceum tonight, and of his work he can talk indefinitely.

"I play only every other day," he said, "because it is not only a physical but a mental impossibility to play every day and still keep up the standard an artist sets for himself. It could be done for a short time, but it would be only a short time, as the public, which is very critical, would find that the work was falling off. The public expects, every time a player appears before them, that on that particular night he is to do his very best. If he fails, the public soon knows it. So it is much better to be in fine condition and although the mood cannot always be the same, yet the pianist will please and will play well if he is in good trim and in good humor."

"How do I study a composition?" he began in that same crisp English. "Well, first of all, by memorizing it. That in itself is an easy thing for me to do, for after reading it through for a few times I remember it. In those difficult technically I then take out the intricate passages, studying them in the beginning very slowly. After that comes the most difficult part of all: the intellectual side. Oftentimes it is impossible to get at the idea of the beautiful things suggested, and then there is no other way but to put them aside for awhile and return to them. It may be away from the piano—and, indeed, often is—that I feel myself to have grasped the truth of those suggestions in their fulness. With the passage of time one thinks differently in this matter of interpretation. Laying a composition aside, we take it up at the end of a year, and find that development and mental growth have altered our conception of it entirely. Especially is this the case with the sonatas of Beethoven, who presents to the musician the intellectual strength and finesse of Shakespeare. A great mistake with the pupil is the undertaking of compositions beyond his mental development.

"Literature has, of course, more influence on music than has painting, for music and poetry are so closely related. The study of Chopin is, I am sure, made clearer by a knowledge of the poems of Micazkiewicz. How much better, indeed, would these ballads help a man to play Chopin than the continual practice of his scales by one who is so anxious about his technic!

"It is a pleasant thing to know that the intelectual standard of the musician has been so immensely advanced above that of fifty years ago. So much is, indeed, demanded of the thoroughly equipped musician of today that I believe the world in general does not comprehend the scope of it. To the mentality of Liszt I believe a great deal of this intellectual advance of the executant is due today, and, once having attained to it, retrogression as a class is impossible.

"In studying the compositions of Russian writers German ideas of interpretation must be set aside. The Bohemian and Polish music is much more closely allied to the Russian, which also shows the influence of the French composers. Two Germans have, on the other hand, had strong influence on the modern Russian writers, Schumann and Liszt, the former on the introspective, the latter on the technical side.

"It was my privilege to be a good deal in the society of Rubinstein at Peterhof, in the later years of his life. Many have formed the idea that Rubinstein was careless in his performances, but that is erroneous. No man could have been more careful in study. When, however, he was before the public and in the moment of inspiration, technique was forgotten, many false notes entered into his performances, but the spirit and intensity of his utterances caused his hearers to lose sight of mechanical short-comings. He had his imitators, all great men have, and they seemed to think that the playing of false notes meant a part of their aped resemblance; but, lacking the inspiration of Rubinstein, they lacked also his power to carry even blemishes to success."

EAT LIKE AN OSTRICH.

If you will regulate the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels with Rea Bros.' Cascarin. It is pleasant and pleasing to take and is in perfect harmony with nature and gives aid to the much wanted. Constipation, dyspepsia and billiousness are things of the past after its use. At druggists, price 50 cents.

OFFICE SUPPLIES Everything you need at— CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOK STORE

Peachey & Lounsberry, The Printers
New Address Providence Bldg.
Zenith 336; Duluth 166-5.

We Never Exaggerate in Our Advertisements!

We do not claim that our work is "the best," "the cheapest" or "the finest on earth," but we do make quality of work first and foremost and use every means to induce our help to do their best. We furnish them the best machines to work with and at all times keep an instructor at hand to help them to improve their work. The continuation of this policy always means "better" and "cheaper" service. Will you help to carry out our plans by sending your work?

The Yale Laundry,

Corner First Street and First Avenue East.

TELEPHONE 479 OR DROP A POSTAL.

FINE GAMES COMING

Duluth to Meet Wisconsin University at Basketball Very Soon.

Superior Normal and Minnesota University Girls to Play.

The basketball season at the head of the lakes is taking a decided change for the brighter. Many good contests are scheduled for the next two weeks.

Friday and Saturday nights of this week the girls' team of the University of Minnesota will play the girls' aggregation of the Superior normal school in the gymnasium across the bay.

Both teams are fast and the best feminine contest of the season will be seen when they come together. The Minnesota team has a good record, having won many hard games already this season.

The normal girls have triumphed over the Aitkin high school team and are well prepared to meet the university girls who will be here tomorrow evening. Captain Johnson and girls decked in maroon and gold will arrive here tomorrow. Captain Deering of the boys' team at the university is coach of the girls' aggregation this year and he will come along as official. Last year Chester Tibbets of Duluth, who is manager of the local Zenith team and one of its best players, held that position.

Arrangements were this morning completed with Manager Lynch of the Superior normal school to bring the University of Wisconsin team here to play two games, one with the Zeniths of this city and the other with the Superior normal school aggregation.

The Duluth game will occur on March 6 and the Superior on March 7. It is a big proposition which the boys on the Zenith team have taken on their hands, as the expenses of bringing the team here from Madison will be great.

The Wisconsin team has lost only one game this year, and that was when they played Minnesota university. The Duluth men have not been defeated at all this season, and last year they only met one defeat.

The game which the Zeniths were to have played with the Superior normal men had to be given up because of the girls' game with the university of Minnesota feminine contingent, which takes place tomorrow evening.

Last night the Lester Park team defeated the Superior all-stars by the score of 12 to 10. The game was fiercely contested all through, though Lester Park should have had much the better of it if they had thrown their fouls. Walter Bartlett and A. Barnes, for Lester Park, and Duff, for Superior, did excellent work. The line-up:

Lester Park—		Superior—
W. Bartlett	forward	Conley
R. Gaylord	forward	Robie
A. Barnes	center	Duff
G. Wood		
R. Prudden	guard	L. McKinnon
R. Blair	guard	C. McKinnen

Umpire, Deighton; referee, Prescott, both of the Zenith team.

Tomorrow evening two teams from Lester Park will go against Proctorknott, at that place. Audley, of the Y. M. C. A., and Morse, will be the officials.

Suit For Recovery.

Michael Norris and Mary Norris have started an action in district court to recover a judgment of $5542.03, which they allege is due them from Simon Clark and Maggie Clark. In the bill of complaint, the plaintiffs' claim that they, with the defendants, were joint defendants in a case which was brought against them in district court by one Alva W. Bradley, and in which the plaintiff, Jan. 11, 1896, secured a judgment of $11,084.06, which the plaintiffs allege to have paid in full, though held jointly liable with the defendants, Clark. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants have refused to pay their portion of the judgment, and ask a judgment for $5542.06, with interest at the legal rate from Jan. 8, 1897.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Palatia, Genoa and Naples. Rotterdam, from Rotterdam. Queenstown—Arrived: Germanic, New York.

Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

FRANCHISE WANTED

Before Duluth Telephone Company Puts Its Wires Underground.

Superintendent Is Here Now Making an Estimate of Cost.

T. J. Dwyer, superintendent of construction for the Bell Telephone company in this part of the country arrived here from Grand Forks this morning and is looking over the city today with a view to getting out an estimate on the cost of putting the down town wires of the Duluth Telephone company under ground in accordance with the ordinance which is now before the city council.

The company has recently completed plans for placing all of its wires in the business portion of the city in vitrified clay conduits under ground.

This will require a large outlay and a large amount of labor will be employed in completing the job. If satisfactory arrangements can be made, the step will be taken at once and the company expects that the cost of taking its wires from the surface and installing them underneath will amount to between $60,000 and $75,000.

At present nothing definite has been decided. The company is merely preparing an estimate on the plans.

Manager Mauseau of the company, said this morning that nothing would be done unless the company was granted a twenty-year franchise by the city.

This will cause trouble. The company holds no general franchise from the city at the present time. A subway company received a franchise from the city in 1892, however, and as that has not yet expired it is possible that the Duluth Telephone company may purchase it and use it in placing its wires underground.

If an arrangment is completed to the satisfaction of the company work on the improvement will begin very soon so that it will be completed by next winter.

Most of the wires of the Zenith Telephone company are under ground at present. The Duluth General Electric company is ready to so place its wires in accordance with the ordinance which the council is expected soon to pass, so it is not improbable that a year will see all of the poles except those of the street railway company removed from the business streets.

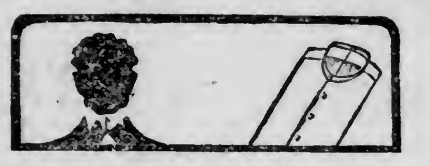
Sapho.

Metropolitan. Tonight.

The Shakespeare Class.

Last evening the Evening Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club listened to an exceedingly bright paper on "Macbeth." Luther C. Harris was the speaker of the evening and his talk was interesting and logically and forcibly given. After the paper Miss Frankenfield and Mr. Harris read portions of the play which added much to the pleasure of the evening.

The next meeting of the class will be next month and E. W. Bohannon of the normal school will have charge of the evening. His subject will be "Hamlet, a Physchological Study."



Our shirts for full dress are ready to wear when you buy 'em—look for "Cluett" or "Monarch" Brand—they fit.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

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BETTER THAN GOLD

for the teeth. It prevents decay. It hardens the gums and purifies the breath and mouth.

SAVES YOUR TEETH

THE POLICE COURT.

Ruth Staples Uses Her Lungs Too Freely.

"Ah didn't know dat fine looking man was a officer, or won'd said nothin' ", was the naive explanation of Ruth Staples, colored, in the police court this morning during her hearing on the charge of being an inmate of a house of illfame.

Ruth is a brunette beauty. Last evening she went out into the back yard of the house where she lives down on Paradise alley and began expressing herself in obscene language in a tone of voice which carried half a block.

Detective Schulte heard the commotion and requested her to desist. Instead she turned the torrent of vituperation on him. She was greatly surprised when he placed her under arrest and took her to the station, where the charge of being an inmate of a house of ill-fame was brought against her.

She paid a fine of $10 and was allowed to go in the municipal court this morning.

Three plain drunks constituted the rest of the prisoners to whom justice was meted out.

FAMILY JARS

Brought Out By the Duryea Divorce Trial.

New York, Feb. 26.—Nina Larre Duryea's suit for separation from her husband, Chester B. Duryee, son of Gen. Hiram Duryea, of the National Starch company, is on trial. Mrs. Laura Smith, the mother of the plaintiff, was called to the witness stand. Mr. Wellman, counsel for Mrs. Duryea, explained to the court that Mrs. Smith was "stone deaf," but could read the lips of her daughter. Judge Blanchard allowed it and Mrs. Smith answered the questions in this way until she had learned to read the lips of the lawyers.

In a long complaint setting forth alleged acts of cruelty, Mrs. Duryea said that her husband had used toward her and about her these expressions:

"You are a failure as a wife. I wish I had never seen you."

"You are a liar, a fool, an idiot.'

"I would not have a man servant around because you would elope with a butler."

"You are a millstone around any man's neck."

"You ought to have known from two years' experience that you are not wanted."

"You have no dignity of manner."

"A cat."

"A monster of selfishness."

"Go to ——"

"You have the face of a criminal."

Mrs. Duryea said that her husband also called her "a slob," "a watering cart" and "a skunk."

"When I was ill at 1 Gramercy park," said Mrs. Duryea, "I had to sleep on a narrow window seat, while my husband occupied a large double bed."

She said her husband's most serious true charge against her was that she gave him canned vegetables sometimes. As she pressed her handkerchief to her eyes Mrs. Duryea exclaimed:

"I told Gen. Duryea if that was a crime that I was guilty. I said: 'Dad, Dad, he tells you that I raised h—. He has made life a perfect purgatory for me. He has treated me like a terrier treats a rat.' "

Counsel decided they would not go into too many incidents of the Duryea quarrels, as it would involve some society people. Mrs. Duryea, in an affidavit in the case, set forth that her husband, while at Gen. Duryea's camp in the Adirondacks during the summer of 1901, carried on a flirtation with the wife of his brother, Harry H. Duryea.

UNIFORM SCHEME

Wanted For All Railroads of Great Britain.

London, Feb. 26.—Important conferences between the consulting engineers of all the railroads of Great Britain are being held with the object of deciding on a uniform scheme for electric equipment, whereby the rolling stock and electric motors of the various companies will be able to travel indiscriminately on all the lines. All the trunk companies practically have decided to use electric motors and the suburban lines are onl awaiting an agreement on the subject of uniformity of plant.

Six officials of the traffic and engineering departments of the London & Northwestern railroad sailed for New York yesterday on the Oceanic to make a further study of American methods.

POLES DISAPPOINTED

Over Rejection of the Statue of Kosciusko.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—The rejection by the municipal art commission of the model for the equestrian statue of Kosciusko, which the Poles of this city were to erect in Humboldt park, is said to be an individual disappointment to every Pole in Chicago. Since the statue was first planned, nine years ago, nearly every man, woman and child of the city's Polish population of 250,000 has contributed something toward the monument fund.

JUNKET TO THE SUN

Proposed By Member of the Missouri Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 26.—In the house yesterday, Mr. Odneal, of Mercer, offered a resolution citing the different views of Professor Pickering of Yale, relative to inhabitants in the sun, and asking that the house appoint a committee of three to investigate the matter. The resolution went on to provide that the committee hus appointed pay a visit to the planet in question, provided free passes can be obtained.

On motion of Mr. Huck this resolution was referred to the committee on internal improvements and railroads.

REQUEST BY DOCTORS

To Inoculate Condemned Boys With Disease Germs.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 26.—Relatives of Earl Whitney and Claude O'Brien, the condemned boy murderers, have sent notice to the state authorities that they would not permit the inoculation of the boys with disease germs. Dr. Walter Bullock, of this city, and Dr. W. B. Blue, of Louisville, had offered a large sum of money to each of the boys if they would allow the experiment to take place, and at the same time affirmed that Dr. Blue thought he had a cure for the disease but could not be certain until he had an opportunity to try it.

LACK OF COAL

May Result In Closing the Michigan University.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 26.—It has just been discovered that there was a shortage of coal in the university, and, unless some can be procured soon, the regents will have to close the college. The gymnasiums and the libraries have been closed and the class rooms are cold enough to necessitate wearing wraps. Inquiry at the office disclosed the fact that only three days supply of coal remained in the bins. There is no hope of relief for some days yet. It requires sixty tons a day to run the university.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN. Complete Housefurnishers.

Store Open Saturday Evening.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN. Complete Housefurnishers.

BUT TWO DAYS REMAIN

in which to secure reliable housefurnishings at from

10 to 50

PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Everything in this large stock is included in the reduction—and means a great saving to those taking advantage of these big discounts.

AT WEST DULUTH

"Houses for rent were never so scarce in West Duluth as at the present time," said a prominent real estate dealer of West Duluth today. Practically all of the available houses are rented and there is little difficulty in finding tenants for those which are vacant from time to time. When the usual spring movings commence there is going to be a great demand for houses in this portion of the city. Last autumn there were many applications for houses which could not be filled, and the supply of houses for rent will be quickly exhausted when the warm weather arrives.

"There has been a very large amount of building going on in West Duluth this winter, but the houses are being built chiefly for homes and not for rent. That is the tend of the real estate business in West Duluth at present. The people are investing their savings in homes for themselves, and it is largely the new comers in the town that desire to rent houses. If the expected additions are made to the blast furnace, and the match factory commences work, there is likely to be a great dearth of dwellings in this section of the city."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The meetings in the Asbury M. E. church are meeting with much success. The interest and attendance have been steadily increasing. Mrs. Asher will sing this evening. Rev. J. C. Hartley assisted by K. T. S. Thompson, the Duluth evangelist, is conducting the meetings.

The infant daughter of E. Berglund, of 1402 Fifty-seventh avenue, died last evening of pneumonia. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from the house.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stanley, of 329 North Fifty-eighth avenue, this morning.

The ice carnival given last evening in the West rink by the Ladies of the Maccabees proved to be a most successful affair. The costumes were novel and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold its regular meeting tomorrow evening. There are many matters of importance to come before the meeting.

S. P. Nygren is in Fergus Falls attending the golden wedding of his parents.

W. C. Gray has moved his undertaking establishment to Duluth.

Coroner Boyer pronounced a verdict of accidental drowning on the body of Peter Sundrud, and has decided that an inquest is unnecessary.

Paul Scharley, of Minneapolis, is in the city. He expects to make his home in West Duluth.

Miss Pearl Mull left for Minneapolis yesterday to attend the wedding of her sister.

Frank Dorsech returned yesterday from Ashland.

The funeral of Peter Sundrud, who was drowned in the hot pond of the Red Cliff Lumber company's mill, will take place Sunday afternoon from the undertaking rooms of M. J. Filiatrault. Interment will be made in the Oneota cemetery.

L. N. Beatty, of La Crosse, Wis., is visiting his brother in West Duluth.

The 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John St. Marie, of Hazelwood Park, died last evening of tuberculosis. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from St. John's Catholic church, and interment will be made in Calvary cemetery.

J. J. O'Donnell, of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city today.

Dr. Huntoon has returned from an extended trip through the South.

Carl Romano has leased the lot at the corner of Main street and Fifty-fifth avenue and will erect a frame store building.

M. M. Clark, C. C. Salter, L. A. Barnes and Dr. Budd are expected to return today from St. Paul, where they attended the Grand lodge of Masons.

Martin Koch will leave today for Split Rock.

Arthur Boutin is down from Hibbing to spend a few days with friends in the city.

Mrs. William Braydon, of 625 Fifty-seventh avenue, entertained a number of her friends at an afternoon tea yesterday afternoon.

August Hickey will leave today for Cloquet.

Rev. Louis I. Belden of Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, will leave today for Cincinnati, where he will deliver a sermon Sunday.

Rubbers at Lauerman's.

The Misses Jennie and Mary Thorp, of Hudson, Wis., are visiting their cousin, Miss Digucos, and J. J. Thorp, of Johnson & Thorp.

Found, sum of money. Owner can have same by calling 220 North Fifty-first avenue west and paying charges.

Sapho.

Metropolitan. Tonight.

INTERNATIONAL

Arbitration Is Approved By Many Commercial Bodies.

New York, Feb. 26.—At the last annual conference on international arbitration at Mohonk Lake a circular was prepared by a special committee on the subject, "Why business men should promote international arbitration." This circular was sent to commercial bodies throughout the United States, and the committee has been informed that it has been recommended for consideration of their members by the executive committee of the following organizations:

The Merchants' association, New York; the Trades' league, Philadelphia; the Board of Trade, Philadelphia; the Chamber of Commerce, Boston; the Merchants' exchange, St. Louis; the Chamber of Commerce, Baltimore; the Board of Trade, Baltimore; the Merchants' association, San Francisco; the chamber of Commerce, San Francisco; the Board of Trade, New Orleans; the Chamber of Commerce, Milwaukee; the Commercial club, Indianapolis; the Board of Trade, Little Rock, Ark.

READY TO COLLAPSE.

Historic State House at Boston Endangered.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 26.—Boston is agitated over the historic old state house, which is in danger of collapse. Contractors on the East Boston tunnel, which will have a subway station in the basement of the old state house, have been undermining its foundation for several weeks. Large cracks have appeared and the foundations have settled considerably, although large steel beams have been placed inside to hold up the walls.

Desperate efforts are being made to prevent the building's collapse, as its fall might kill scores of workmen digging beneath as well as many passers-by. Engineers are taking levels every day to determine when any further bracing is needed.

FORESTRY PRESERVES

Where Game and Fish Will Be Preserved.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The house committee on public lands has ordered a favorable report on the senate bill for the establishment of the game and fish preserves. It is amended to provide only one game reserve in each state and that no game or fish shall be killed in these reserves. The committee also ordered a favorable report on the senate bill authorizing forestry officials to arrest violators of the forestry law. They now have no such power.

TO SUCCEED PARKER.

London, Feb. 26.—The members of the city temple have decided to offer the pastorship to the Rev. R. J. Campbell, in succession to the Rev. Joseph Parker, who died on November 28 last. The formal election will take place March 2.

Stationery. Hurlburt's Fine Stationery, 1 quire of paper and envelopes in fancy boxes—regularly 25c per box—for Bargain Friday— 19c

Freimuth's GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Tablets. Initial Writing Tablets—letter size, fine linen paper—regular 12½c kind, special Friday, each 5c

BARGAIN FRIDAY LEADERS!

Women's Wool Waists In white and colors, made of Albatross and Tricot Flannel—"Knickerbocker" make—dressmaker-made, all sizes, regular price $2.00—special for Bargain Friday, each.......... $1.19

Fancy Silk Waists In Black and colors—an odd lot—one and two, or three of a kind—former values were $5 to $12—for Bargain Friday.......... $3.98

Large Size Bed Spread— Crocheted— Marseilles patterns—pearl hemmed—ready for use—regular price $1.00—for Bargain Friday, each...... 79c

All-Linen Towels— Huck or Damask—plain fringed and hemstitched — assorted colored borders—regular price 35c—special for Bargain Friday.......... 25c

Men's Suspenders— In lisle and elastic webs—plain and fancy colors—patent cast-off—leather ends and back—new patterns, well worth 50c—special for Friday.......... 25c

Boys' Box Calf Shoes— Heavy extension sole, low city heel, regular price $2, Bargain Friday, a pair..... $1.50

Lace Curtains. Nottingham Lace Curtains—regular values $1.50 and $1.75, Friday only, a pair.. $1.00

Art Linen Center Pieces— Stamped— large assortment of designs, to be embroidered in colored silk or white cotton—regular prices 28c and 35c—special for Bargain Friday....... 19c

Pillow Tops— Stamped and tinted on art ticking, velour and lithographs, regular 50c and 65c values—a splendid assortment—special for Bargain Friday....... 35c

Basement Bargains.

In Hardware.

12 bars Good Laundry Soap, Friday......25c
25c Clothes Lines (best made) Friday....15c
6 doz Clothes Pins, special Friday..........5c
18c boxes Parlor Matches, Friday........10c
$1.25 Wash Boilers, cop. bottom, Friday ..89c
85c large size Galvanized Tubs, Friday....69c
89c Ironing Stands, strongly made, Friday 65c
79c Willow Clothes Baskets, Friday......59c

In Crockery.

95c White Enameled Basins—fancy shapes, special Friday.......... 69c
$1.25 White Slop Jars—special for Friday.......... 75c
$9.00 Dinner Sets—100 pieces—porcelain, special for Friday only.. $5.48
15c Glass Vases—colored—special for Friday—each.......... 8c
Water Tumblers—thin-blown, regular price 65c a doz, for Friday each.......... 4c

Women's Corset Covers— Of Muslin—hemstitched ruffle and embroidery trimmed—regular 19c value—Bargain Friday 13c

Women's Gowns— Of Cambric, hemstitched—lace and embroidery trimmed—regular price 69c; Friday each 49c

Friday Bargains

8c Hooks and Eyes at 5c. Puritan or Cricket non-rusting Hooks and Eyes, with or without extra eyes—8c their regular price—Friday 5 cents.

40c Wash Silks at 25c. Checks and plaids in fine Wash Silks—a regular 40c quality—a special bargain for Friday at 25 cents.

15c Dress Shields at 10c. Featherweight or Stockinet Dress Shields—selling regularly at 15c—Friday 10 cents.

50c Tan-I-Cura at 39c. The safest and most perfect of all skin bleaching preparations—50c size Friday 39c.

10c Bone Hair Pins at 8c. Bone Hair Pins, shell, amber or black, sell regularly at 10c a dozen—Friday at 8 cents.

Cotton Batting at 4c. Roll of Cotton Batting, which never sells for less than 5c the roll—Friday at 4 cents.

25c Mercerized Sateen at 19c. 36-inch Mercerized Sateen, in all colors and black, 25c our regular price—Friday 19 cents the yard.

35c Pillow Dex at 17½c. Pillow Dex, a game with fun in it for people of all ages—35c the regular price—Friday at 17½ cents.

$1.50 White Cambric Skirt 98c. White Cambric Skirt, deep flounces, trimmed with lace and insertion or hemstitching and tuckings—$1.50 the regular price, Friday 98c.

12½c Collar Forms 8⅓c. Featherbone collar forms or those of shaped Buckram, all sizes, sell at 12½c, Friday at 8 1-3 cents.

Embroidery Remnants ¼ Off. A large line of narrow, medium and wide embroideries, on center table Friday at ¼ off remnant prices. Secure this bargain.

$1.50 Robe Blankets 89c. 50 pairs Fancy Robe Blankets, imitation Indian Blankets, well assorted shades—sell for $1.50 a pair—Friday 89 cents.

March 2nd Our Benefit Concert for the Famine Stricken.

Gray-Tallant Co

March 2nd Our Benefit Concert for the Famine Stricken.

COAL DOCK WORK

Extensive Repairs to Be Made on Coal Handling Facilities.

Considerable to Be Done on the Duluth Side.

Extensive repairs are to be made at a number of the head of the lake coal docks this year and the work in some cases is well underway. On this side of the bay the largest repair work is that of the Ohio Coal company, part of whose dock gave way last season, precipitating several hundred tons of coal to the bottom of the bay.

Contracts have already been let for the erection of some 360 feet of new rigging at the new Northwestern dock, on Superior bay. This will necessitate the driving of twenty-four groups of piling to secure the foundation. This addition will make possible the handling of both hard and soft coal. Last year nothing but soft coal was received at the dock.

On the St. Louis river the inner 600 feet of dock No. is to be reconstructed, new cribbing being built and the structure entirely remodeled.

At the Philadelphia dock there will be erected new cribs and iron rigging.

The regular spring repair work is in progress at the Y. & L. dock.

At the St. Paul & Western dock the old timber structure is being torn away and new timbers are being put up on piling. The dock will be remodeled to correspond with the new portion, finished last season.

THE STAGE.

Tonight the Ferris comedians will produce the much-talked of "Sapho" at the Metropolitan. Mr. Ferris has sent here Miss Grace Hayward, the leading lady of the Lyceum Theater Stock company, of Minneapolis, to play the part of "Sapho." Miss Hayward is a very talented actress, and inasmuch as she has played the role of "Sapho" for two consecutive seasons, her ability in the role cannot be questioned. The play will be from the Olga Nethersole version of "Sapho," which caused such a sensation throughout the entire country. Great preparations have been made for this production in the way of costuming, scenery and mechanical effects.

* * *

Frank Daniels has always been a thorough-going favorite here from the days when he used to appear as "Old Sport" in Hoyt's "A Rag Baby," and in "Little Puck." His appearance here in "The Wizard of the Nile," "The Idol's Eye" and "The Ameer," under Kirke La Schelle's management, have been marked by great prosperity and demonstrative enthusiasm, and the announcement of his appearance at the Lyceum next Tuesday and Wednesday has already aroused much interest. His success elsewhere in his new operatic comedy, "Miss Simplicity," has been so marked that there has been no room for doubt, as to the excellence of the performance and production, and much stress has been laid upon the striking beauty of the big chorus which he carries with him this season.

Curling Scores.

Three games were played last evening at the curling rink in contests, and they resulted as follows:

MANLEY-McLENNAN.

A. L. McGregor,	W. H. Denham,
W. D. Newcomb,	W. B. Silvey,
C. E. Tvedt,	D. G. Cutler,
S. L. Reichert,	C. B. Woodruff,
Skip—15.	Skip—11.

GALT.

E. C. Maxfield,	A. C. Willcutts,
M. A. McLennan,	James Cleland,
F. A. Day,	E. R. Jacobi,
Alex McRae,	F. A. Green,
Skip—16.	Skip—11.

ANDERSON.

Dr Stocker,	T. F. McGilvery,
E. A. Forsyth,	Eby Gridley,
C. F. West,	C. P. Grady,
W. E. Magner,	C. L. Frederick,
Skip—18.	Skip—13.

IOWA PLATFORM.

Governor Cummins Has Both Feet on It.

Washington, Feb. 26.—"No one in Washington has said a word to me," said Governor Cummins, of Iowa, who returned to his home yesterday, "about having the Republicans of Iowa change their tariff platform next year. It would not make any difference if they had. There are people who do not agree with the Republicans of Iowa as to their tariff plank, but I have not met any one in Washington who has suggested that we Iowa Republicans should 'get in line' or 'take it back' or any of that sort of thing. I cannot speak for the Republican party of Iowa, but so far as I have heard there is no disposition on the part of any considerable number of Iowa Republicans to change their tariff platform in the slightest next year. All these stories of appeals to us to modify our position and so on are new to me. They are built out of someone's imagination."

Governor Cummins expressed the opinion that President Roosevelt will be nominated for re-election next year without any opposition whatever. He declined to discuss the rumor that he may be the vice presidential nominee on the Roosevelt ticket.

FEATHERWEIGHTS

Will Fight For Championship at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Feb. 26.—The contest for the featherweight championship of the world between Young Corbett and Eddie Hanlon, which will be decided tonight at the Mechanics' pavilion, promises to attract one of the largest audiences that ever witnessed a ring battle. Both men are reported to be in perfect condition. Corbett was two and a half pounds over weight yesterday, but said he would have no trouble in getting down to 130 pounds tonight. The betting is 10 to 6 in favor of Corbett, but sporting men predict that it will be about 10 to 8 at the ringside.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

"It is good news, worthy of all acceptation; and yet not too good to be true"
—Matthew Henry

It may be news to some, and if so it is certainly worthy of all acceptation, that

Gorham Silver

may be obtainable at a price no greater than that demanded for the indifferent productions of anonymous makers. In selecting Gorham silverware the assurance is gained of refined design, admirable workmanship and sterling quality of material. The trade-mark implies all these.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

WILL WANT A COMMISSION

Little Fork Country Will Agitate For One Very Soon.

John H. Joyce, who arrived in the city yesterday in the interest of the settlers in the Little Fork country to take the preliminary steps toward having established a school district, organized township and voting precinct in that part of the county, left for his home today. Through a misunderstanding yesterday the township which Mr. Joyce represents was given as 68-13. It should have read township 63-18.

The valuation of this township is $59,875, not so large as the figures given yesterday, but large enough so that a 1-mill tax would give the school district, when established, a good start. The project contemplates the building of three or four schools in the proposed new district. Some of the children in families now residing in the township have to go five and six miles to school, while others have to go ten miles.

Mr. Joyce has the petition prepared and will circulate it among the settlers as soon as he reaches home. He says there are very few voters in the township and Little Fork country that will refuse to sign the petition, and these are men who have been in that district for several years and have no children to send to school.

Mr. Joyce expects to leave in about a month for the boundary with a party of Duluth men who will locate timber and stone claims. Vermilion lake will be open for navigation by the steamers early this spring, owing to the fact that the ice is not very thick this year.

Before leaving, Mr. Joyce, in behalf of the settlers and himself, expressed gratitude for the interest which has been shown by the county officials in the project for a new school district and organized town and the encouragement which they gave him, and said he hoped the board of county commissioners will treat the settlers fairly and help them to get schools for their children.

As soon as matters shape themselves, a movement will be started to have a county commissioner from the Little Fork country. The nearest commissioner is at Tower, a distance of thirty-two miles and over from the settlers.

THEY MAKE TOO MUCH EXPENSE

Jurors Who Are Ineligible Should Notify the Court.

Judge Cant has called attention to the large amount of expense that the county is put to at every session of district court owing to the fact that jurors summoned, who are exempt from jury duty, do not pay attention to the law regarding the matter. Some of these jurors come a long distance and are paid $2 a day and mileage, when they know at the time they are subpoenaed that they are exempt. He says that if those summoned are exempt and know it, they should so inform the court by letter if they live at a distance and save the county mileage and fees.

Those exempt from jury service, under the law, are members and officers of both houses of the legislature while in session, United States officials, all judges of record, commissioners of public buildings, auditor and treasurer of state, state librarian, clerks of court, registers of deeds, sheriffs and their deputies, coroners, constables, attorneys and counselors at law, ministers of the gospel, preceptors and teachers in academies, one teacher in the common schools, practising physicians and surgeons, one miller from each grist mill, one ferryman from licensed ferries, all acting telegraph operators, firemen from regularly organized fire departments, persons over 60 years of age, persons of unsound mind or discretion, persons subject to bodily infirmity amounting to a disability, persons unable to speak or understand the English language, persons that have served five years in the National Guard and all locomotive and stationary engineers.

Persons who have been convicted of infamous crime are disqualified from service as grand jurors.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

THE RISE IN COPPER

Due to a Pool Which Stands to Make Millions.

Rockefellers and Other Capitalists Are In the Combination.

New York, Feb. 26.—The rise in copper stocks on both sides of the ocean, which temporarily diverted interest from everything else of a speculative character, until ugly reports about the Metropolitan Street railway matters caused a break in prices, had its origin in a comprehensive scheme of several financiers, who incidentally hoped to make millions out of it, but who primarily wanted to liberate a lot of institutions that were loaded up with copper stocks which They had taken as collateral against loans, when the last boom in these shares occurred. It is well known that the closing of the doors of one New England institution was largely, if not primarily, due to lisses from the shrinkage of copper stocks, it being unable to free itself from the crash that followed the decline in crude copper two years ago from 17 cents to around 11 cents. Incidentally a number of wealthy people were stuck with the same kind of paper.

Several months ago there were secret conferences in this city between representatives of the Rockefellers, Rothschilds, Senator Clark and the Calumet & Hecla Copper company, which resulted, it is said, in the formation of a strong pool for the purpose of making the grand speculative turn hinted at above. They concluded that the time was ripe to force the price of the metal up a little, using this as a basis for a big stock market movement. Realizing that they could not bring all of the independent copper interests into line and compel them to maintain prices and limit output, they thought of a very clever plan to accomplish the same result. In the most secret way the pool of financiers mentioned absorbed most of the metal offered on the market on both sides of the water, beginning when the price was around 12 cents. They continued to buy right and left until recently it became known that the market was bare and some mysterious consumer had control of the entire floating supply.

In looking back it is now plain what was meant three months ago when it was announced by way of Boston that the Calumet & Hecla had withdrawn from the market and refused to sell any more copper below 12½ cents a pound for lake and was holding most of its stock for 13 cents. The prevailing figure then was 12 cents, and the trade regarded the announcement as a ruse for the purpose of deceiving the public. It was, however, literally true that this great company was letting go of very little copper at any price. The Amalgamated interests pretended to offer a 1,000,000-pound lot at 12⅛ cents, but did not dispose of any to speak of, nor did it want to. The fact is that the hoarding process has been going on ever since, and this strong combination of capitalists scooped in all of the available metal on the European side so that now only a moderate amount could be obtained without bidding a higher price.

About two weeks ago copper stocks took on great strength on both sides of the Atlantic, those of the great Rothschild company (Rio Tintos) leading. The copper metal market has also gained ground, the feature being a sharp rise this week in London, due to the marking up of the price by the syndicate referred to. All sorts of stories about deals were naturally circulated, for how else was the rise in both metal and stocks to be accounted for? The men who pulled the wires lay low and made denials. Apparently there are no combinations of companies under consideration, outside of the merger of some of the lake concerns. There was no visible association of copper interests formed to regulate the trade; in fact, the Copper Dealers' association of this city this week ceased to perform its duties because of the resignation of the Amalgamated interests from membership and refusal to make further reports. It now appears, in the light of the secret pool of the men mentioned, that the withdrawal of the Amalgamated from the local organization was a trick to further the little game of cornering the market, if this word may be used in a special sense, and furthering the great speculative game. It worked capitally in throwing the public off from the scent. The public is to be given a chance to buy copper stocks later, so it would seem, when the price of copper has been run up a little higher and the movement in stocks is at a level where the pool would realize a few millions more profit.

British Cruiser a Record Breaker.

The new armored cruiser recently built for the British government is a record breaker, having developed the fastest speed of any vessel in their navy. In medicine, however, we have the record breaker in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Introduced over fifty years ago it has forged ahead until today finds it occupying the foremost position as a family remedy, and is used largely to the exclusion of all others. Don't fail to try a bottle, especially if you are weak and run down or suffer from poor appetite, heartburn, belching, nausea, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia or constipation. It cannot help but do you good, and if taken regularly will surely restore you to perfect health. The genuine must have our Private Stamp over the neck of the bottle. Refuse all imitations.

Dr. ANNA C. BEEBE,
OSTEOPATH.

Chronic Diseases and Physical Deformities successfully treated by the most advanced Osteopathic methods. Special treatment for indigestion, constipation, kidney troubles and diseases peculiar to women.

No charge for consultation.

Offices — Room 15 Phoenix Block.

The Greatest Suit and Overcoat Sale of the Year

Commences tomorrow in The Big Duluth men's clothing department and will continue for one week only.

Your Choice of Any Suit or Overcoat in the House for . . . **$13.50** For Suits and Overcoats worth $20 $22 $25 $28 and $30

Including the entire line of L. Adler Bros. & Co. finest tailor-made suits and overcoats worth $20.00, $22.00, $25.00, $28.00 and $30.00.

In Suits!

This mighty sale includes all of our finnest imported Black Vicunas, Bannockburn Worsteds, imported Scotches and Cheviot Suits that are worth, and have been selling at $20.00, $22.00, $25.00, $28.00 and $30.00.

In Overcoats!

This great sale includes all of the finest grades of imported Oxford and fancy Cheviots; green, olive and Oxford Vicunas; Coverts, Kerseys and Meltons in the 42, 44 and 48-inch lengths—Overcoats that are worth and have been selling at $20, $22, $25, $28 and $30.

MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS. The Big Duluth 125-127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

THE CAPTAIN IS SELECTED

Jack Rondeau Will Lead the Indoor Baseball Team.

Jack Rondeau, of the Big Duluth team, was chosen to lead the all-star aggregation of the Interstate Indoor Baseball league in its two games with the Houghton team which are to be held at the Armory Friday and Saturday evenings.

Rondeau has made a reputation for his consistent work on third base and his heavy hitting since he began holding down the third bag for the clotheirs some time ago.

The all-star aggregation has indulged in several heavy practices this week, another of which was held last evening, and they are expected to be playing together well when they come to meet the Houghton men who defeated them on a recent trip into the enemies territory.

Houghton with its fast twirler Murphy is coming up here to go after the local men with a vengeance, however, and they will give the Duluth and Superior men all they can do if they do succeed in winning from them.

The line-up of the teams in tomorrow night's game will be:

Houghton.		Duluth.
Murphy	catcher	Dash or Bennett
Murphy	pitcher	Schipper, or Hurlbert
F. Funkey	first	Carroll
Brand	second	Whiteside
Currie	third	Rondeau
Hoons	left short	Geiselman
C. Murphy	left field	Kelley, Harris
C. Funkey	right field	C. Irwin

SUCCESS HAS BEEN MARKED

Sunday School Association's Annual Meeting Next Week.

The Duluth Sunday School association will hold its annual meeting at the First Methodist church March 3.

An excellent program consisting of talk by Rev. S. P. Long, a discussion of the address, a solo by Paul Gilbert and one by T. S. Thompson. The meeting will end with the regular annual election of officers of the association.

The organization which was founded last July has met with phenomenal success among the church people of the city. It began life with a membership of about fifteen and this has now grown to nearly two hundred. Nearly all the Sunday schools of the city have representative members in it.

It was organized for mutual help in Sunday school work and is admirably serving its purpose. At all of the meetings the ladies serve supper.

NEW TRIAL GIVEN.

Trespass Case Verdict Overruled By Judge Cant.

Judge Cant, yesterday, filed a ruling granting a new trial in the case of Julius Quade against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company and the Minnesota & North Wisconsin Railway company. The case has been in litigation for some time, the plaintiff sueing to recover from the defendants for alleged trespass on his lands, in building their logging road. At the last term of district court he was given a verdict of $250. The defendants moved for a verdict notwithstanding the verdict, but this was denied. The motion of the defendants to have the verdict set aside and to have a new trial was then granted.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 26.—John Charlton, M. P., who has just returned from Washington, in an inerview says that while there he learned on high authority that the judges of the supreme court of the United States had refused to act upon the Alaskan boundary commission. Mr. Charlton expressed the opinion that the treaty would have probably failed of ratification if Senators Lodge and Turner had not been named members of the commission.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Two-Year-Old Boy Killed By Fall From Chair.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A 2-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Pathman, of Richardton, fell from a chair while playing with a little sister and his neck was broken.

E. C. Eddy, the new postmaster, has received his commission and will assume his duties March 1. He has selected C. F. Alfred for deputy. Mr. Alfred held the position, except for four years, for the last twenty years.

The firm of George Pirie & Co. has dissolved, and W. R. Thoams, who has been with Mr. Pirie several years, will remove to Minneapolis. They were engaged in the bakery and confectionery business.

Frank Oliver, who operates a wood saw, was the victim of a peculiar accident. The motive power was furnished by a mule and a horse on a tread mill. The mule fell and slipped upon the revolving saw and was badly lacerated. While endeavoring to save the mule, Oliver's hand was split from the fingers to the wrist by contact with the saw.

Grand Forks—The dedication of the new Masonic Temple took place last night, the ceremonies being attended by over 500 Masons from all parts of the state. In addition to the regular dedicatory ritual there were addresses by Grand Masters Stockwell and H. C. Plumley, of Fargo, representing the Shriners. Then followed a reception lasting for an hour, and then a banquet and ball.

Minot—The people of Minot are looking forward to a very heavy immigration of settlers in this part of the country in the spring. Extensive preparations are being made for an increased business. The Great Northern railway will put on two new coast trains March 1.

L. M. Davis, superintendent of the Northern Telephone Construction company, is in New Bedford, Mass., on account of the serious illness of his mother.

Forman—J. W. Wells, lineman for the Northwestern Telephone company, was run over and killed at this point by a west-bound Soo freight. He attempted to jump on the train while moving and fell under the wheels. He was about 26 years of age, single. His parents and one brother live at Battle Creek, Mich. He carried life insurance to the amount of $2000.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Spearfish—Rev. Charles E. Giddings formerly a Methodist minister at Deadwood, now a mining promoter, has issued a circular letter, addressed to the state regents of education, denouncing Professor F. L. Cook, president of the state normal school at Spearfish, and calling upon the regents to ask for his resignation. The grounds set forth in this letter are that President Cook is not a college graduate and is therefore not qualified to hold the position, but he announces that this is the first of a series of eight letters, and that each of the succeeding letters will set forth a different ground. These grounds are briefly outlined in the first letter, the most serious of which is that Professor Cook is subject to a violent temper, and that he frequently uses insulting language to students of the school.

Elk Point—Patrick McCarthy has been bound over to the March term of court for stealing a horse and buggy from James Hill, of Lower Civil Bend.

R. F. Baker, the Sioux City contractor who built the court house and several other business buildings here, fell eighteen feet, striking on his head and receiving injuries from which he died a few hours later.

Scotland—Jake Hoffer, a member of the Bon Homme Hutterische society, was caught stealing money from the safe of V. B. Diehl and was fined $5 and costs, and then turned over to the officers of the society.

Bijou Hills—Texas itch has made its appearance among herds in this part of the state.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Escanaba Young Woman Narrowly Escapes an Exploding Stove.

Escanaba—Miss Zella Cox, of Escanaba escaped serious injury by the blowing up of a kitchen range. She was in the kitchen and was standing close to the stove, when it suddenly exploded with terrific force, hurling Miss Cox across the room. Fortunately none of the flying pieces injured her, with the exception of a slight cut on the chin. The stove was completely shattered, several of the pieces were blown through the ceiling and the kitchen looked as though it had been struck by a cyclone. The woodwork ignited from the coals thrown out from the stove, but the fire was quickly put out by Miss Cox. The explosion was due to the fact the water front in the stove had been frozen up during the night. When the fire was started it generated steam and as it had no outlet the explosion followed.

It is reported on good authority, at Escanaba, that the I. Stephenson company will, in the early spring, begin work on a big dam at Chandler's falls, about three and a half miles above Wells, on the Escanaba river. It will also build an immense pulp mill, one of the largest in the country, and a large electric power plant. It is the intention of the company to furnish electric light, power and heat to consumers in Escanaba and in the surrounding country wherever it may be desired. The erection of the dam, pulp mill and power plant will give employment to hundreds of men.

Marquette—The Finnish Lutheran Apostolic church at Calumet is unique in the respect that in all the thirty-one years of its existence it has never gone outside its own organization for financial aid. Neither has a fair, social, supper or any similar effair been held. The pastor is paid a good salary and the church treasury is never depleted. The church is one of the first of a Finnish denomination in the United States. It started with 100 members and now has over 1000.

Menominee—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad will build a new passenger and freight depot in Menominee this year, it is announced, and also will enlarge its terminal facilities. The property necessary for the purpose has just been acquired from the Kirby-Carpenter company.

Ironwood—City Treasurer Snyder reports that out of a little over $37,000 personal tax in Ironwood, over $36,000 has already been paid in. This is a very satisfactory showing. He expects to get in $400 or $500 more this week, while about a like amount will probably be uncollectable owing to removals and errors.

It may not be generally known, but it is nevertheless true, says the Manistique Pioneer-Tribune, that Thomas Friant, of the Friant & Friant Lumber company, at Thompson, Schoolcraft county, is one of the wealthiest men in Michigan. He was recently offered $4,000,000 for a tract of southern pine, and at that figure would have made a large profit. When asked why he did not sell it, he promptly answered, 'What would I do with that amount of money?"

Sapho.
Metropolitan. Tonight.

OFFICERS OF ODD FELLOWS

C. R. Wilkinson Elected Grand Scribe of Patriarchal Branch.

St. Paul, Feb. 26.—Col. C. R. Wilkinson of St. Paul, advertising agent for the Burlington road, was yesterday elected grand scribe of the grand encampment of the Patriarchal branch of the Odd Fellows of Minnesota, defeating three Minneapolis candidates.

This is the only salaried office in the gift of the grand encampment, and consequently interest in it overshadowed even the election of the grand patriarch. The Minneapolis candidates were Messrs. A. C. Peters, Smith and Kastner. Col. Wilkinson led on the first ballot and was elected on the second, securing 53 out of the 101 ballots cast.

As was expected, C. D. Thompson, of Redwood Falls, was elected grand patriarch.

The office of grand senior warden went to August Hohenstein, also of St. Paul, and R. E. McFarlane of Duluth, was elected grand priest.

The retiring patriarch, J. F. Creamer, was chosen representative to the sovereign grand encampment.

A question to be settled is the proposed changing of the date of the annual encampment, many of the delegates being in favor of holding it in June, one day before that of the grand lodge of the order. This will insure lower railroad rates, and will enable many members of both branches to attend both meetings.

SENSATION IN DUBUQUE.

"Spooning" Among Pupils at the High School.

Dubuque, Iowa, Feb. 26.—Fathers and mothers of this city are greatly excited because of an addresss delivered by Professor Smart, principal of the high school, in which he stated that "spooning" is common among the pupils. Condemning the osculatory pastime, the professor said it must be stopped, under penalty of expulsion for those caught in the act. The professor gave a description of Dubuque spooning. He said: "Spooning is an indecent, foolish and lowering practice, demoralizing to those who indulge in it. A young man and a young woman go to their quiet corners in the study hall before and after school hours, and then there is chucking under the chin, patting on the check, and even an encircling of the girl's waist by the young man's arm."

FIRE AT CANAJOHARIE.

Canajoharie, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The office-building and smokehouse of the Beechnut Packing company were burned today. The loss is $60,000; insurance, $35,000.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, First Street,
(Opposite Postoffice Square.)

DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room: 324; Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
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Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

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Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

DULUTH'S CHAMPION.

Hancock, Mich., Journal: The increasing importance of the city of Duluth as a commercial metropolis has never been more forcibly demonstrated than by the special issue of The Duluth Herald which celebrates the removal of that paper into its splendid new quarters. The Duluth Herald has long been recognized as a conservative and enterprising newspaper, in every way equal to the responsibilities of its important field, a forceful exponent of lofty political principles and a strenuous champion of local interests. We feel that it is the people of Duluth who are to be congratulated and the large circulation which The Herald enjoys is evidence of a loyal appreciation on the part of the people.

THE GRAND JURY SYSTEM.

The bill introduced in the state legislature by Senator Laybourn proposing an amendment to the constitution of Minnesota in order that the legislature may have power to abolish or amend the grand jury system, has aroused considerable discussion. The majority of those who have expressed their views on the subject favor the abandonment of the present burdensome and useless procedure in criminal cases. It has been well said that the grand jury is a relic of antiquity. It was adopted by the English people when they were rude and unlearned, when government and courts were in a formative state, to protect the common people from the encroachments, oppressions and wrongs imposed upon them by warlike barons and was found to be effectual, and it has been continued from century to century, more for the good it accomplished in the past than for its present usefulness.

During the last fifty years, legislatures have made radical changes in the procedure in the trial of civil and criminal cases. In civil procedure, England and nearly all of the United States have abolished all the technical distinctions between actions at law and suits in equity, all the common law forms of actions and the common law forms of pleading, and have established in their place one ordinary, universal and simple action by which rights are maintained and duties enforced in the courts, and have introduced a system of pleading consisting of a plain and concise statement of facts upon which the rights of the litigants depend.

The departures from the ancient procedure in criminal prosecutions are not so marked, yet still many of the useless practices in criminal procedure have been wiped out. But Minnesota still retains the initial step in criminal procedure that has come down from the thirteenth century. It is retained not because it is the best, most useful and least expensive procedure, but because we are used to it and have thought little about it. No criminal case can be tried in our courts of general jurisdiction until a grand jury has examined it and presented an indictment against the accused. It is justly pronounced a clumsy, cumbrous, dilatory and expensive initiative of a criminal prosecution. A majority of the states have adopted a wiser, safer, more speedy and much less expensive manner of presenting a criminal case to a court for trial, and Minnesota cannot long refuse to follow their example. The following states have provided for the trial of all criminal cases upon information by the county attorney: California, Michigan, Louisiana, Colorado, Indiana, Kansas, South Carolina, North Dakota, South Dakota, Virginia, Texas, Missouri, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Florida, Washington and Idaho. In the following states offenses other than those punishable by death are tried on information: New York, Vermont, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Massachusetts. In Illinois and Ohio all misdemeanors are tried on information. In Georgia all criminal cases are tried on information unless an indictment is demanded in writing by the accused.

These states have not abolished grand juries, but have retained them for the purpose of examination of important matters when the court shall be of the opinion that the public good and safety requires their action. Perhaps it might be wise to retain them in this state for similar purposes. In some of the states named a grand jury can be called in one of three ways: First, when the court is of the opinion that there is a public necessity for its action; second, when the county commissioners shall by a majority vote request the court to call a grand jury; third, when a petition signed by a certain number of taxpayers of the county asks the court to call a grand jury. But there is no question that, for the purposes of criminal trials, the system of trials upon information should be adopted in this state. Grand juries are a cumbrous appendage to criminal procedure. The grand juries usually follow the advice of the county attorney and he draws the indictment for the foreman to sign. It would be much more easy and speedy if he could file an information, using the same technical language that is used in the indictment, and arraign the accused on that. Grand juries delay the work of the courts and are also expensive and burdensome to the taxpayers. In short, there is no good reason why they should be retained.

Mark Twain says that he has often wondered why our architects never think of building a round house, and that now he has learned that such a house has actually been built somewhere in the Scottish highlands. The Boston Globe says there is another on the south slope of Spring hill in Somerville, Mass.

The end of the session of congress is fast approaching, and neither the Cuban reciprocity treaty nor the Panama canal treaty has been ratified. The prospect of an extra session of the senate grows stronger.

THE ALDRICH BILL.

Powerful pressure is being brought to bear to have the Aldrich financial bill passed at this session of congress, but it is very doubtful if it succeeds. This measure provides that all national banks may be used as depositories for government money. It is said that the financial interests that were formerly behind the Fowler bill have switched their influences over to the Aldrich measure, and that if that bill goes through they will be content to let the Fowler and the other currency bills drop. It is stated at the finance committee room that many letters have been received from leading bankers, indorsing the Aldrich bill in strong terms and urging its enactment as one of the best means to avert a sudden panic in Wall street, following a tightening of the money market. It is known that many of the big interests in New York would prefer the adoption of the Aldrich bill to the exclusion of all other pending currency schemes. In the house, however, the situation is different. With that persistent opposition to everything that does not originate with a small clique in the banking and currency committee, the leaders in currency legislation at the house end have their knives out for the Aldrich bill. Chairman Fowler of this committee, Representative Hill and other leaders in currency legislation refuse to discuss the senate bill, but avoid the subject as though it were treason. But it is known that the whole influence of these two men, and probably of the rest of the committee, will be directed against the Aldrich measure.

It is presumed that the reason for this hostility is the fear that if the senate bill goes over to the house with any considerable following it will mean the doom of the Fowler bill. The chairman of the banking committee is a very earnest advocate of the measure that bears his name. He believes that it is the very best currency bill that has been framed for some time and, consequently, looks with disfavor on any proposition that threatens to displace it. In spite of the objections presented, it is apparent that many of the members of the house regard the Aldrich measure with much favor. They say that the chances are that the banks will not bid for the government funds except in cases of emergency, and at times when it is highly desirable to have a stock of cash money available. It is in times of this character that it becomes imperative that quick relief should be afforded, and under existing laws the secretary of the treasury has to stretch his authority in order to be of any material assistance. Consequently there is a growing demand for the enactment of the Aldrich bill.

JUVENILE COURTS.

Mention was made in these columns a few months ago of the children's court established in New York for the trial of juvenile offenders, apart from the ordinary criminal surroundings of the city court. Six months' trial of this plan in the metropolis has justified the hopes of the promoters. On a recent "parole day" forty-one out of forty-five boys who had been released on probation at a previous session appeared to make their reports. So good were the reports in twenty-five cases that sentence was finally suspended; thirteen other boys were continued on parole, with the promise that sentence would be suspended if they could show better records the next time; only three boys were committed. The dress and bearing of the paroled youngsters, says a reporter, presented marked contrast to their appearance when they were found guilty of various offences in the same court a short time before. "Their hair had been combed and brushed, and so very clean were their faces that they shone as though burnished. Their clothes had been brushed so that there was not a spot anywhere on the usually ragged garments. Most of them wore collars, and even those who did not, had clean shirts. They were a very nice-looking lot of boys. They held their heads high and the hangdog expression was gone."

One boy who had been convicted of stealing from his employer had been paroled on the promise to pay back the money at the rate of 50 cents per week. The employer came to court to testify that the weekly payment had been made regularly, and declared that the boy would be taken back into his employ and protected against the taunts of the other boys, even if the latter had to be discharged. This instance is typical of the sort of reformation wrought by the methods of the juvenile court. Justice Scott of the New York supreme court, who was present on parole day, declared: "It is years since I have been so deeply interested and impressed with the good courts may do in the way of reasonable mercy. The children's court is doing a tremendous work for the good of the community."

It has long been held by leading criminologists that the separation of juveniles and adults would result in the improved condition if not the salvation of the youthful criminal, and their theories seem to be more than borne out by results. The youth is susceptible to influence. If treated by themselves their hope of reform is greatly increased. When mingled with hardened criminals they are bound to be more or less influenced and certainly not for good. Juvenile courts should be established in every large city in the country.

A devotee of the "no breakfast" fad has passed away at Chicago. Mrs. Cora Dean, better known at "Koradine," a short story writer, weakened herself by not eating any breakfast for many months and by following the diet of raw foods exploited by a prominent physician a few years ago. "Soaked wheat," salads, prunes, grated nuts, and other uncooked foods are said to have been the staples of her luncheons and dinners. As a result she fell an easy victim to disease. Will her case prove a warning to other deluded people?

It is not strange that Canada protests against the proposed appointment of Secretary Root and Senators Lodge and Turner on the Alaskan boundary commission, because they are on record as strong upholders of the American side of the dispute. The treaty provides for "eminent jurists" and not one properly comes under that designation. The president should select federal judges as the members of this commission.

Compulsory education has been defeated in the West Virginia senate, on the ground that if adopted it would destroy Wheeling industries and deprive many widows of their means of support, which now come from the earnings of their young children. This action is a disgrace to the state of West Virginia, and a shame upon every member who voted against the bill.

The condition of the Superior street crossings is abominable. Why does not the board of public works send out a gang of men to remove the slush and mud? Has the board no regard for the comfort of the citizens or the impression which such a state of things makes upon visitors?

The cause of woman suffrage makes slow progress. The Kansas legislature has defeated a bil to give women the right to vote at presidential elections.

Five counties in the southwestern corner of Kansas have neither railroad nor telegraphic communication. "The frontier" still exists.

The silence of Judge Parker adds to his availability as the Democratic candidate for president.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"I think Senator Hoar is right when he says that the negro question will have to be settled by the Southerners," said Auditor C. H. Doyle of Swift & Co., who is here checking up the local Swift concern and stopping at the Spalding hotel. "Secretary Root thinks all the efforts of the white people have been a failure, but Mr. Hoar has the situation sized up nearer right. The Southern people will have to solve it within a dozen years, for the race question is becoming more serious every day. They know them better there than we do here, and know how to handle them.

"I was raised in Baltimore. My relatives were enlisted for the Northern cause in the civil war. Since I have been away from home a large part of my time has been spent in the South.

"I have observed that the Southerners only know how to handle the negro, and an illustration of it is at Charleston, S. C., where the population is 60 per cent colored. There is a generation of young and shiftless negroes growing up who will not work and who are becoming a menace to the South, and these are the ones which will have to be dealt with. What must be done will have to be designed by the people who have the proposition to face.

"The Southerner likes the negro; he knows him. The killings of negroes are mostly justified, all so far as my observation goes, and I have had some experience, and whenever I investigated I found that the negro was at fault. The Southerners do not concern themselves with the death of a 'bad negro' sufficiently to explain the details of the shooting; it is beneath their dignity.

* * *

"I remember one night riding through a suburb of Tampa, Fla. It was a warm Sunday summer evening, and as we pulled into town I saw a crowd gathered and a body on the pavement in the middle of the street. It was the body of a negro lad, a fine looking boy, shot through the heart. First I was going to get back on the train, and then I thought I would ask about it, and this is what I found:

"The marshal who did police duty in the city had been in a saloon a half hour previous, drinking with some persons, when this young fellow came in. It seems the marshal had arrested him some time before and had sent him out on the chain gang. The negro walked into the saloon and walked over to the marshal and shoved him a little. The marshal turned and saw who it was and ignored him. The negro repeated the affront, and the marshal turned and slapped his face. The negro went out. He went and got a gun.

"The marshal emerged from the saloon shortly and had forgotten all about the incident, until reminded of it by a bullet in the neck and another through the arm. The negro shot deliberately and turned to run. He was just to get behind a telegraph pole, when the wounded officer sent a bullet through his heart. He died.

"It was but a sample. The details were not published, and if I hadn't seen it I must have thought it unjustifiable killing."

* * *

"The Southerners know the negro is not as well off as he was in bondage, and it wasn't very long ago that an old darky told me: 'No sah, dese yah young niggahs ain't brung up right. Befo's de wah we uz brung up right. If dey didn't wuhk dem days dey would get de livah lambed out uv 'em.' The negro wears the cast off clothing of the whites and lives on a couple of dollars a week.

"They have to buy their shoes, however, for the whites don't wear gunboats, and it's no merry jest about the negroes having feet as big as hams."

* * *

J. T. Michaud, clerk at the St. Louis hotel, has received word of awards made upon his dogs at the Boston and Newark shows. Mr. Michaud's General Lawton defeated at the Boston show the bull terrier which was given the ribbon over him at the New York show, showing conclusively that unjust discrimination was made against him at the New York show, as the General won at the Chicago show also. Marvel and Bessie, two others of Mr. Michaud's dogs, received awards also. "Tom" has not been saying much about the treatment he received at the hands of the judges of the Gotham show, but waited till he could establish his contention of discrimination. The New England Kennel club, whose show at Boston gave the General the award, was particularly favored at the New York show, and even it recognized the injustice and proper amends were made.

* * *

M. Canfield, billiard and pool expert, of Chicago, has taken charge of the billiard room at the St. Louis hotel. He plays pool on a basis of 15 or no count, and is eager to meet anybody at a three-cushion carom billiard game for money, marbles or glory. He formerly had charge of the Grand Pacific rooms and has played many match games in the past few years, both balk-line and three cushion.

* * *

John C. McLaren, of Chicago, is at the Spalding hotel, one of a dozen insurance men gathered there. Mr. McLaren was formerly cashier in the Douglas County bank at Superior, but sustained severe losses at its downfall. He is now with one of the old-line companies of the East, and is rapidly going to the front in Chicago. He is well known here.

The party of fire insurance men at the Spalding is holding nightly sessions, but all present claim that there is nothing doing, and their concerted movement into Duluth is but a co-incidence. It was said by a local man yesterday that investigations into a Superior fire were probably the cause of the influx of agents. The men stay in Duluth all the time, however.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Shaw of Buhl are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Preston at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

Mrs. F. E. McDonough and Miss E. McCord of Spokane are visiting Mrs. H. H. McCord, their mother, at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

John Coyer, a lumberman from North Tonawanda, N.Y., is registered at the Spalding hotel.

* * *

Deep mystery surrounded the movemnts of a stranger at the Spalding hotel last night.

He registered early in the evening as "Frank Harbaugh, N. Y."

He wanted to get a man to go with him to the street car barns at 1 o'clock a.m. to make affidavit this morning to what he saw.

"I will pay him well," said Harbaugh.

Fred, the doorman, was finally recommended.

The word was whispered around that there was some street car combination working secretly to ascertain some business points in the city.

All the phases of the case were shrouded in mystery.

In the dead of night, at 1 o'clock, Harbaugh and his affiant stepped from the front steps of the hotel and into a closed carriage waiting for them.

The horses were whipped up and the pair were driven to the street car barns.

The affiant began to get scared, he feared murder.

Mr. Harbaugh stepped out at the barns. He went in and stood looking at the cars and finally put something down on a piece of paper.

"Count the cars," he said to his man.

"Now, I want you to make affidavit that is the number of cars here," he said. The corroborative testimony said he would and he did this morning.

Mr. Harbaugh represents the big street car advertising company of New York, Kissam & Co., and as the company won't take the word of street railway companies for the number of cars operated, he has to go from town to town and count up, to see that advertisers are not getting the worst of it on the street car circulation.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: August Bloomstrom, Wilson, Mich.; C. C. Chaffer, Carrington, N. D.; Charles F. Hausch, Barlow, N. D.; Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Garvin, Grand Forks, N. D.; J. D. Altman, Louis L. Blender, St. Paul; E. Anderson, Laurimore; William Pellette, Two Harbors; D. L. Wiggins, Ashland; I. C. Foster, R. G. Walker, Chicago; H. Jarebow, Miss Paulis, Grand Rapids; J. W. Woodfil, Two Harbors, Charles Jones, Black Duck; O. I. Frykland, Cloquet; M. O. McNaughton, Scanlon; J. W. Lout, Star Lake.

At the Spalding: H. M. Williams, Spokane, E. S. Stemenway, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Relf and son, Charles Hart, St. Paul; F. J. Strong, Kalamazoo; F. P. Falconnet, St Paul; J. B. Atwater, B. C. Stinermus, Minneapolis; J. E. Nelson, Ashland; Robert C. Greer St. Paul; W. N. Roberts, Iron River, Mich.; W. E. Netteraner, Menominee, Mich.; G. W. Stewart, St. Cloud; G. C. Mott, W. E. Little, St. Paul; M. S. Hawkins, W. J. Schulze, Mountain Iron; C. C. Baker, Bay City; W. H. Dee, Houghton; R. R. Seeber, Painsdale; D. R. Soudon, J. Kantrowitz, G. S. Elliott, Minneapolis; Grace Hayward, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: E. T. Gillis, Stillwater; J. F. Dwyer, C. H. Smith, F. W. Sargent, Minneapolis; Lothe Eathon, John Eathon, Lake Linden; J. A. Murdoch, Ashland; M. H. Barron, Stillwater; W. P. Hogan, Kerrick; Emil Nelson, Two Harbors, P. Lusch, Crookston; J. E. Therrien, Two Harbors; E. J. Boyle, Rush City; Martin Hughes, F. H. Dear, Hibbing; Mrs. R. W. Freeman, D. W. Freeman, E. D. Parmalee, J. O. Shadbolt; Virginia; F. A. Lundbergh, Little Falls; D. L. McKay, Chippewa; J. E. Gill, Hill City; O. E. Erickson, Crookston; J. J. Kennedy, H. A. McDonald, Rib Lake; J. C. Pavee, Mrs. R. R. Trezona, Mrs. J. C. Eaves, Eveleth; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Moore, Virginia; J. H. Sharkey, Mora.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 26.—Rains continued to fall over Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas, and snow or rain over Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado and Utah, the rains being heavy at Abilene, Texas, and Shreveport, Louisiana. Moderate temperatures are the rule but it is somewhat warmer in the lake region, Mississippi Valley and the gulf states. The barometer remains high in Pacific and middle Atlantic states. The Arizona "low" has moved to eastern Texas and another "low" has developed in northwest Canada. Conditions favor a continuance of rather mild temperature in this section during the ensuing 24 to 36 hours.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	40	Memphis	40
Battleford	18	Miles City	6
Bismarck	6	Milwaukee	30
Boston	26	Minnedosa	14
Buffalo	22	Modena	16
Calgary	20	Montgomery	50
Charleston	48	Moorhead	14
Chicago	30	New Orleans	59
Cincinnati	28	New York	26
Davenport	26	North Platte	28
Denver	18	Oklahoma	38
Detroit	24	Omaha	36
Dodge City	28	Pittsburg	24
Duluth	26	Port Arthur	6
Edmonton	24	Portland	38
El Paso	36	Prince Albert	12
Escanaba	24	Qu Appelle	16
Galveston	52	Rapid City	22
Green Bay	28	San Francisco	50
Havre	12	Santa Fe	12
Helena	24	Shreveport	48
Houghton	20	Spokane	24
Huron	18	St. Louis	34
Jacksonville	56	St. Paul	26
Kansas City	30	Sault Ste Marie	0
Knoxville	30	Swift Current	14
LaCrosse	14	Washington	24
Lander	24	Williston	4
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	20
Marquette	20	Winnipeg	12
Medicine Hat	20		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time). Friday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and occasionally threatening weather tonight and Friday. Moderate temperature. Fresh and possibly brisk southwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Increasing cloudiness with possibly rain or snow in southeast portion tonight and in south and east portions Friday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Friday.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Friday.

SMILING REMARKS.

Detroit Free Press: Cook—Well, the proof of the pudding is in the eating.

Mr. Bouncer—No, it isn't. It's in the digesting.

New York Sun: Hewitt—You're a liar.

Jewett—You're a liar.

Both—We seem to be in pretty bad company.

Chicago Tribune: Consumer—Well, with such a winter as this I presume ice will be cheaper next summer.

Dealer—Cheaper? My dear sir, think of the sufferings of the poor fellows that have to cut ice such weather as this!

Washington Star: "Are you doing anything to make the world better?"

"Certainly," answered Senator Sorghum. "I expect pretty soon to have affairs in such shape that the world will give me no reasonable grounds for complaint whatever."

Chicago Post: "Did it hurt?" asked the dentist.

The patient looked at him reproachfully.

"Now, doctor," he said, "do I look like a man who would yell just for amusement or to pass away the time?"

Philadelphia Press: Tess—He tried to kiss me, and he declared the more I struggled and screamed the more he'd kiss me. He's no gentleman.

Jess—But, my dear, gentlemen sometimes do that sort of thing.

Tess—But when I screamed he ran away. A gentleman would keep his word.

Chicago News: Myer—In olden time it is said that it was possible for a man to render himself invisible.

Gyer—Pshaw. That's not at all remarkable. Men in this country are doing it every day.

Myer—You don't tell me! How do they manage it?

Gyer—By marrying famous women.

Chicago News: Staylate—Do you believe in long courtships, Miss Annie?

Miss Annie—Well, I'm in favor of a six-hour limit on each session.

Indianapolis News: "Well," said the wife, whose thoughts were on her Easter bonnet, "I'll forgive and forget your being out late last night. I suppose I'll always have to be forgiving something—"

"Yes, whenever you're for getting something," replied the brute, her husband.

Baltimore American: The pompous new resident had been having a set-to with the smart boy of the neighborhood. This was the youngster's parting shot:

"Aw, you don't need t' think you're no whole legislacher jist becoz ev'rybody's al'ays presentin' bills to you!"

Morgan Still Talked On.

The storm winds roared,
The senate snored,
But Morgan still talked on;
The clerks all slept,
The galleries wept,
But Morgan still talked on;
Our Chauncey joked,
Mark Hanna moped,
But Morgan still talked on;
Ben Tillman swore,
He'd spill some gore,
But Morgan still talked on;
His voice grew hoarse,
His wit grew coarse,
As Morgan still talked on;
His eyes grew dim,
His features thin,
But Morgan still talked on;
In death, all dank,
His fellows sank,
But Morgan still talked on;
Till Gabriel's blast
Shook Earth at last—
But Morgan still talked on.
—JOHN SMITH in Buffalo Express.

The Sunshine Trust.

I wisht I knowed
Whah de sunshine growed
I'd pack my clothes an' staht
An' settle down
When de place was foun'
An' never mo' depaht.

Dis stingy way
F'um day to day
Of passin' sunshine out,
Has stirred my soul
Beyond control
An' filled my heaht wif doubt.

If I could speak
About a week,
Like congress folks I know,
I bet I'd bust
Dat sunshine trust
An' gib us folks a show!
—Washington Star.

Also a Few Extras.

"May I print a kiss on your lips?" I said,
And she nodded her sweet permission;
So we went to press, and I rather guess
We printed a full edition.
—Cap and Gown.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

THE GENIUS OF AUGUSTUS

By Burton Foss.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Augustus Blinker was a genius. There was no doubt about it and the entire city acknowledged it—aye, even boasted of it. The final test of genuineness as to the title was blown into Augustus by the van Ostrands, father and daughter, when the latter, acting upon the advice of the former, became his affianced wife, selecting him from a score or more of suitors comprising the very cream and pick of the eligibles of the town.

"Yes, sir, we are going to—that is, my daughter is going to marry young Blinker," asserted Banker van Ostrand shortly after the engagement was announced, swinging his gold-headed cane impressively, "because he is a young man of financial ability—I may say of positive genius. It is not that he has a very comfortable fortune; other young men of the town have much greater ones; but sir, when a young man without capital nor commercial position nor credit, without backing or influence, lifts himself from the ranks—from the ranks, sir, it bespeaks ability, sir, that is bound to be felt sir, in the financial world. Why, sir, that one coup of his in P. & G. M., where the situation was so complicated as to set the best of the financiers at sea, sir—and he only a clerk in an insurance office, was enough to stamp him as a genius, sir; a positive genius. I regard him as a coming man, sir, and that is why we—that is, why my daughter selected him as a son-in-law—that is, as a husband, sir. I predict that he will be heard from, sir, in no uncertain way in the field of finance."

That settled it, and Augustus was freely accorded the position he assumed. He certainly lived the part to perfection. The expression of owl-like wisdom never deserted his fat face. By no mischance did he ever let down in the ponderous dignity of his deportment, his walk, his handshake, nor the cautious economy of his conversation.

It was all very mystifying to those who had known him six months ago when he was driving a quill at seventy-five per month in the general offices of the Improvident Insurance company. Then, truth be told, he was considered something of a lunk-head, a wooden-faced plodding, rather stupid young fellow who did fairly well in his position because being incapable of original thought or initiative, followed blindly the directions given him and became thereby a most accurate machine.

The story of his transfiguration was best told on his wedding night by Archy Spafford to a group of wondering fellows in the smoking room, whence they had retired after the ceremony to imbibe a bracer and burn a cigarette.

"It's the most marvelous thing since the Arabian nights and the funniest thing since Don Quixote," burst out Archie after listening with signs of growing impatience to a discussion pro and con as to whether Augustus really was a genius or not, and how he came to make his killing anyway. "I know all about it, and if you idiots will quit jabbering a minute I will set your minds at rest for all time to come on this particular matter."

Quiet being obtained Archie proceeded, "Firstly, brethren, Gus is still the same old stolen bottle he was when we all used to get all his marbles away from him on any old bunco game that occurred to a kid's mind. This is no dream. I speak by the card. He fell into a job of about his size in the insurance office, and being a patient and not overly ambitious mortal he made a very good clerk. Then he fell heels over head in love with Angie van Ostrand—and her father's millions, and of a sudden became enamored of society. And he went the pace. We will all have to agree to that. No fellow in the set wore better clothes, nor wore them with better grace. But that sort of thing costs money and Gus was not blessed with a princely income as clerk for the Improvident Insurance company. Sequel: He ran in debt even as the rest of us have. But there was this difference—that Gus had small prospects of an advance and no hope outside. So it became serious.

"Then came the denouement. A certain fellow clerk, who was a lot smarter than Gus and knew it, and thoroughly despised him, got into severe financial straits through too abundant manifestations of his smartness, and, being in a position where he could do a little doctoring of the books, he touched the company up for a snug sum and made a last whirl at the market on the win-or-ruin proposition. Of course, he lost, and woke up one fine morning with the penitentiary staring him in the face. Then he began to look about for a fire escape. It so happened that he and Gus were the only persons who had access to the books he had doctored and the dense stupidity of Gus flashed across his mental vision as a possible means of escape.

"He knew something of Gus' necessities and took occasion to drop into his ear suggestions of something great coming off in C. G. & M., of which he had inside information. Gus knew that this seductive fellow clerk had been dabbling in the market, and rumor had it that he had been very successful. So he opened his ears to the pointers carelessly dropped regarding the great possibilities in the coming campaign in C., G. & M., and when the suggestion was dropped to him as to what a shame it was that poor men like themselves could not take advantage of the sure thing in sight—especially when there was such a wad of money lying idle to which either had access, and which could be returned so easily without anybody being the wiser, he bit like a hungry sucker. He figured on it until he was ripe for the pen, and then in his blundering way got the essential details of the alleged 'tip' from his disinterested friend. This advice was given so that Gus was sure to lose—for, you see, the other fellow's game was to get Gus to lose a wad of the company money, so when the inevitable investigation came Gus' delinquencies would be discovered first, as they would surely be, because Gus could not cover up so cleverly as his more astute associate, and then he could throw the whole theft onto Gus and escape the felony.

"Well, Gus bit all right—swallowed hook and all. But right here is where his 'genius' came in, fathered, as it were, by his superlative stupidity. He knew nothing whatever of the market or stocks or anything else, excepting the adding of figures, and the careful directions of his tempter fell upon unwitting ears. He went out on his great coup with letters and figures all jumbled in his cranium and mindful only of making a killing which would not only restore his solvency, but would pave his way to the favor of the van Ostrands, for old Van likes nothing but success.

"Now, mark you, instead of selling C., G. & M. short for all the margin he could copper from the insurance company's vaults, he forgot his cue entirely by the time he reached the broker's office, and, by George, he didn't do a thing but sell 'P. & G. M.,' a stock that was supposed to be as sound as the everlasting hills, and which had been on the up grade in a conservative and healthy way for months. And this happened to be the particular time that Lorgan and the gang of Wall street financiers determined to wreck the road, and, starting at the price at which Gus bought, which was the highest ever reached by the stock, P. & G. M. dropped like a chunk of lead, and in ten days Gus had cleaned up a hundred thousand, replaced the 'borrowed' capital and started out in his new role as a 'genius.'

"His smart fellow clerk never knew what struck him, and soon after his shortage was discovered, and I'll bet a wine supper that he is now spending his spare moments at the pen in figuring out how Gus came to sell P. & G. M. instead of C., G. & M., and how his well-laid plan went awry anyhow.

"Anyway, with all the evidence in I reckon it is up to us to admit that Gus is a man of genius, because he got there and everybody admits it. And ain't such superabundant luck allied with such dense stupidity, genius, anyhow. Let's all have a cigarette and forget it."

INCORRIGIBLE INVESTORS.

Chicago Tribune: Judge Grosscup said some time ago that we ought to "peopleize" the great industrial corporations of this country. By which he meant this: Keep a governmental eye on them; give all their operations the widest possible publicity; then all will know exactly what is doing; will have confidence in their securities and invest their savings in them, instead of putting their savings in banks. The two pillars of this idea, it will be seen, are publicity and confidence. But is not a searchlight thrown on the publicity and confidence idea by the recent history of "get-rich-quick" concerns in Chicago? People are so anxious to invest that no amount of lack of information deters them. They seem to regard business as a kind of "great magic," an alchemist's crucible, an Aladdin's lamp, a department of the occult. They want to put money in a slot and by some bewildering and awesome process see dividends handed out to them on a tray. Hence the curious fact that to so many of them the difference between the firm that offers four per cent a year and the firm that offers four per cent a month seems to be in favor of the latter.

Nor does a burned public dread the fire. Three years ago Chicago was the scene of revelations similar to those which are now taking place. The newspapers said then: "The game is exposed; the public is hereafter safe; in vain is the net spread in the sight of any bird." But here came in the difference between bird and human intelligence. The net was again spread and investors walked into it with as much equanimity as on all former similar occasions. Which drives the observer to the depressing conclusion that the fact that people do not invest in industrial securities is not due to any lack of information or lack of confidence with regard to them, but because no industrial corporation promises to pay such dividends as the "get-rich-quick" concerns, which pretend to operate on stock boards or race tracks, say they will pay. There are men and women whose money can always be had by the sharper who will offer four per cent a month.

Whittled to a Point.

Indianapolis News: In brief, Judge Grosscup holds that men that buy beef in one state and sell it in another are engaged in interstate commerce, even if they themselves say that they are not.

Perils of Speculation.

Kansas City Journal: Our present prosperity is builded on a firm foundation. But that foundation can not permanently stand against rash speculation. Whether the present conditions shall continue depends much more largely on the people than on the government. If they persist in going into "get-rich-quick" schemes instead of investing their savings conservatively they are certain to lose their savings; and if the tendency to overspeculation continuets to grow, it is only a matter of time until we shall run upon breakers.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Love letters are illustrated insanity.

Half the marriages are failures and half are not successes.

The meanest trick a woman can play on a man is to fondle a child in his presence as if it were somebody else.

Women who don't mind shoes that are tight or stays that are tight make a pretty big fuss over husbands that are the same way.

Everybody has something he is trying to keep somebody else from getting, while he is trying to get what somebody else is trying to keep.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM — C. A. MARSHALL, MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Ossip Gabrilowitsch
Famous Russian Pianist,
TONIGHT!
PRICES—$1.50, $1.00, 75c and 50c.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phones 969. W. H. Reaney, Mgr.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in
"SAPHO."
All new specialties. Extra tonight.
Saturday Matinee, 2:30 p. m.
Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.
Carriages 10:30. New Specialties.

Have You Seen the copies of **Famous Paintings** that are given absolutely free to purchasers of **Pillsbury's Vitos,** the ideal Wheat Food for breakfast, dinner and supper? Ask your grocer.

Pillsbury's Vitos is made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour.

CANDIDATE CHOSEN

Lakesiders Want C. S. Wilson Appointed on Park Board.

Will Request L. Mendenhall to Withdraw In His Favor.

Lakeside residents held a meeting last evening to forward their campaign to place a resident of that part of the city on the city park board. C. S. Wilson was chosen as their candidate, and Lakeside influences will be exerted to place him on the board.

H. R. Spencer, W. C. Sargent and B. C. Church were discussed for the nomination, but Mr. Wilson received it unanimously. A committee consisting of J. B. Greenfield, W. E. Magner and W. B. Henderson was appointed to call upon Luther Mendenhall, the board member whose term expires this year, to ask him to withdraw in favor of the Lakeside candidate.

A petition will also be given to the mayor asking that Mr. Wilson be appointed to the board.

PRICES OF ORE

Will Range Somewhat Higher Than Last Year's Rates.

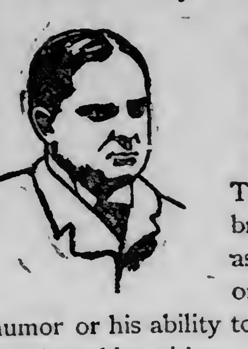
The Estimated Output Is Thirty-Three Million Tons.

Cleveland, Feb. 26.—The Iron Trade Review says: Though definite announcement of ore prices has not yet been made, the interchange of views between Cleveland rates agents for Lake Superior ores and various producing-consuming interests has given publicity this week to the proposed prices for 1903. As now expected, these will be on a basis of $4.50 against $4.25 last year, for old range Bessemers; $3.60 as against $3.25 last year for old range non-Bessemers carrying a 60 per cent iron and 12 per cent moisture; $4 as against $3.25 for the best Mesaba Bessemers, those of somewhat greater fineness practically being $3.85, and a third grade, still finer, $3.75; and $3.25 for Mesaba non-Bessemers. These prices are still subject to change. The estimated output for all ranges is 33,000,000 tons—16,000,000 tons for the steel corporation and 17,000,000 tons for other producers. Actual shipments are likely to fall 10 per cent short of this, possibly more. The scarcity of melting stock for open-hearth furnaces, which was a factor one week ago, is still pronounced, and some open-hearth plants in the Pittsburg district have been shut down for a portion of the week.

The pig iron market drifts along without incident. Further foreign purchases are made week by week, recent transactions being chiefly in German and Scotch irons. Foreign prices are slightly higher. Southern producers of pig iron are not a unit as to prices for the second half. While $18.50 Birmingham for No. 2 is adhered to by some, as low as $18 is done; and second quarter iron is sold in some quarters on the same basis. Northern irons can be had in the Middle West at prices below Southern quotations. While $21 for No. 2 foundry at furnace, delivery in the second half, has been generally maintained by Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania furnaces, sales are reported at Pittsburg at $20.75 for the second half, the freight being 85 cents.

Demand for iron is not lessening perceptibly, even though the consuming trade is stepping up onto a new level of values; all depends on the ability of furnace companies to increase the supply. The ability of furnaces, in spite of coke troubles, to produnce large percentages of higher grade irons is a factor in the situation affecting the price of mill and pipe foundry irons. Rolling mills filled their raw material costs increasing, and are more interested than ever in maintaining prices for bar iron. We note a sale of 5000 tons of gray forge at $20.75, Pittsburg.

Steel is strong and scarce. It is more and more difficult to get authentic reports of actual sales, but $29 to $29.50 Central Western mill and $30 Pittsburg represent closely the current market. A sale of 2000 tons of foreign billets is reported at $30.50 Central Western mill. Finished materials show good activity in nearly all departments, and the conditions here are quite at variance with the quietness of the pig iron market. An advance of $2 a ton in wire products became effective Feb. 20, which restores prices to the early fall level.



William Allen White

Will write a series of articles on the political situation at Washington as he sees it from week to week. Exclusively in

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

There are perhaps three or four men in the length and breadth of the country who can write on political topics as sanely, shrewdly and clearly as Mr. White; but not one of them possesses in like degree his fine native humor or his ability to wring the last drop of human interest out of his subject and into his writing. Mr. White has also the rare gift for stripping a complex theme of its non-essentials and showing it forth in its simplest terms.

How the Cabinet Does Business

By Charles Emory Smith

Former Postmaster-General. A very general ignorance of the inner workings of the Cabinet room prevails, and yet the Cabinet is the least formal, the most active, of the arms of the Government. Mr. Smith will illustrate with anecdotes of actual occurrence how the assembly handles grave questions.

A Congressman's Wife

A regular letter from one of the brightest women in Washington, giving us all the social gossip of the Capital, telling us the good things said at the social functions; bright, sparkling, full of life—*the* social life of Washington.

The Saturday Evening Post will be sent to any address every week from now to July 1st, 1903, on trial, on receipt of only 50 cents.

It is the handsomest weekly magazine you ever saw

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

SPIRIT OF SAPPHO

Sonnets Compiled By Rev. Milburn's Wife Create Sensation.

Medium Declares the Poems Were Obtained In Seances.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 26.—The literary world within the last few days has been considerably astonished to find in book stores a small volume of poems purporting to be published sonnets from the Greek poetess, Sappho. The volume was compiled by Mrs. Lucy McDowell Milburn, wife of Rev. Joseph A. Milburn, pastor of the famous Plymouth church at Chicago.

In a somewhat conventional preface, Mrs. Milburn makes the direct statement that the poems are translations from bits of ancient Egyptian papyri, written in Aeolian Greek, sold to the translator by some Arabs during a recent sojourn in the country bordering the Nile.

Mrs. Lottie G. Herbine, a Spiritualist medium of this city, disputes the statements set forth in Mrs. Milburn's preface and asserts that the pastor's wife secured the material for her book at seances held in Mrs. Herbine's apartments in Indianapolis. The medium declares that Sappho appeared to Mrs. Milburn on numerous occasions, writing her Grecian lyrics on states, and that these slates were preserved by the authoress and translated from the original Greek at Mrs. Milburn's leisure.

Mrs. Herbine is well known as a Spiritualist in Indiana and numbers among her regular patrons Mrs. Thomas Hendricks, wife of the deceased ex-vice president. Mrs. Hendricks frequently consults the spirit of her dead husband, and in many instances it is generally understood abides by the counsel thus received.

Occasionally Mrs. Thomas Taggart, wife of Thomas Taggart, national Democratic committeeman, also converses with her dead daughter, Florence. At times, it is said, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, wife of the late president, also has called upon Mrs. Herbine's services.

Mrs. Ovid Butler Jamison, one of the most prominent society women of Indiana and sister of Newton Booth Tarkington, the Indiana author, also has paid frequent visits to Mrs. Herbine. Mrs. Jamison is authority for the statement that she first accompanied Mrs. Milburn to Mrs. Herbine's parlors, when the wife of the pastor encountered the shade of Sappho.

Mrs. Milburn herself will neither deny nor confirm the report. At her home in Chicago she has refused to answer all inquiries. Mrs. Herbine assembled several scientists of this city and for their benefit brought forth the spirit of the Greek poetess and in a number of state exhibits secured bits of verses from the spirit of the ancient Grecian, all in the strain of those purporting to be translations by Mrs. Milburn. From the first "sitting" it is said that Mrs. Milburn's visits to Mrs. Herbine were attended with marvelous results. Through Mrs. Herbine's mediumistic powers Mrs. Milburn was enabled to hold communion with the ancient Greek poets, whom she loved so well.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Feb. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church gave a very pleasant and well-attended social and German auction at Clavos' hall Saturday evening, proceeds being for the benefit of the church. The palm leaf quilt, which was sold at auction, was bought in by Segwald Aldiberg for $27.00. All spent a very enjoyable time. Rev. P. M. Fosse is pastor of the church.

J. J. Cullen, of Duluth, is in Cloquet for the past few days renewing old acquaintances and spending a few days with his many friends here.

Mrs. A. J. Haley has been quite ill this week with the la grippe.

Miss Pearl Bisson returned Monday from Minneapolis, where she went as a delegate in the interests of the Ruby Rebakah lodge No. 52, of which she is secretary.

Miss Goldie Yell left Tuesday evening for Illinois, where she will make an extended visit with friends.

Mrs. M. T. Savage returned this week after an extended stay with friends at St. Cloud, Minn.

O. Chartier will leave this week for Washington, to take up his residence in that country.

R. M. Weyerhaeuser made a business trip to Duluth on Wednesday.

A number of the many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Loisel pleasantly surprised them on Tuesday evening. About twenty couple were present, whose wholesale determination to enjoy themselves was amply fulfilled. Cards and music made up the evening's entertainment, after which a dainty lunch was served by Mrs. Loisel.

J. Linnehan, who has been confined to Cloquet hospital for the past two months with typhoid fever, has recovered sufficiently to return today to his home in Minneapolis.

Chas. Doneeh returned to the city today, after spending some time renewing old acquaintances in Belle Plaine, Wis.

Mrs. A. Bergeron, of Scanlon, was shopping in Cloquet yesterday.

Yesterday being Ash Wednesday and the beginning of the Lenten season, special ceremonies were held in the Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches.

The papermakers of Cloquet entertained a number of their friends at a dancing party, which was given in the Nelson opera house on Tuesday night. The music, which was furnished by Cloquet orchestra, was exceptionally good, and the whole affair was a grand success.

C. I. McNair made a business trip to St. Paul on Wednesday. Mr. McNair will also visit Chicago before returning.

THE UNIQUE PLATFORM

Upon Which Ohio Candidate Seeks a Municipal Office.

Zanesville, Ohio, Feb. 26.—Col. Albert E. Boone, the electric and steam railway promoter, the Fremont of the Muskingum, the Pathfinder of Southeastern Ohio, whose franchises extend from the great lakes to beyond the Ohio into Kentucky and Tennessee, has for the first time shied his silk "tile" into the political arena here in his home city. Col. Boone, proud of the title, "The man who never sold out a franchise," and who quite recently refused $250,000 from J. Pierpont Morgan's "man" for his Tennessee and Kentucky franchises, is a candidate under the new code for councilman-at-large in this city, and stands on a platform as unique as his personality is picturesque. His first section of the platform is "clear water," which, he sets forth, is to make easier the "housewife's burden." His second section deals with the milk hucksters, whose product or "wares," he would have inspected, and if not of standard guage he would spill it into the highways. His third section requires that marketable eggs be candled to avoid salted, limed and cold-storage impositions. In section 4 Col. Boone stipulates that his salary shall be expended by the market committee, and coffee shall be purchased for farmers and their wives, and that each cup of coffee shall be accompanied by a hot "bun." If his salary is inadequate, the colonel promises to supply the necessary additional wherewith. Col. Boone sets forth this platform in the daily papers of Zanesville and is an avowed candidate for the office.

In many cases of Asthma Piso's Cure for Consumption gives relief that is almost equal to a cure.

AT VILLA MARIA.

Social and Musical Events of Much Interest.

Frontenac, Minn., Feb. 26.—Washington's anniversary received prolonged recognition from the Villa Maria girls. Saturday evening the mysterious delights of a masquerade party sweetened with pineapple, orange and cake, introduced the celebration. Excepting to the audience and to those accustomed to the ordeal the very exciting fact of contributing a number to the February musical the following evening was not so particularly pleasant. The fact that twelve out of eighteen numbers received the mark of excellence showed that some girls are deeply in interest to advance themselves. Those on the program were Miss Margaret Mulligan, Miss Mabel Mattimore, Miss Pearl Brown, Miss Rose Miegel, Florence Tregilgar, and Florence Miegel, St. Paul; Miss Florence Hiddleston, Miss Beatrice Brown, Molly Ward, Irene Lysander and Evelyn Meyer, Minneapolis; Miss Zella Maude, Nickerson; Miss Margaret Grandy, Bathgate, N. D.; Miss Margaret Newton, Williston, N. D.; Miss Bernice Conners, Stillwater; May Hoelscher, Duluth; Miss Grace Look, S. D. The following won the honors of the evening: Miss Grandy, Miss Mulligan, Miss Newton, Miss Mattimore, Miss Hiddleston, Miss Bown, Miss Miegle, May Hoelscher, Molly Ward, Irene Lysander, Evelyn Meyer, and Florence Tregilgar.

Monday afternoon on out-and-out surprise came. The little gentlemen of Nazareth boarding school at Lake City called, and their sleigh gave the girls a fine ride across the lake to Wisconsin and through the little town of Maiden Rock. A banquet, which the chaplain, Rev. W. Raleigh, attended, closed the celebration.

NINETY DAYS IS HIS PORTION

Man Who Assaults a Woman Feels Judge Windom's Wrath.

For assaulting his mother-in-law, Philip Englehart will serve a sentence of ninety days in the county jail.

It is said that Englehart, who is proprietor of the Empire hotel on Lake avenue, forced his aged mother-in-law to leave the dining room, and after closing the door of an adjoining chamber on her, used her roughly. The origin of the trouble between the two was not known.

In defense Englehart claimed that the elderly woman had been drinking heavily and that he forced her to leave the dining room to hide that fact from the boarders. He said he had used no unnecessary force.

On a former occasion Englehart pleaded guilty to a somewhat similar charge, so Judge Windom decided that he should pay a fine and costs amounting to $113.84 or spend three months in jail.

BEASTLY TIRESOME,

Says Earl, Is Talk About His Actions.

New York, Feb. 2.—"I am no longer an actor; neither am I in any way to be considered a public character, consequently I can see no reason why I should continually appear in the daily public print."

This statement was made by a very dignified and apparently much injured member of the British nobility, to-wit, the earl of Yarmouth.

The earl was found at his apartments, No. 41 West Twenty-seventh street, where he was busily engaged answering numerous letters. He was encased in a gloriously colored bathrobe, from under which protruded a dainty pair of white kid-covered feet, above which could be detected the bottoms of a pair of sky-blue pajamas.

"All this talk about me is nothing but 'tommy rot,'" said the earl, as he tipped the end of a Turkish cigarette. "It gets so beastly tiresome after a while, and then, besides, hang it all, it's nobody's business what I am doing anyway, and I'll be hanged if I talk any more."

Half an hour later the earl appeared in Fifth avenue in full regalia and attracted much attention.

WENT TO SLEEP

With an Incandescent Light and Bedclothing Burned.

Kokomo, Ind., Feb. 26.—Ex-Senator Gifford, of Tipton, well known here both as a politician and a lawyer, had an unusual experience in trying to keep warm in bed. Before retiring for the night he placed an electric bulb in his bed and left the current on. About 11 o'clock Mrs. Gifford, who had not retired, detected smoke, and on going to the bedroom discovered that the electric light had burned a hole in the bed clothing. Mr. Gifford, who had been sleeping soundly, was aroused and they etinguished the flames without further damage, and now the senator uses a jug of hot water instead of an electric bulb.

EUCHRE PLAYERS

May Be Indicted In Tennessee For Gambling.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 26.—Judge Lowry, at Holy Springs, made a radical and sensational departure from the usual formula when he specifically charged the grand jury to indict progressive eucher players. If these instructions are carried out people prominent as officers or members of the Presbyterian, Methodist and Episcopalian churches are laible to indictment. Society is very much stirred up and indignant over the matter.

NOTHING IN THE COFFINS.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 26—The county court investigation committee yesterday morning resumed its work of examining graves in the county pauper cemetery. Twenty-eight coffins were exhumed, and of these twenty were found to give no evidence of ever having contained human bodies. This means the entering of 1000 graves. Jim Goins, the negro charged with having committed "false" burials during the past four months for the purpose of securing payment from the county treasury has been bound over. He swore that he had taken coffins to the county cemetery knowing they were empty.

GRAND BALL

TONIGHT AT THE ARMORY.

La Brosse's Full Orchestra. Fisher, Prompter. Tickets 50c.

GERMANS LOOK TOWARD BRAZIL

As a Country Well Suited For Their Advancement.

New York, Feb. 26.—The endeavors of non-official Germany, says a dispatch to the Times from Paris via London, have for years been steadily directed toward the Germanization of a portion of Brazil, and a considerable amount of printed literature in circulation in a semi-private way refers to this project in undisguised terms. An instructive specimen is a glowing description of the position and progress of the German element in Brazil by Herr Qiegand, at one time manager of the North German Lloyd company at Bremen and afterward director of the colonial section of the German foreign office. Herr Qiegand emphasizes the strong Germanizing capacity of the settlers, who, he says, absorb the French, Swiss, Italians, and even in the second generation, the hostile Polish element.

The Hanseatic colonization society has issued ethnographic maps representing the German element as predominant in certain coveted territories. That the German empire might hesitate to undertake alone, remarks the correspondent, might possibly be feasible for its patron military and diplomatic adviser of a couple of important South American states, or of a Latin-American confederation. The history of German influence in Turkey shows that the role of protector can be highly profitable from a purely commercial and financial standpoint.

BANKS SWINDLED.

Chilean Institutions Lose Two Millions In Gold.

New York, Feb. 26.—By the arrest of a man who gave his name as Fermin Montero at the pier of a steamer about to sail for New York, says the Herald's Panama correspondent, it has been revealed that several of the most important banking houses of Santiago, Chile, were swindled out of $2,000,000 in gold several weeks ago. Montero, who is accused of the crime, was easily identified and quietly submitted to arrest. He will be returned to Chile by the next Chilean steamer for trial.

"seasonable reasonable" force

GARFIELD CLUB WILL BANQUET

Annual Feast to Be Given March 27---Notables Coming.

Arrangements for the annual banquet of the Garfield Republican club were made at a meeting in Hunter's hall last evening.

The date set for the function is March 27. Many noted guests will be invited from the political circles of the state and the affair is to be made one of the best given by the club.

Among the men of note who may be present are United States Senator Nelson and Clapp, Congressmen Morris Fletcher, Eddy, Tawney and Stevens, Congressman-Elect Bede, Governor Van Sant and Frank M. Nye, of Minneapolis.

The following were appointed as a committee to prepare for the banquet: Victor Dash, John H. Norton, W. B. Henderson, H. C. Fulton, George R. Laybourn, John Pugh, J. B. Sutphin, Carl Wiberg, F. A. Sills, C. W. Hegg, Simon Clark, J. W. Richardson, R. D. Haven, Swan Hanson, George Cruikshank and W. C. Weld.

Lincoln's birthday anniversary, Feb. 12, will be the date on which future banquets of the club will be held.

THREATS BY GEN. BOOTH.

May Turn Criminals Lose on the Rich.

Boston, Feb. 26.—In his address at the Tremont Temple, at which Governor Bates presided, General William Booth, of the Salvation Army, startled his hearers with the following:

"We have in our shelter at this time more than 13,000 criminals, and if the rich do not give us enough funds to carry on our work, we will turn loose the 13,000 men and give them the addresses of these rich.

"The trouble with the ministers of the different churches," continued General Booth, "is that they say so little of heaven and hell. The minister should give talks on the Salvation Army and advocate its broad politics and principles and take up collections and send us money. The work of the Army does not represent any fad in religion, but a religion based on the original laws of God. The Army has a method of its own and that is to preach Christianity where there is no religion and to bring those to Christ who have no church."

DIVISION OF SEXES.

Sentiment at Lawrence University Strongly Favors It.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 26.—The faculty and older adherents of Lawrence university are shocked at the result of a debate participated in by male and female members of the Phoenix and Lawrean literary societies, the leading literary organizations of the college, which was unanimously in favor of the segregation of the sexes at Lawrence university.

In view of the fact that one of Lawrence's proudest boasts is to have been the second college in the United States—Oberlin, Ohio, being the first—to admit the sexes on a standard of perfect coeducational equality, and the further fact that Lawrence has been long pointed at as an argument for the success of the co-educational plan, the decision in this debate, which is generally applauded among the student body, comes as an unpleasant surprise to many.

The debate was held on the occasion of the annual joint reunion between the Phoenix (male) and Lawrean (female) literary societies. The question was: "Resolved, That the segregation of the sexes would be a desirable measure for Lawrence to adopt." The question was argued for the affirmative by L. A. Wilson, Phoenix, and Miss McNeel, Lawrean; for the negative by A. P. Anderson, Phoenix, and Miss Layer, Lawrean. The judges were composed of ladies and gentlemen in equal numbers.

Many of the ladies of Ormsby Hall, the ladies' dormitory, openly indorse segregation, but the greater number express indifference. Among the male students the sentiment is strongly in favor of segregation.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

EIGHTEEN YEARS

Of Intense Sufferings From Stomach Inflammation.

Mr. Clearwater Says: "Had It Not Been for Paine's Celery Compound I Would Have Died or Continued to Suffer Terrible Misery."

Stomach difficulties and distresses are varied in character and demand prompt attention. In the majority of cases the troubles originate from a morbid condition of the nerves of the stomach. If you suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, inflammation of the stomach or gastric derangements, the use of Paine's Celery Compound will banish your tormenting enemies. Paine's Celery Compound quickly tones and strengthens the stomach and its particular nerves, so that your food will enrich the blood and make solid flesh, bone and muscle. Mr. Horace Clearwater, Kingston, N. Y., says:

"Accept my sincere thanks for the great good I have derived from your life-saving medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, without which I would have died or continued to suffer terrible misery. While working in the manufacture of tobacco, I ate a small piece of liquorice, which caused intense inflammation of the stomach, and for eighteen years I endured great sufferings. I had the services of doctors and used a vast variety of medicines, but did not get relief. Often in my agony I rolled over and over on the floor. I heard of Paine's Celery Compound and decided to try it. After I used the third bottle my pains were banished, and for ten years I have been well and strong. I am now 47 years old, and feel that I owe my present good health to Paine's Celery Compound."

The cloth is good after the color has faded. Dye the cloth a new color with a 10c package of DIAMOND DYES and have a new dress for the season.

Direction book and 45 dyed samples free.

DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

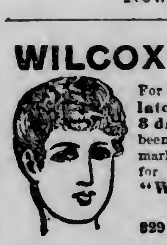
Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years.

1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1471.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS



For 20 years a Reliable **Monthly Regulator. Never Fails,** and **Relieves in 8 days. SAFE** and **Harmless.** Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Woman's Safe Guard"** sealed.

WILCOX MEDICAL CO.

829 N. 15th STREET, - PHILA., PA.

Trade Mark BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

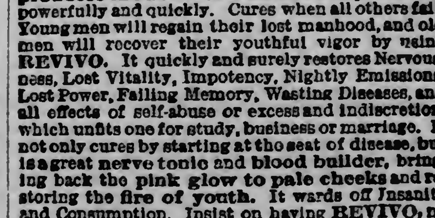
Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray** The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 33, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—

MAX WIRTH, Druggist

DRINK The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

Baby Mine Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

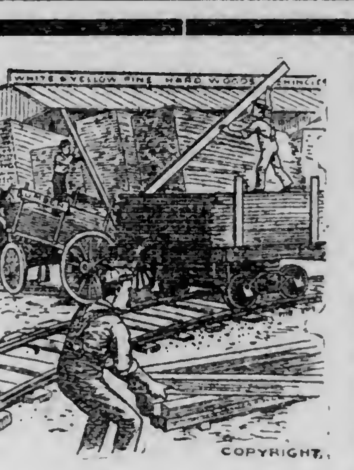
Mother's Friend

Keep a good supply of Ayer's Family Medicines on hand. It's so easy then to take one of the Pills at bedtime if you feel a little bilious, or if your stomach is a trifle out of order.

Just so with the Sarsaparilla. A few doses will bring back your lost appetite, give strength to your weakened nerves, and relieve you of that terrible feeling of exhaustion.

And besides there are the children to think of. A dose or two at the right time often means so much. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

HANDLING LUMBER



IS OUR BUSINESS.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co.

THE FEELING WAS BITTER

Hearing on Hudnall Grain Inspection Bill at Madison.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 26.—The hearing on the Hudnall grain ispection bill before a joint meeting of the senate and assembly state affairs committee yesterday developed a fight between the advocates and opponents of the measure.

The hearing was long drawn out, the committees sitting during the afternoon and evening. Considerable feeling was shown by the speakers on both sides. The advocates of the bill were especially bitter against District Attorney C. H. Crownheart, of Douglas county. They alleged that he had been called a traitor to his city for representing the elevator interests. He retorted by calling the Hundred Thousand club of Superior the "Knocking club," and said it was always "knocking, knocking, knocking, like the raven; knocking, knocking at our door, and like the raven, croaking, croaking ever more."

Among the speakers were Attorney Frank A. Ross, president of the state board of normal school regents, and Judge Myron Reed, in favor of the bill, and "Long John" Murphy, representing the Great Northern Railroad company; District Attorney Crownheart, representing the Peavey Elevator interests; A. L. Searle, manager of the Peavey elevators, and A. D. Thomson, a large grain shipper, against the bill.

Mr. Murphy said that the vast railroad and elevator interests in Superior were placed in jeopardy by the pending bill and declared that every elevator in Superior would be closed if the pending bill should pass.

A MILLION IN PRIZE MONEY.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The secretary of the treasury yesterday transmitted to the senate a letter from the attorney general recommending an appropriation of $946,083 to satisfy the decree of the United States supreme court in the prize money case of Admiral Dewey and others on account of the sinking of Spanish vessels in the battle of Manila bay, which afterwards were raised and converted to use. One half of the money goes to Admiral Dewey and the officers and men under his command, and the other half to the navy pension fund.

PEOPLE ARE TERRIFIED

By the Continued Eruption of Colima Volcano.

Mexico City, Feb. 26.—News from the region surrounding the volcano Colima continues alarming. The people, terrified by the belching flames and pouring lava, are seeking refuge in distant towns and villages. The city of Tuxpan, in the state of Jalisco, continues under a heavy cloud of smoke. The volcano is alight with flames. The new eruption has increased the general uneasiness.

An American who slept near the volcano on the night of the eruption, was awakened by a tremendous explosion, and saw the mountain ejecting flames to an enormous height. He waited until morning enjoying the magnificent spectacle, and then deemed it prudent tl leave the vicinity. There is no tmuch alarm in the city of Colima, but fears are felt for the farmers in the neighborhood of the volcano.

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS.

William McGonagle Is Elected Deputy Grand Master.

St. Paul, Feb. 26.—The grand lodge of the Masonic order in Minnesota completed its session yesterday with the election and installation of officers. The election resulted as follows: Grand master, Henry R. Adams, Minneapolis; deputy grand master, William A. McGonagle, Duluth; senior grand warden, Henry M. Tessler, St. Paul; junior grand warden, Thomas Morris Crookston; grand treasurer, David W. Knowlton, Minneapolis; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, St. Paul.

The appointed officers were: Grand orator, John C. Bennett, St. Paul; grand chaplain, A. G. Pinkham, Owatonna; senior grand deacon, Joseph Johnson, Minneapolis; junior grand deacon, Gustave Nidell, Mankato; grand marshal, Charles L. Sawyer, Minneapolis, grand standard bearer, John D. Carroll, Newport; grand sword bearer, R. A. W. McLeod, Lake City; senior grand steward, H. W. Hendrickson, Montevideo; junior grand steward, Edwin H. Foot, Red Wing; grand pursuivant E. E. Swan, Stewart; grand tyler, Charles J. Kruger, St. Paul.

WE HAVE the ONLY KNOWN CURE IN THE WORLD FOR RHEUMATISM

If it fails to cure you, it costs you nothing. NO EXPERIMENTING

Your rheumatism is just like all others, and for the same reason that they are not cured, you are not cured. There is only one Guaranteed Cure for rheumatism, and that is MEDERINE. Everything else is simply "recommended," while MEDERINE gives an absolute, bona fide guarantee that it will do the work thoroughly and not leave a tinge of it behind. There is no mistake about this, for this company is not giving money away for nothing. We have thousands of testimonials on file from people who were cured by MEDERINE, after paying enough for other "cures" to buy a farm. The longer you trifle with rheumatism the worse it will be for you, therefore, do not delay.

MEDERINE is pleasant to take, nonalcoholic, and cures to stay cured. Every bottle sold bears this absolute guarantee. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing cures mailed free.

Rheumatism is Caused By Uric Acid in the blood, which stiffens, enlarges and locks the joints, and often renders you a cripple for life. MEDERINE is the only known cure for Rheumatism, purifying the blood, thus driving it out of the system, never to return.

Price $1 Per Bottle--Six Bottles for $5.00.

Sent express prepaid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock. For Sale and Guaranteed by

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St. | Wm. A. Abbett, 231 W. Superior St.
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Sup'r St. | S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.
Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Sup. St. | Emil Peterson, 19. & 21. Aves. W

Two Harbors Drug Co; W. E. Elfstrand, Two Harbors; A. S. James, Ely Sodergren's Drug Store, Virginia; Eveleth Pharmacy; Eagle Drug Store and The Globe Drug Co., Hibbing; M. A. Hayes, Druggist, Chisholm; City Drug Store, Hibbing, Minn.

BASEBALL PLANS

Two Leagues Are Now Anxious to Get Duluth In.

Professional Team Said to Have Been Already Signed.

Duluth certainly ought to have a baseball team this summer. Two railroad interests are interested in the matter and are plugging for different leagues.

It is claimed that a local enthusiast has a number of fast men signed for next season, and that a first-class professional ball team will represent Duluth on the diamond. It is claimed that the pay roll will amount to $1000 a month, which would assure Duluth a team that would be able to cope with any team in the Northwest outside of the big leagues.

With a good team signed and two leagues striving to get Duluth in, with each backed by a railroad, the game must certainly be dead here if Duluth does not have good baseball this summer.

A few days ago The Herald published the fact that the Northern league, composed of Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston and other towns, was striving to get Duluth and Superior to join, and behind this proposition is the Great Northern railroad.

Now comes the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad and offers considerable encouragement for the formation of a league of south shore towns. It would comprise the towns of Duluth, Superior, Houghton, Marquette, Ishpeming, Negaunee and Calumet, making an eight-club league of thriving young cities with few very long jumps.

The team has the option of joining one of these leagues or playing independently. The latter idea is generally unpopular.

Duluth had an independent team two years ago and it had difficulty in securing games with worthy opponents, and it is believed that a fast and purely professional independent ball team in Duluth could not be made to pay expenses.

The question of getting suitable grounds has been the chief difficulty in the way of the promoters. Several properties are being considered, and it is expected that a deal will be closed within the next week for a site for a ball park.

Fans claim that if a centrally located park can be secured and a league, such as the Michigan league formed, not only can the game be made to pay financially, but it will advertise the city and form delightful means of recreation during the summer months.

SUPERIOR IS LUKEWARM.

Dubious About Expense of a Baseball League.

The plan for a Northern Baseball league, with teams representing Duluth and Superior, is not meeting with such favor on the other side of the bay as it is over here.

It is said that baseball enthusiasm has cooled considerably in the city across the bay during the last few years, and financial difficulties are feared.

The plan was to include the Red River valley cities and Duluth and Superior and possibly Cass Lake and Bemidji in a Northern league of perhaps five teams.

The towns west of here were very enthusiastic over the proposition, and the fans out there were certain that they could make a go of the league.

Duluth men interested in outdoor baseball were inclined to think that a team could be supported here very well under favorable circumstances. The plan does not seem to have taken Superior very forcefully. Last evening the Telegram of that city said:

"People who (in years past have taken an active interest in Superior baseball teams do not think that the matter will be taken up here. The fact is, they say, that interest in baseball seems to have taken a slump here in the last two or three years, and unless the team would prove unusually successful, it would have a hard road to travel.

"The financial question would be the most important to be considered. In this connection local baseballists take into consideration the situation and condition of the driving park. If it were in a better location, or where it is and in good repair, they say that the outlook would be better, but that its present condition and location would prove a serious handicap for a successful financial management."

If, as is intimated, Superior will be unable to take up the plan, it will be a serious handicap to the success of the league. A double burden will be thrown on the Duluth team. It will have to pay the expenses of the trips from the West to Duluth alone. Whereas if Superior held a charter in the organization, only half of the expense would have to be borne by the team on this side of the bay.

There is some hope that the situation in Superior may change before the baseball season opens, but if it does not, that city's failure to enter the league may make it impossible for Duluth to accept a charter.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

NEVER AGAIN

Will They Marry Divorcees, Say Methodist Pastors.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 26.—During the meeting of the Methodist ministers this week, Rev. E. A. Schall, presiding elder of the Crawfordsville district, read a paper on the position of the church concerning marriage, in which he advocated that there was no cause for divorce, although there is cause for separation. He also contended that marriage ought to be the third sacrament, and that ministers should preach this to their congregations —even contending that people who had married after being divorced should not be permitted in the church. Several ministers admitted that they had officiated at the marriage of people previously divorced, but avowed their purpose never to do so again. None of them, however, approved the views of the presiding elder in so far as making marriage the third sacrament, as that was beyond their power.

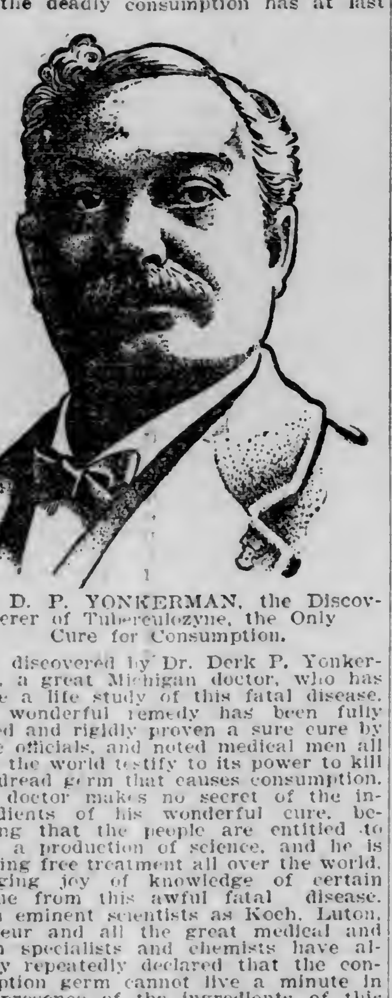
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

Marvelous Discovery By the Famous Dr. Yonkerman of Kalamazoo, Mich.—State Officials and Great Medical Men Pronounce It the Only Cure for Consumption and All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Consumptives Give Up to Die and Sent Back From California Hopeless and Helpless Are Now Alive and Well Through This Wonderful Cure for Consumption.

A Free Package Containing Sufficient to Convince the Most Skeptical Sent to All Who Write.

Consumption can at last be cured. Marvelous as it may seem after the many failures, a sure, positive and certain cure for the deadly consumption has at last



RR. D. P. YONKERMAN, the Discoverer of Tuberculozyne, the Only Cure for Consumption.

been discovered by Dr. Derk P. Yonkerman, a great Michigan doctor, who has made a life study of this fatal disease. His wonderful remedy has been fully tested and rigidly proven a sure cure by state officials, and noted medical men all over the world testify to its power to kill the dread germ that causes consumption. The doctor makes no secret of the ingredients of his wonderful cure, believing that the people are entitled to such a production of science, and he is sending free treatment all over the world, bringing joy of knowledge of certain rescue from this awful fatal disease. Such eminent scientists as Koch, Luton, Pasteur and all the great medical and germ specialists and chemists have already repeatedly declared that the consumption germ cannot live a minute in the presence of the ingredients of this wonderful remedy that has already revolutionized the treatment of consumption and has taken it from the catalogue of deadly, fatal diseases and placed it in the curable list. Free trial packages and letters from grateful people—former consumptives rescued from the very jaws of death are sent free to all who write to Dr. Derk P. Yonkerman, 1871 Shakespeare building, Kalamazoo, Mich. Dr. Yonkerman wants every consumptive sufferer on the face of the earth to have this marvelous and only genuine cure for consumption. Write today. It is a sure cure and the free trial package sent you will do you more good than all the medicines, cod liver oils, stimulants or changes of climate and it will convince you that at last there has been discovered the true cure for consumption. Don't delay—there is not an hour to lose when you have consumption, throat or lung trouble. Send today for free package.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

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Jennie Thomas, a stenographer, 24 years old, Wednesday night went to the room of Fritz Broderson, clerk in a Lincoln commission house at Lincoln, Neb., and shot him dead. She then shot herself in the head and probably will die. The young woman says Broderson, who is 30 years old, led her astray a year ago, and refused to keep his promise to marry her.

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HAD LOTS OF POISON.

Dr. Harle Could Have Killed a Regiment.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 26.—Strychnine enough to kill a regiment and two bottles of morphine were found on the person of Dr. C. S. Harle, when he was searched after being taken back to jail from court. Harle and two other prisoners are on trial before the United States court on extradition proceedings instituted by the Mexican government in relation to alleged insurance swindles and murders committed in Mexico. The case is being pushed by a New York life insurance company. Richardson, one of the prisoners, asked the jailer to refuse to allow Harle to eat his meals in the same room with him, as he feared poisoning. How Harle obtained the poison is a mystery.

"seasonable reasonable" force

WOULD WORK REVOLUTION

(Continued from page 1).

such a terrible disease after all, and that it it is properly treated it is a very mild affection.

The anti-vaccination lobby is present at all committee meetings where bills bearing on its pet hobby are up, and the lobbyists seem to enjoy nothing better than a chance to talk on the subject. Tuesday afternoon they had another chance, when the Fosseen sanitary code act was up. It contains a compulsory vaccination clause, and against it the antis levelled all their heavy guns. There were some doctors there, and the argument waxed fast and furious. Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, told J. W. Griggs, a leading St. Paul anti, in more or less veiled language, that he was a liar, and Dr. J. D. Budd, of Two Harbors, somewhat heatedly informed one of the lobbyists that he was an unreasonable crank. The effort of the antis was unsuccessful, as the committee on public health, before which the hearing was held, decided to leave the objectionable clause in.

* * *

Representative Ole Peterson, of Nicollet county, had a pitiful exhibit from Sweden yesterday which he showed about the house. It was a handful of the barley meal which is the only food that the residents of some of the famine-stricken sections of Sweden have. The barley was frozen when it was in an immature stage, just when the milk was beginning to form, and ground up by the sufferers. It is mostly husks, with a distressingly small proportion of meal, and it would be hardly possible for a person to hold enough of it to afford necessary sustenance.

* * *

The house committee on railroads yesterday afternoon recommended for passage the Gandrud bill, prohibiting parallel and competing lines of railroad from merging their stock in a third corporation. This bill is along the lines recommended by the attorney general in his biennial report, and appears to be an earnest effort to lock the stable door after the horse has been stolen. Had such a law been in effect before the consolidation of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific stock, together with that of the Burlington, in the Northern Securities company, there might have been better grounds for legal proceedings than the state's attorneys have discovered so far.

* * *

Acting on similar lines to that taken by the house yesterday in passing a bill appropriating $5000 for the relief of the hungry people of Sweden, when famine has deprived of the necessaries of life, has been taken by the Illinois and Nebraska legislatures. While there was a sentiment in the senate against hasty action on the bill, it is not at all probable that it will be killed in that body, and it will probably become a law. It is a new thing for a Minnesota legislature to pass a bill giving money to foreign sufferers, but the need of help in the Scandinavian peninsula is so great that precedent is not likely to count for much in this case.

* * *

There are several bills pending in the legislature that are likely to cut down both the population of the Minnesota insane hospitals and the expense of running them, if they become laws. The Tuesday, prohibiting the sending of harmless incurables to the state asylums, will cut a large hole in the state's expense, and Senator Somerville has two bills in the senate that will have the same effect. One of them cuts out people who have become imbecile or physically infirm from old age, and the most important one of all was introduced yesterday, providing that $78 a year shall be paid by the counties toward the support of each inmate in state hospitals for the insane and feeble-minded that comes from those counties. The county is allowed to collect this money, if it can, from near relatives, but the main point is that the state is to save some of its expense.

* * *

The Smith tax commission bill will be taken up by the house committee on taxes Monday afternoon. The committee voted yesterday to make the bill a special order for that day.

* * *

The house will have to fight out on the floor the merits of the Fosseen bill providing for a penalty of 1 per cent a month on deliquent real estate taxes, instead of a flat penalty of 10 per cent on June 1. The tax committee has decided to report the bill back without recommendation.

* * *

The old question of whether it is better to pass any amendment to the constitution that is offered or none at all was brought up before the senate committee on judiciary by Senator Lord's bill providing that only a majority of those voting on a proposition shall be needed to carry it, instead of a majority of those voting at the election, as the law now requires. Since the present provision became law not a constitutional amendment has prevailed, and before that none ever failed. Senator Lord, in his argument before the committee, took the stand that as it is now the ignorant voters dictated, unconsciously, to the intelligent ones by refraining from voting at all on the constitutional amendments. He did not believe that those who did not know enough to vote, or those who did not care enough to do so, should have as much weight in their failure to vote as those that took the trouble to study up the matter and vote. Senators Dunn, Colester and E. E. Smith opposed the bill. Some of the senators thought it would be better to require a two-thirds majority. The committee recommended the bill to pass by a vote of 7 to 5.

The trouble with the bill is that even if it passes it is a constitutional amendment itself, and as such stands little show of being passed under the present method.

* * *

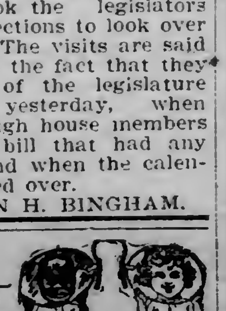
The senate judiciary committee does not approve of the state's going into the insurance business, and it sat down yesterday on Senator Stephens' bill providing a tax on growing crops to be devoted to paying insurance on hail damages.

* * *

Both house and senate were pretty well shot to pieces yesterday by junketing trips, which took the legislators away in several directions to look over state institutions. The visits are said to be necessary, but the fact that they hamper the work of the legislature was made evident yesterday, when there were not enough house members present to pass a bill that had any opposition at all, and when the calendar had to be passed over.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

The Greatest Skill—
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own lenses.
C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN,
8 West Superior St.



Constipation Makes Bad Blood.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURES CONSTIPATION

Constipation is the rotting and decaying of undigested food in the alimentary canal. Disease germs arise from this festering mass, which find their way into the blood. The blood becomes impure and shortly the entire system gives way to the unhealthy condition.

You cannot cure a case like this by taking pills or other common cathartics. A laxative will not do. A blood medicine is ineffective. Mull's Grape Tonic is a gentle and mild laxative in addition to being a blood-making and strength-giving tonic which immediately builds up the wasted body and makes rich, red blood that carries its health-giving strength to every tissue at every heart beat.

Mull's Grape Tonic is made of pure crushed fruit juices and is sold under a positive guarantee.

Doctors prescribe it. All druggists sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

Send 10c to Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill., to cover postage on large sample bottle.

Diseases of Men CURED TO STAY CURED

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele,
Stricture,
Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Contagious Blood Poison
Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,
Small, Weak Organs,
Discharges,
Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phsical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

ARE YOU SORE? Use FIRST AID TO THE INJURED Paracamph

Relieves Instantly Catarrh, Sore Chest, Frost Bites, And all Soreness of the Skin and Muscles.

25c, 50c & $1.00 Bottles. All Druggists.

FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY, Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

FITGER'S BEER As usual.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts	15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts	14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts	12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts	10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts	8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4.00, less 15 per cent discount, net.......$3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net......$2.52

Duluth General Electric Co.,

Office: 216 West Superior Street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

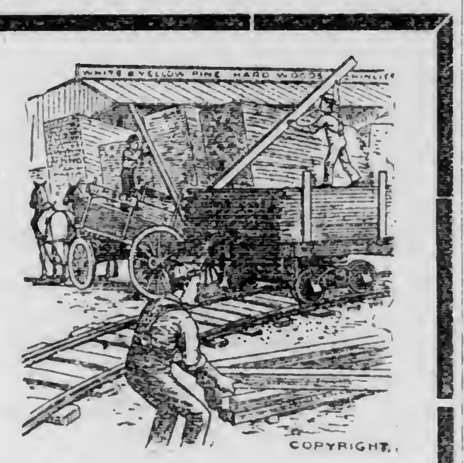
Keep a good supply of Ayer's Family Medicines on hand. It's so easy then to take one of the Pills at bedtime if you feel a little bilious, or if your stomach is a trifle out of order.

Just so with the Sarsaparilla. A few doses will bring back your lost appetite, give strength to your weakened nerves, and relieve you of that terrible feeling of exhaustion.

And besides there are the children to think of. A dose or two at the right time often means so much.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

HANDLING LUMBER IS OUR BUSINESS.



Scott-Graff Lumber Co.

THE FEELING WAS BITTER

Hearing on Hudnall Grain Inspection Bill at Madison.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 26.—The hearing on the Hudnall grain ispection bill before a joint meeting of the senate and assembly state affairs committee yesterday developed a fight between the advocates and opponents of the measure.

The hearing was long drawn out, the committees sitting during the afternoon and evening. Considerable feeling was shown by the speakers on both sides. The advocates of the bill were especially bitter against District Attorney C. H. Crownheart, of Douglas county. They alleged that he had been called a traitor to his city for representing the elevator interests. He retorted by calling the Hundred Thousand club of Superior the "Knocking club," and said it was always "knocking, knocking, knocking, like the raven; knocking, knocking at our door, and like the raven, croaking, croaking ever more."

Among the speakers were Attorney Frank A. Ross, president of the state board of normal school regents, and Judge Myron Reed, in favor of the bill, and "Long John" Murphy, representing the Great Northern Railroad company; District Attorney Crownheart, representing the Peavey Elevator interests; A. L. Searle, manager of the Peavey elevators, and A. D. Thomson, a large grain shipper, against the bill.

Mr. Murphy said that the vast railroad and elevator interests in Superior were placed in jeopardy by the pending bill and declared that every elevator in Superior would be closed if the pending bill should pass.

A MILLION IN PRIZE MONEY.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The secretary of the treasury yesterday transmitted to the senate a letter from the attorney general recommending an appropriation of $946,083 to satisfy the decree of the United States supreme court in the prize money case of Admiral Dewey and others on account of the sinking of Spanish vessels in the battle of Manila bay, which afterwards were raised and converted to use. One half of the money goes to Admiral Dewey and the officers and men under his command, and the other half to the navy pension fund.

PEOPLE ARE TERRIFIED

By the Continued Eruption of Colima Volcano.

Mexico City, Feb. 26.—News from the region surrounding the volcano Colima continues alarming. The people, terrified by the belching flames and pouring lava, are seeking refuge in distant towns and villages. The city of Tuxpan, in the state of Jalisco, continues under a heavy cloud of smoke. The volcano is alight with flames. The new eruption has increased the general uneasiness.

An American who slept near the volcano on the night of the eruption, was awakened by a tremendous explosion, and saw the mountain ejecting flames to an enormous height. He waited until morning enjoying the magnificent spectacle, and then deemed it prudent ti leave the vicinity. There is no tmuch aiarm in the city of Colima, but fears are felt for the farmers in the neighborhood of the volcano.

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS.

William McGonagle Is Elected Deputy Grand Master.

St. Paul, Feb. 26.—The grand lodge of the Masonic order in Minnesota completed its session yesterday with the election and installation of officers. The election resulted as follows: Grand master, Henry R. Adams, Minneapolis; deputy grand master, William A. McGonagle, Duluth; senior grand warden, Henry M. Tessler, St. Paul; junior grand warden, Thomas Morris, Crookston; grand treasurer, David W. Knowlton, Minneapolis; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, St. Paul.

The appointed officers were: Grand orator, John C. Bennett, St. Paul; grand chaplain, A. G. Pinkham, Owatonna; senior grand deacon, Joseph Johnson, Minneapolis; junior grand deacon, Gustave Nidell, Mankato; grand marshal, Charles L. Sawyer, Minneapolis, grand standard bearer, John D. Carroll, Newport; grand sword bearer, R. A. W. McLeod, Lake City; senior grand steward, H. W. Hendrickson, Montevideo; junior grand steward, Edwin H. Foot, Red Wing; grand pursuivant E. E. Swan, Stewart; grand tyler, Charles J. Kruger, St. Paul.

WE HAVE the ONLY KNOWN CURE IN THE WORLD FOR RHEUMATISM

If it fails to cure you, it costs you nothing. NO EXPERIMENTING

Your rheumatism is just like all others, and for the same reason that they are not cured, you are not cured. There is only one Guaranteed Cure for rheumatism, and that is MEDERINE. Everything else is simply "recommended," while MEDERINE gives an absolute, bona fide guarantee that it will do the work thoroughly and not leave a tinge of it behind. There is no mistake about this, for this company is not giving money away for nothing. We have thousands of testimonials on file from people who were cured by MEDERINE, after paying enough for other "cures" to buy a farm. The longer you trifle with rheumatism the worse it will be for you, therefore, do not delay.

MEDERINE is pleasant to take, nonalcoholic, and cures to stay cured. Every bottle sold bears this absolute guarantee. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing cures mailed free.

Rheumatism Is Caused By Uric Acid in the blood, which stiffens, enlarges and locks the joints, and often renders you a cripple for life. MEDERINE is the only known cure for Rheumatism, purifying the blood, thus driving it out of the system, never to return.

Price $1 Per Bottle--Six Bottles for $5.00.

Sent express prepaid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

For Sale and Guaranteed by

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St. | *Wm. A. Abbett, 231 W. Superior St.*
Fred Scott & Co., 7 W. Sup'r St. | *S. J. Nygren, 2232 N. 55th Ave. W.*
Lyceum Pharmacy, 431 W. Sup. St. | *Emilo Peterson, 19. & 21. Aves. W*

Two Harbors Drug Co; W. E. Elfstrand, Two Harbors; A. S. James, Ely Sodergren's Drug Store, Virginia; Eveleth Pharmacy; Eagle Drug Store and The Globe Drug Co., Hibbing; M. A. Hayes, Druggist, Chisholm; City Drug Store, Hibbing, Minn.

BASEBALL PLANS

Two Leagues Are Now Anxious to Get Duluth In.

Professional Team Said to Have Been Already Signed.

Duluth certainly ought to have a baseball team this summer. Two railroad interests are interested in the matter and are plugging for different leagues.

It is claimed that a local enthusiast has a number of fast men signed for next season, and that a first-class professional ball team will represent Duluth on the diamond. It is claimed that the pay roll will amount to $1000 a month, which would assure Duluth a team that would be able to cope with any team in the Northwest outside of the big leagues.

With a good team signed and two leagues striving to get Duluth in, with each backed by a railroad, the game must certainly be dead here if Duluth does not have good baseball this summer.

A few days ago The Herald published the fact that the Northern league, composed of Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston and other towns, was striving to get Duluth and Superior to join, and behind this proposition is the Great Northern railroad.

Now comes the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad and offers considerable encouragement for the formation of a league of south shore towns. It would comprise the towns of Duluth, Superior, Houghton, Marquette, Ishpeming, Negaunee and Calumet, making an eight-club league of thriving young cities with few very long jumps.

The team has the option of joining one of these leagues or playing independently. The latter idea is generally unpopular.

Duluth had an independent team two years ago and it had difficulty in securing games with worthy opponents, and it is believed that a fast and purely professional independent ball team in Duluth could not be made to pay expenses.

The question of getting suitable grounds has been the chief difficulty in the way of the promoters. Several properties are being considered, and it is expected that a deal will be closed within the next week for a site for a ball park.

Fans claim that if a centrally located park can be secured and a league, such as the Michigan league formed, not only can the game be made to pay financially, but it will advertise the city and form delightful means of recreation during the summer months.

SUPERIOR IS LUKEWARM.

Dubious About Expense of a Baseball League.

The plan for a Northern Baseball league, with teams representing Duluth and Superior, is not meeting with such favor on the other side of the bay as it is over here.

It is said that baseball enthusiasm has cooled considerably in the city across the bay during the last few years, and financial difficulties are feared.

The plan was to include the Red River valley cities and Duluth and Superior and possibly Cass Lake and Bemidji in a Northern league of perhaps five teams.

The towns west of here were very enthusiastic over the proposition, and the fans out there were certain that they could make a go of the league.

Duluth men interested in outdoor baseball were inclined to think that a team could be supported here very well under favorable circumstances. The plan does not seem to have taken Superior very forcefully. Last evening the Telegram of that city said:

"People who (in years past have taken an active interest in Superior baseball teams do not think that the matter will be taken up here. The fact is, they say, that interest in baseball seems to have taken a slump here in the last two or three years, and unless the team would prove unusually successful, it would have a hard road to travel.

"The financial question would be the most important to be considered. In this connection local baseballists take into consideration the situation and condition of the driving park. If it were in a better location, or where it is and in good repair, they say that the outlook would be better, but that its present condition and location would prove a serious handicap for a successful financial management."

If, as is intimated, Superior will be unable to take up the plan, it will be a serious handicap to the success of the league. A double burden will be thrown on the Duluth team. It will have to pay the expenses of the trips from the West to Duluth alone. Whereas if Superior held a charter in the organization, only half of the expense would have to be borne by the team on this side of the bay.

There is some hope that the situation in Superior may change before the baseball season opens, but if it does not, that city's failure to enter the league may make it impossible for Duluth to accept a charter.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

NEVER AGAIN

Will They Marry Divorcees, Say Methodist Pastors.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 26.—During the meeting of the Methodist ministers this week, Rev. E. A. Schall, presiding elder of the Crawfordsville district, read a paper on the position of the church concerning marriage, in which he advocated that there was no cause for divorce, although there is cause for separation. He also contended that marriage ought to be the third sacrament, and that ministers should preach this to their congregations—even contending that people who had married after being divorced should not be permitted in the church. Several ministers admitted that they had officiated at the marriage of people previously divorced, but avowed their purpose never to do so again. None of them, however, approved the views of the presiding elder in so far as making marriage the third sacrament, as that was beyond their power.

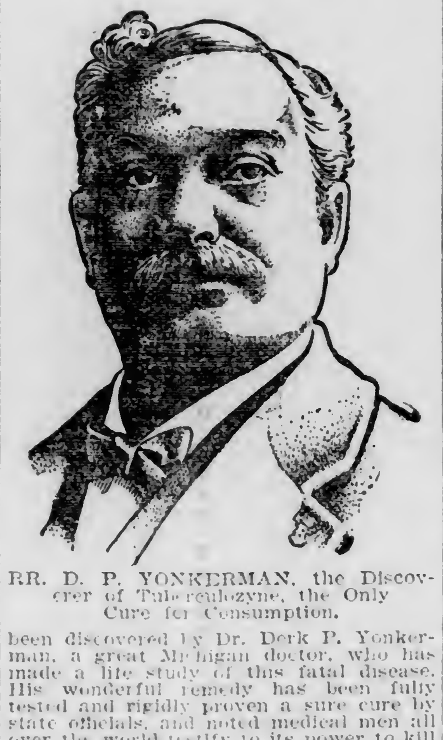
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

Marvelous Discovery By the Famous Dr. Yonkerman of Kalamazoo, Mich.—State Officials and Great Medical Men Pronounce It the Only Cure for Consumption and All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Consumptives Give Up to Die and Sent Back From California Hopeless and Helpless Are Now Alive and Well Through This Wonderful Cure for Consumption.

A Free Package Containing Sufficient to Convince the Most Skeptical Sent to All Who Write.

Consumption can at last be cured. Marvelous as it may seem after the many failures, a sure, positive and certain cure for the deadly consumption has at last



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HAD LOTS OF POISON.

Dr. Harle Could Have Killed a Regiment.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 26.—Strychnine enough to kill a regiment and two bottles of morphine were found on the person of Dr. C. S. Harle, when he was searched after being taken back to jail from court. Harle and two other prisoners are on trial before the United States court on extradition proceedings instituted by the Mexican government in relation to alleged insurance swindles and murders committed in Mexico. The case is being pushed by a New York life insurance company. Richardson, one of the prisoners, asked the jailer to refuse to allow Harle to eat his meals in the same room with him, as he feared poisoning. How Harle obtained the poison is a mystery.

"seasonable reasonable" force

WOULD WORK REVOLUTION

(Continued from page 1).

such a terrible disease after all, and that it it is properly treated it is a very mild affection.

The anti-vaccination lobby is present at all committee meetings where bills bearing on its pet hobby are up, and the lobbyists seem to enjoy nothing better than a chance to talk on the subject. Tuesday afternoon they had another chance, when the Fosseen sanitary code act was up. It contains a compulsory vaccination clause, and against it the antis levelled all their heavy guns. There were some doctors there, and the argument waxed fast and furious. Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, told J. W. Griggs, a leading St. Paul anti, in more or less veiled language, that he was a liar, and Dr. J. D. Budd, of Two Harbors, somewhat heatedly informed one of the lobbyists that he was an unreasonable crank. The effort of the antis was unsuccessful, as the committee on public health, before which the hearing was held, decided to leave the objectionable clause in.

* * *

Representative Ole Peterson, of Nicollet county, had a pitiful exhibit from Sweden yesterday which he showed about the house. It was a handful of the barley meal which is the only food that the residents of some of the famine-stricken sections of Sweden have. The barley was frozen when it was in an immature stage, just when the milk was beginning to form, and ground up by the sufferers. It is mostly husks, with a distressingly small proportion of meal, and it would be hardly possible for a person to hold enough of it to afford necessary sustenance.

* * *

The house committee on railroads yesterday afternoon recommended for passage the Gandrud bill, prohibiting parallel and competing lines of railroad from merging their stock in a third corporation. This bill is along the lines recommended by the attorney general in his biennial report, and appears to be an earnest effort to lock the stable door after the horse has been stolen. Had such a law been in effect before the consolidation of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific stock, together with that of the Burlington, in the Northern Securities company, there might have been better grounds for legal proceedings than the state's attorneys have discovered so far.

* * *

Acting on similar lines to that taken by the house yesterday in passing a bill appropriating $5000 for the relief of the hungry people of Sweden, when famine has deprived of the necessaries of life, has been taken by the Illinois and Nebraska legislatures. While there was a sentiment in the senate against hasty action on the bill, it is not at all probable that it will be killed in that body, and it will probably become a law. It is a new thing for a Minnesota legislature to pass a bill giving money to foreign sufferers, but the need of help in the Scandinavian peninsula is so great that precedent is not likely to count for much in this case.

* * *

There are several bills pending in the legislature that are likely to cut down both the population of the Minnesota insane hospitals and the expense of running them, if they become laws. The Tuesday, prohibiting the sending of harmless incurables to the state asylums, will cut a large hole in the state's expense, and Senator Somerville has two bills in the senate that will have the same effect. One of them cuts out people who have become imbecile or physically infirm from old age, and the most important one of all was introduced yesterday, providing that $78 a year shall be paid by the counties toward the support of each inmate in state hospitals for the insane and feeble-minded that comes from those counties. The county is allowed to collect this money, if it can, from near relatives, but the main point is that the state is to save some of its expense.

* * *

The Smith tax commission bill will be taken up by the house committee on taxes Monday afternoon. The committee voted yesterday to make the bill a special order for that day.

* * *

The house will have to fight out on the floor the merits of the Fosseen bill providing for a penalty of 1 per cent a month on deliquent real estate taxes, instead of a flat penalty of 10 per cent on June 1. The tax committee has decided to report the bill back without recommendation.

* * *

The old question of whether it is better to pass any amendment to the constitution that is offered or none at all was brought up before the senate committee on judiciary by Senator Lord's bill providing that only a majority of those voting on a proposition shall be needed to carry it, instead of a majority of those voting at the election, as the law now requires. Since the present provision became law not a constitutional amendment has prevailed, and before that none ever failed. Senator Lord, in his argument before the committee, took the stand that as it is now the ignorant voters dictated, unconsciously, to the intelligent ones by refraining from voting at all on the constitutional amendments. He did not believe that those who did not know enough to vote, or those who did not care enough to do so, should have as much weight in their failure to vote as those that took the trouble to study up the matter and vote. Senators Dunn, Coiester and E. E. Smith opposed the bill. Some of the senators thought it would be better to require a two-thirds majority. The committee recommended the bill to pass by a vote of 7 to 5.

The trouble with the bill is that even if it passes it is a constitutional amendment itself, and as such stands little show of being passed under the present method.

* * *

The senate judiciary committee does not approve of the state's going into the insurance business, and it sat down yesterday on Senator Stephens' bill providing a tax on growing crops to be devoted to paying insurance on hail damages.

* * *

Both house and senate were pretty well shot to pieces yesterday by junketing trips, which took the legislators away in several directions to look over state institutions. The visits are said to be necessary, but the fact that they hamper the work of the legislature was made evident yesterday, when there were not enough house members present to pass a bill that had any opposition at all, and when the calendar had to be passed over.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 8 West Superior St.

Constipation Makes Bad Blood.

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURES CONSTIPATION

Constipation is the rotting and decaying of undigested food in the alimentary canal. Disease germs arise from this festering mass, which find their way into the blood. The blood becomes impure and shortly the entire system gives way to the unhealthy condition.

You cannot cure a case like this by taking pills or other common cathartics. A laxative will not do. A blood medicine is ineffective. Mull's Grape Tonic is a gentle and mild laxative in addition to being a blood-making and strength-giving tonic which immediately builds up the wasted body and makes rich, red blood that carries its health-giving strength to every tissue at every heart beat.

Mull's Grape Tonic is made of pure crushed fruit juices and is sold under a positive guarantee.

Doctors prescribe it. All druggists sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

Send 10c to Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill., to cover postage on large sample bottle.

Diseases of Men CURED TO STAY CURED

By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains in kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, physical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

ARE YOU SORE? Use FIRST AID TO THE INJURED Paracamph

Relieves Instantly Catarrh, Sore Chest, Frost Bites, And all Soreness of the Skin and Muscles.

25c, 50c & $1.00 Bottles. All Druggists.

FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY, Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

FITGER'S BEER As usual.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts	15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts	14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts	12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts	10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts	8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4.00, less 15 per cent discount, net $3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net $2.52

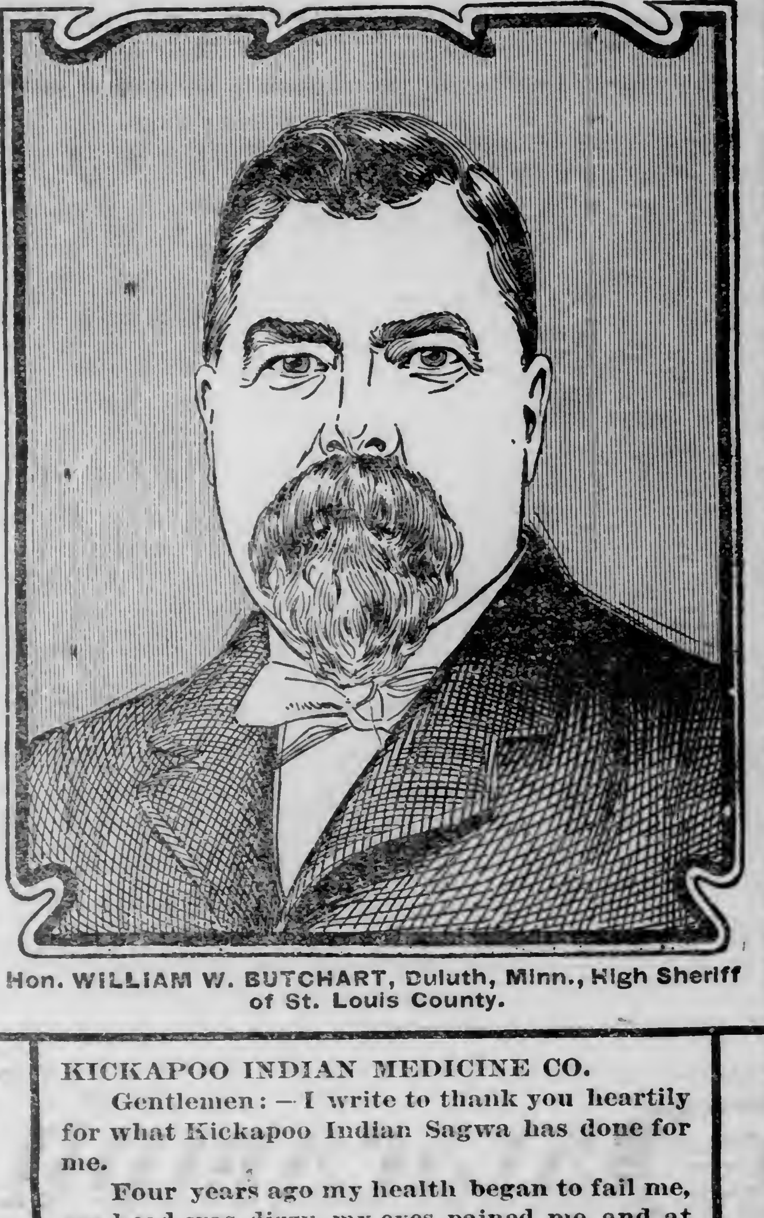
Duluth General Electric Co., Office: 216 West Superior Street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE | INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

SHERIFF BUTCHART'S CLOSE CALL.

LIFE SAVED BY KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA.

Sick almost unto Death with Kidney and Liver Troubles, Physician's Prescriptions Failed to Help Him, but Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the Guaranteed Vegetable Remedy Cured Him. A Straightforward Statement from this Popular Duluth Official.



Hon. WILLIAM W. BUTCHART, Duluth, Minn., High Sheriff of St. Louis County.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: — I write to thank you heartily for what Kickapoo Indian Sagwa has done for me.

Four years ago my health began to fail me, my head was dizzy, my eyes pained me, and at times I had such terrible pains through my back and groin that I could hardly endure it. I was hot and cold, dizzy and benumbed at times, and my appetite failed me completely. I used doctor's prescriptions for seven weeks without any relief. Then I commenced taking your Sagwa, and after using it six weeks I was once more well again. I shall need no doctor as long as I can get Sagwa. I enjoy perfect health today, and give the entire credit of my recovery to your Sagwa.

Duluth, Minn. W. W. BUTCHART, Sheriff St. Louis County.

If you feel miserable, are sick or ailing, and have any of the symptoms given by Sheriff Butchart in the above letter, your liver or kidneys, or both, want immediate attention. Don't despair of being well and strong again. Even if you have doctored and taken different remedies without being benefited, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the great vegetable remedy, will do for you just what it did for Sheriff Butchart. It will make you well again, and quickly, too. Like him, you will need no more doctors as long as you rely on Sagwa. It cures when all other remedies have failed. It's Nature's own cure for diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach, heart, blood, and disorder arising from the derangement of these vital organs. If you are sick don t delay. Commence treatment with Sagwa at once. You can lose nothing, for Sagwa is sold under a positive guarantee, your money refunded if not satisfactory. All druggists sell Sagwa, a big bottle for 50 cents; a great big bottle for $1.00.

HIS HEART BROKEN

By Failure of Government to Adopt His Designs.

The Wellington Monument That Caused Sculptor Stevens' Death.

London, Feb. 26.—Government failure to carry out his designs for the great Wellington monument in St. Paul's cathedral, plus the snubbings he received from pompous artists of his day, broke the heart of Alfred Stevens and killed him.

Now the government and Royal academy, which scorned to admit Stevens as a member, are in high dungeon because just as they were preparing at last to do something about it themselves, they discovered that private citizens had quietly got up a subscription their own account, obtained the authorization of the cathedral officials and had selected a sculptor to complete Stevens' design. Worse yet, the sculptor was John Tween, a young man who had studied with Rodin and had given vent to heretical views to the effect that Rodin actually knew more about sculpture than the whole Royal academy put together.

Now the Royal academicians, or some of them, are trying to get the government to interfere, on the ground that as the Wellington monument is a national structure, begun on government money, the cathedral authorities have not the right to tamper with it. But as the government had agreed to give $10,000 to complete the shamefully neglected work, and as, according to the private subscription plan, it would not have to give a penny, it will probably decline to interfere.

Stevens, whom the academicians now delight to honor, was, in his own way, admitted to be a man of genius, but, like other craftsmen, he had to die in order to be appreciated. He served his apprenticeship in Italy, and there revealed so much ability that Thorwaldsen, the sculptor, chose him as his assistant. Soon after his return to England he became teacher of architectural drawing in the school of designs at Somerset house, London.

The whole story of Stevens' dealings with the British government, and, incidentally, with the powers that were at St. Paul's cathedral, is an exasperating one, and it is only now that matters in connection with the monument are being threshed out that all the details of it have become generally known. The enthusiasm over the project of preserving the memory of the iron duke seems to have been all on the sculptor's side. The commission to prepare a memorial was given him grudgingly and money was dribbled out in a niggardly fashion. But Stevens had his conception of a memorial to Wellington that would be worthy of the great soldier's fame. So he began work earnestly on what he meant should be his masterpiece, and what is now, even in its unfinished condition, considered one of the finest pieces of modeling executed in England in the nineteenth century. But even the sculptor's enthusiasm could not rise superior to the discouragements which met him on almost every hand. When, after years of work on his part, his great task was only half completed, the money that had been placed at his disposal ran out, and to get more proved a wearisome task. Then came trouble from the dean and chapter of St. Paul's. The custodians of the great cathedral, where it was intended to place the Wellington monument, saw fit to make bigoted objections to the most striking features of Stevens' design. This was the figure of the duke of Wellington on horseback, with which the sculptor had intended to surmount his pedestal. Dean Milman announced that it would decline to allow the monument—if finished in accordance with the design—to be placed in St. Paul's, and gave as his reason that he would permit no soldier—even though he were the duke of Wellington—to "come riding into the cathedral." So the work on the memorial came to an enforced standstill. The public failed to understand the situation and was disposed to blame the sculptor. That was the last straw. Stevens—a man of keen sensibilities—died under the weight of so many discouragements.

In spite of the fact that the sculptor had spent nineteen years over the Wellington monument, it was still incomplete. But officialism had got tired of the whole thing, and, instead of the memorial being finished by another hand—as it now will be—it was dumped down in an out-of-the-way corner, where any admirer of Wellington would have a hard job to find it. There the splendid piece of sculpture remained for twenty years, out of sight and out of mind, so far as the general public was concerned. Then came the well-intentioned attempt of Lord Leighton, president of the Royal academy, to get Stevens' work completed. The famous artist succeeded—only, however, by dint of going deep into his own pocket—in getting money enough to have the memorial moved out of its obscure corner to the prominent place under one of the arches of the nave, which it occupies at present, but his appeal for funds to complete it fell upon deaf ears—both official and private. Lord Leighton's effort was made nearly ten years ago, and since that time the subject of the Wellington monument's completion has had no consideration until the game of cross purposes began, which has resulted in so much bad temper.

FREED BY JURY

Jean Valjean of Modern Life Acquitted In Illinois.

William Murray Tried For Murder of Quarter Century Ago.

Nashville, Ill., Feb. 26.—William Murray, whose strange escapades have led the police to characterize him as the modern Jean Valjean, was acquitted of the charge of murdering his brother-in-law, Joel Woodrowe. Murray escaped from jail at Williamsburg, in this county, twenty-seven years ago, and fled to Tennessee, where he lived an exemplary life under the assumed name of Howard. He was finally arrested and brought back to Jefferson county for trial on the charge of murder.

The verdict was received with cheers by the crowd, which has been steadfast in attendance on the trial. Murray's demeanor during the trial won him many friends. As the case progressed, and the evidence that he had killed his brother-in-law in self-defense became more and more preponderant, hope arose that the accused man, who long ago had atoned for his deed in a life of unusual faultlessness should be permitted to go free.

The jury was but fifteen minutes in returning its verdict. The trial occupied two days. The identification of the defendant was complete. He did not deny that his real name is Murray. The son of the sheriff who first arrested him twenty-seven years ago witnessed Murray's escape from the Jefferson county jail, and called to him to return. As Murray fled the boy threw a stone at him in childish anger, then ran and told his father that his most important prisoner had escaped.

Murray was captured and brought back, but again managed to free himself and made his way to Tennessee, where for more than a quarter of a century he lived above suspicion. He sent for his wife and children, and they lived with him until the faithful wife died and the children married or left to make homes of their own.

Murray prospered as a farmer, and was known and loved over the countryside near Dunlap, Tenn., for his unselfishness, generosity and charity. His capture by the son of the former sheriff, now deputy sheriff of Jefferson county, was brought about through an accident, the young man having heard that an uncle of Murray was living near Dunlap, and was frequently visited by an elderly man of quiet manners, whose general description suited that of the escaped man.

The young deputy, together with Sheriff Manion, of Jefferson county, made a trip to Tennessee and drove out to Murray's, or Howard's farm. When informed that he was under arrest, Murray quietly said:

"All right, I will go back with you. I knew this had to come some day, and I am not sorry that it has come now."

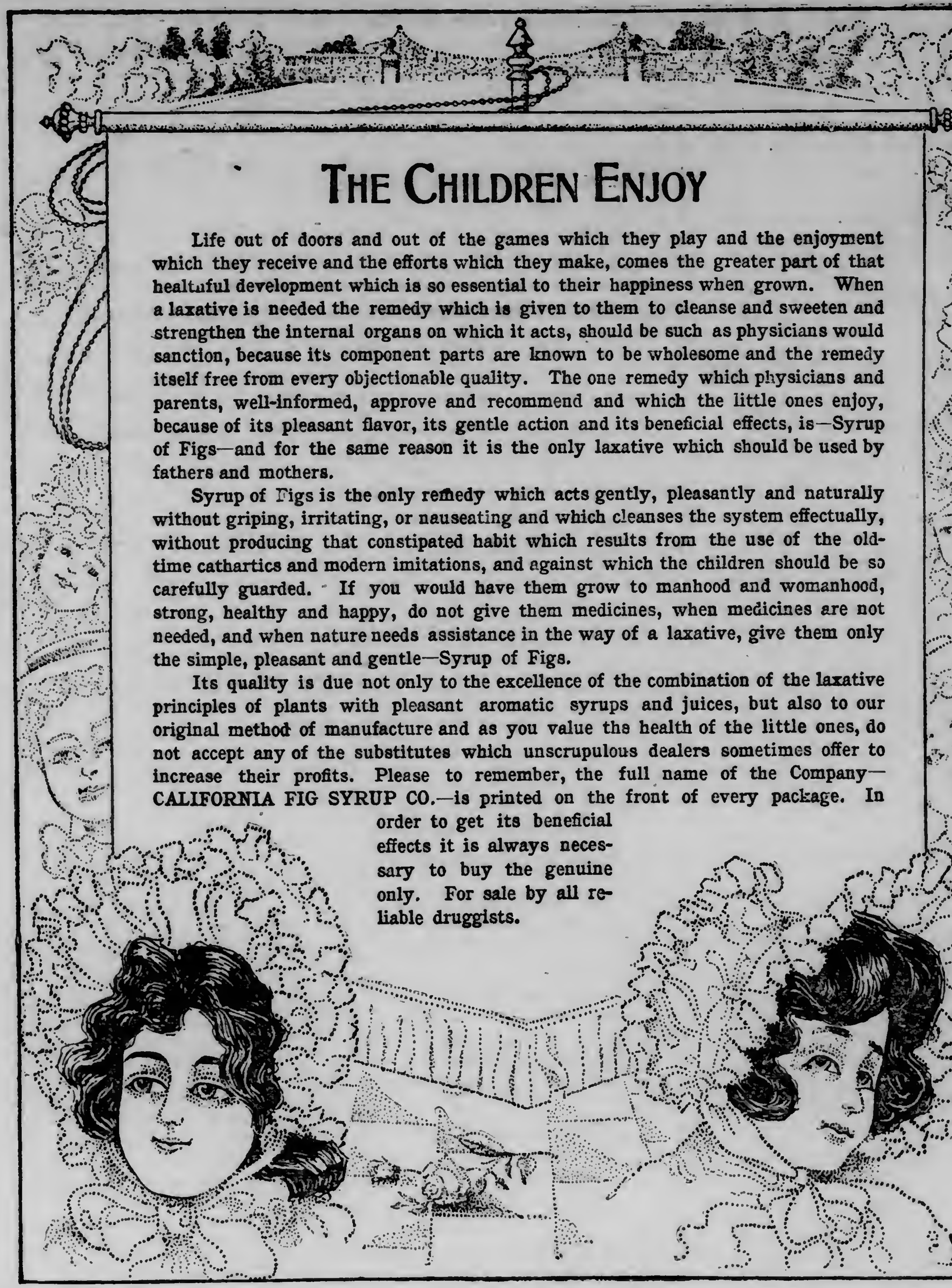
Among the men and women who attended the trial were many whose youth has long since flown, but who remembered Murray and his brother-in-law, Woodrowe, as young men. They could scarcely believe that the gray-haired man with the careworn face was the same William Murray who had become involved in a quarrel with Woodrowe over family matters, so many years ago, and had shot his brother-in-law down in the streets of Williamsburg.

Murray held a little reception after he had been discharged by the court, thanking his friends for their faith in him and their active sympathy, and telling them how happy he was that he could spend the closing days of his life free from the haunting fear of prison, maybe the gallows. He intends to return to his farm near Dunlap, Tenn.

BRILLIANT ESSAY

Which Is Said to Have Been Stolen.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 26.—Interest in the Iowa oratorical contest to be held at Oskaloosa this week has been keenly aroused by the withdrawal of Rev. Roy Caldwell, Drake University representative, who was conceded to have practically a certainty of first place. His brilliant oration at the preliminary contest won for him the assistant pastorate of Central Church of Christ, the most fashionable church in Des Moines. The notoriety resulting from this appointment created an interest in the oration that resulted in disclosing that it bore a striking resemblance to an essay of Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, the Brooklyn divine. Under the charge of plagiarism the oration was withdrawn by the university; which was left without a representative in the contest, and it was announced that Rev. Caldwell had previously resigned from the university. It was proclaimed that his resignation was voluntary, and that strictly speaking he was not guilty of plagiarism.



PROPOSED MONUMENT

To David L. Payne, the Man Who Created Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 26.—Few people in Oklahoma have forgotten Col. David L. Payne. However, lest they forget, Senator Campbell has introduced in the Oklahoma legislature a measure which has for its object the erection of a monument commemorating the deeds of that worthy man. He was the original Oklahoman. He started the agitation which finally forced the United States government to open Oklahoma to settlement. He accomplished this by leading numerous raids of boomers into the territory, then a part of Indian Territory, now Oklahoma. After the Indians relinquished their title to the lands in 1866, Payne considered it government land, open to settlement, and claimed that the cattlemen who were holding it under pretense of a lease from the red men and were making one big pasture of it were occupying it wrongfully.

After years of hardship and persistent endeavor Payne forced the government to recognize the rightfulness of his claim, and as a result the "Land of the Fair God" is now dotted with farmhouses and prosperous cities. Its fine, broad acres, once trod by herds of cattle and inuring to the benefit of only a few, now produce the wealth which makes 600,000 people happy. The land on which only fourteen years ago were a few ranchhouses is now filled with prosperous homes and contented firesides.

Payne organized his first expedition of boomers in Wichita, Kan., in 1880. It consisted of between 300 and 400 men, who were not soldiers of fortune, but bona fide homeseekers. They mode their first camp in Oklahoma at Rock Falls, just across the line from Hunnewell, Kan. They paused there a few days only, when they proceeded to what is now Oklahoma county, and Payne staked off the first claim, six miles from the present site of Oklahoma city. There they remained about six months, breaking the sod and improving the claims on which they had squatted. They intended to make their permanent homes there, but the cattle barons objected so strenuously that the government was induced to send in troops and eject the boomers. They were arrested on the charge of inciting insurrection, but were never tried. They were released as soon as they were beyond the border of Oklahoma. No sooner were they free than they banded themselves together again and soon afterward again entered Oklahoma. This time they were located at what is now Stillwater, in Payne county, named for the bold homeseeker. They were allowed to remain there but a few months, being again ejected by the soldiery. This performance was repeated time after time, Payne having led not less than eleven expeditions into Oklahoma. His forces augmented each time.

The last time Payne came into Oklahoma he was followed by 1200 men. His career was ended at Wellington, Kan., in April, 1884, when he dropped dead of heart disease. He is buried there.

Payne's work was taken up by his chief lieutenant, Capt. Crouch, who was so persistent in making raids that the government saw the only way to end the trouble was to open the land to settlement.

Oklahoma, therefore, owes David L. Payne a great debt, which the people will be glad to partly repay, at least, in the erection of a monument to his memory. Like Homer dead seven cities claimed, there are several cities in the territory which desire the monument of Payne to be located within their respective borders. The Campbell bill locates it at Oklahoma City, but Blackwell Stillwater, Enid, Kingfisher and several others believe they are entitled to it.

HENS WILL WORK

On Sabbath to Pay Off Church Debt.

New York, Feb. 26.—The hens of Little Utica, a community about five miles from Baldwinsville, N. Y., are going to work Sundays this year to pay off a church debt.

Little Utica has one church, but it is desperately in need of money. It is in a farming community, and all the church members are farmers. At its last meeting one of the congregation suggested that each member should contribute all the eggs laid by the hens on Sundays during the next year and give the money the eggs would fetch to the church. Everybody agreed, and the hens will begin next Sunday.

Steel Ceilings

ARE THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN.

We make them and carry a large stock. Call and see the handsome patterns or write for our ceiling catalogue.

Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.

Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,

126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson) and Clara M. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson), his wife, J. F. (or John F.) Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deed's office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty (80) of Mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows. On April 28th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.79; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.78; and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred sixty-eight and 51-100 ($2168.51) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, 1903.

FRANK L. MURRAY, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, with a uower of sale therein contained, duly executed and delivered by Charles Schiller and Louise Schiller, his wife, and Edward Howard, unmarried, mortgagors, to Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 22nd day of March, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 125 of Mortgages, at page 48; and,

Whereas, said mortgage and the note thereby secured were, by an instrument in writing, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1903, duly assigned by said Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, to Theodore T. Hudson, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 199 of Mortgages, at page 26; and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the note which said mortgage was given to secure; and, whereas there is claimed to be due, and there is actually due on said note and mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of $3475.00, principal and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof; and whereas, no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of said default, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot five (5), in block fifty-six (56), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds of said Saint Louis County, which said premises, with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 20th day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of said sale as allowed by law.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., February 4th, 1903.

THEODORE T. HUDSON, Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES A HANKS, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb.-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rufus C. Jefferson, Plaintiff,

vs.

John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre, St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Lelia Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston, and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph J. Winston as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein.

Defendants.

Notice of application for appointment of Guardian ad litem.

To Louise H. Harrison and Ada Lefevre, minors:

Take notice that an application will be made to the said district court of St. Louis county, Eleventh judicial district, at a special term thereof to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 14th day of March, 1903, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock, for an order appointing some suitable and competent person guardian ad litem for you and each of you, as defendant herein and as having an interest in the lands described in the complaint herein, and authorizing and directing him to appear and defend the above entitled action in your behalf, and for such other and further relief as may be just.

Dated February 2nd, 1903.

RUFUS C. JEFFERSON, Plaintiff.

By J. B. RICHARDS, His Attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 12-19-26, 1903.

MERCHANT'S PREDICAMENT

Real Enoch Arden Case Comes to Light In Ohio.

Canton, Ohio, Feb. 26.—A real Enoch Arden case has come to light in Canton, in which James S. Reamer, of Alliance, plays the leading part. Reamer has five children from three marriages, and he has just discovered that he was never divorced from his first wife.

Twenty-one years ago Reamer left his first wife. After the separation Reamer applied for a divorce and claims that he paid his attorney to obtain a decree and accordingly thought that he had been separated from his first wife. He went to Kent, Ohio, and married his second wife, with whom he lived until her death. After wife No. 2 died he went to Alliance and married Bessie Miller. A short time ago Reamer learned that Wife No. 1 had represented to the pension authorities that he was dead, and that she had been granted a widow's pension.

Reamer went to see his first wife and accused her of willfully misrepresenting the facts in order to secure the pension. She insisted that she had not heard from him for so many years that she thought he was. Wife No. 1 then informed him that he never had been divorced, and an examination of the records showed this to be true. He has now forwarded the money with which to obtain a divorce to wife No. 1 and the case will be put on trial at Troy, Ohio, next week. After the divorce Reamer will re-marry his present wife.

Reamer insisted that he has done nothing wrong wilfully, as he thought he had been divorced. He claims that his attorney failed to do his duty, and this has caused all the difficulty. Reamer is now 65 years old and a prominent merchant of Alliance. Wife No. 3 is only 25.

Offensive Even to Myself.—F.A. Bottom, druggist, Cookshire, Que., says: "For twenty years I suffered from catarrh. My breath was very offensive even to myself. I tried everything which promised me a cure. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I got relief instantly after first application. It cured me and I am free from all effects of it." Sold by Max Wirth No. 13 West Superior street.—19.

MAYNARD KNOCKED OUT.

Terry McGovern Quieted Him In Four Rounds.

Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—At the Penn Art club last night 4000 people saw Terry McGovern, the former featherweight champion, defeat Billy Maynard, of this city, in what was to have been a six-round contest. Maynard was knocked out in the fourth round, after receiving severe punishment. McGovern adopted his usual rushing tactics, scoring knockdowns in the first and third rounds, Maynard being on his knees when the gong sounded at the end of the third. The local men made his best showing in the second round, holding his own in several exchanges. McGovern never let up in his rushes, however, and gradually wore his man down with terrific body blows. A right hand blow on the jaw early in the fourth round sent Maynard to the floor and he was counted out.

ROBBED THE SHERIFF.

Thief Turns the Tables on a California Officer.

Gilroy, Cal., Feb. 26.—Deputy Sheriff Stayton attempted to arrest a man at San Felipe suspected of highway robbery. The bandit covered Stayton with a pistol, forced him into his buggy, and mounting a horse belonging to A. Vaquero, forced him to drive toward Bells station, two miles away, when the stranger dismounted, turned loose the horse and got into the buggy after relieving Stayton of $200 and a watch. At Bells station, twenty miles from Gilroy in the mountains, the robber bought food. Captor and prisoner then journeyed ten miles further where the highwayman released Stayton and took to the hills.

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THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS. "ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz"

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO. MILWAUKEE

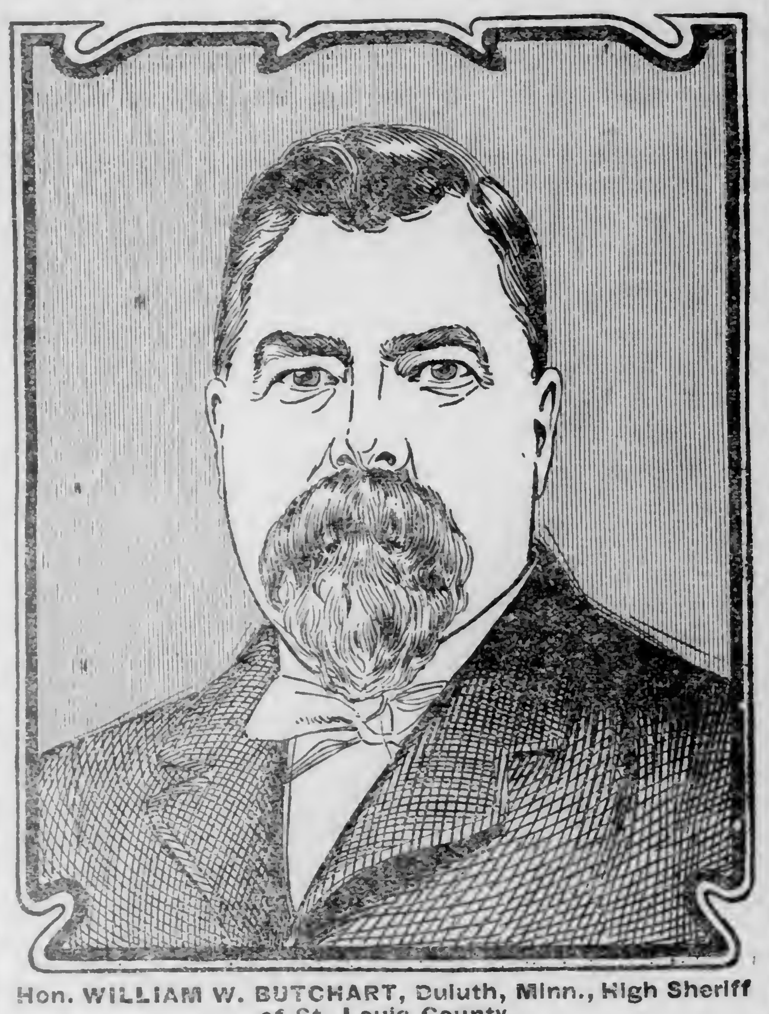
Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Rail-

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SHERIFF BUTCHART'S CLOSE CALL.

LIFE SAVED BY KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA.

Sick almost unto Death with Kidney and Liver Troubles, Physician's Prescriptions Failed to Help Him, but Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the Guaranteed Vegetable Remedy Cured Him. A Straightforward Statement from this Popular Duluth Official.



Hon. WILLIAM W. BUTCHART, Duluth, Minn., High Sheriff of St. Louis County.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: — I write to thank you heartily for what Kickapoo Indian Sagwa has done for me.

Four years ago my health began to fail me, my head was dizzy, my eyes pained me, and at times I had such terrible pains through my back and groin that I could hardly endure it. I was hot and cold, dizzy and benumbed at times, and my appetite failed me completely. I used doctor's prescriptions for seven weeks without any relief. Then I commenced taking your Sagwa, and after using it six weeks I was once more well again. I shall need no doctor as long as I can get Sagwa. I enjoy perfect health today, and give the entire credit of my recovery to your Sagwa.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Duluth, Minn. Sheriff St. Louis County.

If you feel miserable, are sick or ailing, and have any of the symptoms given by Sheriff Butchart in the above letter, your liver or kidneys, or both, want immediate attention. Don't despair of being well and strong again. Even if you have doctored and taken different remedies without being benefited, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the great vegetable remedy, will do for you just what it did for Sheriff Butchart. It will make you well again, and quickly, too. Like him, you will need no more doctors as long as you rely on Sagwa. It cures when all other remedies have failed. It's Nature's own cure for diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach, heart, blood, and disorder arising from the derangement of these vital organs. If you are sick don't delay. Commence treatment with Sagwa at once. You can lose nothing, for Sagwa is sold under a positive guarantee, your money refunded if not satisfactory. All druggists sell Sagwa, a big bottle for 50 cents; a great big bottle for $1.00.

HIS HEART BROKEN

By Failure of Government to Adopt His Designs.

The Wellington Monument That Caused Sculptor Stevens' Death.

London, Feb. 26.—Government failure to carry out his designs for the great Wellington monument in St. Paul's cathedral, plus the snubbings he received from pompous artists of his day, broke the heart of Alfred Stevens and killed him.

Now the government and Royal academy, which scorned to admit Stevens as a member, are in high dungeon because just as they were preparing at last to do something about it themselves, they discovered that private citizens had quietly got up a subscription their own account, obtained the authorization of the cathedral officials and had selected a sculptor to complete Stevens' design. Worse yet, the sculptor was John Tween, a young man who had studied with Rodin and had given vent to heretical views to the effect that Rodin actually knew more about sculpture than the whole Royal academy put together.

Now the Royal academicians, or some of them, are trying to get the government to interfere, on the ground that as the Wellington monument is a national structure, begun on government money, the cathedral authorities have not the right to tamper with it. But as the government had agreed to give $10,000 to complete the shamefully neglected work, and as, according to the private subscription plan, it would not have to give a penny, it will probably decline to interfere.

Stevens, whom the academicians now delight to honor, was, in his own way, admitted to be a man of genius, but, like other craftsmen, he had to die in order to be appreciated. He served his apprenticeship in Italy, and there revealed so much ability that Thorwaldsen, the sculptor, chose him as his assistant. Soon after his return to England he became teacher of architectural drawing in the school of designs at Somerset house, London.

The whole story of Stevens' dealings with the British government, and, incidentally, with the powers that were at St. Paul's cathedral, is an exasperating one, and it is only now that matters in connection with the monument are being threshed out that all the details of it have become generally known. The enthusiasm over the project of preserving the memory of the iron duke seems to have been all on the sculptor's side. The commission to prepare a memorial was given him grudgingly and money was dribbled out in a niggardly fashion. But Stevens had his conception of a memorial to Wellington that would be worthy of the great soldier's fame. So he began work earnestly on what he meant should be his masterpiece, and what is now, even in its unfinished condition, considered one of the finest pieces of modeling executed in England in the nineteenth century. But even the sculptor's enthusiasm could not rise superior to the discouragements which met him on almost every hand. When, after years of work on his part, his great task was only half completed, the money that had been placed at his disposal ran out, and to get more proved a wearisome task. Then came trouble from the dean and chapter of St. Paul's. The custodians of the great cathedral, where it was intended to place the Wellington monument, saw fit to make bigoted objections to the most striking features of Stevens' design. This was the figure of the duke of Wellington on horseback, with which the sculptor had intended to surmount his pedestal. Dean Milman announced that it would decline to allow the monument—if finished in accordance with the design—to be placed in St. Paul's, and gave as his reason that he would permit no soldier—even though he were the duke of Wellington—to "come riding into the cathedral." So the work on the memorial came to an enforced standstill. The public failed to understand the situation and was disposed to blame the sculptor. That was the last straw. Stevens—a man of keen sensibilities—died under the weight of so many discouragements.

In spite of the fact that the sculptor had spent nineteen years over the Wellington monument, it was still incomplete. But officialism had got tired of the whole thing, and, instead of the memorial being finished by another hand—as it now will be—it was dumped down in an out-of-the-way corner, where any admirer of Wellington would have a hard job to find it. There the splendid piece of sculpture remained for twenty years, out of sight and out of mind, so far as the general public was concerned. Then came the well-intentioned attempt of Lord Leighton, president of the Royal academy, to get Stevens' work completed. The famous artist succeeded—only, however, by dint of going deep into his own pocket—in getting money enough to have the memorial moved out of its obscure corner to the prominent place under one of the arches of the nave, which it occupies at present, but his appeal for funds to complete it fell upon deaf ears—both official and private. Lord Leighton's effort was made nearly ten years ago, and since that time the subject of the Wellington monument's completion has had no consideration until the game of cross purposes began, which has resulted in so much bad temper.

FREED BY JURY

Jean Valjean of Modern Life Acquitted In Illinois.

William Murray Tried For Murder of Quarter Century Ago.

Nashville, Ill., Feb. 26.—William Murray, whose strange escapades have led the police to characterize him as the modern Jean Valjean, was acquitted of the charge of murdering his brother-in-law, Joel Woodrowe. Murray escaped from jail at Williamsburg, in this county, twenty-seven years ago, and fled to Tennessee, where he lived an exemplary life under the assumed name of Howard. He was finally arrested and brought back to Jefferson county for trial on the charge of murder.

The verdict was received with cheers by the crowd, which has been steadfast in attendance on the trial. Murray's demeanor during the trial won him many friends. As the case progressed, and the evidence that he had killed his brother-in-law in self-defense became more and more preponderant, hope arose that the accused man, who long ago had atoned for his deed in a life of unusual faultlessness should be permitted to go free.

The jury was but fifteen minutes in returning its verdict. The trial occupied two days. The identification of the defendant was complete. He did not deny that his real name is Murray. The son of the sheriff who first arrested him twenty-seven years ago witnessed Murray's escape from the Jefferson county jail, and called to him to return. As Murray fled the boy threw a stone at him in childish anger, then ran and told his father that his most important prisoner had escaped.

Murray was captured and brought back, but again managed to free himself and made his way to Tennessee, where for more than a quarter of a century he lived above suspicion. He sent for his wife and children, and they lived with him until the faithful wife died and the children married or left to make homes of their own.

Murray prospered as a farmer, and was known and loved over the countryside near Dunlap, Tenn., for his unselfishness, generosity and charity. His capture by the son of the former sheriff, now deputy sheriff of Jefferson county, was brought about through an accident, the young man having heard that an uncle of Murray was living near Dunlap, and was frequently visited by an elderly man of quiet manners, whose general description suited that of the escaped man.

The young deputy, together with Sheriff Manion, of Jefferson county, made a trip to Tennessee and drove out to Murray's, or Howard's farm. When informed that he was under arrest, Murray quietly said:

"All right, I will go back with you. I knew this had to come some day, and I am not sorry that it has come now."

Among the men and women who attended the trial were many whose youth has long since flown, but who remembered Murray and his brother-in-law, Woodrowe, as young men. They could scarcely believe that the gray-haired man with the careworn face was the same William Murray who had become involved in a quarrel with Woodrowe over family matters, so many years ago, and had shot his brother-in-law down in the streets of Williamsburg.

Murray held a little reception after he had been discharged by the court, thanking his friends for their faith in him and their active sympathy, and telling them how happy he was that he could spend the closing days of his life free from the haunting fear of prison, maybe the gallows. He intends to return to his farm near Dunlap, Tenn.

BRILLIANT ESSAY

Which Is Said to Have Been Stolen.

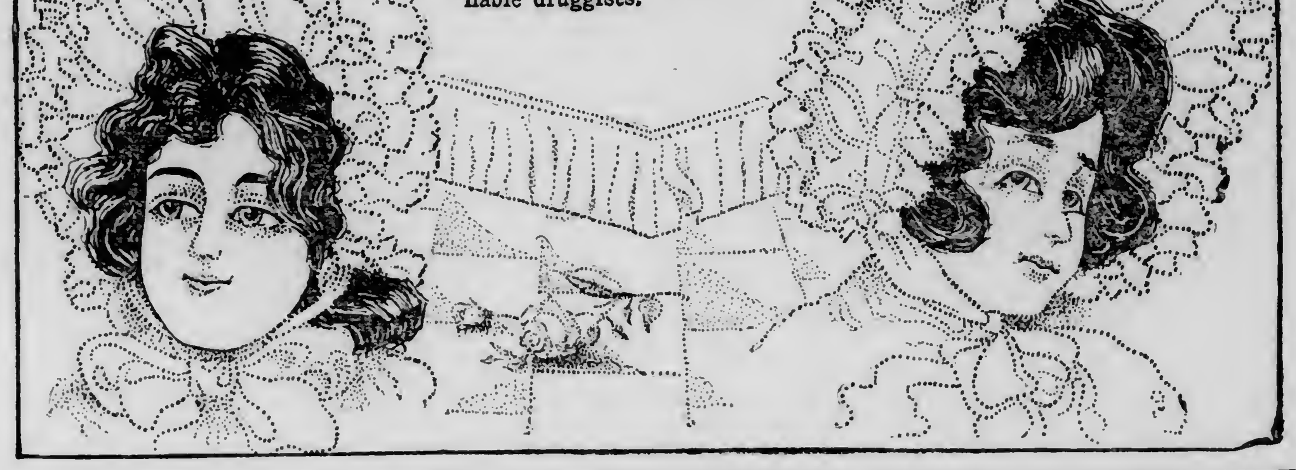
Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 26.—Interest in the Iowa oratorical contest to be held at Oskaloosa this week has been keenly aroused by the withdrawal of Rev. Roy Caldwell, Drake University representative, who was conceded to have practically a certainty of first place. His brilliant oration at the preliminary contest won for him the assistant pastorate of Central Church of Christ, the most fashionable church in Des Moines. The notoriety resulting from this appointment created an interest in the oration that resulted in disclosing that it bore a striking resemblance to an essay of Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, the Brooklyn divine. Under the charge of plagiarism the oration was withdrawn by the university; which was left without a representative in the contest, and it was announced that Rev. Caldwell had previously resigned from the university. It was proclaimed that his resignation was voluntary, and that strictly speaking he was not guilty of plagiarism.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only. For sale by all reliable druggists.



PROPOSED MONUMENT

To David L. Payne, the Man Who Created Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 26.—Few people in Oklahoma have forgotten Col. David L. Payne. However, lest they forget, Senator Campbell has introduced in the Oklahoma legislature a measure which has for its object the erection of a monument commemorating the deeds of that worthy man. He was the original Oklahoman. He started the agitation which finally forced the United States government to open Oklahoma to settlement. He accomplished this by leading numerous raids of boomers into the territory, then a part of Indian Territory, now Oklahoma. After the Indians relinquished their title to the lands in 1866, Payne considered it government land, open to settlement, and claimed that the cattlemen who were holding it under pretense of a lease from the red men and were making one big pasture of it were occupying it wrongfully.

After years of hardship and persistent endeavor Payne forced the government to recognize the rightfulness of his claim, and as a result the "Land of the Fair God" is now dotted with farmhouses and prosperous cities. Its fine, broad acres, once trod by herds of cattle and inuring to the benefit of only a few, now produce the wealth which makes 600,000 people happy. The land on which only fourteen years ago were a few ranchhouses is now filled with prosperous homes and contented firesides.

Payne organized his first expedition of boomers in Wichita, Kan., in 1880. It consisted of between 300 and 400 men, who were not soldiers of fortune, but bona fide homeseekers. They made their first camp in Oklahoma at Rock Falls, just across the line from Hunnewell, Kan. They paused there a few days only, when they proceeded to what is now Oklahoma county, and Payne staked off the first claim, six miles from the present site of Oklahoma city. There they remained about six months, breaking the sod and improving the claims on which they had squatted. They intended to make their permanent homes there, but the cattle barons objected so strenuously that the government was induced to send in troops and eject the boomers. They were arrested on the charge of inciting insurrection, but were never tried. They were released as soon as they were beyond the border of Oklahoma. No sooner were they free than they banded themselves together again and soon afterward again entered Oklahoma. This time they were located at what is now Stillwater, in Payne county, named for the bold homeseeker. They were allowed to remain there but a few months, being again ejected by the soldiery. This performance was repeated time after time. Payne having led not less than eleven expeditions into Oklahoma. His forces augmented each time.

The last time Payne came into Oklahoma he was followed by 1200 men. His career was ended at Wellington, Kan., in April, 1884, when he dropped dead of heart disease. He is buried there.

Payne's work was taken up by his chief lieutenant, Capt. Crouch, who was so persistent in making raids that the government saw the only way to end the trouble was to open the land to settlement.

Oklahoma, therefore, owes David L. Payne a great debt, which the people will be glad to partly repay, at least, in the erection of a monument to his memory. Like Homer dead seven cities claimed, there are several cities in the territory which desire the monument of Payne to be located within their respective borders. The Campbell bill locates it at Oklahoma City, but Blackwell Stillwater, Enid, Kingfisher and several others believe they are entitled to it.

Steel Ceilings

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Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.

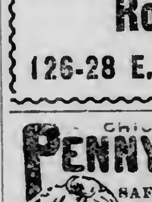
Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,

126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson) and Clara M. Fredrickson (or Fredrikson), his wife, J. F. (or John F.) Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deed's office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty (80) of Mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows. On April 28th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.79; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.78; and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred sixty-eight and 51-100 ($2168.51) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 4th, 1903.

FRANK L. MURRAY,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, with a power of sale therein contained, duly executed and delivered by Charles Schiller and Louise Schiller, his wife, and Edward Howard, unmarried, mortgagors, to Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 22nd day of March, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of March, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 125 of Mortgages, at page 48; and,

Whereas, said mortgage and the note thereby secured were, by an instrument in writing, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1903, duly assigned by said Security Insurance Company of New Haven, Connecticut, to Theodore T. Hudson, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 199 of Mortgages, at page 26; and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the note which said mortgage was given to secure; and, whereas there is claimed to be due, and there is actually due on said note and mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of $3475.00, principal and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof; and, whereas, no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of said default, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot five (5), in block fifty-six (56), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds of said Saint Louis County, which said premises, with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 20th day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of said sale as allowed by law.

Dated, Duluth, Minn., February 4th, 1903.

THEODORE T. HUDSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JAMES A HANKS,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb.-5-12-19-26-March-5-12-1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rufus C. Jefferson,
Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre, St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Lelia Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston, and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph I. Winston as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein.
Defendants.

Notice of application for appointment of Guardian ad litem.

To Louise H. Harrison and Ada Lefevre, minors:

Take notice that an application will be made to the said district court of St. Louis county, Eleventh judicial district, at a special term therof to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 14th day of March, 1903, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock, for an order appointing some suitable and competent person guardian ad litem for you and each of you, as defendant herein and as having an interest in the lands described in the complaint herein, and authorizing and directing him to appear and defend the above entitled action in your behalf, and for such other and further relief as may be just.

Dated February 2nd, 1903.

RUFUS C. JEFFERSON,
Plaintiff,

By J. B. RICHARDS, His Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 12-19-26, 1903.

MERCHANT'S PREDICAMENT

Real Enoch Arden Case Comes to Light In Ohio.

Canton, Ohio, Feb. 26.—A real Enoch Arden case has come to light in Canton, in which James S. Reamer, of Alliance, plays the leading part. Reamer has five children from three marriages, and he has just discovered that he was never divorced from his first wife.

Twenty-one years ago Reamer left his first wife. After the separation Reamer applied for a divorce and claims that he paid his attorney to obtain a decree and accordingly thought that he had been separated from his first wife. He went to Kent, Ohio, and married his second wife, with whom he lived until her death. After wife No. 2 died he went to Alliance and married Bessie Miller. A short time ago Reamer learned that Wife No. 1 had represented to the pension authorities that he was dead, and that she had been granted a widow's pension.

Reamer went to see his first wife and accused her of willfully misrepresenting the facts in order to secure the pension. She insisted that she had not heard from him for so many years that she thought he was. Wife No. 1 then informed him that he never had been divorced, and an examination of the records showed this to be true. He has now forwarded the money with which to obtain a divorce to wife No. 1 and the case will be put on trial at Troy, Ohio, next week. After the divorce Reamer will re-marry his present wife.

Reamer insisted that he has done nothing wrong wilfully, as he thought he had been divorced. He claims that his attorney failed to do his duty, and this has caused all the difficulty. Reamer is now 65 years old and a prominent merchant of Alliance. Wife No. 3 is only 25.

Offensive Even to Myself. —F.A. Bottom, druggist, Cookshire, Que., says: "For twenty years I suffered from catarrh. My breath was very offensive even to myself. I tried everything which promised me a cure. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I got relief instantly after first application. It cured me and I am free from all effects of it." Sold by Max Wirth No. 13 West Superior street.—19.

MAYNARD KNOCKED OUT.

Terry McGovern Quieted Him In Four Rounds.

Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—At the Penn Art club last night 4000 people saw Terry McGovern, the former featherweight champion, defeat Billy Maynard, of this city, in what was to have been a six-round contest. Maynard was knocked out in the fourth round, after receiving severe punishment. McGovern adopted his usual rushing tactics, scoring knockdowns in the first and third rounds, Maynard being on his knees when the gong sounded at the end of the third. The local men made his best showing in the second round, holding his own in several exchanges. McGovern never let up in his rushes, however, and gradually wore his man down with terrific body blows. A right hand blow on the jaw early in the fourth round sent Maynard to the floor and he was counted out.

ROBBED THE SHERIFF.

Thief Turns the Tables on a California Officer.

Gilroy, Cal., Feb. 26.—Deputy Sheriff Stayton attempted to arrest a man at San Felipe suspected of highway robbery. The bandit covered Stayton with a pistol, forced him into his buggy, and mounting a horse belonging to A. Vaquero, forced him to drive toward Bells station, two miles away, when the stranger dismounted, turned loose the horse and got into the buggy after relieving Stayton of $200 and a watch. At Bells station, twenty miles from Gilroy in the mountains, the robber bought food. Captor and prisoner then journeyed ten miles further where the highwayman released Stayton and took to the hills.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS... "ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz"

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS

VAL BLATZ BRWG. CO. MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad street.

HENS WILL WORK

On Sabbath to Pay Off Church Debt.

New York, Feb. 26.—The hens of Little Utica, a community about five miles from Baldwinsville, N. Y., are going to work Sundays this year to pay off a church debt.

Little Utica has one church, but it is desperately in need of money. It is in a farming community, and all the church members are farmers. At its last meeting one of the congregation suggested that each member should contribute all the eggs laid by the hens on Sundays during the next year and give the money the eggs would fetch to the church. Everybody agreed, and the hens will begin next Sunday.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FLAX AGAIN LOWER

Heavy Trading and Sharp Slump With Rally Following.

Wheat Is Very Dull and Market Closes Without Change.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 26.—Interest centered in the opening of the flax market this morning and there was much nervousness among the longs. There was heavy trading from the start and a large amount changed hands at the opening price which was unchanged at $1.14. A few moments after it slumped off to $1.12⅝, but then found support and rallied to $1.13¾. After that it fell off to $1.13½ sold up to $1.14 and closed at $1.13½, a decline of ½c. The July option lost ⅜c.

Wheat was a very dull affair. Not only was this true of the local but of all American markets. The foreign markets were also dull and the export demand poor. The cables were disappointing, but the Northwestern receipts were moderate and the strength in corn aided the bulls. The market closed practically without change although during most of the morning it ruled slightly higher than yesterday's closing price.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ⅛d higher, Paris 2½c lower to unchanged. Antwerp unchanged and Berlin ⅛d lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 399,000 bus., last year 656,000 bus. Shipments 121,000 bus., last year 168,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 176,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 302 cars, and at Chicago, 15, a total of 317 cars, against 177 last week and 570 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅜ to ½d higher. May corn in Chicago closed ¼-½c higher and May oats ⅛-¼c higher.

Primary receipts of corn were 628,000 bus., last year 315,000 bus. Shipments 367,000 bus., last year 234,000 bus. Clearances were 484,000 bus.

The Duluth market acted almost precisely as it did yesterday. It opened unchanged at 77¼c and its high point was the same as yesterday, 77½c. It worked back and forth between those figures and finally closed unchanged at 77¼c. Minneapolis also closed unchanged and Chicago a shade higher.

No. 1 northern wheat to arrive continued to sell at May price; No. 2 at 2c under and No. 3 at 5c under. Sales were 10,000 bushels.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash 1 hard, 77c; 1 northern, 76c; 2 northern, 74c; 3 spring, 71c. To arrive—1 northern, 77¼c; May, 77¼c; July, 77c. Oats, to arrive, 33½c; on track, 33½c; May, 34c. Rye—May, 50½c; on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c. Barley—35@51c. Flax—Cash, $1.11¼; on track, $1.12; to arrive, $1.12; May, $1.13½; July, $1.14¼; September, $1.10.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 91; last year, 165; oats, 8; rye, 1; barley, 5; flax, 15.

Receipts: Wheat, 91,520; oats, 38,906; rye 50; barley, 31,513; flax, 30,428.

Shipments: Flax, 1,173.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.78½
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	77½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	76¾
No. 2 northern 1 car	76⅛
Rejected, 1 car	74⅝
Oats, 1 car	33½
Oats, 1 car	32¾
Barley, 1 car	48½
Barley 1 car	50
Barley, 1 car	47
Flax, 5000 bushels on track	1.12½
Flax, 1 car in store	1.11¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.11

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Light Taade In Wheat, With Little Interest.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—There was only a light trade in wheat today during the early part of the session and little outside interest was manifested. The opening was steady on rather disappointing cables, May being a shade lower to a shade higher at 77⅛c to 77¼c, but the small offerings and the strength in corn helped to create a firmer feeling and the price soon advanced to 77⅝c, selling down again later to 77⅜c. The small Northwest receipts and rains in the Southwest were strengthening influences. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 302 cars, which with local receipts of 15 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 317 cars against 177 cars last week and 570 cars a year go.

There was considerable selling pressure late in the day and most of the early gain was lost, the close being steady with May shade higher at 77½c.

A bullish sentiment pervaded the corn pit influenced to a large extent by the higher cables and the prospects of unfavorable weather for both the grading and movement. May opened a shade to ⅛c higher, at 46⅛ to 46⅛@¼, but no good commission house demand there was a quick advance to 46½ with little offering at that figure. The active buying of corn by prominent provision interests during the past few days was one reason for the firm tone to prices. Local receipts were 256 cars, with none of contract grade.

The sentiment was bullish throughout the day and the close was strong, May being ⅛@¼c higher at 46½c.

There was only a small trade in oats and what little business was done was for local account. Opening prices were steady with May unchanged to a shade higher at 35½ to 35½@⅝ and in sympathy with the strength in other grains the market became firmer, May selling up to 35¾@⅞. Local receipts were small at 90 cars.

A smaller run of hogs at the yards with an advance of from 10 to 15c in prices caused firmness in provisions at the start and with a good demand from packers with but light offerings prices advanced still further. The volume of trade, however, was only moderate. May pork opened 2½ to 5 higher at $17.75 to $17.77½. May lard was up 2½ at $9.67½, while ribs were 2½@5 better at $9.77½.

Close: Wheat—May, 77½c; July, 73⅜@½c; September, 71¾c. Corn—February, 44½c; May, 46½c; July, 44⅝@¾c; September, 44¼c. Oats—February, 34¼c; May, 35⅝@¾c; July, 32⅞c; September, 29¾@⅞c. Pork—May, $17.85; July, 17.35; September, $16.87½. Lard—February, $9.62½; May, $9.65; July, $9.57½; September, $9.57½@9.60. Ribs—May, $9.82½; July, $9.62½; September, $9.50. Rye—May, 51@½c. Flax—Cash N. W., $1.16; S. W., $1.12; May, $1.14@1.17. Timothy—February, $3.90. Clover—February, $11.50. Barley—Cash, 44@56c. Cash wheat—2 red, 75@76c; 3 red, 72@75½; 2 hard winter, 71@73; 3 hard winter, 68@71c; 1 northern spring, 79½@80c; 2 northern spring, 78@79½c; 3 spring, 78@79c. Corn—2, 41c; 3 41½@42¼c. Oats—2, 34½@35c; 3, 34½c.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. A. J. CUMMINGS, Local Office—306 West Superior Street.
DEALER IN GRAIN, STOCKS AND PROVISIONS.
Stocks Carried on One Point Margin—Grain One Point—Stocks Carried Without Interest.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

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GRAIN AND STOCKS
Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.
Ship Us Your Cash Grain
We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.
WE BUY AND SELL
WHEAT, CORN AND OATS
for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.
We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.
MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2 a share on stocks
References—108 National and State Banks.
Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 87 Leading Towns of the Northwest.
General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office, 223 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—Wheat: The wheat market is a slow proposition. The strength in corn and provisions prevented much selling pressure, but the bying was on a small scale and largely confined to local scalping operations. Foreign markets seem equally dull and exporters are doing very little. Clearances for the week promise to be again small. The Northwest markets show relative strength and there is considerable bullish sentiment in that quarter. The Southwest markets report only dullness both in the cash and speculative positions. It looks as if the visible would again show but little change on Monday. The outlook in our judgment is still dull. Estimated cars, 6.

Corn—The market was again strong and fairly active. Local conditions are fairly strong and there is good buying by provision people. This is the feature of the market at the market. A large percentage of it being unfit to move from the farms, together with the wastage and increased consumption necessary to produce given results makes them feel that the value of the last crop has been tremendously over-estimated. It is these interests that are the large buyers in this market. The cash situation is only a moderate one, although exports continue liberal. We still feel that corn should be bought on the weak spots. Estimated cars, 260.

Corn—The market is very quiet. Whatever strength there was came mainly from sympathy from corn. The situation is just about a steady one. The speculative activity is not as great as it has been in the recent past. Estimated cars, 110.

* * *

San Francisco: In California prospects are for a large wheat crop. The cold weather has retarded the growing of grain somewhat but thus far little damage has been done. The acreage is large and will be increased and with favorable weather during the spring an unusually large crop should be harvested.

* * *

Chicago: A board cable here dated London, Feb. 26, reads: "Argentine—Buenos Ayres Standard, announces the simultaneous appearance in several localities of Buenos Ayres, Santafe Cordova, a sort of lizard extremely prolific, more destructive than the locust."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 26.—Wheat, spot quiet; 2 red winter, 6s 1½d; 1 northern spring, 6s 8 3-4d; 1 California, 6s 11d. Futures—quiet; March 6s 3¾d; May, 6s 2 1-8d; July 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot American mixed new steady, 4s 6½d; American mixed old no stocks. Futures—steady, March 4s 6⅞d; May 4s 4⅜d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77¼B	76¼-⅜	77⅛-¼	81
High	77½	76⅝	77⅝	81¼-⅜
Low	77¼	76⅛-¼	77⅛	80⅞-81
Close	77¼B	76¼-⅜	77½	81⅛A
July—				
Open		76½	73¼-½	78⅛B
High		76⅝-¾	73¾	78¼-½
Low		76¼	73¼-⅜	78⅛
Close	77B	76⅝	73⅜-½	78⅛B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	35½@35⅝	46⅛@46⅛-¼	$17.75@77
High	35¾-⅞	46⅝	17.92
Low	35½	46⅛	17.75
Close	35⅝-¾	46½	17.85

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 26.—Close: Wheat—May 81½c; July, 78½c. Corn—May, 52⅞@53c; July, 50⅝c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76¼c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 76¼-⅜c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 76¼-⅜c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 26.—Close: Wheat—May, 76¼@⅜c; on track, 1 hard, 78½c; 1 northern, 77½c; 2 northern, 76c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Wheat was a draggy and indifferent market today with the price range not exceeding ½c. Cables came in firm although showing an easier tendency towards the close. The early May price of 77⅛c created quite a showing of commission house and elevator interest buying and drove in some shorts. This put the price up to 77⅝c, but at that point reactions set in and early buyers turned sellers. The best demand for wheat from various sources was around 77½c, but more or less of the purchasers around this price were sellers later. There were no workable bids from exporters either in New York or at this point. The cash demand was also indifferent, two cents under May being bid for No. 1 northern. Minneapolis stocks show a decrease of 125,000 bushels for five days. For the moment the market appears to be of a purely scalping character without many of the large interests being active. There appears to be so little in it that we are inclined to think it is a better sale on the hard spots than it is a purchase. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 6 cars.

The corn situation continues firm, the May price up from 46⅛c to 46⅝c, outside price not quite sustained, owing to the easier tone which set in toward the close. The corn market, however, showed more activity and strength than wheat, and to a certain extent led the grain list. Cables were fractionally higher on short covering at Liverpool and the temper of the local trade was made somewhat bullish on predictions of general rains and snow. Our private Rosario cable says that the Argentine corn crop is expected to be very large and will be ready about the middle of April. There was a good deal of early talk of large exports, but official figures showed only 484,000 bushels as cleared. The cash market was slow and heavy, about the only demand coming from elevators. Strength is occasionally contributed a good deal by covering of the May shorts. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 280 cars.

The oat market was generally steady, but failed to show many features. Commission houses buying keeps the market well cleared up on the moderate offerings of the deferred delivery. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 115 cars.

Provisions—The tone was steady with prices slightly higher on pork and ribs. Lard was rather quiet. All product was subject to some short covering. Stocks of pork, 28,000 old, 2,250 old, 8,500,000 pounds ribs and 16,000 tierces of lard. This is a falling off of about 40,000 barrels of old pork and an increase of about 300,000 pounds of ribs. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 26,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000. Market slow. Good to prime steers, $5.25@5.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.90; canners, $1.40@2.50; bulls $2.26@4.25; calves, $3.25@7.75; Texas fed steers, $3.50@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 8,436. Market 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $6.90@7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.50; rough heavy, $6.90@7.20; light, 6.55@6.85; bulk of sales, $6.95@7.25. Sheep—Receipts 12,000. Market steady to weak. Good to choice wethers, $5.00@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $4.00@4.75; western sheep, $4.75@$5.50; western lambs, $4.75@7.00. Yesterday—Receipts—Cattle, 21,574; hogs, 38,606; sheep, 15,071. Shipments—Cattle, 3,850; hogs, 9,388; sheep, 463.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	14	14¼
Arcadian	5	5¼
Allouez	6	6¼
Atlantic	13	13¼
Anaconda	30	31
Amalgamated	72¾	73
Calumet and Hecla	525	530
Centennial	30½	31
Copper Range	71½	71¾
Franklin	11¾	12
Isle Royale	14	15
Bingham	35¾	36
Mass	14¾	15
May Flower	2	2¼
National	1	1½
Mohawk	..	54
Michigan	10⅝	11
Old Colony	1⅝	1⅞
Old Dominion	21¼	21¾
Osceola	73	73½
Parrot	32	33
Phoenix	6¾	7
Quincy	115	120
Rock Island	3	3¾
Tennessee Copper	29	30
Santa Fe	2½	2¾
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	100	105
Utah	29½	30
Victoria	7½	7⅝
Winona	8	8⅛
Wolverine	70	70½
Wyandotte	1⅝	1¾
Elm River	3¼	3¾
Trinity	12⅞	13¼
Dominion Coal	128	130
Daly West	39	40
Greene Con	26⅛	26⅜
United Copper	31	32
U. S. M.	25¾	26
United States Oil	15	15⅛
L. S. & Pittsburg	90	100
Calumet and Pittsburg	110	125
Calumet and Arizona	135	150

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:31
1:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m. / * 11:10 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m. / * 6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	* 6:43 p.m
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	* 7:30 a.m
2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 41. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv.-North Country Mail-Ar. *10:00 a.m. All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:55 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:5[illegible] p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m / a 7:55 p m / 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m / b 2:10 p m / a 7:00 a m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Cars.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market Dull and Sluggish During Most of Session.

Railroad Stocks Neglected and the Fluctuations Were Slight.

New York, Feb. 26.—Prices on the stock exchange today opened lower than last night, except for Metropolitan street railway and copper, which made fractional gains. St. Louis & San Francisco dropped 1¾. Otherwise the losses did not exceed ½. The dealings were small—St. Paul, Rock Island, Wabash pfd. and Amalgamated rose a fraction above yesterday, while Metropolitan street railway and securities were lifted a point each, but the weakness of St. Louis & San Francisco and the reaction in Rock Island had a discouraging effect and prices reacted. St. Louis & San Francisco lost 2½ and then rallied a point. Colorado Fuel, Smelting and Anaconda fell a point under last night. Northwestern sold at a decline of 5 and the subscription rights brought 13 1-8, compared with 15¼, the high price of last week. St. Louis & San Francisco, first preferred rose 2. The lack of effect from the reports of absorption of St. Louis & San Francisco, by Rock Island was a disappointing matter to the speculative element. The market was very dull and sluggish in consequence. There was some recovery, Metropolitan rallying to the top and Wabash preferred rising to 53¾. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred gained 1. General Electric lost 7¼ and Chicago Terminal and Pressed Steel car a point. Bonds were easy at noon.

Railroad stocks were neglected and but few of them fluctuated more than ⅛. Northwestern made a further drop to 8 points under last night. Consolidated Gas, Illinois Central and Colorado Southern fell 1@1½. St. Louis & San Francisco rallied strongly to 86½ after selling at 83½ in the forenoon. The paucity of the demand otherwise caused by an easier demand and especially for the grangers and Southwesterns. Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis preferred advanced 1¼ and Evansville & Terre Haute declined 1⅛.

Wabash preferred was carried up a full point, but indications that this was to cover realizing elsewhere induced traders to sell the whole list. Declines of 1 to 1⅝ below last night were made by St. Paul, the Pacific, Rock Island, Pennsylvania, New York Central, Hocking Valley, Erie, Reading, Louisville, the Kansas & Texas stocks, Copper, Sugar and Leather preferred. American Express lost 5; Great Northern preferred and Chicago Great Western preferred "A" 3, and Delaware & Hudson 2¼. The closing was active and weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	74	72⅝	72⅝
American Sugar	132½	131	131
Anaconda	122	121	121
Atchison Top & S. Fe	86⅜	85⅝	85⅝
do pfd	100½	100	100⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	97½	97	97
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	68⅜	67⅝	67⅝
Canadian Pacific	137⅞	137	137⅛
Chesapeake & Ohio	50½	50⅛	50⅛
Chicago & Alton	35¼	35¼	35¼
Chicago Great Western	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
Chic. Mil & St. Paul	177⅜	175¼	175¼
Chic. Rock Island & P.	49¼	47⅞	48
Rock Island preferred	81¼	81	81
Colorado Fuel & Iron	73	73	73⅛
Duluth, S. S. & A.	17¾	17¾	17¾
do pfd	26¼	26¼	26¼
Erie Common	38⅛	37⅝	37⅝
General Electric	198	196¼	196¼
Illinois Central	144	143	143
Louisville & Nashville	125	124⅛	124⅛
Manhattan Elevated	142	141	141
Metropolitan St. Ry.	136⅜	135¼	135⅞
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	77¼	77	77
do pfd	130	129	129
Missouri Pacific	112½	111¼	111½
New York Central	147½	146½	146½
Norfolk & Western	74	73½	73⅝
Pennsylvania	148⅜	147⅛	147⅛
People's Gas of Chgo.	103⅜	103¼	103¼
Reading	62	61	61
Republic Steel & Iron	22¼	21⅝	21¾
Southern Pacific	63¼	62⅝	62⅝
Southern Railway	35⅛	34½	34½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	67⅛	66	66½
Union Pacific	99	98	98⅛
United States Leather	13⅜	13⅛	13¼
U. S. Steel	39	38⅝	38⅝
do pfd	88½	88	88
Wabash	31⅜	30⅞	30⅞
Western Union	89¼	89¼	89¼
Wisconsin Central	27⅝	27	27¼
do pfd	52¾	52⅜	52½

Northern Securities, 110½ bid; 110¾ asked.

The total sales were 463,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: I understand that a great deal of pressure is being brought on big men in Washington to get the Aldrich bill put through. It is part of their policy to keep the market quiet meanwhile for an active bull speculation now might defeat the passage of the measure. Six weeks ago money was easy, bank reserves increasing and financial outlook very favorable, yet bull campaign was suddenly suspended because insiders knew then of the coming demand for money in February. The bull campaign will be resumed when bank situation appears (to the public) very bad. We ought to know very soon about the fate of the bill. The bull market should not be much delayed.

* * *

New York to Coe Commission Co.: Wall street feels almost confident that J. P. Morgan & company have purchased control of the St. Louis and San Francisco railway for the Rock Island. There were rumors all day yesterday of competitive buying of stocks by the Morgan interests, but these purchases were not credited to the Rock Island. It was said earlier in the day that the Rock Island people were buying on their own account. In the last hour of the stock market a report spread on the exchange that Morgan & Co. had purchased control of the Frisco for the Rock Island Co. It was declared that control had been acquired through the purchase of a large amount of common stock.

* * *

Harriman to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is reported on the floor that the general market has been depressed by Keene brokers to affect Metropolitan stock unfavorably so that the large line of shorts which they have put out can be covered.

* * *

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The steel conversion plan is being figured out and according to the latest, rights on steel preferred will be worth about 4 2-3 per cent. The stocks are being steadily accumulated and should go higher.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 26.—Close: Money on call rather firm at 2¾@3 per cent; closing 2½@3 per cent; time money, firm; 60 and 90 days, 4½@¾ per cent; 6 months, 4¾@5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.40@4.87.50 for demand, and $4.84.20@4.84.25 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85@½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83½@4.84. Bar silver, 48⅛c. Mexican dollars, 38c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 26.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 7@12 points on a surprise from Liverpool cables reporting the English market at the hour of the New York opening about 4 points better than expected. There was a scramble to cover in the local market, and some additional buying by the clique. Public orders were scarce and business soon dropped off to local operations. Whenever pool support was withdrawn the market at once became easier. Weather conditions were unfavorable, heavy rains being reported over the western and central portions of the belt with the range from a trace to 2.60 inches. Commission houses appear to be holding off for developments.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 2 points higher. Mid ups 10.25; mid gulf 10.50. Sales 356 bales. Futures closed barely steady. Feb. 10.04; March 10.06; April 10.06; May 10.04; June, 9.86; July, 9.85; August, 9.53; September 8.88; October 8.58; November 8.52; December 8.48.

SEVEN TO ONE

Sometimes the weight goes up that way when taking Scott's Emulsion. Seven pounds of new, healthy flesh from a one pound bottle of Scott's Emulsion is on record.

Scott's Emulsion brings everything to its aid; good appetite, strong digestion, rich blood, new body strength, and above all the power to get all the good out of ordinary food.

For those who are in need of more flesh there is nothing better. Thin folks—try it!

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the 150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $221,603,667; gold, $106,461,103; silver, $19,614,564; U. S. notes, $5,275,244; treasury notes of 1890, $66,145; national bank notes, $16,807,562; total receipts this day, $2,172,028; total receipts this month, $39,010,307; total receipts this year, $373,640,094; total expenditures this day, $1,285,000; total expenditures this month, $35,530,000; total expenditures this year, $342,055,840; deposits in national banks, $150,118,533.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: There was profit taking in some of the coppers today, prompted, apparently, by the sagging tendency of the New York list. The metal market held its advance, however, London quotations making a further net gain. This made an excellent buying demand for copper stocks on the re-action and resulted in a partial recovery in prices. If copper runs off any tomorrow we think they will do to buy.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The Hallgartens who were supposed to be fiscal agents in New York back of United Copper company, have been large buyers of Amalgamated, and while last year active in United Copper at 25, appear to take no interest in it at present price of 30, notwithstanding advance in copper and Mr. Heinz's success in Montana politics. There is official declaration from every side that there are at present no negotiations for settlement of various controversies between Mr. Heinz and Amalgamated. Nevertheless, people at Butte and in New York say there must have been some agreement between some people by which attacks on both Judge Harney and the Amalgamated attorney, Shores, were dropped.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There was considerable Lake copper sold at 13¼c Wednesday. It is now bid with 13½ asked. Elect. is about ⅛ higher, with nothing obtainable under 13⅜. Casting sold yesterday at 13⅜ a pound delivered. Market is firm.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: It is understood that producers advanced Lake and Electrlytic ⅛c per pound. In some quarters they are asking 13½c for lake. The ability of those who are behind the market to continue each day advancing the London market in the face of what some think unfavorable Wall street conditions, surprises the trade, but a real person can probably be found in the present heavy consumption of metal that is going on here and abroad. Lake copper may be quoted 13⅜c; electrolytic, 13¼c; casting, 13.5.

SMALLEST BABY

In Indiana Weighs One Pound, Four Ounces.

Dublin, Ind., Feb. 26.—The smallest baby alive in Indiana is the child of Mr. and Mrs. John Mitchell, of Camden, Ohio. Mitchell and his wife, who was formerly Miss Clara Speed, of Dublin, recently came to Dublin to visit Mrs. Mitchell's parents. The child is now six weeks old, and measures exactly 10 1-2 inches from the top of its head to the tips of its tiny feet. It weighs but four ounces over a pound. The mother died, but the child is healthy and gives promise of living. Its delicate hands are not any larger than an ordinary man's thumb, and the midget could easily be placed in a sugar bowl.

PENSION COMMISSIONER

Drops Into Verse on Wages of Sin.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 26.—It is a habit of Eugene F. Ware, United States pension commissioner, to drop his philosophical meditations into verse and send them to some friend. One day this week a Topeka man received the following from him:

If the wages of sin are death,
I do not want to begin.
If I can't get living wages,
I will not work for sin.

Then, again, if I went to work
And the work I didn't like,
After I'd passed a pay day,
I would find it couldn't strike.

In a note inclousing the verses he says: "I have thought the whole thing over and my views are embodied in the few paragraphs herewith inclosed."

COLLIER TOWED IN.

New York, Feb. 26.—Marine advices received here from Bermuda say that the collier Alexander was towed in there today by the Dutch steamer Beta.

KRONSTADT CHIEF GUILTY.

New York, Feb. 26.—After more than three weeks' trial on charges of forgery, misappropriation of public money, sale of offices, acceptance of bribes, etc. Col. Shafroff, chief of the Kronstadt police, has been found guilty on the charge, says a dispatch from St. Petersburg, via London, to the Times. He has been sentenced to deprivation of rank and to serve two years in a military punishment company. His name is to be struck off the army roll.

DINED BY LANSDOWNE.

London, Feb. 26.—Lord Lansdowne, the foreign secretary, today gave a luncheon in honor of ex-Governor D. R. Francis, president of the St. Louis exposition, at Lansdowne house, Berkeley square, this city.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

TO KEEP RAILROADS FROM RAISING RATES

(Continued from page 1).

Such concerns can be organized in counties of more than 50,000, and the companies are to be examined periodically by the public examiner. They are not to earn more than 10 per cent on their investment and if the public examiner finds they have been making too much money, he can require them to reduce their interest and discount charges. They cannot loan more than $200 at a time to any one person, and they cannot charge more than 2 per cent a month. They must give bonds amounting to one-tenth of their capital stock, though the bonds cannot be less than $5000, and when they violate any of the provisions of this act their bonds are to be forfeited.

* * *

Mr. Morley introduced a bill that provides that where a divorce has been granted and the decree has stood for five years, the person securing divorce having lived all of the time in the state, the other party is forclosed from questioning the divorce and from seeking alimony.

Neither the calendar nor general orders were reached and the house adjourned to this afternoon.

* * *

The senate this morning passed the Wilson bill, repealing the corrupt practices act of 1895.

The Schain bill which provides that voters appearing at the primary election cannot sign the petitions of independent candidates, was also passed, and so was the Schain bill, allowing county auditors to abridge their financial statement for publication.

The Thorpe bill requiring congressional platforms to be formed at the state convention was on general orders, but it was referred to the committee on elections to be taken up with other primary election bills.

The Hardy anti-vacination bill was made a special order for Friday, March 6.

Senator Stevens discussed his state hail insurance bill from an unfavorable committee report and had it placed on general orders.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill compelling graduates of law schools to take the state examinations before admission to the bar the same as others.

Senator Somerville's bill introduced this morning is designed to help discharged and paroled prisoners. It provides that the board of control may appoint a state agent who shall be entrusted with the aid and supervision of such prisoners, and it shall be his special duty to find employment for them.

Senator Wood introduced a bill allowing deputy county auditors to take acknowledgment and certify them under the county auditor's seal.

Senator Stevens introduced a bill providing that all moneys collected by the state grain inspection department and all interest arising therefrom, shall be set apart and be known as a grain inspection fund.

Senator Everett introduced a bill allowing parties who fear they cannot get a fair trial from a district court judge to apply to the supreme court to have a judge from another district sent to try the case. The senate adjourned to tomorrow.

The senate passed a resolution introduced by Senator Schutz, calling on the board of regents of the state university for a financial statement for the fiscal year of 1902, including all receipts and expenditures and a detailed account of the salaries paid and for what purpose.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

CINCINNATI HAS WORST FIRE IN HISTORY OF CITY

(Continued from Page One.)

tem of school books are all stored in this building, which was well equipped with presses and electrical appliances in publication work.

Robert Clarke & Co. place their loss at $350,000, including $157,000 in plates of lawbooks and other works. Among the other losses are the following: Pike building, $475,000, insurance $180,000; Seasongood building, $15,000; Harrison building, $125,000; Fosdick building, $125,000; Duhme Bros., jewelers, $75,000; Wachter & Phillips, jewelers, $50,000; Miss Brothers, millinery, $8000; Joffee's grocery, $75,000; Strauss, wholesale cigar store, $75,000; Adams Express company, $5000; Empson's candy store, $3000; White's restaurant, $10,000; Martin's restaurant, $10,000; scenery Pike theater, $10,000; A. L. Rich & Co., hawkers and brokers, $000; Young Men's Mutual Life Insurance company, $5000; offices Pike Theater company, $7000; scenery and costumes Henrietta Crossman Co., $20,000; Cincinnati school of expression, $2000; Houseman & Co., electricians, $3000; Charles W. Baker, attorney, $5000; Wolf & Son, iron works, $10,000; Woodrow Stationery and Printing company, $10,000; Dennison Manufacturing company, $10,000. Howard Saxby lost everything and has no insurance. His loss on plates and stock is $20,000. Saxby's magazine for March had just been run off and must be reprinted. Among the other losers are: James Walsh & Co., distillers; American Linseed Oil company, B. & S. W. Railroad company, the Cincinnati and Suburban Telephone company, Hyatt Roller Bearing company, American Art Publishers, Globe Supply company, Magnolio Compound company; Charles B. Miller, boiler dealers; the Ben Franklin company, book binders; J. L. Booth & Co., brokers; A. E. Clarkson & Son, whisky brokers; Winter's Art Manufacturing company, the William S. Merrill Chemical company, M. D. Burke, circular addressing; Hosbrook & Ferris, circular addressing; Cincinnati Adjusting Insurance and Collecting company, Credit Men's Law and Adjustment company, and about seventy-five others, whose losses run from $500 to $5000.

Most of those in the Pike building were without insurance, as the rate has recently been put at what some of them considered too high. The insurance in no case is large, and the loss is much higher than usual, on account of the rate that had been fixed by the underwriters for the Pike building, and which affected all the square bounded by Fourth, Third, Vine and Walnut streets.

TO AMEND THE PENSION LAWS

So as to Include Volunteers In the Sioux War.

Washington, Feb. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Tawney today introduced a bill to amend the pension laws so as to extend the same to persons who volunteered or rendered service in any engagement with the Sioux Indians, or in the Sioux Indian war of 1862-63, and to their widows and minor children.

Representative Buckman, of Little Falls, arrived in Washington today and will remain till after the close of the session.

MONEY FROM ROGERS ESTATE.

New York, Feb. 26.—A check for $500,000 has been received by the trustees of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, as the first payment on the bequest made to the museum under the will of the late Jacob S. Rogers, the millionaire locomotive builder, of Paterson, N. J. Further payments are expected to follow in the regular course of the settlement of the estate, and it is said that the amount which the museum is likely to receive will aggregate at least $6,000,000.

A Solid Pullman Train

Double Drawing Room and Observation Library Sleeping Cars to St. Augustine, Tampa and Thomasville, Ga. Dining cars for all meals. This is the new

Chicago & Florida Limited

via the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad.

Leaving Chicago at 1:00 p. m. daily, you reach the Land of Easter the next afternoon — only thirty hours en route to a climate most delightful.

This train runs on a fast schedule via Nashville and Atlanta. Makes no local stops. It is as comfortable and luxurious as any modern traveler can desire.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.
Call on home ticket agent or address
W. H. RICHARDSON
Gen. Pass. Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., Chicago

$3000 for West Michigan street lot near Eleventh avenue. 50x140 feet, ¼ improved and earns $23 a month. This is cheap, lying between the two business centers. No Rock.

$300 to $600 for some good Endion Division lots, below Superior street.

$5000 for a brick building in Virginia, Minn., rented for three years to a solid party at $900 a year. A fine investment in a growing young city.

$40000 for a desirable Superior street property, earning net 7 per cent.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

4½% MONEY 5% To Loan
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

AN OPPORTUNITY

of a life time. How often do you hear people say, "I could have bought this or that at such and such a price," naming a few dollars, for properties now immensely valuable. Some man did do it, and today is counting his wealth by tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands.

$30 cash and $5 a month, without interest, for fifty-four months, will buy five acres of land near Woodland. There is no better land for market garden purposes in St. Louis county, is comparatively level and free from rock and has a nice spring brook running through it. Can be cleared and made ready for cultivation at a very small expense.

We give you immediate possession of the land with permission to go on and improve and use it. You can raise enough on one acre, in one season, to pay for the whole five acres.

We can sell you a ten acre tract for $60 cash, and $10 a month on the same terms.

Here is a rare opportunity for a small and safe investment. An opportunity to save and invest a few dollars every month which in a short time, will provide you with a home, where you can live in ease and comfort. Let us show you this land.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 26, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Mina Thoreson, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Mina Thoreson, deceased, late of the county of Otter Tail, state of Minnesota, being granted to Lawrence A. Gunderson,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased, are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the first day of June, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Probate office in the Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 26th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 26, March 5-12, 1903.

Notice to Taxpayers

Saturday, February 28th,

will be the last day that personal taxes can be paid without penalty, and to accommodate the public, the county treasurer's office will be open from 8 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m.

The law requires that a penalty of 10 per cent be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on March 1st. This is mandatory and admits of no discretion on the part of the county treasurer.

L. H. WHIPPLE,
Treasurer St. Louis County.

SECTION IS ADDED

W. F. King and Associates Increase Highland Range Holdings.

Expect to Have Diamond Drill In Operation May 1.

More and more activity in the transfer of lands on the Highland range is coming to light nearly every day. It is learned that W. F. King and his associates have recently added 640 acres more to their holdings on the prospective new iron range. The men interested in these lands are said to be contemplating the early formation of a company to explore the lands held by them in a thorough manner. They now own over 1000 acres on the Highland range and claim to have found some excellent ore bearing formations on their properties, some of the finds assaying as high as 57 per cent. Iron

Prices now paid for Highland property are quite stiff and it is understood that Mr. King and his associates paid a good round sum for the recent purchase of 640 acres as there were several other parties after the same property.

It is expected that the purchasers will have a diamond drill at work on the property by April 1.

Interest in the progress of exploration work on the Highland range continues unabated and local parties who have already invested money in lands and in leases as well as those who are on the point of doing so, are watching developments closely and seeking for every bit of information they can gain of the state of affairs on the Highland range.

JUST IN TIME!

Some Duluth People May Wait Until It's Too Late.

Don't wait until too late.
Be sure and be in time.
Just in time with kidney ills.
Means curing the back
Before backache becomes chronic;
Before serious urinary troubles set in.
Doan's Kidney Pills will do this.
Here is Duluth testimony to prove it.

Mrs. G. H. Albright, of 2822 Second street west, says: "My young son, about 6 years old, had a severe attack of scarlet fever and from that time he suffered continually from a weakness of the kidneys and the auxiliary organs. He tired easily and often complained of his back hurting him and of headaches, and at night he was very restless. Instead of getting better as he grew older, he kept getting worse. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I determined to get some and went to W. A. Abbett's drug store at 201 West Superior street and procured a box. After a few days I noticed that he was getting better and continued the treatment until all the symptoms of the trouble left him."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

What His Wife Says.

"My wife says: 'Nothing will do but Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,'" says H. W. Dockham, publisher of the Gazette, Lindsay, Cal. There is many another good wife of the same opinion. The quick relief which this remedy affords in cases of coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant and safe to take makes it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land. J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

W. B. Vandervort, of Hibbing, was in Duluth yesterday seeking the bounty on a male wolf which he killed with poison a few days ago. He neglected to get a certificate showing that he killed the animal, from the nearest town clerk, and the county auditor could not authorize the payment of the bounty.

Second citizenship papers were taken out yesterday in district court by T. S. Stabenfeldt and Peter J. Johnson. First papers were issued to Andrew Nordman.

The Union Portage Entry Stone company has filed with the register of deeds amended articles of incorporation, changing its name to the Lake Superior Quarries company.

Sapho, Metropolitan, tonight.

The Cosmopolitan company has filed articles of incorporation with the register of deeds. The incorporators are Bert Fesler, Claude M. Bunn and H. G. Gearhart. The new company purposes to do a general real estate business, its capital stock being $50,000. The life of the concern is to be 30 years from February 16.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville this evening.

The date set by the custom house officials for the sale of the confiscated sealskin acket is Friday, March 6.

A class of thirty-five normal school pupils visited the weather bureau yesterday afternoon and H. W. Richardson, local forecast official, gave them an interesting lecture on weather bureau methods.

PURELY PERSONAL

The following were the guests of the Commercial club today: P. E. Hanlon, Minneapolis; C. F. Hausch, Barloso, N. D.; C. C. Chaffee, Carrington, N. D.; E. J. Boyle, Rush City, Minn.; Harry Nelson, Minneapolis; Robert L. Bouen, Minneapolis; H. M. Williams, Spokane; E. D. Parmelee, J. O. Shadbolt, Virginia; W. B. Hogan, E. A. Gillis, Kerrick, Minn.; Andrew Green, Spokane; Joseph Ryan, Chicago; W. D. Lowry, Minneapolis; A. L. Mueler, Quinnesec, Mich.; R. S. Danforth, Minneapolis; W. E. Nitterauer, Menominee; B. R. Lewis, Minneapolis.

Miss Grace Hayward, leading lady of the Ferris Stock company at Minneapolis, arrived this morning to play in "Sapho" tonight at the Metropolitan.

President W. F. Fitch, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, is in the city.

W. C. Agnew, manager of the Mahoning mine, has returned from the East.

T. F. Cole and family left yesterday for Chicago in Mr. Cole's private car, Soudan. Mrs. Cole and the family will take an extensive trip through the South, while Mr. Cole will return at once to Duluth.

Willard Parker, secretary and general manager of the Port Huron Steel and Screw company, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McLaren, of Wrenshall, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hanson have returned to their home.

G. G. Barnum left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Minneapolis.

D. H. Moon left for St. Paul this afternoon over the Northern Pacific.

J. T. Davis, Alfred Le Richeux and L. G. Fisher left today over the Omaha for Galveston.

Rev. L. I. Belden and Mrs. Belden left today for Cincinnati, where Mr. Belden will take charge of one of the city churches.

TO HONOR HEWITT.

New York, Feb. 26.—The ambition of many wealthy friends of Abram S. Hewitt to honor his memory has taken shape, as was disclosed by Mayor Low today, when he announced that J. Pierpont Morgan has subscribed $25,000, William E. Dodge $25,000 and Andrew Carnegie $50,000 to a fund of $500,000 to be known as the "Abram S. Hewitt endowment fund of the Cooper Union."

"RED HILE" NABBED.

Indianapolis, Feb. 26.—John Hile, said to be known to the police authorities all over the country, and Canada as "Red Hile," a hotel thief and confidence man, was arrested at the Stubbins hotel today. At headquarters Hile gave his name as John W. Henderson.

THE POSTMASTER

Shook Off Coffee and Got Well.

It's so easy to shake off coffee and coffee diseases when well-made Postum Cereal Food Coffee is served in its place that it doesn't take long to tell the tale.

The postmaster of a flourishing town in Dinwiddie county, Va., writes: "Up to a short time ago coffee had me a great sufferer from constipation, nervousness and indigestion. About the middle of last July I quit coffee and began using Postum, and ever since I have been improving. My troubles have now quite disappeared.

'I attribute my recovery to Postum and have induced several of my friends to try it. You are at liberty to use this." Name given by Postum Cereal company, limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

There is a reason. Coffee is a definite poison to many persons and disease sets in if the use of even one cup a day is continued.

When the poison is withdrawn and a pure food beverage like Postum Food Coffee used, a return to health is natural and prompt if the disease is not too advanced, and many, very many old chronic diseases disappear when the coffee is abandoned and Postum used in its stead. Many of these old diseases are hidden nervous disorders; that is, coffee keeps the nerves poisoned and that condition creates and holds disease in some organ of the body. Take away the cause and give a true, natural nerve rebuilder like Postum, and the change is often miraculous.

CALENDAR FOR MARCH TERM

Seventy-Five Cases the Total, Smaller Than Last Term.

The district court calendar for the March term will be placed in the hands of the printers today. The calendar is a short one so far as civil cases are concerned, there being a total of only 75, whereas there were 83 civil cases last term, and that was considered rather a short one.

There is a total of 46 court cases, of which 27 are new cases and the balance have been continued over from the last term. There are 29 jury cases, of which 19 are new and 10 continued over from the previous term. There is a total of 17 divorce cases to be tried by the court at the opening of the March term. Thirteen of these are new cases and four are continued cases.

Eleven personal injury actions are scheduled for trial this next term, seven new cases and four continued.

The term will convene March 4, at which time the grand and petit jurymen have been summoned to appear.

Up to this noon all the jurors but one had been summoned, and service of summons in the last case will be made by Deputy Sheriff Bates in the town of Alborn today.

There have been twenty-two persons committed to the county jail since the beginning of the last term of court, bound over to await the action of the grand jury for the March term. These, together with the information against them, are as follows:

John Brooks, wife desertion; Charles Allen, forgery; J. D. Adams, assault; John Lavoy, wife desertion; Gus Carlson, grand larceny; Charles Schmiger, highway robbery; Frank Lavendusky, highway robbery; C. A. Rosell, violating the game laws; Nicholas Forrestal, forgery; Erick Billings, grand larceny; Frank Mehlee, bastardy; Theodore Wilson, larceny; Charles Terry, larceny; Harry Brothers, larceny; Andy McNab, selling liquor without license; Emil Homer, larceny; Mike Mouran, assault; M. D. Castell, horse stealing; Edward Blair, forgery; Lawrence Walsh, forgery; George Blair, forgery; James Kane, attempt to defraud; R. Hannon, manslaughter.

ALEX. KENNEDY THE WINNER

That Is Believed to Be Outcome of Board Struggle.

In spite of the fact that a decision as to the appointment to the vacant place on the board of public works was reached the latter part of last week by the mayor, applications for the position continue to come in.

It is known that the question is settled, but the mayor will not make known the name of the new member of the board until March 10, the day on which the appointment is to be made.

Twenty-seven applications were made in all, and as a result there is considerable speculation in city political circles as to the lucky applicant.

Alex Kennedy is picked by many of those interested in the decision as the lucky applicant. He is a millwright and a carpenter, and for three years has been a member of the street commission from the West End.

He has had a great deal of experience in the sort of work which is required of a member of the board of public works, and his record as a street commissioner is excellent. Besides, he has almost the unanimous indorsement of the West End people of all nationalities.

Several other strong candidates made application for the position. Among them were retiring Alderman Swenson of the Eighth ward; J. W. Richardson, of the Third; J. R. Bush, of Lakeside, and James Dingwall, of the Fourth ward.

Sapho.
Metropolitan. Tonight.

$13.50 TAKES YOUR CHOICE

Of Any Suit Or Overcoat In the House at the Big Duluth —Sale Commences Friday, Feb. 27, and Will Last for One Week Only.

This great sale will include the entire lines of L. Adler Bros. & Co.'s finest tailor made suits and overcoats that have been selling and are actually worth today $20, $22, $25, $28 and $30. It's not a question of profits with the Big Duluth. It's how quickly they can sell the balance of their winter stock and make room for spring goods. First customers will get best selection.

NEWS OF THE STORES

As Shown By the Bargain Advertisements In Tonight's Herald.

Gray-Tallant Company—Friday bargains in various interesting items.

Freimuth—Bargains in basement and other departments.

French & Bassett—Ten to 50 per cent discount sale throughout entire stock.

Big Duluth—Big discount sale on suits and overcoats.

M. S. Burrows—Half price sale on suits, overcoats and ulsters, boys' clothing and men's underwear. Special sale on new spring hats.

G. C. Steele Co.—Colored tag sale—big discounts in all departments.

Bayha & Co.—Continuation of the great fire and discount sale.

"seasonable reasonable"
force

NO CERTAINTY OF LEGALITY

Mayor Hugo has returned from St. Paul where he went to be present at the discussion of the bill for reimbursing municipalities by the state for the amounts which they spend in improving railroad property situated in the city limits.

The introduction of a bill into the senate by Senator Fryberger of Minneapolis proposing a constitutional amendment increasing the gross earnings tax from three to four per cent. and giving the various cities the right to levy assessments for improvements against railroads gave a different turn to the matter, however, and its consideration was postponed for two weeks.

There is some doubt as to the constitutionality of the Fryberger bill. It has been referred to the attorney-general for examination and its consideration will be taken up immediately after he has reported on it.

"The Duluth contingent is working hard for the passage of the amendment," said Mr. Hugo this morning, "and they are supported by the delegations from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

"If the Fryberger bill is a good straightforward bill, which will not involve the constitutionality of the measure, those working for the new tax bill will gladly support it, but there is a doubt in the minds of many of the legislators and others interested in the bill on that point.

"Any decision which the attorney general can give on the point before its passage will be rather unsatisfactory as he, of course, has no authority to decide such a question, the supreme court being the only authority.

"All of the larger cities are anxious for the passage of the bill but the country members outnumber them and there will probably be a fight before the bill is passed."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. W. Petterson and Jennie Hanson.

BIRTHS.

DODGE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dodge, of 732 East Superior street.

SWENSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swenson at St. Luke's hospital.

DICKIE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Dickie, of Sixty-second avenue east.

WARD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Ward, of 4711 Pitt street.

GONTHIER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gonthier, of 218 Vernon street.

MULVIHILL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Mulvihill, of 15 Fifteenth avenue east.

CAVANAUGH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Will Cavanaugh at St. Luke's hospital.

SHEA—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Shea at 2711 West Third street.

KROENKE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Kroenke of Arnold street.

FREDSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Fredson, 332 Twenty-first avenue West.

NYQUIST—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Nyquist of 321 Restonell street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Johnson of 2424 West Sixth street.

BOO—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Boo, of 3609 Coates street.

DEATHS.

McGOLRICK—Rev. Father Henry McGolrick, brother of Bishop McGolrick, died at St. Mary's hospital at 2:30 this morning. He was 40 years old and had been in bad health for some time. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock Saturday morning from the cathedral.

HAZEN—Mrs. Ann Hazen, aged 85, died at her home, 304 Nevada avenue yesterday afternoon, of Bright's disease. She was a widow. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—FOUR DRAUGHT horses, one team suitable for hack or buss; also harness. Call Stewart's Livery barn.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; modern. 521 West First street.

PRESIDENT OF BOWLERS.

Indianapolis, Feb. 26.—J. J. Rowe, of Lakewood, Ohio, was elected president of the bowlers league.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

A New, Effectual and Convenient Cure For Catarrh.

Of catarrh remedies there is no end, but of catarrh cures there has always been a great scarcity. There are many remedies to relieve, but very few that really cure.

The old practice of snuffing salt water through the nose would often relieve, and the washes, douches, powders and enhalers in common use are very little, if any, better than the old-fashioned salt water douche.

The use of inhalers and the application of salves, washes and powders to the nose and throat to cure catarrh is no more reasonable than to rub the back to cure kidney disease. Catarrh is just as much a blood disease as kidney trouble or rheumatism, and it can not be cured by local treatment any more than they can be.

To cure catarrh, whether in the head, throat or stomach, an internal antiseptic treatment is necessary to drive the catarrhal poison out of the blood and system, and the new catarrh cure is designed on this plan, and the remarkable success of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is because, being used internally, it drives out catarrhal infection through action upon the stomach, liver and bowels.

William Zimmerman, of St. Joseph, relates an experience with catarrh which is of value to millions of catarrh sufferers everywhere. He says: "I neglected a slight nasal catarrh until it gradually extended to my throat and bronchial tubes, and finally even my stomach and liver became affected, but as I was able to keep up and do a day's work I let it run along until my hearing began to fail me, and then I realized that I must get rid of catarrh or lose my position, as I was a clerk, and my hearing was absolutely necessary.

"Some of my friends recommended an inhaler, another a catarrh salve, but they were no good in my case, nor was anything else until I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and bought a package at my drug store. They benefited me from the start, and in less than four months I was completely cured of catarrh, although I had suffered nearly all my life from it.

"They are pleasant to take and so much more convenient to use than other catarrh remedies that I feel I cannot say enough in favor of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets."

Advertisements in The Herald are read by all Duluth.

YES, A CHANCE BUSY DAY MAY COME WITHOUT ADVERTISING, BUT PERMANENT PROSPERITY Comes as the RESULT of Persistent Pu[illegible]icity

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Two Splendid Locations for Flats!

One on West Third street, 3 blocks from postoffice. The other on Fifth street and Tenth avenue East. Must be sold at once and are genuine SNAPS.

We have exclusive sale of a large list of LOTS in all parts of Duluth and ACRES in St. Louis county.

SOME REAL BARGAINS.

Wm.C.Sargent & Co
303 Lonsdale Building.

WE HANDLE STOCK!

Calumet and Arizona, 50 shares.
Marquette and Arizona, tresury stock.
Alaska Central Railway, 100 shares.
Crooked River, 200 shares.
Other stocks for sale, away down.

The William Kaiser Company,
106 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

SPECIAL!

$2,600 will buy a good house in best location in the East End; has seven rooms, electric lights, bath, fire place, hardwood floor in kitchen, and is in first-class condition throughout; the house alone cost more to build than we are asking for the property. Would be glad to show it to you.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

EAST END RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Nine rooms, hard wood floors in most of the rooms, hard wood finish, grates, heating plant unsurpassed, all modern conveniences. Beautiful shade trees, barn and either fifty or one hundred feet frontage in a desirable location. A delightful home. Price given on application. Terms reasonable.

OTHER ATTRACTIVE HOUSES FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

More Real Estate Bargains:

$1700 Eight large rooms, fine condition, for one family or two; stone foundation, good cellar; lot 75x90 feet. Only three blocks from court house.

$1000 New five-room house, city water, good barn; lot 40x125 feet. Near street car barn, West End.

$1500 Good six-room house, city water; all street improvements made; good barn. West End.

$1250 Nine rooms; city water; large lot. West End.

$500 Ten acres choice land; all improved; near city.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

Two 50-foot lots on Sixth street, level. For both.......... **$700**
7-room house. First class condition, one block off Central Ave., West Duluth. One-half its value..... **$1000**
7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West.......... **$2600**
25 feet on First street, between twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.
7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price.......... **$1200**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 15 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.
ECHO MINING CO.
DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
BOTH 'PHONES.

Bakers, Attention!

We will equip a store for a modern bakery in a new flat building about to be erected in a centrally located residence district.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

RICH Copper PROPERTY

Near the Calumet and Arizona mines, for sale cheap and on easy terms. See, write, phone or wire us at once.

The William Kaiser Company,
106 Palladio, Building, Duluth, Minn.

STORE FOR RENT
Good brick building,
No. 515 E. Fourth st.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

BEST time to get Insurance is now.
Kind of Insurance to get is--BEST.
We Furnish It.
Manley-McLennan Agency
Insurance and Bonds,
Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

Accident and Liability Department
Aetna Life Insurance Co.
Hartford, Conn.
53rd ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Assets..........$63,493,546 | Surplus..........$7,694,434

Wendell P. Mosher Co., General Agent. Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, Northern Michigan.
Manley-McLennan Agency, District Agents.
First Floor Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Lots and Acres
at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

4½ and 5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN. ON OR BEFORE.
We offer exceptional advantages to those desiring building loans.
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 LONSDALE BUILDING.

$1100 Buys full lot with small building, Jefferson street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues East.
Ten-room house on Pittsburgh avenue, near Second avenue West, on easy terms. Cheap acre property.
J. W. SHELLENBERGER,
507 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

J. D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

Free Homes

is not what I advertise, but will sell you a house and lot on Duluth Heights cheaper and upon easier terms than you can buy anywhere else in Duluth. I have yet about 15 buildings out of sixty to sell and must be closed out this spring. This is well worth to look up for any one wishing to get his own home. Also a good chance to speculate.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1500 Buys a 10-room house in first-class condition and lot 50x140 feet on Fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues West.

$900 Buys a good 6-room house, large new barn and fine lot, near 39th avenue West.

$800 Buys an 8-room house in fine condition and lot located within six blocks of First National Bank.

$600 Takes a six-room house in good condition and lot on Eighth street near Twenty-first avenue West.

$1000 takes four fine lots, 29th avenue West, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

$625 takes a fine lot on upper side of Fifth street, near Portland Square.

$400 takes a lot 50x140 feet on Sixth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues West.

ALFRED KJELLIN,
306 Burroms Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

BOOKKEEPER OF LARGE EXPERIENCE seeks position. Highest references. Moderate salary. Address, W. 63, Herald.

WANTED, BY LADY 35 YEARS OLD, position for coming season as stewardess on passenger boat. Address X 77, Evening Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, 24 YEARS OLD, AS an accountant, or for general office work. Excellent references P. O. box 164.

WANTED —PLACE BY COMPETENT girl to do housework. Address 16 Twenty-second avenue west.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING; SHIRT waist suit. Moderate prices and neat work. 218 East Second street.

TRUSTY LADY WOULD LIKE CARE of rooms, chamber work, or work of any kind, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. W. 89, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF work by the day. Address 621 West First street, upstairs.

A YOUNG LADY WITH EXPERIENCE desires a position as clerk in store. O. 66, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, AGE 18, WOULD LIKE position as timekeeper or clerk in a lumber camp; has experience; will work for a reasonable salary. O, 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man of excellent character as salesman, collector or any position of trust. W. Williams, 609 Third street west, city.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN Annuity company; something entirely new. Good commission. Chas. Boerner, general agent, 2 West First St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

$128 New, elegant, large sized, modern upright piano, mahogany, walnut or oak case. Duluth Music Co. Lake avenue and Superior street.

FOR SALE—A SNAP! HOME BAKERY on an improved plan, with an established trade, at a bargain. Bell 'phone, 970—3, or address, "Bakery", care Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE TWO-HORSE second-hand delivery wagon; good condition. 26 East First street.

GASOLINE ENGINES WITH— **3-BLADE REVERSIBLE PROPELLERS.** "beats them all." Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake Avenue South.

FOR SALE — ONE WRITING DESK, one office chair, one letter press; cheap, for cash. 633 Manhattan building.

WILL ASSIGN LEASE, 1427 EAST SUPERIOR street and sell furniture. David Waite, care Blake & Waite Co., South Fifth avenue West.

$138, $150, $160, $175 buys beautiful pianos that were once worth double. Easy payments. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—EIGHT SWARMS OF ITALIAN bees, good and strong, also 50-egg incubator, new. David Adams, 1922 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—EMPLOYMENT BUSINESS, office fixtures and good will of business fourteen years old. 225 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY BUSINESS; good location in the city. W. 88, Herald.

FOR SALE — MUST SELL ON ACcount of leaving town, new furniture at 40 cents on dollar. O 70, Herald.

FOR SALE—TOP WAGON, BRAND new, cheap. Call Sundby Tea Co., 1825 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL 100 SHARES Crooked River Mining & Milling Co.'s stock for $150. Address W 80, Herald.

$50 for good square grand piano. $3.00 down and $2.00 a month. Duluth Music Co.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—I WILL Sell all my household furniture, including, range and heating stoves, organ, sewing machine, rocking chairs, carpets, books, etc., at 218 Twelfth avenue east, from 1 to 6 p. m., Wednesday, 25th inst. Mrs. A. C. Barlow.

SPRING GOODS AND NEW FASHION plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

MAPS OF HIGHLAND IRON DISTRICT and Isle Royale, $1.00 each. C. G. Krelwitz, 321 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, H. Herrick.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for tenant on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

Angelus Piano Player $150—
Oak--Perfect condition. $20 cash and $8 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

Hands'meWain't Upright $145
Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

2600 KRANICH & BACH
Pianos have been used for concert purposes, a few little scratches on case, otherwise fit as a fiddle. Now only $365. Duluth Music Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1259 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158
Large size—$10 cash and $6 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48.
Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal Bank bldg; Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 544.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—POCKETBOOK, CONTAINING papers with owner's name on, return to Herald and receive reward.

LOST—SATURDAY EVENING, LADY'S pocketbook containing $12.00. Name of owner on cards inside. Finder return to Herald. Reward.

FOUND—SUM OF MONEY. OWNER can have same by calling at 220 North Fifty-first avenue West and paying charges.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GOOD GIRL to do family cooking. No washing. Wages $30 per month. 203 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 321 Tenth avenue E.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMpetent dress maker at once, state price per day, O 71, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Can go home nights. 2231 West Superior street, flat 1.

WANTED, AT ONCE — COMPETENT girl for general housework; family of two; good wages. 131 East Second St.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework, 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD SEAMSTRESS AND one apprentice. Room 4, over Big Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. Apply at 414 West Fourth street.

WANTED—AT 2016 EAST SECOND street, a young girl to help with housework.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework with recommendation. Enquire 407 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—NURSE MAID, WITH REFerences; wages, $12.00 a month. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, A GOOD EXperienced chamber maid. No other need apply. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM, AND KITchen girl, who understands plain cooking. 394 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl. Apply 1431 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Small family. 1422½ East First street.

WANTED, AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework. Apply 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 721 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 23 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 125 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK, 432 West Second street.

WANTED—ENGLISH-SPEAKING KITchen girl, also new comer. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—A BRIGHT FINISH GIRL that speaks good English and has experience as saleslady in dry goods. J. I. Mandel, Biwabik, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL THAT CAN MAKE a good pie. A good position and good wages to the girl that can. Apply to Chas. H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED— COMPETENT SALESMEN for men's furnishing and boys' clothing departments. Apply at once; permanent jobs and good salaries to right ones. Superintendent. Panton & White.

WANTED—A TRACK FOREMAN FOR a new railroad; big wages. 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

TAILOR WANTED AT 501 WEST SUPerior street, up stairs.

WANTED—A GOOD SOLICITOR. CALL 116 West Superior street, between 11 and 12 a. m.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas. Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College. Minneapolis, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 218; old, 705-5.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND HAND Regina music box. Good repair, cheap. Address, C, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY OR RENT—ONE TO five acres, suitable for garden, within a mile of a car line. Address O 72, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—PAIR OF HORSES, harness and sleigh, complete, to work at the mines. Call at 403 Palladio bldg.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

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FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 705 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room; central; private family; modern. Apply 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER and sewer. 19 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS AND large alcove on Nineteenth avenue east and Jefferson street; heated, city water, sewer, $13 per month. E. J. McLaughlan, Room F, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 7 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms with water suitable for housekeeping. Particulars at 501 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, $2.00 up. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS, AT 220 Fifth avenue West.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board, 202 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 305 East Third street. Modern.

BOARD AND ROOM. 211 WES SECond street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

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RETURNED! RETURNED!
PROF. LE ROY, CLAIRVOYANT AND Psychic Palmist, tells the object of your call and full name without asking a question. Gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic affairs, and in fact all affairs of life. Parlors 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours 9 to 9 daily and Sunday.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A SPIRitualist meeting Sunday evening, March 1st, at the Agen hall, corner of Sixth and Tower, West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

WANTED - TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—ROOM FOR lady, on Second street between First and Fourth avenue West. "Boarder," Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT — COTTAGE ON Park Point. Address W. G. H., 309 Board of Trade.

WANTED TO RENT—COTTAGE ON Minnesota Point, near pavilion, for summer. Address 25 West Fourth street.

WANTED TO RENT—TEN OR TWENTY acre improved farm near city. O 67 Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DEsirable house in East End. G. A French, French & Bassett.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE --also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

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SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

No advertisements less tha[n 15 cents.]

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

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FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURing, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters. 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

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HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

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REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

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GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

T. H. HOWARD, CHARTERED ACcountant. 311 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting March 9, 1903. Work Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 11, 1903. Work Royal Arch degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the 3rd rank, Tuesday, March 3rd. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp. No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903. TWO CENTS.

LIVES LOST IN LOWELL FIRE

Burbank Block Destroyed at an Early Hour.

A Woman Correspondent One of the Victims.

Lowell, Mass., Feb. 27.—One person and possible others lost their lives in a fire which broke out in the Burbank block here early today. The building was used for business, lodging house and social purposes, the street floor containing stores, the second, third and fourth floors lodging rooms and the top floor a dance hall. There were seventy-five lodgers in the house when the fire broke out. Reports that lives had been lost were circulated and contradicted, but when a search of the ruins was made the body of Mrs. Sarah F. Kittredge, correspondent of the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, and other periodicals was found. Later it was reported that four other persons were missing and search of the ruins was continued. There were a number of narrow escapes and several persons sustained burns and other injuries.

The total financial damage is estimated at $125,000, partly insured. The fire threatened the Belvidere hotel, which adjoins the Burbank block, but a heavy fire wall proved an effective barrier.

The scenes which attended the fire were of a most exciting character. The flames were discovered about 3 o'clock. It was known that about seventy-five persons occupied lodgings in the block, and were asleep in their rooms on the second, third and fourth stories, and adjoining the building was the Hotel Belvidere, with a large number of guests. Although the most vigorous efforts were used to arouse the inmates of the Burbank building, only those on the lower floor got out by the doors and stairways. The others were forced to the windows, out of which they leaned and shrieked for help until they were rescued by the firemen. It is feared, however, that a number of occupants of the rear rooms have perished.

RUMORS OF HOSTILITIES IN MACEDONIA NOT CONFIRMED

It Is Probable That They Are Premature, But From Present Indications There Will Be an Uprising In the Near Future.

New York, Feb. 7.—Rumors of hostilities in Macedonia, if not premature, are not confirmed with adequate authority says the Tribune's London correspondent. The efforts of the powers to restrain both Servia and Bulgaria are increased rather than relaxed. Since the Sultan's unconditional acceptance of the phoposals for reform Russian pressure has been steadily applied to Bulgaria and the government at Sofia has been warned that nothing must be done to encourage a Macedonian uprising. It is reported that Austrian officers are already employed in secret service in the Servian and Bulgarian frontiers and are watching the situation closely. Many correspondents have been passed through Vienna and Belgrade to Nisch and Sofia, which are the chief centers of news. The district between Nisch and Salonica is in a state of suppressed excitement, but the correspondents are allowed to ride through it to watch the first preparations for carrying out the proposed reforms. Otimism prevails in official circles in Vienna and St. Petersburg, but thee nergy with which the Balkan states are kept under rigorous restraint implies apprehension of a coming storm. There are no signs that the reforms have excited enthusiasm either in Macedonia or Bulgaria.

Public opinion in Bulgaria unanimously condemns the proposed reforms for Macedonia as entirely inadequate. The Macedonians themselves declare they will not accept the reforms which, even if much more extensive, would require European control to insure their being carried out. The extremist newspapers denounce the project as international cynicism, and maintain that a Macedonian uprising is now all the more certain. They declare that the Macedonans should break with Austria and Russia and seek the support of other powers.

CZAR OF RUSSIA COMES TO RELIEF OF STARVING FINNS

Extensive Works Are to Be Started at Once Which Will Give Extended Work to Able Bodied Men---Loans to Be Provided For Farmers.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.—The czar has personally intervened in behalf of the famine-stricken Finns, and has ordered that extensive relief works be started without delay. Besides the immediate construction of the Idemansi-Kayana railroad, which will cost $700,000, he has sanctioned the expenditure of $300,000 on the Uleaborg-Tornea line voted by the senate but hitherto unapproved, the raising of a $2,000,000 loan for other railroad construction, the establishment of a bank with a capital of $800,000, which sum is to be used in making loans to peasant farmers, and has approved an appropriation of $140,000 for public works, principally the drainage of swamps. The Finns attribute the czar's action to the steps taken in America to relieve the distress existing in the grand duchy of Finland and to Ambassador McCormick's inquiries on the subject. It is believed that the proposed relief works will employ the majority of the able-bodied men, and that consequently the voluntary committee's responsibilities will be lightened and the necessities of the people will be satisfied without outside aid, which the Finns gratefully accepted, although they have never solicited it. Louis Klopsch, of New York, says he will begin a tour of the famine district shortly. He adds that he has already forwarded $30,000 of the American contributions to the relief committees, and that he will deliver an additional $20,000 at Helsingfors immediately. Mr. Klopsch also says the American fund totals $80,000 and that he expects $20,000 more. Professor Abram V. Jackson of Columbia college, New York, has arrived here.

PRIVATE BANK ROBBED OF $5000

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 27.—Two robbers blew open the safe of Hubbard's private bank at Cedar Rapids during the night and secured between $4000 and $5000. They obtained admittance to the bank by means of keys, and then opened the safe with two charges of dynamite. They stole a team from a livery stable and drove towards this city. This morning the sheriff found the team loose in the streets here. The robbers have not yet been captured.

POLICE GET "LONE HIGHWAYMAN"

Denver, Colo., Feb. 27.—The police have arrested Garfield Snyder, aged 23 years, on suspicion of having operated as the "lone highwayman" who has held up and robbed a number of saloons in this city recently. During one of these hold-ups on Tuesday night last, Officer John Ritchie, who attempted to capture the much-feared robber, was shot and dangerously wounded by him. He has been arrested before, it is said, and charged with theft and it is also claimed that he has served time in the state reformatory. The proprietor of the saloon that was held up on Tuesday and a friend of Ritchie's, who was with him at the time, have both identified him as the robber. It is also said that property taken from the saloon was found in a trunk in Snyder's room.

TRIED TO MURDER WIFE WHILE HE WAS ASLEEP

Knapp Was Awakened Several Times With Fingers Around Her Throat.

Startling Revelations Concerning Self-Confessed Multi-Murderer.

Hamilton, Ohio, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Sadie Wenzel, who came here last night to see her brother, Alfred Knapp, the self-confessed multi-murderer, had a long talk with the prisoner in the presence of Sheriff Bisdorf. His sister had previously written him about marrying his fourth wife, Anna May Gamble, at Indianapolis, about a month after the disappearance of Hannah Goddard Knapp, his third wife, and in referring to the wife at Indianapolis, Mrs. Wenzel said:

"Ally, do you love this woman who is now your wife?"

"Oh, I guess I love her about as much as I am capable of loving any woman."

"What do you mean by that?"

"I mean that I do not know what love means."

At this juncture Sheriff Bisdorf, who had remained silent, said:

"Ally, you should never have married that woman so soon after the death of Hannah. It would have been far better for you if you had never met her."

Knapp hung his head and made no reply. Then the conversation with his sister was resumed.

"Ally, it has been said that I have Hannah's earrings and ring, and I want you, in the presence of the sheriff, to exonerate me on that score."

"Hannah's ring will be found on her finger."

"How about the earrings?"

"If she had earrings they will be found in her ears."

"Ally, have you been well since your arrest?"

"No, I have not had a well moment. I suffer all the time with a pain in my head. It is there now and I hardly know what I am doing."

The rest of the converastion pertained to their aged parents, who keep a candy store in Cincinnati and the distress in are family.

"Had you not been arrested, would you have killed the wife whom you now have in Indianapolis?" was asked of Knapp.

"That is hard to tell," was the remarkable answer.

The question did not disconcert Knapp, but seemed to arouse in him a speculative sense that caused him to go into an explanation of his answer.

"I know that she woke up several times since we were married, and found my hands on her neck when I was asleep, too. She would wake when I grabbed her and wake me and ask what I meant by taking hold of her neck that way, and I could not tell her why, because I was asleep and did not know I had done it. Just last week she woke up just in time or she might never have awoke at all. I grabbed her tightly and choked her. I can't see what makes me do that."

Indianapolis, Feb. 27.—The first evidence that Albert Knapp killed his first wife as well as his second and third, is contained in a statement made by Charles Jones, who was a prisoner in the Marion county jail and the Michigan City penitentiary with Knapp, and was induced by A. A. Womack, then sheriff of Marion county, to try to get a confession from Knapp. Womack has a typewritten statement made by Charles Jones. The only reference in the statement to Knapp's first wife is this:

"Knapp told me he killed his first wife to get his second and his second to get his third."

Knapp's first wife was Emma Stubbs, of Terre Haute. He married her in the eighties and she has since disappeared.

Jones says in the statement that Knapp told him he had killed the "Gebhardt girl in West Indianapolis, in July, 1895. Jones said Knapp told him about the killing of his second wife. He took her to the Liberty street bridge in Cincinnati and threw her off the bridge into the canal, after choking her. Then he said he went down to where she was. She was not dead and he finished her by choking her. After he had killed her, he went back to town and reported that his wife was missing. The police authorities did not find her until the next day.

Knapp told Jones the reason he killed his first wife was to get his second and that he killed his second to get his third. Another reason for killing his second wife was that she had accused him of killing Mary Eckert. He told Jones he killed Mary Eckert to get 75 cents and that his wife accused him of it. He said he killed Mary Eckert and assaulted her. Knapp also told Jones of killing a girl in Cincinnati. He said he was lying on a stack of lumber where he lay down to take a nap. He threw a piece of timber on the girl's head. He thought some one had seen him and went down to examine the girl. She was not quite dead and he was afraid she would survive and expose him, so he finished her by hitting her with a plank. Then placing her in a stack of lumber he left her there.

Knapp told Jones that there were other crimes that could be charged to him that would break his neck three or four times.

CONSUL AFRAID OF SMALLPOX

Sawter Left Ecuador on Same Steamer He Arrived On.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Feb. 27.—United States Consul General Sawter and Mrs. Sawter, who arrived here Feb. 25 via Payta, Peru, have started on their return to the United States on the same steamer which brought them south. Mr. Sawter, it is alleged, became afraid of yellow fever when he saw the room at the consulate where Thomas Nast, the former consul general died Dec. 7, of the fever.

Strong winds have caused an overflowing of the Alausi river. Some damage has been done to the railroad line to Quito, but traffic will be resumed in a few days.

FIREMAN DROWNED.

Was Knocked From His Engine Into a Creek.

Indianapolis, Feb. 27.—Hess Tacmoa, fireman on a through freight on the Big Four, was knocked from his engine while crossing the Big Four bridge over Little Eagle creek today, fell into the water and was drowned. The engineer did not notice the disappearance of his fireman until his engine began to fail in steam. He backed to the creek, where the body was found.

IRON WORKERS STRIKE.

Workmen of American Bridge Company Go Out.

Pittsburg, Feb. 27.—The structural iron workers of the Pittsburg district which takes in all points within a radius of 135 miles of this city, struck today against an alleged violation of the agreement on the part of the American Bridge company. In Pittsburg 700 skilled and 1,000 unskilled men are out. The strike will tie up all structural iron work in the district.

PRESIDENT REACHES HOME.

Washington, Feb. 27.—President Roosevelt and his party arrived here in their special train from New York, over the Pennsylvania road, at 7:20 o'clock this morning. The trip was without incident worthy of note.

FURIOUS GALE AT QUEENSTOWN.

Queenstown, Feb. 27.—The severe weather which has prevailed off these coasts during the past few days culminated last night in a furious gale, which burst soon after the White Star liner Oceanic had sailed for New York. The Red Star liner Belgeland, Liverpool for Philadelphia, came into the harbor and will not proceed on her voyage until the storm abates.

GEN. GORDON BETTER.

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 27.—Gen. J. B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, who was taken violently ill on a Queen & Crescent train last night, enroute to this city, is reported to be very much better this morning. It is not though that his condition is at all serious.

OPPOSED TO SMOOT.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 27.—A resolution protesting against the seating of United States Senator-elect Smoot, of Utah, was offered in the house today by Representative Flynn but when Mr. McWhinney moved that it be referred to the federal relations committee, the resolution was withdrawn by Flynn, who said it would again be offered on Monday night when there was a full attendance.

COMMITTEE PRESENTS RULES TO EXPEDITE LEGISLATION

Republican Members Will Prevent the Minority In the House of Representatives From Blocking Legislation During Remainder of Session.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The house committee on rules met this morning before the house convened and ordered a favorable report on the two special rules prepared yesterday by which the minority power to obstruct legislation is to be reduced to a minimum. The orders are as follows:

Resolved, that immediately upon the adoption of this rule, and at any time thereafter during the remainder of this session, it shall be in order to take from the speaker's table any general appropriation bill, and such amendments having been read, the question shall be at once taken without debate or intervening motion on the following question:

Will the house disagree to said amendments en bloc and ask a conference with the senate?

And if this motion shall be decided in the affirmative, the speaker shall at once appoint the conferees without the intervention of any motion. If the house shall decide said motion in the negative, the effect of said vote shall be to agree to the said amendments.

The second rule, which is designed to continue the legislative day of yesterday until March 4, is as follows:

Resolved, that for the remainder of this session the motion to take a recess shall be a privilege motion and take precedence of the motion to adjourn.

CUT INTO PIECES BY FAST TRAIN

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 27.—Samuel Knott, vice president and leading stockholder in the Knott, Van Arnum Manufacturing company, of this city, was instantly killed by a fast express train on the Pennsylvania road while on his way to his office at the factory this morning. He stepped from one track to another to avoid a freight train and was struck by the express train, being literally cut to pieces. He was 38 years old, married and lately came here from Coldwater, Mich.

LIVELY TIMES IN CENTRAL AMERICA

San Francisco, Feb. 27.—The steamer San Juan, from Panama and Central American points, brings news regarding the war situation. Passengers from Salvador and Honduras tell of bands of fighting men hurrying in one direction, and another passenger from Guatemala, speaks of war preparations being rushed in every part of the republic. The governor of Guatemala has established a strict censorship of all mail. D. Mulholland, who comes from La Union, Salvador, says large numbers of Salvadoreans have been shipped in small boats to Amalpa to take service under the banner of Bonilla. R. A. Weiss, a Seattle mining engineer, says that in Nicaragua he saw a detachment of Nicaraguan soldiers at Leon, on their way to assist Sierra. The San Juan passed the American squadron on Feb. 18, off Lizard point. The cruiser New York signalled and asked to be reported all well.

THREE KILLED IN A POWDER MILL

Kansas City, Feb. 27.—A special to the Star from Cherokee, Kan., says: The press mill of the Laflin & Rand Powder company works at Turck, eight miles south of here, exploded early today killing three men and injuring fifteen others, two of them fatally. The dead:

SANFORD REED.
LEE PATTERSON.
BERT CARR.

Fatally injured: Lon Kyle, Jerome Cornell. The explosion is the fourth since the establishment of the plant in 1890.

AL WADE CONFESSES TO MURDER

Toledo, Feb. 27.—Al Wade today confessed to the murder two years ago of Kate Sullivan. The confession came at the close of one of the most sensational trials ever held in this city. Wade's attorney then wanted to offer a plea of guilty to second degree murder for his client, but this was refused by the state's attorney. The defense rested its case and it is to go to jury this afternoon. Desperate attempts were made by the brother of the murdered woman to assault the prisoner in the court room, but both failed. The prisoner fainted and the county physician is of the opinion that he is losing his mind as the result of the terrible ordeal through which he has gone in the past three days.

THE NEW GAME AND FISH BILL

Makes Important Changes In Present Law.

Declares It a Crime to Buy Game and Fish.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The new game and fish bill, which the commission has been working on for some time, was introduced in the senate this morning by Senator Morgan and referred to the committee on game and game laws. It makes some important changes in the present code of game laws. One of the most important is in regard to licenses. Heretofore non-resident hunters of big game from states having similar laws were required to pay a license of $25, while residents paid 25 cents for the same privilege. The new bill makes it $25 for all non-resident hunters of big game and $10 for non-resident hunters of small game, while residents must pay a license of 50 cents for any kind of hunting, and if they hunt without licenses they are liable not only to have their guns and dogs taken away from them, but to be subjected to penalties in the form of fines and imprisonment as well. The bill makes it a crime to buy game and fish, as well as to sell it, and none of the principal game birds and fishes can be sold. It limits the number of birds that any one person can have in his possession to 100, which will prevent anybody stocking up in a cold storage house an unlimited quantity of game. The Wisconsin system of shipping deer is adopted in the bill, and it is applied also to the shipping of birds. The hunting licenses have coupons attached, which can be used to ship a limited amount of game. Non-resident hunters are permitted to take home two deer each, while under the present law they can take none at all. There is also a change in the limit of fish that non-residents can take out of the state. Now they can take fifty fish, but under the new bill they can take only fifty pounds of fish. The only change in the seasons is on quail, which is made fifteen days later than it is now. The commission had inserted in the bill a provision shortening the trout season fifteen days, ending it Aug. 15, instead of Sept. 1, but the senate committee, which considered the bill before it was introduced, changed it back to the old dates, claiming that it cut out two weeks of the best fishing weather, when the woods were clear of flies and mosquitoes and the weather is good. At present the number of fish that a person may catch in one day is limited to fifty, but the bill cuts this down to twenty-five. That would make a very small catch of brook trout, and the bill will probably be changed so as to permit a larger catch of trout.

* * *

Senator McGill introduced a bill appropriating $1000 for compiling and publishing the report of the state commissioner to the New Orleans exposition in 1884-5.

Senator Hardy introduced a bill appropriating $5000 for the widow of Joseph Marozinski, who was shot and killed in 1900 by a deputy game warden or his assistant.

Schain, bill, providing that county auditors can abridge their financial statements for publication instead of giving them in detail came up for passage, but Hennepin county wanted to be excepted from the bill, and Senator Laybourn said St. Louis county did too, so the bill went over.

* * *

There was an hour of oratory in the senate committee of the whole on Senator Barker's bill increasing the length of school term required in order to get in on the state apportionment of school funds from five months to six months. The bill also increased the minimum attendance of each pupil from forty to fifty days. Some senators thought the bill was a blow at the poor people of the country who could not afford long terms of schools, and there were a number of soaring orations over the public school system, which was feelingly described as the palladium of the country's greatness, or something of that sort. An amendment putting the school term back to five months, but leaving the minimum attendance at sixty days, was adopted, and the bill was recommended to passage.

The board of control bill, which was to have been a special order for Tuesday afternoon, was put over to Thursday afternoon at 2:30.

The senate adjourned to Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

* * *

The house session was absolutely featureless. A number of unimportant bills were passed, including the Tighe bill relating to the property rights of married women. The bill limiting the hours of employment of locomotive engineers and firemen also passed. So did the bill creating a state board of surveyors and requiring all surveyors to take out licenses, to get which they must pass examinations and pay a fee.

The attempt to reconsider the Stone railroad rate bill failed. It got only eleven votes, and there were seventy-five against it. The motion to reconsider was made by a friend of the bill, and it was done to clinch the action of the house and prevent the matter being brought up again by the enemies of the bill.

Mr. Deegan introduced a bill providing that the board of control must let all contracts by open public competitions.

Mr. Yoerg introduced a bill permitting any interurban street railway line to use the tracks of any street railway

(Continued on page 14.)

WOMEN PLACED ON AN EQUALITY WITH MEN ON PROPERTY RIGHTS

According to a Bill Recommended For Passage By the House In Committee of the Whole---Bill Increasing Duluth Judges' Salaries Passed.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house yesterday afternoon, in committee of the whole, recommended for passage a bill that will result in placing married women on an equality with married men in regard to their property interests. It was introduced by Mr. Tighe, of St. Paul, and it provides that a married woman has all of the property rights of an unmarried woman, though, of course, she cannot transfer her property withhout her husband's signature, and thus sell her husband's inchoate interest in that property. But then neither can a husband dispose of his wife's dower interest in his property, so they are on an equal plane. Now a man can convey all but his wife's dower right without her signature, while a woman owning property cannot deed any of it without her husband's signature. The bill is not strictly a woman's rights measure, but it is quite a step in advance for married women who own property in their own names.

The house also took favorable action on the bill regulating hours of work of locomotive engineers and firemen, recommending it for passage in committee of the whole. The bill limits the hours to fourteen, and gives the men eight hours lay-over between shifts, and punishes railroad officers who force their men to work longer than that, except in cases of accident or disaster. The argument was made in behalf of the bill that an engineer who had worked more than fourteen hours was not fit for duty, and that it was a menace to the traveling public to have to ride behind an engine in his charge.

* * *

The house yesterday afternoon passed every bill on the calendar, ten in number, including the bill increasing the salaries of the Duluth judges of the district court from $3500 to $5000 a year. There was only a light attendance, and the bill, like some others passed yester-

(Continued on Page 5.)

ALLEGED HOUGHTON DEFAULTER ARRESTED BY CHICAGO POLICE

Fred Peterson, Who While Agent For the United States Express Company, Is Said to Have Embezzled $1500, Will Be Brought Back For Trial.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Peterson, the alleged defaulter in the sum of $1500, was arrested by the police in Chicago yesterday. Ten days ago Peterson disappeared. The alleged shortage was discovered by Abram, the Hancock agent of the United States Express company, who checked over the missing clerk's books. Peterson went to Menasha, Wis., where all trace of him was lost. He was a trusted employe of the company for a long time. His friends believe him innocent. He will be brought to Hancock for trial.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE W.
M. S. BURROWS.

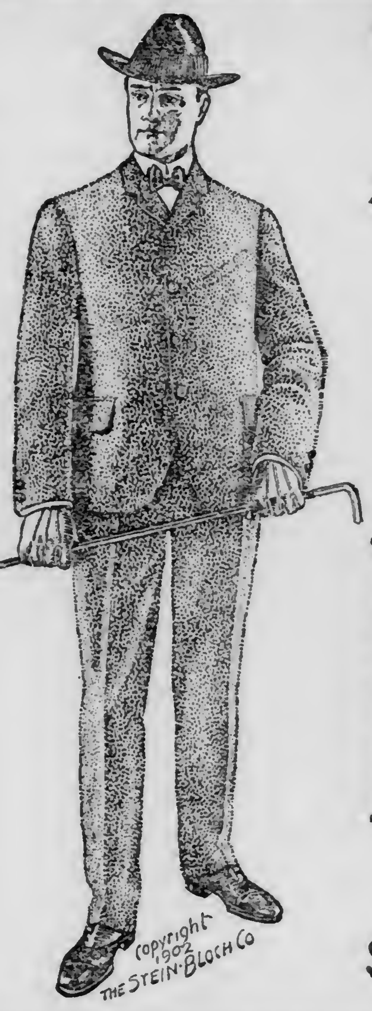
NO CLOTHING SALE LIKE THIS HAS EVER TAKEN PLACE IN DULUTH BEFORE

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE W.
M. S. BURROWS.

AT 10:30 O'CLOCK TOMORROW NIGHT

BURROWS' HALF-PRICE SALE

Will Be Brought To a Triumphant Close



Stand not upon the order of your coming, now, gentlemen, but come, and come quickly, and TAKE YOUR CHOICE

Suit, Overcoat or Ulster

AT

HALF PRICE!

Full and Complete Sizes In All the Popular Styles and Fabrics.

Seize the Golden Opportunity Ere It Fades Forever From Your View.

End of the Boys' Clothing Sale!

In order to bring the clearance sale to a close in a blaze of glorious bargains we make the following special offerings for tomorrow:

Boys' Manly Suits HALF PRICE!

Boys' 2-piece Suits HALF PRICE!

Boys' 3-piece Suits HALF PRICE!

Boys' Best Overcoats HALF PRICE!

Boys' Fine Reefers HALF PRICE!

Boys' 10c and 15c Collars for......1c
Boys' 25c and 50c Caps for......5c
Boys' 75c and $1 Caps for......10c

The last chance to buy Men's, Women's and Children's

Shoes!

At little more than the cost of leather.

Men's tan shoes at half

Boys' tan shoes at half

Men's $6, $7 and $8 Shoes at, per pair $4.98
These are broken lines of Hanan & Son's celebrated shoes. Not all sizes, but great bargains.

Men's $5, $6 and $7 Shoes at, per pair $3.98
Shoes for dress and street wear, in velour and box calf and enamel. Elegant shoes, but sizes are broken.

Women's $6, $7 and $8 Shoes at, per pair $4.98
This offering comprises a lot of broken lines of $6, $7 and $8 qualities. Mannish styles, in wax calf and vici kid.

Women's Hanan Shoes at, per pair $4.25
Three lines mannish shape, in box, velour and enamel calf. Every size and every width.

Misses' $1.50, $1.65 and $1.75 Shoes at $1.39
This is an offering of manufacturers' samples of very stylish shoes. Get one or more pairs.

Misses' $3 and $3.50 Shoes at, per pair $2.19
Among this lot are many pairs of Dugan & Hudson's Ironclad school shoes, in all the good leathers.

RUBBERS You'll need them now nearly every day—March storms and April showers make bad walking—Light weight rubbers, but strong and durable and best quality—**You can't buy any other kind here**—yet prices are below the average.

End of the Great Trouser Sale.

Sizes now complete — hundreds of pairs from our reserve stock brought forward for tomorrow's selling.

At $1.85—
Heavy, medium and light weight Trousers that sold earlier for $4.00, $3.75, $3.50 and $3.00, in every reliable fabric—sizes to fit any man. High class trousers for **$1.85**

At $1.28—
300 pairs union made trousers that sell regularly for $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for **$1.28**

At $2.85—
500 pairs men's union tailored trousers—entire new shapes in all up-to-date fabrics. Trousers that sell regularly for $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00—Take your choice tomorrow for **$2.85**

At $4.85—
Paragon Trousers—equal to the finest custom made at $12.00 and $15.00. Beautiful range of patterns—full line of sizes. Tomorrow for, only **$4.85**

Sacrifice of Men's Fine Underwear Shirts, Collars and Neckwear.

1/3 OFF.
Silk and wool English Cashmeres, Holroyd's Pure Wool, Fine Derby Ribbed, etc.
$2.50 goods now..**$1.67**
$3.00 goods now..**$2.00**
$3.50 goods now..**$2.33**
$4.00 goods now..**$2.67**
$5.00 goods now..**$3.33**
$6.00 goods now..**$4.00**

1/2 OFF.
Silk, Silk and Balbriggan; best Imported Balbriggan, Fancy Striped, Mercerized, etc.
$2.50 goods now..**$1.25**
$3.00 goods now..**$1.50**
$4.00 goods now..**$2.00**
$5.00 goods now..**$2.50**
$6.00 goods now..**$3.00**
$8.50 goods now..**$4.25**

1/4 OFF.
Our entire line of Staple Wools, Silk and Wools, Merinos, Merinos, Cashmeres, Worsteds, etc.
$1.00 goods now.. **75c**
$1.50 goods now..**$1.13**
$2.00 goods now..**$1.50**
$2.50 goods now..**$1.88**
$3.00 goods now..**$2.25**
$4.00 goods now..**$3.00**

24 SHEEPSKIN-LINED COATS—made of heavy duck, with extra quality sheep pelt linings, large fur collar, patent storm-proof front, equal to any $6.00 coat in town and sold by us this season for $5.00—to close, at.......... **$3.98**

STIFF-BOSOM COLORED SHIRTS—odds and ends, sizes 14, 14½, 16½, 17—regular $1.50 and $2.00 grades—to close—at.......... **75c**

BROKEN LINES OF COLLARS—Our regular 15c grades, in standing shapes only, to close, four for..... **25c**

45 DOZ NECKWEAR—Four-in-hands, tecks, puffs and batwings, odds and ends from our regular 50c goods—to close.......... **25c**

MEN'S HEAVY WORK MITTENS—Calf or horse hide, well lined and strogly sewed; regular 50c valnes—to close.......... **25c**

Opening Sale of Spring Hats.

$1.90

$1.90

100 dozen just in by express from New York — The season's latest styles—The hats now worn on Broadway. Hat store prices are $2.50 and $3.00—

Here Tomorrow for $1.90.

FIRST HAS ENOUGH

So Say Other Wards With Reference to City Offices.

If L. Mendenhall Is to Go Lakesiders May Have Opposition.

Considerable doubt is expressed in city political circles in regard to the success of the campaign of the Lakeside residents to place C. S. Wilson on the board to represent them.

Luther Mendenhall, whose term runs out this year, and whose place they wish to secure for Mr. Wilson, has been a member of the board since it came into existence, and during all that period his service is admitted to have been of the best. The Lakesiders made no complaint on that score.

The plan of the meeting, which was held by the Lakesiders the other evening, was to present a petition to Mayor Hugo, asking that he appoint Mr. Wilson, and a committee was also selected to see Mr. Mendenhall and ask him to withdraw in favor of the Lakeside candidate.

Mayor Hugo fully appreciates the value of the services of Mr. Mendenhall in the past, and in view of these it is exceedingly doubtful whether the petition of the Lakesiders will have any effect on his inclination to appoint Mr. Mendenhall.

Some of those interested in the cause of Mr. Wilson have made the statement that the First ward, in which Lakeside is situated, has not its proper representation on the various city boards which are appointed by the mayor.

Citizens of others wards who are interested in the matter say that out of thirty-five appointments which the mayor makes to the various boards the First ward now holds thirteen. This is a much larger number of appointments than its portion, considering the fact that there are eight wards in the city.

Mr. Mendenhall is the general favorite outside of Lakeside, but if he is to be supplanted there are many in other wards who think that it should be by a resident of a ward other than the First, of which Mr. Mendenhall is a resident.

COLORED LIGHTS ON TWO LINES

Street Railway Distinguishes the Uphill Lines.

The plan of the street railway company to put lights on its cars so that they can be distinguished at a distance, in the evening, was inaugurated last night.

The transparency signs of the Woodland cars are now backed with green and those of the East Fourth street cars with red. Formerly the words "Woodland" or "East Fourth" street were in black on a white background. The color of the background has been changed so that the cars can be distinguished at a distance too great to admit of the reading of the words.

This is an experiment in Duluth and will be confined to these two lines until it has proved a success and then all of the lines running into Duluth will be equipped with the system.

Improvements have been made in the lettering on the big double truck cars of late and the company intends to keep at the question of sign boards until it secures a system which will make it much easier for Duluthians who ride on the street cars at night.

FERRY AGAIN RUNNING.

Ice In Canal Goes Out, Destroying Foot Crossing.

Ice in the canal on which Park Point residents have been able to walk across to their homes, broke up yesterday afternoon and the ferry boat Estelle is again in operation.

The hard thaw of the last few days softened the ice greatly, and it began to break up and float out into the lake. About noon yesterday the ferryboat began her first trip through the then almost solid ice. It took her three hours to cross the canal, breaking the ice as she went. As soon as the ice was cracked apart the pieces floated out into the lake and out of the way, so that toward evening the boat was running without trouble.

The ice was beginning to be unsafe for ice cutters out on the lake, but the turn for the colder this morning may save the crop for a time yet if it continues.

Gets His Liberty.

Another member of the St. Louis county chain gang recovered his liberty by a bold dash away from the guards yesterday afternoon. Robert May, who was recently sent up for forty days for throwing a rock through a Lake avenue hotel window, made use of his opportunity when left alone for a few minutes near Sixth avenue east and First street and made off for parts unknown. The guards had some twelve or fifteen men at work on the streets when May made his escape. It was discovered that he carried away with him some working implements.

MAY BE GENERAL STRIKE.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Conferences at South Chicago yesterday looking to bring an end to the general strike of all shipbuilding crafts in the yards of the Chicago Shipbuilding company were fruitless, the company refusing to concede the nine hours now or in the near future. Sympathetic strikes, it is said, will be called in all the shipbuilding plants in the great lake region to enforce the demands of the men.

HELD UP POSTMASTER.

Bisbee, Ariz., Feb. 27.—Two masked men robbed the postoffice at Turner. They held up the postmaster, George Clark, at the point of a revolver and made him give over $1000 in cash. Deputy sheriffs are now on the trail of the robbers, who are thought to be heading for Mexico.

YOUR CHANCE TO BUY GOOD SHOES FOR THE WET AND SNOW

WIELAND'S,

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SHOE SALE

Bigger Cuts Than Ever Tomorrow.

Spring shipments are coming and we must make a special effort to make room. Our sales do not come often and shoe buyers have learned that opportunities offered here should not be missed by those having an eye to economy. So we urge you to take advantage of this sale before it is too late.

Gentlemen, Here's Your Chance...

$5.00 and $6.00 Shoes—newest style, **$3.98.**

All of Nettleton's newest styles—heavy or light sole—box calf, enamel, patent leather and vici kid—nothing reserved and every pair full value—see them for yourself. For this sale at—

$3.98

MEN'S SHOES.

MEN'S $4.00 and some $5.00 stylish Shoes, heavy or light soles—in various leathers—per pair— **$2.98**

MEN'S $3 to $4 Shoes, at, per pair.. **$2.48**

Lot of Men's $2.50 to $5 shoes, choice... **$1.98**

Odd lots of Men's $2 to $5 Shoes at... **$1.48**

Men's congress shoes—a grand bargain, $4 and $5 grades—sizes 5½ to 8, choice.. **98c**

BOYS' SHOES.

Boys' $1.75 and $2 box calf shoes, at.... **$1.48**

Youth's and Little Gents' Shoes, $1.50 to $1.75 values at........ **$1.19**

Little Gents' $1.25 Shoes—per pair........ **98c**

RUBBERS.

Ladies' and Misses' storm Rubbers, new toe. **39c**

Ladies' pointed toe Rubbers 19c

Children's Rubbers........ 25c

Children's Rubber Boots.. 98c

Men's 60c and 75c low and storm Rubbers......49c

Boys' 60c Rubbers.........49c

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Misses' $1.75 to $2.50 good stylish Shoes... **$1.39**

Misses' and Children's $1.25 to $1.50 grades.... **98c**

Children's $1 and $1.25 grades.................. **79c**

Infants' 75c Shoes........49c

Infants' 40c soft soles......25c

LADIES' SHOES.

Cheaper than ever—Laird, Schober & Co.'s $5 Shoes—widths A to C, a few Ds, in button—your choice, per pair—

$2.48

Ladies' New style $3.50 and $4 Shoes.. **$2.98**

Ladies' $2.50 and $3 grades, kid and calf extension soles, choice......... **$1.98**

Ladies' heel or spring heels, $1.25 to $2.50... **$1.48**

Ladies' $1.50 to $2.50, heel or spring heels, large sizes, but coin toes...... **98c**

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOROSIS $3.50 SHOES.

AFTER THE TRADE

Merchants Want the Patronage of the Returning Woodsmen.

Necessary to Keep Open Spring Evenings to Get It.

Duluth clothiers are planning to catch some of the trade of the woodsmen, which they believe themselves to have missed in former years because of the fact that they closed their stores at 6 o'clock in the evening during the season when the lumberjack and his winter's earnings visit the town.

The Duluth merchants believe that in the past they have missed much business because of the fact that they closed their stores early and the lumberjack who reached town and could not enter a clothing emporium after 6 o'clock in the evening, became affected with ennui, and thinking that Duluth was a slow town continued his journey to the Twin Cities and there dispensed his currency.

It is planned that between March 15 and April 15 the stores will all be open from 7 till 9 o'clock in the evening, giving the men from the tall pines plenty of opportunity to buy new outfits in this city.

The matter will be laid before the clerks' union at its meeting next Tuesday and it is very likely that some arrangement will be completed without delay by which the merchants will be enabled to have their stores open.

All of the big clothing merchants of the city favor the plan as being one which will greatly augment their sales and profits during the spring season and so keep money in Duluth which would otherwise travel on to cities in Southern Minnesota. Opinions of several of the large clothing merchants in Duluth are:

C. W. Ericson—I believe in testing the question. It looks as though it would be a good thing for all concerned, and it would settle the agitation that has come up year after year.

Floan, Leveroos & Co.—We are in favor of the move and believe it would be a good thing, resulting in mutual benefit.

M. S. Burrows—I think the clerks should come forward and settle this discussion. Everyone connected with the clothing stores knows we lose thousands of dollars of trade by the stores being closed at this season of the year. At the Great Eastern clerks could change off and no hardship would be felt. The trains run so that hundreds of men arrive here after 6 o'clock.

H. F. Williamson, Jr., the Big Duluth—It would be a good idea to test it this year by keeping open evenings for a month. In this store, of course, the clerks could change off. The trade belongs here and should not be driven away.

B. J. Cook—The next six weeks should be very busy ones with the clothiers along Superior street. The past two months have been quiet ones and the clerks should be anxious to have the stores open and give their employers a chance at the lumber trade. By April 15 the rush would be over.

A. B. Kenney, of Kenney, Auker & Denny—Every one of the large clothing stores spend hundreds of dollars for advertising in the woods in the winter, and it seems to me ridiculous that when the men come out they should find the stores closed. I know that last spring hundreds of men went on to the Twin Cities that would have liked to have traded here.

W. M. Abrahamson—If there is one time at all the clothing stores of Duluth should be open it is in the spring. Hundreds of woodsmen coming in here early in the evening find the store they wanted to trade at closed and go away disappointed.

BLIZZARD COMING.

Expected to Usher March In Like a Lion.

If the old proverb holds true, March weather will be quite lamblike in its outgoing, for the weather man has promised that it will arrive in its leonine garb. A genuine March blizzard is promised for tomorrow night. The winds will vary from northeast to northwest and the thermometer will drop several degrees during tomorrow. The snow will continue throughout tonight and tomorrow, and the probabilities are that by tomorrow evening Duluth will be in the grasp of the storm king. No very low temperature is expected, but the winds will be high and the snowfall heavy.

FRANCE READY TO SIGN.

Paris, Feb. 27.—It was stated that full authorization was given to Ambassador Jusserand, Feb. 19, to sign the Franco-Venezuelan protocol so that the delays in concluding the negotiations are not attributable to any indisposition on the part of France. The authorities here desire it to be clearly understood that France has been ready to sign since Feb. 19.

"One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning."
—James Russell Lowell.

An aphorism to be studied by those who, despite all warnings, persist in buying cheap shoes. To get good goods you must pay for them. We handle nothing but the best makes of shoes and have priced them so low you will wonder how we can do it. Come in and let's talk it over about that next pair of shoes. New spring goods coming in daily. Tomorrow is the last day of our 20 per cent discount sale. If you have not done so you had better take advantage of it.

Ehle Shoe Co.,
Torrey Bldg., Ground Floor.
Union Label Shoes.
Quick Repairing.

MORE DEALS AT HIGHLAND

Number of Duluthians Interested Steadily Growing Large.

Still more deals concerning Highland range property are coming to light. Among the local interests that have secured large acreage outright, by purchase, on the range is the real estate firm of William Prindle & Co. It is learned that the firm has holdings at various places on the range and some very close to properties on which there have already been some good showings made.

From authentic sources comes the story that a Duluth men who has not yet secured any interest on the Highland range, recently found a specimen of iron ore under the roots of an overturned tree. He had had some experience with iron ore, enough to know it when he saw it and brought the specimen to Duluth to have it assayed. The assay showed 52½ per cent ore. The finder of the ore has thus far kept to himself information of the locality where he found indications of an ore body.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

In order to accommodate parties who desire to buy Marquette & Arizona at $1.50 per share, the undersigned will be at his office Friday and Saturday evenings. The price will advance to $2.00 on next Monday. The William Kaiser Co., 106 Palladio Bldg.

The ice went out of the canal this morning and the Estelle plied with more or less speed all day between the two shores. At noontime the boat got in an ice floe and was the subject of interested observation from the Spalding hotel dining room, where the guests watched the little craft buck the ice. The landings are made on the ice several feet from shore. The ice packs are numerous and thick in the canal.

John J. McAuliffe has filed with the register of deeds a state lease on the northwest quarter of section 36-59-19.

The appointment of Charles A. Harms as one of the outside deputy sheriffs was filed yesterday afternoon with the register of deeds.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville this evening.

A large number of applicants are trying the examinations for marine engineers' and pilots' licenses at the local marine inspector's office in the Federal building.

An impression has gained ground that the Mrs. Somers who was taken to the detention hospital is Mrs. E. Somers, who conducts an employment agency at 17 Second avenue East. This is incorrect. The family is an entirely different one and Mrs. Somers is conducting business as usual.

Secretary Preston, of the Commercial club has received notice that the Commercial club of St. Paul will exchange courtesies with the local organization.

Eleven members of the Houghton indoor baseball team arrived in Duluth at noon today and registered as follows at the St. Louis hotel: Fred Curner, James Wived, Frank Funkey, Clarence Funkey, Mart Hoos, Will Brand, John Murphy, Clarence Murphy, Joseph Cige, Howard Olohoff, Charles E. Cige. Duluth rooters will be at the game in force.

Edward H. Holden, a janitor, was on trial late this afternoon on a charge of trespass brought by G. A. Klein. It is claimed that Holden entered the basement without authority and broke one of the windows, which admitted light to the place.

The first game which the basketball girls of the University of Minnesota are to play with the Normal school team will be played in Superior this evening. A large number of Duluth rooters for the university squad are expected to attend.

PURELY PERSONAL

City Engineer Patton has returned to the city after an absence of two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Samuelson and little son Arnold have departed for California, where they will make their future home.

D. J. Caven, traveling auditor of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, will return to Marquette tonight, after a short stay in Duluth.

A. B. Wolvin left for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha road.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Gunniss left today for St. Paul over the Northern Pacific.

John C. Swan left for Minneapolis today over the Northern Pacific.

W. J. Olcott left for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

Joseph Gauter has returned from a short trip to Minneapolis and St. Paul.

J. I. Williams was a passenger on the Northern Pacific train for St. Paul this afternoon.

Mrs. W. J. Ellison of Marquette, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Mies of Ashtabula terrace. Mrs. Ellison and Mrs. Mies are sisters.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: N. A. Stpffe, Chicago; J. A. Grier, Crookston; D. A. Mudge, St. Paul; George M. Smith, Chicago, F. W. Bagley, St. Paul; C. L. Hull, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; M. Ball, Chippewa Falls; John Berg, Koochching; John Coyer, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; G. G. Whittlesey, Lafayette, Ind.; Ossip Gabrilowitsch, St. Petersburg, Russia; J. L. Gordon, Great Falls, Mont.; F. J. Dalrymple, St. Paul; W. R. Philbin, Canada.

A. G. McQueen, traveling auditor of the Great Northern railroad, is in the city today.

L. D. Kitchell, northern passenger agent of the Great Northern, has returned from the Soo.

Archibald Guthrie, the St. Paul contractor, is in the city today.

C. L. Kennedy, agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, left today for Minneapolis.

C. G. Poggi, of the Soper Lumber company of Chicago, is in the city today.

E. B. Sutton, of the Lehigh Valley railroad, left today for St. Paul.

W. C. Brown left today for Marquette over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

E. P. Bennett, agent of the Empire line, left for St. Paul today.

E. W. Allen, treasurer of the South Shore, of Marquette, is in the city today.

MARCH WEATHER.

Data For the Month Showing the Averages.

Weather data for the month of March as observed at the local weather bureau during the thirty-two years it has been in existence shows that the mean temperature for the month is 24 degrees. The warmest month was in 1878 when the average was 39 degrees. The coldest months were those of 1872 and 1877 when the average was only 15 degrees. The highest temperature was attained on March 23m, 1889, 64 degrees, and the lowest temperature, 26 degrees below on March 19, 1875.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 4.30 inches in 1894. The least was .38 of an inch in 1883 and the greatest precipitation registered in twenty-four hours was 1.25 inches on March 9, 1892.

There have averaged eleven clear days, ten partly cloudy and ten cloudy days in the month. The prevailing winds have been northeast. The highest velocity was 62 miles per hour, which occurred on March 10, 1878.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The only positive cure for blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, cuts, burns, bruises, eczeme and all abrasions of the skin. Max Wirth.

SILBBRSTEIN & BONDY CO.

For Tomorrow, Saturday!

We announce an important showing of new costumes just received—the most elaborate gowns wonderfully trimmed—costumes well worth a visit of inspection—new Skirts and Coats, etc.

Silk Dress Coats

Handsomely trimmed with oriental embroidery and lace—from $22.50 to $45.00.

A Beautiful Line of Dress Skirts,

Etamines, Voiles, mistrals and imported London Twines in brown and blue and black.

Skirts in the newest designs in all over lace, nettings and silk—skirts cut in the new style habit back, clinging effect, and very flaring at the bottom—prices $35.00 to $125.00.

Beautiful Gowns

in voiles, etamines, crepe de chine and empress veiling in tan, grey, blue and black—trimmed with maltesc lace and abundance of hand work.

A line of the new Silk Shirt Waists, that are the craze in the Eastern market.

New arrival of Shirt Waists in Madras, English Vestings and dressy white Waists—¾ sleeve and lace and medallion trimmed.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MAKING POISONED ARROWS.

Indians Prepare the Deadly Venom From Rattlesnakes.

The three old hags in "Macbeth" droning their

"Double, double, toil and trouble;
Fire burn, and cauldron bubble,"

as they boiled snake filet, newt eye, lizard leg, dog tongue and the like, were horrible enough. The original Indian poisoners, the Indians of the Southwest, who doctored up their arrowheads until they were more deadly than the swiftest Mauser or the barred dumdum bullet, followed a formula even more grewsome, says the New York Tribune.

The Spaniards found them practicing poisoning when they first landed on these shores. The red men took the leg of an Indian who had been killed, filled it with barbs, hung it in the air against the sun and allowed it to fester for many days. The barbs were removed and, without cleaning, hung out in the air to dry. When the Spanish came the Indians changed their formula to the extent of using a Spanish leg. If the victim was redheaded the poison was considered the more deadly, because of an alleged greater warmth in flesh that raised red hair. The result was a most malignant poison, which defied cure.

Scientists have been studying the poisoned arrow subject recently, and a great deal of new information has developed. Some of this was made public recently at the annual meeting of the American Society for the Advancement of Science, in Washington, which for this meeting at least affiliated with the American Folk Lore society. The basis for this study seems to be the reports collected for the king of Spain in 1725. The methods of the Indians are described in part as follows:

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ENGINEER MADE MAD RUN.

Tore Up Rails and Established a Record.

"There was a woman in the record made by the first Eli on any railroad," said P. A. Houlahan, a railroad manager, who has held many places in the business in his time, according to the Chicago Tribune.

"But there was another record of which I must tell you first, so as to make the connection. Old railroad men remember it. It's a part of railroad history.

"The first record was made on what was known at that time (1859) as the Hannibal & St. Joseph railroad, now a part of the great Chicago, Burlington & Quincy system. It was the time when Buffalo Bill had the contract to deliver mail between St. Joseph, Mo., and Sacramento, Cal., the distance being 1900 miles by the pony express. The government had a contract to let to the railroad company that would make the best time from Quincy, Ill., to St. Joseph, Mo. There was but one railroad company between the two rivers, the Mississippi and the Missouri, but the thing was to get a train that could make the time the government wanted made.

"The distance was a little over 200 miles. The company had woodup stations along the line, and when the old H. & St. J. company concluded to try for the contract the news traveled all along the road and an extra supply of wood was cut and piled at the stations where the engine was to take wood. It was such a great thing in that day that people from the country came to the towns where the engine was to take wood to see the sight. It had been announced that the engine would run at the rate of thirty miles an hour! Lots of people said it never could be done.

"Well, the trip was made, and the H. & St. J. got the contract. Not only that, but, in spite of the changes which were afterward made in railroading, the H. & St. J. held that contract for thirty years.

"No regular train beat that time until the company put on the Eli in 1883, and this is where the woman comes in. You have no doubt seen Eli engines on every road in the country, but the original Eli was put on in 1888 between Chicago and Kansas City by the C., B. & Q., which had got control of the old H. & St. J. road.

"I was in the cab of the original Eli which broke the record of the pony express. The run between Kansas City and Quincy is 225.8 miles. I took my supper in Kansas City at 6 o'clock. I was in the Eli cab at 6:30 when it pulled out. I ate lunch at midnight in Quincy and got back to Kansas City the next morning for my breakfast.

"What was the best time? Well, I don't just remember, but there were a few places in the roadbed where Eli got there at the rate of sixty miles an hour. There was one place where we beat that time, and I'll never forget it. It was on a curve on what is known as Kidder Hill, not far from Cameron Junction.

"When we began the descent, instead of shutting her off, the engineer pulled his lever out to the last notch. I knew then he was going to pull that train in on time or perish in the attempt. You see, back a ways he had made a little miscalculation, and neglected the opportunity to take full advantage of a level, and we had lost a few minutes. I have done considerable riding on engines under most all conditions, but that dash down Kidder Hill was about as exhilarating an experience of the sort as I ever had, and I didn't feel at all certain how it was going to end. If an engine is liable to leave the track at any time, it is while going down a grade where there are curves. As we swept down that hill like an avalanche, I wondered what the light-hearted people in the coaches would think had they known the circumstances. The engine held to the rails all right, and we pulled into the depot across the river a few seconds ahead of the card. The driver and I climbed down from the engine.

"My boy," I said, "you've hit it all right, and I feel gratified over it, but perhaps you can imagine that I've something else to speak to you about."

"Yes, Mr. Houlahan," he answered, "it's about that Kidder hill back there, but I had to do it. You see, Bill there"—indicating his fireman, a stalwart, good-looking young fellow, who was walking hurriedly across the tracks—"had an engagement with his girl at Topeka today, and he begged me to try to get in in time to catch his train over. It you'll forgive me this time it won't happen again."

PICKING OUT CAREERS.

A group of five Brooklyn children, cousins, were playing in the nursery a few mornings ago, the eldest perhaps 10 years of age, and the youngest, the only boy nearly 5 years, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Their mothers are club women, alert and inteligent, and these youngsters had heard much discussion of "the new woman" and of "advanced" topics mentioned in addresses before the clubs. They had absorbed more of the information than their parents realized.

On the morning in question the children were talking over what they had heard and oldest said: "Well, everybody's got to be somthing nowadays. Mother says you can't be just humdrum and comfortable and sit around home any more. Must have a career. I shall be a musician. People will come to hear me play and will clap and give me lots of 'plaws.'"

"I," said Jeanette, "shall be a sculptress. I already make very nice thinsg in clay modeling at school."

"Proudee!" yelled the others.

"No, I ain't. 'I know my limmuttations,' as mother says when she reads a paper. But I know what I can do! So now!"

Marie thought she would be an actress or a teacher, she had not decided which, only that she "would know a lot" and wear a long gold chain.

"I'll be a p'leesman," piped up little brother. "Nen if you ain't good I'll ketch you an' you'll be sorry. 'Nat's all."

Dear little Marjorie, 6 years old, who has many dolls to care for, sat contentedly in her little chair rocking, hugging her baby doll and crooning a "byelow" to it. She had not spoken and was asked to contribute her idea of a career to this symposium. She glanced up, a puzzled look on her contented little face. "Yes, I heard you all talkin'," said she with a sigh. Then her usual happy expression returned, she lifted baby doll to her shoulder close under her chin and said: "I'm just goin' to be a mother with a nice fambly o' children."

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

YOUR CHANCE TO BUY GOOD SHOES FOR THE WET AND SNOW

WIELAND'S,

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SHOE SALE

Bigger Cuts Than Ever Tomorrow.

Spring shipments are coming and we must make a special effort to make room. Our sales do not come often and shoe buyers have learned that opportunities offered here should not be missed by those having an eye to economy. So we urge you to take advantage of this sale before it is too late.

Gentlemen, Here's Your Chance...

$5.00 and $6.00 Shoes—newest style, **$3.98.**

All of Nettleton's newest styles—heavy or light sole—box calf, enamel, patent leather and vici kid—nothing reserved and every pair full value—see them for yourself. For this sale at—

$3.98

MEN'S SHOES.

MEN'S $4.00 and some $5.00 stylish Shoes, heavy or light soles—in various leathers—per pair—

$2.98

MEN'S $3 to $4 Shoes, at, per pair.. **$2.48**

Lot of Men's $2.50 to $5 shoes, choice... **$1.98**

Odd lots of Men's $2 to $5 Shoes at... **$1.48**

Men's congress shoes—a grand bargain, $4 and $5 grades—sizes 5½ to 8, choice.. **98c**

BOYS' SHOES.

Boys' $1.75 and $2 box calf shoes, at.... **$1.48**

Youth's and Little Gents' Shoes, $1.50 to $1.75 values at........ **$1.19**

Little Gents' $1.25 Shoes—per pair........ **98c**

RUBBERS.

Ladies' and Misses' storm Rubbers, new toe. **39c**

Ladies' pointed toe Rubbers 19c

Children's Rubbers........ 25c

Children's Rubber Boots.. 98c

Men's 60c and 75c low and storm Rubbers......49c

Boys' 60c Rubbers.........49c

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Misses' $1.75 to $2.50 good stylish Shoes... **$1.39**

Misses' and Children's $1.25 to $1.50 grades.... **98c**

Children's $1 and $1.25 grades.................. **79c**

Infants' 75c Shoes........ 49c

Infants' 40c soft soles......25c

LADIES' SHOES.

Cheaper than ever—Laird, Schober & Co.'s $5 Shoes—widths A to C, a few Ds, in button—your choice, per pair—

$2.48

Ladies' New style $3.50 and $4 Shoes.. **$2.98**

Ladies' $2.50 and $3 grades, kid and calf extension soles, choice........ **$1.98**

Ladies' heel or spring heels, $1.25 to $2.50... **$1.48**

Ladies' $1.50 to $2.50, heel or spring heels, large sizes, but coin toes...... **98c**

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOROSIS $3.50 SHOES.

MAKING POISONED ARROWS.

Indians Prepare the Deadly Venom From Rattlesnakes.

The three old hags in "Macbeth" droning their

"Double, double, toil and trouble;
Fire burn, and cauldron bubble,"

as they boiled snake filet, newt eye, lizard leg, dog tongue and the like, were horrible enough. The original Indian poisoners, the Indians of the Southwest, who doctored up their arrowheads until they were more deadly than the swiftest Mauser or the barred dumdum bullet, followed a formula even more grewsome, says the New York Tribune.

The Spaniards found them practicing poisoning when they first landed on these shores. The red men took the leg of an Indian who had been killed, filled it with barbs, hung it in the air against the sun and allowed it to fester for many days. The barbs were removed and, without cleaning, hung out in the air to dry. When the Spanish came the Indians changed their formula to the extent of using a Spanish leg. If the victim was redheaded the poison was considered the more deadly, because of an alleged greater warmth in flesh that raised red hair. The result was a most malignant poison, which defied cure.

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AFTER THE TRADE

Merchants Want the Patronage of the Returning Woodsmen.

Necessary to Keep Open Spring Evenings to Get It.

Duluth clothiers are planning to catch some of the trade of the woodsmen, which they believe themselves to have missed in former years because of the fact that they closed their stores at 6 o'clock in the evening during the season when the lumberjack and his winter's earnings visit the town.

The Duluth merchants believe that in the past they have missed much business because of the fact that they closed their stores early and the lumberjack who reached town and could not enter a clothing emporium after 6 o'clock in the evening, became affected with ennui, and thinking that Duluth was a slow town continued his journey to the Twin Cities and there dispensed his currency.

It is planned that between March 15 and April 15 the stores will all be open from 7 till 9 o'clock in the evening, giving the men from the tall pines plenty of opportunity to buy new outfits in this city.

The matter will be laid before the clerks' union at its meeting next Tuesday and it is very likely that some arrangement will be completed without delay by which the merchants will be enabled to have their stores open.

All of the big clothing merchants of the city favor the plan as being one which will greatly augment their sales and profits during the spring season and so keep money in Duluth which would otherwise travel on to cities in Southern Minnesota. Opinions of several of the large clothing merchants in Duluth are:

C. W. Ericson—I believe in testing the question. It looks as though it would be a good thing for all concerned, and it would settle the agitation that has come up year after year.

Floan, Leveroos & Co.—We are in favor of the move and believe it would be a good thing, resulting in mutual benefit.

M. S. Burrows—I think the clerks should come forward and settle this discussion. Everyone connected with the clothing stores knows we lose thousands of dollars of trade by the stores being closed at this season of the year. At the Great Eastern clerks could change off and no hardship would be felt. The trains run so that hundreds of men arrive here after 6 o'clock.

H. F. Williamson, Jr., the Big Duluth—It would be a good idea to test it this year by keeping open evenings for a month. In this store, of course, the clerks could change off. The trade belongs here and should not be driver away.

B. J. Cook—The next six weeks should be very busy ones with the clothiers along Superior street. The past two months have been quiet ones and the clerks should be anxious to have the stores open and give their employers a chance at the lumber trade. By April 15 the rush would be over.

A. B. Kenney, of Kenney, Auker & Denny—Every one of the large clothing stores spend hundreds of dollars for advertising in the woods in the winter, and it seems to me ridiculous that when the men come out they should find the stores closed. I know that last spring hundreds of men went on to the Twin Cities that would have liked to have traded here.

W. M. Abrahamson—If there is one time at all the clothing stores of Duluth should be open it is in the spring. Hundreds of woodsmen coming in here early in the evening find the store they wanted to trade at closed and go away disappointed.

BLIZZARD COMING.

Expected to Usher March In Like a Lion.

If the old proverb holds true, March weather will be quite lamblike in its outgoing, for the weather man has promised that it will arrive in its leonine garb. A genuine March blizzard is promised for tomorrow night. The winds will vary from northeast to northwest and the thermometer will drop several degrees during tomorrow. The snow will continue throughout tonight and tomorrow, and the probabilities are that by tomorrow evening Duluth will be in the grasp of the storm king. No very low temperature is expected, but the winds will be high and the snowfall heavy.

FRANCE READY TO SIGN.

Paris, Feb. 27.—It was stated that full authorization was given to Ambassador Jusserand, Feb. 19, to sign the Franco-Venezuelan protocol so that the delays in concluding the negotiations are not attributable to any indisposition on the part of France. The authorities here desire it to be clearly understood that France has been ready to sign since Feb. 19.

"One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning."
—James Russell Lowell.

An aphorism to be studied by those who, despite all warnings, persist in buying cheap shoes. To get good goods you must pay for them. We handle nothing but the best makes of shoes and have priced them so low you will wonder how we can do it. Come in and let's talk it over about that next pair of shoes. New spring goods coming in daily. Tomorrow is the last day of our 20 per cent discount sale. If you have not done so you had better take advantage of it.

Ehle Shoe Co.,

Torrey Bldg., Ground Floor.

Union Label Shoes.

Quick Repairing.

MORE DEALS AT HIGHLAND

Number of Duluthians Interested Steadily Growing Large.

Still more deals concerning Highland range property are coming to light. Among the local interests that have secured large acreage outright, by purchase, on the range is the real estate firm of William Prindle & Co. It is learned that the firm has holdings at various places on the range and some very close to properties on which there have already been some good showings made.

From authentic sources comes the story that a Duluth men who has not yet secured any interest on the Highland range, recently found a specimen of iron ore under the roots of an overturned tree. He had had some experience with iron ore, enough to know it when he saw it and brought the specimen to Duluth to have it assayed. The assay showed 52½ per cent ore. The finder of the ore has thus far kept to himself information of the locality where he found indications of an ore body.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land. J. J. Oeder. Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

In order to accommodate parties who desire to buy Marquette & Arizona at $1.50 per share, the undersigned will be at his office Friday and Saturday evenings. The price will advance to $2.00 on next Monday. The William Kaiser Co., 106 Palladio Bldg.

The ice went out of the canal this morning and the Estelle plied with more or less speed all day between the two shores. At noontime the boat got in an ice floe and was the subject of interested observation from the Spalding hotel dining room, where the guests watched the little craft buck the ice. The landings are made on the ice several feet from shore. The ice packs are numerous and thick in the canal.

John J. McAuliffe has filed with the register of deeds a state lease on the northwest quarter of section 36-59-19.

The appointment of Charles A. Harms as one of the outside deputy sheriffs was filed yesterday afternoon with the register of deeds.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville this evening.

A large number of applicants are trying the examinations for marine engineers' and pilots' licenses at the local marine inspector's office in the Federal building.

An impression has gained ground that the Mrs. Somers who was taken to the detention hospital is Mrs. E. Somers, who conducts an employment agency at 17 Second avenue East. This is incorrect. The family is an entirely different one and Mrs. Somers is conducting business as usual.

Secretary Preston, of the Commercial club has received notice that the Commercial club of St. Paul will exchange courtesies with the local organization.

Eleven members of the Houghton indoor baseball team arrived in Duluth at noon today and registered as follows at the St. Louis hotel: Fred Curner, James Wived, Frank Funkey, Clarence Funkey, Mart Hoos, Will Brand, John Murphy, Clarence Murphy, Joseph Cige, Howard Olehoff, Charles E. Cige. Duluth rooters will be at the game in force.

Edward H. Holden, a janitor, was on trial late this afternoon on a charge of trespass brought by G. A. Klein. It is claimed that Holden entered the basement without authority and broke one of the windows, which admitted light to the place.

The first game which the basketball girls of the University of Minnesota are to play with the Normal school team will be played in Superior this evening. A large number of Duluth rooters for the university squad are expected to attend.

PURELY PERSONAL

City Engineer Patton has returned to the city after an absence of two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Samuelson and little son Arnold have departed for California, where they will make their future home.

D. J. Caven, traveling auditor of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, will return to Marquette tonight, after a short stay in Duluth.

A. B. Wolvin left for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha road.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Gunniss left today for St. Paul over the Northern Pacific.

John C. Swan left for Minneapolis today over the Northern Pacific.

W. J. Olcott left for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

Joseph Gauter has returned from a short trip to Minneapolis and St. Paul.

J. I. Williams was a passenger on the Northern Pacific train for St. Paul this afternoon.

Mrs. W. J. Ellison of Marquette, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Mies of Ashtabula terrace. Mrs. Ellison and Mrs. Mies are sisters.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: N. A. Stpffe, Chicago; J. A. Grier, Crookston; D. A. Mudge, St. Paul; George M. Smith, Chicago, F. W. Bagley, St. Paul; C. L. Hull, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; M. Ball, Chippewa Falls; John Berg, Koochching; John Coyer, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; G. G. Whittlesey, Lafayette, Ind.; Ossip Gabrilowitsch, St. Petersburg, Russia; J. L. Gordon, Great Falls, Mont.; F. J. Dalrymple, St. Paul; W. R. Philbin, Canada.

A. G. McQueen, traveling auditor of the Great Northern railroad, is in the city today.

L. D. Kitchell, northern passenger agent of the Great Northern, has returned from the Soo.

Archibald Guthrie, the St. Paul contractor, is in the city today.

C. L. Kennedy, agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, left today for Minneapolis.

C. G. Poggi, of the Soper Lumber company of Chicago, is in the city today.

E. B. Sutton, of the Lehigh Valley railroad, left today for St. Paul.

W. C. Brown left today for Marquette over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

E. P. Bennett, agent of the Empire line, left for St. Paul today.

E. W. Allen, treasurer of the South Shore, of Marquette, is in the city today.

MARCH WEATHER.

Data For the Month Showing the Averages.

Weather data for the month of March as observed at the local weather bureau during the thirty-two years it has been in existence shows that the mean temperature for the month is 24 degrees. The warmest month was in 1878 when the average was 39 degrees. The coldest months were those of 1872 and 1877 when the average was only 15 degrees. The highest temperature was attained on March 23m, 1889, 64 degrees, and the lowest temperature, 26 degrees below on March 19, 1875.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 4.30 inches in 1894. The least was .38 of an inch in 1883 and the greatest precipitation registered in twenty-four hours was 1.25 inches on March 9, 1892.

There have averaged eleven clear days, ten partly cloudy and ten cloudy days in the month. The prevailing winds have been northeast. The highest velocity was 62 miles per hour, which occurred on March 10, 1878.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The only positive cure for blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, cuts, burns, bruises, eczema and all abrasions of the skin. Max Wirth.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

For Tomorrow, Saturday!

We announce an important showing of new costumes just received—the most elaborate gowns wonderfully trimmed—costumes well worth a visit of inspection—new Skirts and Coats, etc.

Silk Dress Coats

Handsomely trimmed with oriental embroidery and lace—from $22.50 to $45.00.

A Beautiful Line of Dress Skirts.

Etamines, Voiles, mistrals and imported London Twines in brown and blue and black.

Skirts in the newest designs in all over lace, nettings and silk—skirts cut in the new style habit back, clinging effect, and very flaring at the bottom—prices $35.00 to $125.00.

Beautiful Gowns

in voiles, etamines, crepe de chine and empress veiling in tan, grey, blue and black—trimmed with maltese lace and abundance of hand work.

A line of the new Silk Shirt Waists, that are the craze in the Eastern market.

New arrival of Shirt Waists in Madras, English Vestings and dressy white Waists—¾ sleeve and lace and medallion trimmed.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

ENGINEER MADE MAD RUN.

Tore Up Rails and Established a Record.

"There was a woman in the record made by the first Eli on any railroad," said P. A. Houlahan, a railroad manager, who has held many places in the business in his time, according to the Chicago Tribune.

"But there was another record of which I must tell you first, so as to make the connection. Old railroad men remember it. It's a part of railroad history.

"The first record was made on what was known at that time (1859) as the Hannibal & St. Joseph railroad, now a part of the great Chicago, Burlington & Quincy system. It was the time when Buffalo Bill had the contract to deliver mail between St. Joseph, Mo., and Sacramento, Cal., the distance being 1900 miles by the pony express. The government had a contract to let to the railroad company that would make the best time from Quincy, Ill., to St. Joseph, Mo. There was but one railroad company between the two rivers, the Mississippi and the Missouri, but the thing was to get a train that could make the time the government wanted made.

"The distance was a little over 200 miles. The company had woodup stations along the line, and when the old H. & St. J. company concluded to try for the contract the news traveled all along the road and an extra supply of wood was cut and piled at the stations where the engine was to take wood. It was such a great thing in that day that people from the country came to the towns where the engine was to take wood to see the sight. It had been announced that the engine would run at the rate of thirty miles an hour! Lots of people said it never could be done.

"Well, the trip was made, and the H. & St. J. got the contract. Not only that, but, in spite of the changes which were afterward made in railroading, the H. & St. J. held that contract for thirty years.

"No regular train beat that time until the company put on the Eli in 1883, and this is where the woman comes in. You have no doubt seen Eli engines on every road in the country, but the original Eli was put on in 1888 between Chicago and Kansas City by the C., B. & Q., which had got control of the old H. & St. J. road.

"I was in the cab of the original Eli which broke the record of the pony express. The run between Kansas City and Quincy is 225.8 miles. I took my supper in Kansas City at 6 o'clock. I was in the Eli cab at 6:30 when it pulled out. I ate lunch at midnight in Quincy and got back to Kansas City the next morning for my breakfast.

"What was the best time? Well, I don't just remember, but there were a few places in the roadbed where Eli got there at the rate of sixty miles an hour. There was one place where we beat that time, and I'll never forget it. It was on a curve on what is known as Kidder Hill, not far from Cameron Junction.

"When we began the descent, instead of shutting her off, the engineer pulled his lever out to the last notch. I knew then he was going to pull that train in on time or perish in the attempt. You see, back a ways he had made a little miscalculation, and neglected the opportunity to take full advantage of a level, and we had lost a few minutes. I have done considerable riding on engines under most all conditions, but that dash down Kidder Hill was about as exhilarating an experience of the sort as I ever had, and I didn't feel at all certain how it was going to end. If an engine is liable to leave the track at any time, it is while going down a grade where there are curves. As we swept down that hill like an avalanche, I wondered what the light-hearted people in the coaches would think had they known the circumstances. The engine held to the rails all right, and we pulled into the depot across the river a few seconds ahead of the card. The driver and I climbed down from the engine.

"My boy," I said, "you've hit it all right, and I feel gratified over it, but perhaps you can imagine that I've something else to speak to you about."

"Yes, Mr. Houlahan," he answered, "it's about that Kidder hill back there, but I had to do it. You see, Bill there"—indicating his fireman, a stalwart, good-looking young fellow, who was walking hurriedly across the tracks—"had an engagement with his girl at Topeka today, and he begged me to try to get in in time to catch his train over. If you'l lforgive me this time it won't happen again."

PICKING OUT CAREERS.

A group of five Brooklyn children, cousins, were playing in the nursery a few mornings ago, the eldest perhaps 10 years of age, and the youngest, the only boy nearly 5 years, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Their mothers are club women, alert and inteligent, and these youngsters had heard much discussion of "the new woman" and of "advanced" topics mentioned in addresses before the clubs. They had absorbed more of the information than their parents realized.

On the morning in question the children were talking over what they had heard and oldest said: "Well, everybody's got to be somthing nowadays. Mother says you can't be just humdrum and comfortable and sit around home any more. Must have a career. I shall be a musician. People will come to hear me play and will clap and give me lots of 'plaws.'"

"I," said Jeanette, "shall be a sculptress. I already make very nice thinsg in clay modeling at school."

"Proudee!" yelled the others.

"No, I ain't. 'I know my limmuttations,' as mother says when she reads a paper. But I know what I can do! So now!"

Marie thought she would be an actress or a teacher, she had not decided which, only that she "would know a lot" and wear a long gold chain.

"I'll be a p'leesman," piped up little brother. "Nen if you ain't good I'll ketch you an' you'll be sorry. 'Nat's all."

Dear little Marjorie, 6 years old, who has many dolls to care for, sat contentedly in her little chair rocking, hugging her baby doll and crooning a "bye-low" to it. She had not spoken and was asked to contribute her idea of a career to this symposium. She glanced up, a puzzled look on her contented little face. "Yes, I heard you all talkin'," said she with a sigh. Then her usual happy expression returned, she lifted baby doll to her shoulder close under her chin and said: "I'm just goin' to be a mother with a nice fambly o' children."

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

DRINK ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER (The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.) Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

4 THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903.

CARLOTTA DYING

Widow of Maximilian Nearing End of Her Life.

For Thirty-Seven Years Has Been Under Guardianship.

Brussels Feb. 27.—A phantom empress is fast journeying to the kingdom of death.

Archduchess Carlotta, widow of the ill-fated Maximilian, emperor of Mexico, who for thirty-seven years has been hopelessly insane, is dying at Palace Taeken, near Brussels.

Since that June morning so many years ago, when the shots rang out of seven Mexican muskets to be heard all around the civilized world—shots which cost a man's life, a woman's reason and an empire's existence—this beautiful daughter of the Belgians has moved among the empty shadows of a mimic court.

Faithful even in her pitiful distraction to the love which has been the ruling passion of her life, she is looking constantly for the emperor who never comes.

"I cannot find him," she will say, with vague trouble in her eyes, to those about her, "but he will see you when he returns."

A bride at 17, an empress at 24, a maniac at 26, Carlotta represents in her own person the tragedy of the chimerical empire reared by French and Austrian ambition upon foundations of sand. The daughter of a king—Leopold I of Belgium—the sister of the present Belgian monarch, she was born to mount the throne. Of dominating intellect and surpassing beauty, she combined the most fascinating accomplishments with the executive force and determination of a man.

The princess was just on the threshold of womanhood when she met the archduke, Maximilian, the younger brother of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, tall, fair, slight, with the charm as well as the frail weakness of the Hapsburgs. He was a man to win the romantic devotion of any woman, especially one like Carlotta, in whom pride of race was a dominating characteristic. In two months they were married, and then began an ideal life, which, in the soiled and blood-stained annals of both the Hapsburg and Coburg houses, stands out the supreme example of a perfect love.

On the shores of the Adriatic, in a spot where all nature seemed to have lavished her richest, the archduke built his bride a home more like a fairy palace than any dwelling of mere mortals. It was of pure white and typified all the poetical dreamy qualities which later brought swift ruin, when coupled with the iron responsibilities of a nation's welfare.

Maximilian was at this time the governor of the Lombard-Venetian kingdom, and Miramar castle was on the outskirts of Trieste. The untroubled happiness of those early years was in a sense the compensation for the terrible finale. The last scene in this chapter of their lives was the reception at the castle of the embassy, which dazled Maximillan and his ambitious wife with the prospect of empire.

When Napoleon III. to forward the French interests in Mexico, selected the Austrian archduke to rule the empire which should safeguard the Western world from the encroachment of republican ideas, he saw in Maximilion a man, if not forceful, at least easy of control by able ministers. He, however, reckoned without the stubbornness which characterized the family. Maximilian might be weak and vacillating, but while he was emperor, he and he alone bore the responsibilities of the mistakes which alienated one after another of his supporters.

The picture spread before the eyes of the young pair was a dazzling one. A country teeming with riches, pacified (though at the point of the sword), offered them a throne. And their entry into the capital city on May 24, 1864, seemed a portion of joy that might well have deceived a more seasoned experience.

Maximilian with his consort, with their fair skins, looked like lilies in the dusky surrounding of their new people. As the new emperor rode under arches hung with verdure and draped with the commingled flags of France, Austria and Mexico, he was hailed as the fair god of Mexican legend who was brought from the East to civilize nations with plenty. Their Mexican bodyguard under Gen. Almont, their escort of Indians, the shouting people, the music and rejoicing satisfied even the proud heart of Carlotta. And in the brilliant court they presently established she was the ruling spirit.

The empress was less conciliating than her husband, her hauteur more marked, her manner more abrupt and less magnetic. Maximilian's personal graces, his winning smile and affability made him a more general favorite, though the empress excited admiration that he was incapable of gaining.

Carlotta brought to the new kingdom all the artistic taste and quick appreciation of opportunity that transformed the castle of Chapultepec—which became the royal residence. This was in a state of comparative ruin in which the Americans had left it after the battle which made its name historical. It was her delight to restore the imposing structure and impart to it a semblance of its old grandeur.

The park, under her care, became a vision of stately beauty. She restored Montezuma's bath. She jealously guarded the magnificent cypresses from harm. She placed new statuary at every point. In her private garden her bed of violets, the flowers she passionately loved, was until very recently blooming as she left it, for in the ruin of the empire one humble retainer was left whose worship of his empress is little short of religion.

Princess Salm-Salm, who was the close companion of Carlotta during her brief reign, has paid touching tribute to the gardener, who for years kept alive the bed of purple flowers where she had so often knelt, in all the changes since the ill-starred empress wandered among those paths and planned with him new beauties. This one man has been left, a relic of the past.

The receptions at the castle were stiff with ceremony and the formality which appealed to the national character, but were none the less brilliant. The empress in her robes of state was like a picture. Like the ladies of her court, she was lavish of jewels in her attire. Countess Zichy, one of her close friends, was said to be the owner of more precious gems than half the royalties in Europe. The receptions were literally a blaze of splendor.

Then trouble began to darken the horizon. The United States interfered, the French countenance was gradually withdrawn and the suspicions of the Mexicans poisoned their regard for their rulers. Carlotta, in narrowing the court circle, gave no sign, save by added dignity, that she feared disaster. The climax came when she was sent to Europe to plead for help to save the falling throne.

Maximilian, wasted by malarial fever, was in a precarious state of health, and she left the man she loved with all the anxiety of a devoted wife. Then her proud spirit revolted at the task before her. She, the daughter of a king, who had worn the crown of an empire, must sue like any beggar for the favor of those who had heaped ignominy and insult upon her husband. Her illness followed and the news reached Maximilian just when he was looking for her return.

She knelt to Napoleon and the pope in vain. She besought Leopold's aid only to be scorned. Maximilian's former supporters left him to "dree his weird" alone, and the emperor, all the man in his last stand for his empire, fought his last battle and yielded up his sword in the belief that his beautiful wife had been mercifully spared the pain. A false report of her death reached him a few days before his execution.

To the unhappy woman of Europe, poring her tearful prayers into unbending ears, the shot on the Hill of the Bells that ended her lover-husband's life was the last touch that dethroned her reason. Confined at Laken, where at oen time her household numbered 300, she has held her court and lived over in disordered imagination the scenes of other days. Her ladies in waiting are presented to her just as a stranger at Chapultepec, and she has bestowed upon them the gifts that came to her. The gifts were frequently the pictures taken from the wall and returned there the next day. In every way, her fancy has been numored. Till illness told upon her strength her energies kept "court" in constant motion.

Removes tarnish instantaneously

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Not a soap, but it cleanses
Contains no injurious ingredients

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

BLOOD HUMOURS

Skin Humours, Scalp Humours, Hair Humours,

Whether Simple Scrofulous or Hereditary

Speedily Cured by Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills,

When All Other Remedies and Best Physicians Fail.

COMPLETE TREATMENT, $1.00.

In the treatment of torturing, disfiguring, itching, scaly, crusted, pimply, blotchy and scrofulous humours of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills have been wonderfully successful. Even the most obstinate of constitutional humours, such as bad blood, scrofula, inherited and contagious humours, with loss of hair, glandular swellings, ulcerous patches in the throat and mouth, sore eyes, copper-colored blotches, as well as boils, carbuncles, scurvy, sties, ulcers and sores arising from an impure or impoverished condition of the blood, yield to the Cuticura Treatment, when all other remedies and methods fail.

And greater still, if possible, is the wonderful record of cures of torturing, disfiguring humours among infants and children. The suffering which Cuticura Soap and Ointment have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for the skin and blood. Infantile and birth humours, milk crust, scall head, eczema, rashes and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and childhood, are speedily, permanently and economically cured when all other remedies suitable for children, and even the best physicians, fail.

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

MAGIC EXERCISED

On Her By Husband, the Wife Complains.

Toledo, O., Feb. 27.—Spooks and Spiritualism figure prominently in an action for divorce brought by Eva McKinley against Frank McKinley.

Mrs. McKinley alleges that her husband is a "Spiritualist by profession," and that in "the exercise of occult powers" he has abused her. Owing to the spell, she alleges, she is powerless to resist. She says they were married July 31, 1900, and that she has been a victim of his strange power ever since. She alleges that he compelled her to deed to him valuable property which she inherited from a former husband. She alleges that he has obtained from her sums running from $3,000 to $5,000 at various times. She says he has title to various houses and lots in this city and Sandusky, which he obtained from her through the exercise of his powers. She also alleges that her health has been destroyed by this same strange force, and that she is being reduced to poverty.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

SAVED HIS LIFE

Phi Gamma Delta Boys Keep Breath In Brother's Body.

Respiration Ceased While He Was on Operating Table.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 27.—For more than four hours and a half members of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity, of which Frederick Joseph Hurtz is a member, worked over the body of Hurtz to keep life in his body.

For that length of time they worked in relays, keeping up artificial respiration, until at length natural respiration was restored and the young man will soon be restored to health.

It was a task which has never before fallen to the lot of a college fraternity. The task was accomplished while young Hurtz, who is a law student at the university, lay upon an operating table, where he had been operated upon for appendicitis. The young man is a son of Theodore Hurtz, a well-known business man, who was present during the operation. He had been suffering for days and at last an operation was decided upon as the only means of saving his life. The pus had been removed, and also the appendix, which was found to be perforated.

But before the wound was closed it was noticed that the patient was not breathing as he should. Even after the abdomen was flushed with hot salt water there was no response. The body began turning purple, indicating that respiration was clogged.

The ether was at once withdrawn, but as the respirations grew fewer and fewer, the usual remedies were applied. A mustard plaster caused the characteristic reddening, but there was no response from the lungs. Slapping was resorted to, but without avail. A Faradic battery was applied, but the breathing still slowed down, and artificial respiration was then called into play.

Up and down at the rate of 18 to 24 movements a minute his arms were kept going. Sylvester's method, the same as is applied in cases of drowning, was employed. The arms were extended full length, filling the lungs with air. Then they were brought sharply downward, the elbows pressed against the ribs and abdomen, expelling the air.

The physicians soon became exhausted physically, and then it was that word was sent to the Phi Gamme Delta fraternity, to which young Hurtz belonged, and a dozen students responded. These were worked in relays, with a physician at the head directing the movements.

When one squad tired another immediately took its place. Hour after hour passed, but there was no response from the patient. His heart and pulse beat away steadily, however, and while these performed their functions there was hope.

The moment, however, that the respiratory movements ceased the body began turning blue. At the end of four hours and thirty minutes a faint sign of response was elicited. For nearly thirty minutes more the relays worked with renewed vigor. At the end of that time the patient gave one long respiration. A few minutes later complete respiration was restored, and the patient, struggling to a sitting posture, querulously inquired:

"Are you through yet?"

He had reference to the operation. Not an inkling had he had of the struggle that had been carried on and the heroic measures that had been resorted to. From that moment his recovery was rapid, and in a few days he will be discharged.

The physicians who performed the operation, Drs. M. H. and H. H. Everett, and the half dozen others who locked on, are among the most prominent surgeons in the city, and every phase of the remarkable case was noted. Their theory is that the ether, as it very rarely does, caused a paralysis of the nerve center of the brain which controls respiration, and that it was not until the effects of it had been completely eradicated that this organ was able to perform its functions. At no time until near the close was there any indication of a normal respiration. At the close all of the attendants were on the verge of physical collapse from exhaustion.

INTRIGUE AND CRIME

Strange Fate of Woman Recalled By Suit In Court.

Galion, Ohio, Feb. 27.—A story of intrigue and crime committed in a foreign country has just come to light through proceedings commenced in the common pleas court of Crawford county. Letters rogatory were granted in the case commenced by W. F. Mueller, administrator of the estate of Marie Meuller, deceased, against the Galion National bank. Through the proceedings the story surrounding the death of Marie Meuller is disclosed.

For nearly thirty years there lived in this city a German citizen of the name of W. F. Meuller and his wife, Marie Meuller. They had no children. He was a contractor, and by great industry had succeeded in amassing a comfortable fortune, being rated as one of the wealthiest citizens of Galion.

About seven years ago he and his wife quarreled. She charged him with neglect of marital duties, and applied for divorce and alimony. But before the case was called for hearing the parties agreed to separate. She released all interest in his property, and in return he gave her money and personalty valued at about $4000.

A month or so later she said for Stuttgart, Germany, the place of her nativity. Among her possessions was a certificate of deposit for $3000 on the Galion National bank.

In the course of a few months Mr. Meuller learned that his wife died suddenly shortly after her arrival at Stuttgart. Knowing that she had made a will before leaving Galion and that he was named as sole beneficiary, he at once left for Germany to take charge of his wife's estate.

Upon his arrival he was greatly surprised to learn that his wife's sister had obtained possession of the certificate for $3000 and had it cashed at a Stuttgart bank.

He began an investigation and learned, it is alleged, that his wife's sister represented to the bank that she was Marie Meuller, the person named in the certificate, and that in this claim she was supported by her brother. Further, he learned that the Galion bank had remitted to the Stuttgart bank and that the sudden death of Marie Meuller was enshrouded in mystery. Mr. Meuller acted promptly and secured the arrest and conviction of the alleged conspirators. The jurors, however, recommended mercy, and the court imposed a slight penalty.

Mr. Meuller then returned to this city and began suit against the Galion National bank for the recovery of the $3000. Shortly afterward he removed to Denver, Colo., where he was again married, and where he died about a year ago. The case was revived, however, by the appointment of R. W. Johnston, of this city, as administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, and will likely be tried some time during the present term of court.

Freimuth's Freimuth's Freimuth's

$1.50 COPYRIGHTED BOOKS AT 90c

SALE OF SOILED BOOKS SATURDAY.

For Saturday—one day only—we offer about 100 different titles in the $1.50 copyrighted books. They are copies that have lost their first freshness through handling, hardly enough soiled to speak about in many instances, and only one, two or three of a title, but come in and see them. You'll admit they are bargains at 90c. Remember they are for one day only—Saturday. Following is a partial list of the titles

90c

"The Crisis"	By Churchill
"The Christian"	By Hall Caine
"Alice of Old Vincennes"	Morris Thomas
"The King of Honey Island"	Morris Thomas
"The Story of Mary MacLane"	By Herself
"Red Pottage"	Mary Chalmandeley
"A Master of Craft"	W. W. Jacobs
"The Making of Christopher Ferringham"	By Beulah Marie Dix
"A Friend With the Countersign"	By Benson
"The Mantle of Elijah"	By Zangwill
"A Friend of Caesar"	By Davis
"The Conspirators"	By Robert W. Chambers
"Deacon Bradbury"	Edwin Asa Dix
"Fate, the Fiddler"	Herbert MacIlvaine
"Boy"	By Marie Corelli
"Sentimental Tommy"	J. M. Barrie
"Enoch Willoughby"	Wickersham
"The Successors of Mary the First"	By Elizabeth Stuart Phelps
"With Hoops of Steel"	Florence F. Kelly
"Kim"	Kipling
"On the Great Highway"	By James Creelman
"The Alabaster Box"	By Walter Besant
"Consequences"	By Castle

And scores of other new and popular titles at the low price of 90c each.

Men's Spring Negligee Shirts.

Initial Display of the New.

We are prepared to show a superb line of the new spring and summer styles in Men's Shirts. The colorings are daintier and more varied than ever. The selection is generous, while the prices are remarkable considering the values given. Just glance into the west window and see for yourself the splendid assortment.

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS OF PERCALE AND CHEVIOT—some with two collars and one pair of cuffs to match—others with cuffs attached—a pretty assortment of small figures, polka dots and stripes on white grounds, plaited and plain fronts, at... 50c

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS OF FINE CHEVIOTS AND PERCALES—separate cuffs—pretty color blendings—a peerless assortment at—each... 75c

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS OF MADRAS, CHEVIOT AND French Percale, in all the newest stripes and figures—separate cuffs—these are the best Shirts that can be produced for anywhere like the price we ask—indeed you'd pay $1.25 and think them an exceptional value at that—we want you to see this line of Shirts—we've no doubt you'll say they are the best value ever offered at this price—each... $1.00

ALSO A SPLENDID SHOWING OF NEGLIGEE SHIRTS OF imported cheviot, percale and fancy skirtings—plaited and plain fronts—(see west window)—these shirts at $1.50 and $2.00

News From the Cloak Room.

The Arrival of the New Initial Showing.

FIRST SHOWING OF THE NEW SPRING WALKING SUITS—We have just received about 50 new Walking Suits—two-piece—they are mostly in the shot cloth mixtures in pretty blendings—Blue, Gray, Tan and Brown effects—Skirts are the new five or seven-gored sloping styles—plaited and flounced—blouses are box-plaited in front and back—many with the new Gibson rolling collar—They are nicely lined with taffeta—have the new sleeve with gauntlet cuff—altogether a splendid assortment of the nobby Suits, at from... $18.00 to $25.00

NEW WALKING SKIRTS—IN BLACK, BLUE AND BROWN—cut with inverted plaits and flounce, trimmed with black bands and military braid, nobby, up-to-date styles—$5.00 to $10.75

New Silk and Chiffon Hats

For Wear Right Now.

WE HAVE A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF THESE NEW black silk and chiffon Hats—in the desired flat effects—they are the proper vogue just now, our prices range from $1.75 to $6.75

WE ARE ALSO SHOWING A NEW AND COMPLETE LINE OF the popular Drapery Veils—to be worn with the above Hats—plain, tucked and hemstitched hems—these veils are essential just now—to every woman who desires correct style in headwear—the prices range from... $1.00 to $2.75

Shoe Store Savings Saturday

Every item of vital interest to prospective shoe buyers. Thus—

WOMEN'S FINE VICI KID SHOES—SOFT KID TOP—MILITARY heel—heavy extension sole, patent top—new spring styles—the regular $3.50 kind—Saturday... $2.50

WOMEN'S FINE VICI KID SHOES—STOCK TIP—HAND-turned sole—new military heel, foot-form last—new 1903 styles—bought to sell at $3.50—for Saturday only... $2.50

BOYS' BOX CALF SHOES—EXTENSION SOLE—LOW CITY heel—regular price $2.00—special for Saturday at—per pair... $1.50

YOUTH'S BOX CALF SHOES—EXTENSION SOLE—LOW city heel—regular price $1.75—special for Saturday—each... $1.25

LITTLE GENTS' CALF SHOES—EXTENSION SOLE—LOW heel—mannish last—regular price $1.50—special Saturdy... $1.00

Underwear and Hosiery.

WOMEN'S FLEECED VESTS AND PANTS—IN WHITE only—all sizes, regular price 25c—special Saturday, per garment... 18c

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS—IN GRAY, BUTTONED ACROSS THE chest—all sizes—bought to sell at 65c—special for Saturday—per garment... 45c

CHILDREN'S FLEECED HOSE—RIBBED, FAST BLACK—all sizes, regular price 18c—Saturday special, per pair... 12½c

CHILDREN'S EXTRA HEAVY RIBBED STOCKING—VERY elastic, double knee, regular price 25c—special Saturday—per pair... 19c

WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT COTTON STOCKINGS—RIBBED top, double sole—fast and stainless black—regular price 18c—Saturday special, per pair... 12½c

WOMEN'S BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, FULL FASHIONED—natural color, heel and toe—regular price 50c—special for Saturday, per pair... 39c

Bargain News From the Basement.

$1.25 Lamps Saturday, 69c.

CHOICE OF ANY PARLOR LAMP—worth up to $12.50—for Saturday... $7.50

ANY PARLOR LAMP—WORTH UP to $1.25—for Saturday at only... 69c

CHINA CUSPIDORS—SPECIAL Saturday... 59c

$1.00 CRYSTAL GLASS WATER SETS—set of 6 glasses and pitchers, neatly engraved—never less than $1.00—special for Saturday, per pair... 69c

DEW DROP TEA POTS—THE 15c kind—Saturday... 8c

Housefurnishings and Hardware.

8c A TABLE DEVOTED TO HOUSE-furnishings—Scrub Brushes, Lunch Boxes, Feather Dusters, Towel Bars, Clothes Lines, Cuspidors, Comb and Brush Cases, Flour Sifters, Collanders, Stewpans and scores of other useful and necessary articles—values from 12c to 25c—choice for Saturday of anything on this table at—each... 8c

4c KITCHEN AND HOUSEHOLD necessities—a table heaped with them for Saturday of anything on this table Saturday each... 4c

Hardware Specials.

MRS. VROOMAN'S SINK STRAINERS of blue enamel—the 25c kind—for Saturday—each... 15c

TEA KETTLES—COPPER RIMMED—regular price 59c—special for Saturday—each... 45c

BREAD RAISERS—HEAVY IX TIN—10-quart size regular price 69c—special for Saturday each... 48c

10-QT DISH PANS—NEVER SOLD for less than 33c—special for Saturday, each... 23c

BUTLER IS UNSEATED.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Amid scenes which recalled the memorable and exciting days of the Fifty-first congress, when party feeling ran fiercely and the hall of representatives resounded with denunciations of the alleged "high-handed methods" of the maority, James J. Butler, of Missouri, was unseated yesterday by the house and George C. R. Wagoner was given his place.

Presto
(better than flour)
saves cook's time

PERILOUS JOURNEY

By Aged Woman to Visit Father's Grave.

Huntington, W. Va., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Eliza Burchfield, whose home is near Point Pleasant, was here yesterday en route to her home. She is 80 years of age, and has been visiting a brother at Pikeville, Ky., near the Cumberland Mountains. She made the trip from Clinch River, Va., to Pikeville, a distance of seventy miles, on horseback, being accompanied by her youngest brother, whom she had been visiting in Virginia. The trip required six days, and her description of the trip is indeed thrilling.

Two days' hard riding brought them to Cumberland Gap. The road was tortuous, and, in some places, was entirely washed away by the recent heavy rains, making the path so narrow that the travelers were compelled to dismount and walk. After leaving the gap they descended a long crooked water course which was running like a mill race owing to the late rains, and while crossing this stream near its mouth Mrs. Burchfield's horse stepped on a rounded stone in the creek and pitched forward, throwing her into the middle of the stream. The water was very swift, and she was washed 300 yards down stream before she succeeded in catching to an overhanging bush and holding on till she was rescued by her brother. The weather was bitterly cold and she almost froze to death before a house was reached, some five miles further on. At another place her horse broke over a high embankment, she saving herself by jumping off on the upper side, the horse pitching and plunging to the creek bed below.

Mrs. Burchfield has a father buried at the mouth of Pelfrey Creek, and a desire to visit his grave before she died was the cause of her making this journey.

THE CARTER CASE.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 26.—The hearing of the case of the United States vs. ex-Capt. Oberlin Carter and others, was begun here today before a special examiner, to obtain evidence to secure the $50,000 in cash that is in Savannah now, which the United States government claims was used by former Capt. Carter and belongs to the United States. Today's session of the hearing was devoted to the evidence of the engineers relative to the terms of the contract.

Is Your Ailment Catarrh? — "I had catarrh for one year," "I had catarrh for two years," "I had catarrh for five years," "I had catarrh for fifty years," and Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me. These are sentences from the volumes and volumes of testimony for this great catarrh cure, words from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—20.

DAVID HARUM TRICK

Practiced on Him By a Parishioner, Kelley Says.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 27.—Rev. Newton B. Kelley, principal of the Elderidge Academy and minister of the Elderidge and West Lebanon Presbyterian churches, has resigned his charges to accept the presidency of the Franklin college and the pastorate of the Presbyterian churches in New Athens, Ohio, where the college is located. The action was taken after some interesting difficulties between Dr. Kelley and his flock.

The church trouble started in a horse deal, when one of his members is alleged to have got the better of Dr. Kelley, and when the pastor at length intimated that some tricks akin to those employed by David Harum had been perpetrated on him the opposition broke out. The Kittanning Presbytery took up the case on petition from the opposition, and unanimously vindicated Dr. Kelley. Dr. Kelley was much annoyed by anonymous letters received from all parts of the country.

Basement.

Duluth headquarters for hardware, crockery, glassware, lamps, tinware, granite ware, house furnishing goods. Money-saving prices always the basement rule.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY — THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Furniture.

Don't buy a thing in furniture until the Glass Block opening. Glass Block prices will revolutionize the furniture business in Duluth—as they have in other departments.

Grand values for Saturday in 1903 fashions!

Snaps picked up by a dozen alert buyers in New York, Boston and Philadelphia have been rushed on by express. Every time they make an extra good strike it is hurried out to Duluth so there need be no let-up in the continuous stream of better values. Splendid lots are shown Saturday for the first time. Every article is exactly as represented. The price is the same to everybody, and you're absolutely safe, for you get your money back without a question until you're satisfied. That's the Glass Block method.

One hour, 9 to 10 a. m.

$1.48 for boys' $3.50 suits.

Last call in the boys' clothing department, second floor. Choice of any boy's suit in the house worth up to $3.50, all wool, 2-piece and double breasted, 3-piece suits, all colors, well made. One hour, 9 to 10 a. m. Choice at $1.48.

12½c for childs' 50c drawers

Muslin drawers, for children, 2 to 12 years, all sizes, made with wide hem and one row of beaded insertion. Regular price is 50c, according to size. We will make one low bargain price on all sizes for one hour, 9 to 10 Saturday morning, 12½c or two for 25c. Don't miss this sale. Second floor.

Seekins' flowers.

—Fresh from our own greenhouses—cut tulips, daffodils, hyacinths, valley lilies, jonquils, etc.

Roses, per dozen......75c to $2.50
Fancy carnations, per doz.....75c
American Beauties, a doz. $1 to $6

Plants in pots—Azaleas, Easter lilies, hyacinths, primoses, daffodils, tulips, all in bloom.

SPECIAL—Saturday only—Tulips—freshly cut, home grown, rich colors, worth 75c a doz—for, per dozen............ **50c**

Dinner sets.

100 pieces—Grindley's English decorated semi-porcelain dinner wares, regular price $13.95 per set of 100 pieces—Saturday only—special sale of this ware—100-piece sets for.... **$8.50**

Water sets.

Special sale Saturday—basement, handsomely engraved, thin glass, nickel tray, regular price $1.10—Saturday, a set..... **69c**

Cups and saucers.

Johnson's decorated English porcelain cups and saucers—regular price $1.95 per dozen—Saturday's special—per dozen.................. **$1.20**

Latest waists and skirts.

The suit room is brightening up with the new arrivals of spring styles in women's ready-to-wear apparel. Three buyers are giving all their time to buying for the Glass Block suit department, and their first purchases are already on sale. Something new for you every day.

NEW SILK WAISTS—New Monte Carlo style, new ideas in tucks, plaits and hemstitching, new ideas in sleeves, yokes and neck finish—fine qualities of taffeta and peau de soie. Prices up to $9.50—some as low as **$4.50**

WASH WAISTS — First arrivals of spring styles in pretty white and black patterns, tucked and hemstitched, all sizes. A grand special value for Saturday at **65c**

NEW WALKING SKIRTS—Wool melton cloth skirts in greys, browns, mixtures and black. The new flare. The making and finish of these skirts is of the highest order and the skirts are bargains at **$4.98**

NEW DRESS SKIRTS — First arrivals of black dress skirts of broadcloth, cheviot and silk—also a few grey mixtures—some lined—some unlined—some plain—some trimmed. All on sale Saturday at choice for, only **$4.75**

Special dress goods bargains.

Saturday we will sell 10 pieces of 56-inch Oxford suitings in mixtures of brown, blue, grey, black and tan—an actual 65c value in desirable dress material—special, per yard **49c**

Saturday we will sell 6 pieces of 50-inch all-wool black cheviot—shrunk and sponged—rain proof goods—actually worth 85c a yard—special at **59c**

1000 yards embroidered Swiss lawns—fancy dress material for washable frocks—a good 20c value—special, per yard **15c**

Shoes! Rubbers!

As usual, our prices are lower than any others in Duluth. Compare the prices.

Child's storm rubbers, full widths, perfect goods, others ask 25c and 35c for the same goods—our price all through February—per pair **23c**

Misses' storm rubbers, clean, fresh stock, perfect goods, sold elsewhere for 30c and 40c—all sizes, 11 to 2—good widths—only **28c**

Boys' rubbers, extra heavy goods, new lasts, fresh and clean, others ask 40c to 50c... **37c**

Boys' Casco calf shoes, extension soles, city heel, solid throughout—special for Saturday—per pair **98c**

Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 shoes, dongola stock, solid leather, button—sizes 11 to 2—special for Saturday **89c**

Ladies' $2.50 shoes, light and heavy soles, patent leather tips, new Boston toe, all sizes and all widths, special for Saturday, only **$1.69**

Four lines ladies' $4 shoes, latest shapes, vici stock or velour calf, all sizes, and all widths—special price for Saturday only **$2.98**

Good goods for men.

Our men's furnishings department carries always a first-class line of haberdashery and hats—an assortment without a superior in Duluth. BUT, we sell the same qualities as clothing stores for *less money*, or *better qualities* for the same prices. So a man may either save money, or dress better by patronizing the Glass Block.

NEW HATS—Our specialty is the Panton & White $2.00 hat in stiff and soft shapes, conforming to the latest blocks of the leading style makers—Special for Saturday—we offer these hats—Derby and Alpine shapes, black and colors—at the reduced price of **$1.75**

IMPERIAL $3.00 HATS have no superiors anywhere, Wanamaker is sponser for them in New York. All that can be put into a hat at any price is in the Imperial, at **$3.00**

SPECIAL SHIRT SALE—Soft bosom and stiff bosom—take your choice. Saturday we offer 500 colored percale shirts, with detached cuffs—each shirt an excellent 75c value—at the bargain price of only **45c**

NEW NECKWEAR — New assortment of neckwear—bows, tecks, bands, four-in-hands, Ascots, De Joinvilles—all-silk, made up in handsome patterns—values up to $1.00—Saturday's special bargain price **50c**

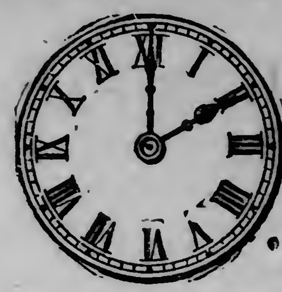
Just at 50c we have the swellest line of men's neckwear in Duluth.

MEN'S KID GLOVES—Complete line of Adler's and Fowne's kid, dogskin and mocha gloves. Assortment of colors and sizes to suit all. Nothing better in the glove line made. Prices $1.85 and **$1.50**

SUSPENDERS — Special sale of a lot of $2.00 suspenders. All-silk web—white leather ends—buckles and snaps of 18-karat solid gold plate—closing these out at—per pair **$1.00**

Special 25c value—Guyot style suspenders, now closing out—and the bargain price Saturday will be only **10c**

One hour, 2 to 3 p. m.



$1.48 Any trimmed hat in the house.

Our millinery department makes the most generous offer ever. Every trimmed hat in the house will be offered for one hour only, regardless of cost, value or former selling price. Hats worth from $4.50 to $12.00, including pattern hats, will all be included in this one-hour sale—from 2 to 3 o'clock, Saturday afternoon, at $1.48 for choice.

29c for 65c black dress goods.

A special purchase from a large importing house. Black crepons, with beautiful, lustrous, jacquard figures, in spots and scroll designs—for skirts and suits. Fast black and worth 65c a yard in the regular way of trade. For one hour Saturday afternoon we will sell these black crepons at 29c a yard.

Special lamps.

Saturday we offer choice of every fine lamp in the basement, worth up to $9.00, without reserve at the special one-day-only bargain price of...... **$4.95**

Basement specials.

Tin pails, 12-qt size, flaring style, special Saturday **15c**
Toilet paper, in rolls, Panton & White Co. special—Saturday 7 rolls for **25c**

Harness dept.

Every harness and every piece of stable and horse goods at less than harness store prices.
12c curry combs—for Saturday—each **8c**
Hollingshead's Castile Cream harness dressing, for Saturday **15c**

Toilet articles.

Special Saturday Bargains.
White Pine cough syrup—regular price 25c, Saturday **15c**
Bath cloths, half cloth and half brush, regular price 50c, special for Saturday only.. **25c**
Wright's 25c Saponaceous tooth powder, Saturday—per bottle..................... **15c**

BARGAIN COUNTER WEST.

12½c FOR 25c PERCALES.

A beautiful line of light colored dress percales—some with cords, some with fancy bourette effects, some with dainty little figures, some with pretty stripes. A special purchase of values up to 25c a yard. We give you all our buying advantage and offer the lot at 12½c a yard. This is the best bargain of the season—don't miss it. **12½c**

BARGAIN COUNTER CENTER.

UNDERWEAR.

Men's spring weight merino shirts and drawers — natural grey — a good $1.00 value—Saturday's bargain price only— 2 for 95c. **50c** 2 for 95c.

BARGAIN COUNTER EAST.

5c—OUTING FLANNELS—5c

Special sale on the bargain counter east of main entrance—New lot of light spring colors in good 7½c outing flannels—stripes, plaids, checks—spring weight, spring colors—for children's dresses and for underwear, wrappers, house dresses and negligees—we load the entire purchase on the bargain counter, without limit and without reserve at, per yard **5c**

PARK POINT PLANS

Large Amount of Building to Be Done Next Summer.

Plan For Fine Ferry Service Is Working Satisfactorily.

Plans are now under way which indicate that within the next six weeks there will begin extensive improvements on Park Point in the way of new buildings by owners of lots, and track extension by the street railway. The company will not only extend its tracks this spring to the new tract which it recently purchased below the present site of the pavilion, but extensive repairs will be made on the entire system, including the ballasting of the roadbed and repairs to running equipment.

During the past winter there has been in the aggregate quite a little changing of hands of Park Point property, and the present owners, in the majority of cases, are those who expect to build summer cottages and homes. There have been a number of actions in court since the close of last summer season to quiet title to Park Point properties, and there are now a few still pending in district court. While the delay in the erection of the bridge over the canal has had some effect in deterring speculators from giving a lively attention to that part of the city, the delay has not caused a cessation in the demand for property on the Point, and there is said to be a good inquiry for building lots at the present time, with prices a little stronger than last season.

The project looking toward a better ferry service between the Point and West Sunperior next summer is said to be working satisfactorily, although the details are not yet ready to make public. It was at first thought that the enterprise would be connected by the Park Point railway company in connection with the line on the Point, but matters have since so shaped themselves that the ferry business will be entirely a private enterprise.

In general, the plans for the ferry service contemplate one large-sized steamer to ply back and forth from some landing in West Superior and a dock to be built somewhere below the pavilion, or to have two small-sized steamers, one of which could be put into the excursion trade when not required for ferry purposes.

One of the local lumber dealers said yesterday that he has already contracts to furnish a large amount of lumber for new homes on Park Point, to be built early in the season and to be ready for occupancy by the middle of June. He says that the quality of timber ordered for the new homes indicates that they are to be of a substantial nature and much better than the flimsy buildings which were built a few years ago. Nearly every habitable cottage or house on the Point has been occupied this winter, but within the last two weeks a number who were able to get houses in the city left the Point on account of uncertain conditions of transportation across the canal. The steady residents of the Point are united in their demand for something more certain, and will admit that the canal proposition is the only drawback to residence in Lower Duluth district.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

BETTER THAN LOOKED FOR

High School Spelling Shows Up Well on First Test.

The tests to which the spelling of high school students has been put by Principal Smith's new method of spelling lessons for the whole school, hase shown that there are many things worse than the high school spelling.

On the lesson which was given the students Tuesday morning the senior class sustained an average of 93 per cent. The lesson contained fifty practical words which may be met with every day.

In the enthire school there were thirty-five papers on which there was not a single mistake. In each room there proved to be one or two students who were very peor and their poor average brought down the standing of the school greatly.

The words which were most generally misspelled were "lilies" and "papoose" and "pollen." A great number of seniors fell down on those simple words.

"Erchings" for "urchins," was the performance of the senior who drew the booby prize.

As a whole the test was satisfactory to Principal Smith, the standing of the students in the general run being better than was expected. The lessons will be given twice every week from now on and a rapid improvement in the orthographic standing of the school is sure to result.

One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the microbe which tickles the mucous membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Max Wirth.

A HARD GAME IS CERTAIN

Houghton Will Give Duluth Fierce Struggle at Indoor Ball.

Houghton indoor baseball team will be here this evenign in full force to meet the all-star aggregation of the interstate indoor baseball league at the Armory.

The game promises to be a battle royal. When the Duluth men went to Houghton and Calumet some time ago to meet the Houghton men they met severe defeat, and since then they have been preparing to pay back the Michigan men with their own coin.

All of the Duluth men are in good condition and are confident that they will be in at the finish. They are picked from the best players of all the teams at the head of the lakes, and will put up a strong front when it comes time to play ball.

The Wolverines have Murphy, the fast pitcher, who was instrumental in defeating the Duluth men on the occasion of the former game, and he will put over some shoots to keep the local men busy.

Duluth men will have the advantage of playing on their own floor, which they are thoroughly acquainted, and if they do not win it will e be because Houghton has a better team.

The Duluth men were royally treated when they visited Houghton, and they are making arrangements to give the Michigan men as good a time as they got when they went to the Wolverine state. A banquet will be given the visitors Saturday evening after the dance which follows the gome.

PETER SUNDRUD.
Who disappeared Saturday and was found drowned near the Red Cliff mill yesterday morning. Lived at 2024 West Second street.

TO SELL THE PINE TIMBER

Land Commissioner Sends His Chief Clerk to Minnesota.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Alexander C. Shaw, chief clerk of the public land division of the general land office, left for Minnesota yesterday.

Chief Shaw has been ordered to Crookston, where he will open bids on March 4 for the pine on the four ceded townships on the White Earth reservation.

This is the first sale to be conducted under the Morris act, and it will be closely watched by the general land office. It is not expected that competition will be very lively owing to the fact that the state cut a considerable portion of the timber on these tracts before the decision was rendered granting sections 1 and 3 to the Indians.

The state has been called on to turn over the money to the federal authorities.

Mr. Shaw, during his stay in Minnesota, will take a trip over the Chippewa reservation and look into the matter of estimating and classifying lands.

The new members of the Minnesota delegation, Steenerson and Bede, have already agreed to the plan of consolidating the Marshall office with St. Cloud. Congressman Buckman arrived yesterday and his views will be sought. Land Commissioner Richards has exercised careful judgment in having the new boundaries drawn so that the convenience of settlers will be served. He has consulted with Senator Nelson and members of the delegation and taken pains to go into the situation in detail.

When the surveyed lands under the Seelye estimate are opened up it is considered as certain that an office will be established at Cass Lake. Commissioner Richards will soon be engaged in making up the regulations for the sale of Red Lake lands, under the provisions of the Indian appropriation bill just passed.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Two Chinese were killed Thursday by an explosion of oil, turpentine and paint on board the steamship Indrawadi at Brooklyn. Considerable damage also was done to the vessel which arrived Wednesday from China and Manila with a general cargo.

A state official, who arrived at Huntington, W. Va., from the Piney Mountain district, says that the striking miners wired to Cincinnati Thursday for 150 rifles to be sent to Prince station on the Chesapeake & Ohio railway. He says the remaining strikers at the Wright coal works declare they will not surrender to the federal authorities without a battle.

Several Colorado & Southern and Fort Dodge & Denver passenger and freight trains are stuck in snow drifts between Trinidad and Fort Worth. It has been snowing along this line since Monday evening.

W. E. Martin, a Colorado Springs photographer, and his four-year-old son were killed by an explosion that occurred while Martin was mixing salt peter and sulphur to form a flashlight powder.

In one of the longest drawn-out contests seen in Cleveland in months, Tom Jenkins threw Frank Gotch, who was billed as the champion of Iowa, twice Thursday night, thereby winning a purse of $500. The two falls were secured in an hour and fifty-five minutes and fifteen minutes, respectively.

Jack O'Brien, of Philadelphia, and Al Weinig, of Buffalo, were to have fought six rounds at the Broadway Athletic club Thursday night. During the fourth round the referee stopped the bout declaring that Weinig was clearly outclassed and that he could not permit further punishment.

Fire caused a loss of $75,000 to the plant of the Art Bedstead company, Thirty-seventh and Rockwell streets, Chicago. The fire was a hard one to control, the contents of the building being highly inflamable, and the presence of gasoline and other combustibles used in the manufacture of varnish necessitating great caution in fighting the flames.

One man was fatally injured and fourteen others received minor injuries as a result of the collapse of a scaffold upon which the men were working at Chicago Thursday. The men were at work on an addition to the South Division high school when without warning the scaffolding broke and precipitated the workers to the ground, a distance of three stories. Edwin Tosin, a bricklayer, sustained a broken back and was also injured internally and will probaby die.

GRAIN INSPECTION.

North Dakota House Favors the Wisconsin Plan.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 27.—By an overwhelming majority the house yesterday declared its belief that the passage of the grain inspection bill, now before the Wisconsin legislature by that body would improve the condition of grain shippers in North Dakota.

This action was taken by adopting the minority report of Representative Young of the state committee that went to Madison to urge this legislation. Young's report stated that Governor LaFollette had given as positive assurance as he could well give that he would name a North Dakota man on the board of inspection in case the Wisconsin bill passed.

The majority of the committee, consisting of Senators LaMoure and Sharpe and Representatives Leech and Mattson with Commissioner Turner presented a report that they could get no assurance that a North Dakotan would be appointed and hence could not recommend that the legislature take further action toward passage of the Wisconsin bill.

The reports will be considered in the senate today.

CUT IN COAL RATES

Ordered By the State Railroad Commission.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—The state railroad and warehouse commission has filed an order granting the petition of Henry Klauser, a coal and lumber dealer of Litchfield, Minn., for a lower rate on coal and lumber from Duluth and the Twin Cities to Litchfield, over the Great Northern road.

Mr. Klauser stated that on the old rates of 13 cents a hundred on lumber and $2.20 a ton on hard coal from Duluth to Litchfield and 9 cents a hundred on lumber and $1.50 a ton on hard coal from the Twin Cities to Litchfield were exorbitant and unjust and the committee agreed with him.

By the findings of the commission the Great Northern is ordered to make a rate of 9 cents a hundred on lumber and $1.50 on hard coal from Duluth to Litchfield, and a rate of 6 cents a hundred on lumber and $1 a ton on hard coal from the Twin Cities to Litchfield.

The road is given twenty days in which to comply with the order or file an answer showing cause.

WOMEN PLACED ON EQUALITY

(Continued from Page One.)

day afternoon, had but few votes to spare. It needed sixty votes and it got sixty-six. Six members voted against it, apparently on general principles, because it affects no other county but St. Louis, and all of the St. Louis county members voted for it.

* * *

Another judgeship bill that passed was that giving the Fifteenth judicial district an additional judge. While it is the largest district in the state, including in its bounds Itasca, Aitkin, Cass, Crow Wing, Beltrami, Hubbard and Waden counties, it has but one judge, and as each of these seven counties has one term of court a year, that solitary judge, Judge McClenehan, is kept pretty busy. The territory included in the district is but sparsely developed, and is growing with great rapidity every year, so that the claim of the Fifteenth district has more merit than any of the others that have been presented at this session.

* * *

The creameries and hardware concerns of the state will be allowed to form mutual fire insurance concerns if the senate takes the same action that the house did yesterday, when it passed the Wilder bill allowing the incorporation of such concerns.

* * *

The Hinds bill, adding additional land to the Itasca state park, was also passed by the house. So was a bill fixing the fees of court commissioners for examining alleged lunatics at $5 per head when the work is performed in the absence of the probate judge.

* * *

The passage of the Stone bill yesterday was one of the most interesting events of the session so far, and it is not yet over, for yesterday afternoon Representative Minnette, of Stearns county, gave notice of a motion for the reconsideration of the vote by which the house passed the bill. The bill is rather drastic, apparently, in its provisions, and it remains to be seen which is correct—the advocates of the bill that said it would abolish discrimination in rates, or its opponents, who said it would injure shippers by causing railroads to maintain rates and never lower them again because they would fear the railroad and warehouse commission would not give them leave to restore them again.

* * *

The senate judiciary committee yesterday afternoon gave a hearing on the bill making it a misdemeanor to give trading stamps or similar trade inducements in this state. Both sides were represented, and both sides spoke. The advocates of the bill were representatives from the State Grocers' association and the Twin City Grocers' association, and several trading stamp concerns were there, too. The grocers said the trading stamp scheme was a nuisance and threw additional cost on the customers. The trading stamp people said it was a good thing, that it put business on a cash basis and thus helped everybody. The committee left the bill in the hands of a sub-committee and took no action upon it.

* * *

The senate committee on illuminating oils took favorable action yesterday afternoon on the bill requiring gasoline and benzine, in quantities of less than ten gallons, to be sold in cans painted a bright red, and providing punishments for anybody that sells kerosene in similar cans. The committee voted to recommend the bill for passage.

* * *

During the entire year of 1901 there were 246 mineral leases on state lands issued from the office of the state auditor.

During 1902 the number issued was 241.

Since Jan. 20 of this year, only a little more than six weeks, the number issued has been 267, and they are being issued at a rapid rate, largely on lands in the vicinity of the new iron finds in Lake and St. Louis counties.

N. G. Richardson, of Minneapolis, yesterday afternoon took out the largest bunch of state mineral leases ever issued, taking ninety pieces of land near Highland.

W. S. McCurdy, of St. Paul, yesterday took out a dozen leases. He is in partnership with J. B. Joyce, of St. Paul, and altogether they hold fifty-one claims in the Highland region.

* * *

Representative Armstrong, of Hennepin county, yesterday afternoon introduced in house a resolution providing that the house committee on public accounts and expenditures, in its investigations of state finances, should not employ anybody connected with one department in investigating the accounts of another.

Should this pass, it would dispose of the offers that Public Examiner Johnson has made to the committee of the use of his deputies in looking over accounts, instead of employing expert accountants from outside the capitol building.

L. H. Johnston, of Minneapolis, gave notice of debate and the resolution went over under the rules.

* * *

There will be but one committee junket per day hereafter, as the W. A. Nolan resolution against the practice was adopted by the house yesterday.

The Morley bill taking the state university, the normal schools and public school for dependent children at Owatonna, and the school for defectives at Faribault out of the board of control, is a special order for this afternoon, and it will be voted up or down before adjournment.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

REFORMS ORDERED.

Constantinople, Feb. 27.—The sultan has ordered the application of the Austro-Russian plan of reforms in Macedonia to all the six Roumelian vilayets. The state council is preparing an organic staute for the application of the reforms.

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

2 THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903.

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FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

AID BADLY NEEDED

Terrible Conditions In the Famine Districts of Sweden.

Work Must Be Provided For the Starving People.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Writing under date of Luba, Sweden, Jan. 31, Guy Cramer, staff correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, says: The extent of the crucial, pressing need caused by the famine in the northland of Sweden, which has appealed to the charity of the world to save the lives of 100,000 people, can be understood by the reports reaching Governor Karl J. Bergstrom from the stricken parishes of Norrbottens lan, the lan or shire of which he is the governmental head.

These letters have described the terrible conditions prevailing in the famine-swept country, the results of personal observation during an 800-mile trip through the suffering districts by means of sleighs, skis and the reindeer sleds of the Laplanders. Governor Bergstrom's information and efforts emphasize the urgent need of the continuance of every assistance the outside world can give.

Reports are coming in, as directed by the governor, from the local committees aiding the relief work in each parish. These slips state the quantity of supplies needed to keep the starving people alive until the first day of next June, when favorable weather and gifts of many tons of seed grain may allow a small crop to relieve the sufferers from the extreme of want next fall. These statements set out the smallest quantities of food on which the tens of thousands in want can be kept, allowing the scantiest possible distribution commensurate with sustaining life.

Full reports have not yet been received, but from every section of Norrbottens lan, only one link in the famine swept governmental districts, but the worst in this chain of suffering, comes the call for extreme aid. From the village of Glommerstrask, in the extreme south, to Kongama, in the north, near the Norwegian boundary, from Hietaniemi, on the Finnish border, to Jackvik, off in the west, it is the same. What the total amount of relief called for will be cannot yet even be approximated. Into this lan have gone more than 1100 carloads of supplies, but this aid has merely served to enable the people to fight off starvation until this day. Even then it has required scant use of relief food and desperate effort to prevent death from claiming its victims in great number.

The reports thus far received and compile show that seventeen small towns ask 2,400,000 pounds of flour to keep their people until the first day of the coming June. This is exclusive of all supplies already received and is based on the supposition that seed grain will be supplied to the people that they may seek a new harvest. Throughout the northland about 61 per cent of the cows and horses have been killed, owing to lack of fodder. Goats have been slain everywhere, and formerly the milk of these animals, together with that from the cows, served as the chief source of life. To save a portion of the remnants of the stock in Norrbottens lan, however, eighteen small judicial districts assert that not a whisp less than 18,360,000 pounds of hay will be needed. This total is based, too, on the supposition that good weather will provide some open pasturage for the stock by the first week in June, a continguency which is most unlikely.

In addition to joining in this demand for hay seventeen districts ask in addition for 1,054,000 pounds of fodder meal if the stock surviving the knife is to be saved until the close of May. Eleven towns ask 1,762,000 pounds of straw. Nine districts have sent in a plea for 196,000 pounds of oil cakes to mix with boiled birch leaves and the ground bark of the pine trees as a food for their cows. The figures are totaled, for to present each case would merely involve a table covering most of the small villages and parishes of this lan.

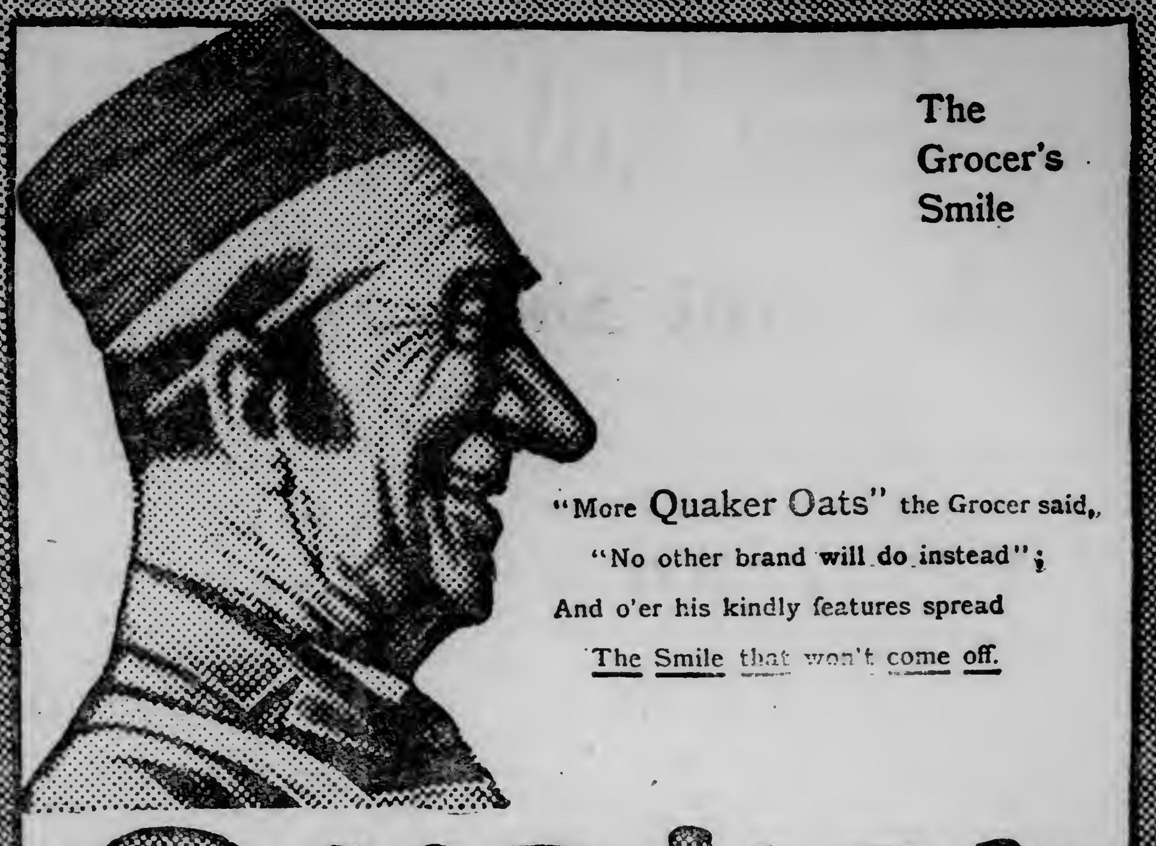
A few instances serve to show the volume of need in the separate parishes. In each case the figures are based on bedrock estimates, for there is a unity of effort in this bleak, north country, to fight the famine to the best advantage, and each parish is aiding the other, cutting its estimates to the lowest figure, because of knowledge of the all too great quantity of food which must be supplied the thousands and thousands of hungry families.

Korpilombolo parish presents the extreme of poverty in many sections. There are 2,006 people in this district, according to the census of 1901, and all but 100 or less are dependent on outside aid. Here no estimate of the quantity of flour needed was forwarded. "Give us all you can spare; we need it," was the way this estimate was entered. But plea is made for 506,000 pounds of hay, 110,000 pounds of straw, 76,000 pounds of oats and 44,000 pounds of fodder meal. Ofver Kalix parish has a population of 5,583 people. Here 500,000 pounds of flour is asked for. The promise comes with this that only an amount sufficient for bread for a single meal a day will be issued if need be. To save the cows and horses, which are the factors that must share in great part in saving the lives of the human beings, there is asked 1,760,000 pounds of hay, 449,000 pounds of straw, 132,000 pounds of fodder meal, 80,000 pounds of oats, and 22,000 pounds of oil cakes.

Ofver Tornea has a population of 5,377 souls. It is removed from the single railway line and is cut off from reaching the world by water, as the gulf of Bothnia and its tributary, the Tornea river, are frozen barriers. To keep these people until the first of June the local committee asks 352,000 pounds of flour; for the stock, 1,160,000 pounds of hay, 572,000 pounds of straw, 110,000 pounds of fodder meal, 58,000 pounds of oats, and 32,000 pounds of oil cakes. Pajala parish has 4,651 souls. Here an especial effort has been and is being made to save the stock. Only estimates on hay and flour have been sent from here, many people having kept their bodies together by gathering up the barley scales that fly from the small quantities of grain ground in the mills. The committee there asks 2,800,000 pounds of hay and 430,000 pounds of flour.

Governor Bergstrom has borrowed money when needed. He has purchased hay in Belgium and in Holland, but this has been but a drop in the constant demand—a demand which must continue for at the least four or five months longer. The work of getting supplies even from Stockholm to this northland, is tedious to desperation. By rail from Stockholm to Lulea means a trip of two nights and almost two days by the fastest passenger train. North of Lulea—or Boden, rather, as the junction station on the main line is called—the railway terminal was the mining town of Gellivare until a few months ago. Now the road has been extended on through the northland to the seaport of Narvik in northern Norway. But as yet, though a government railroad—all lines being owned by the government in Sweden—this section is operated solely by the mining companies to get down their ore from Kurina and other points. Passengers are carried at their own risk and from Boden to Kurina, a distance of about 140 English miles, the trip requires from thirteen to fourteen hours by the quickest train.

"Lack of work is another evil that adds to our terrible straits," said the governor, through Interpreter Linquest. "There is absolute paralysis. There is little work at the best. All we can do is to encourage wood-carving in the homes and seek to make a market. In the spring I believe that work must be provided in some way. The people must be put to building roads by the government, to cutting drainage, or other public works. In that way they can be taken from the present enforced idleness and will be enabled to earn the supplies which are given them.



Say Quaker distinctly

HEIRESS TO BOOTH

Lays Claim to Property of D. E. George In Oklahoma.

Says She Is the Daughter of John Wilkes Booth.

El Reno, O. T., Feb. 27.—A claim has been filed with Mayor Hensley of this city by a woman signing herself Mrs. Charles Levine for whatever property may have been been left by D. E. George, who claimed to have been John Wilkes Booth. Her grounds for the claim are that she is the daughter of Booth, and that she is entitled to his belongings if George really was Booth. Her claim is set forth in the following letter, addressed to the mayor of El Reno:

"Dear Sir—You will please pardon me for taking the liberty of addressing you, but if the papers are telling the truth about the man who committed suicide recently in your territory, D. E. George, if he is really John Wilkes Booth, he is my father, and if there is no other identity proven, believe him, for he is telling the truth.

"He was married to my mother in the state of Tennessee long after the assassination of Lincoln. His wife's name was Louisa Booth, and my name is the same as one of his sisters, I believe the only one he had, Laura Ida Booth, my middle name being the same as that of mother's sisters. Do you know whether he had a family in the territory or not? I never saw my father. He went away two months before I was born.

"This story may seem very strange to you, but nevertheless it is true. I have a stepbrother who saw the wedding of Booth and my mother, and if the Oklahoma suicide is John Wilkes Booth, then I am entitled to some of his estate.

"In connection with his death I see the names of the cities—El Reno, Guthrie, Enid—mentioned. I have never been in the territory and do not know where these places are located. There is no use of my writing much until I find out something more from the people who have known everything about the matter. As soon as you answer this I can give you all the information that you want. My people all live in the South, and they know all about what I am telling you, and can give you all the information you want. Please do not give this to the papers, as I do not wish for any notoriety. Yours respectfully.

"MRS. CHAS. LEVINE.

"New York City, Feb. 11."

It will be remembered that George committed suicide in Enid several weeks ago, and before dying gave out a statement that he was John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of Abraham Lincoln. To back up his statement, the wife of a Methodist minister of Enid, in an interview, told of the history of George, as given by him to her, setting forth the fact that he had killed Lincoln, traveled extensively in Europe, finally returning to America in disguise.

In further making good the story, told by George, comes now Rev. Wheeler M. Wellman, editor of the Caddo County Review at Hydro, Okla., who says:

"Many of the citizens of Hydro will remember George, a painter who lived in Hydro a year ago and owned a claim three miles south, which he sold for $1800. He was an eccentric man and had a strange career. When in my paper I published a brief history of Hydro's business men, in January, 1901, Mr. George, in telling of his life, told me that J. Wilkes Booth was not dead; that when the barn in which Booth was supposed to have taken refuge was burned, hoping thus to get the assassin, he was not there. He was very emphatic in his statements, to which at that time very little attention was given."

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Laura Booth never, to my knowledge, however, claimed that her mother married her father after Lincoln was assassinated. In fact, this Laura Booth was too old a woman to have been born after Lincoln's death.

The last time I saw her was in Toledo, some twelve or thirteen years ago. She was in a company that was playing an engagement at the summer garden at Presqu Isle. She then told me the story of her mother's marriage, but I am not certain that she did not state that it occurred after the assassination of President Lincoln. She did say, however, that she had never seen her father.

WEIRD DANCE IN GRAVEYARD

Annual Dance at Grave of an Old Snowshoer.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—Two hundred snowshoers, dressed in blanket suits, resplendent in all the various colors of the rainbow and wearing toques the coloring of which represented the various clubs to which they belong, danced at about 10 o'clock a few nights ago around a grave in the Catholic cemetery on the Mountain of Montreal and sang "Auld Lang Syne," the song that always winds up the entertainments of the snowshoe clubs.

This is an annual custom. The man whose grave is thus honored was a leader in snowshoe matters about twenty-five years ago. His name was Nicholas Hughes, but he was commonly known as "Evergreen."

He was immensely popular, and did a great deal to encourage the sport, and the annual pilgrimage paid to his grave is in response to a desire expressed once that his friends might in winter visit him once in a while, should he die. The visit is always paid in February, on the occasion when the old Montreal Snowshoe club, the oldest in existence, holds its veterans' tramp.

Veterans from different clubs join in the ceremony, and it will probably be continued as long as snowshoeing lasts.

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

HAMMER FOR GARLAND

When He Again Visits His Native Town.

West Salem, Wis., Feb. 27.—Cold hospitality awaits Hamlin Garland when he comes home to his birthplace in this town for his vacation next summer.

In his recent book "Ham," as he is known among his neighbors here, referred to this town as "blissfully unliterary," and now a day of reckoning awaits his homecoming. Garland recently purchased the old homestead and comes home regularly to spend his vacation. His neighbors and the local newspapers indignantly resent the imputation, and declare that West Salem can produce just as great "literary fellows" as Hamlin ever hopes to be. This is the way one newspaper put it:

"Remember our great baseball poetess and the coruscating genius who shot athwart the literary sky like a flashing meteor and immortalized herself in those beautiful lines about boys. Salem sprouts literary prodigies continually, and you can't keep them down with a meat ax."

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

INTERESTING, IF TRUE.

You Can Try It For Yourself and Prove It.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat, eggs or other wholesome food, and this claim has been proven by actual experiment which anyone can perform for himself in the following manner: Cut hard-boiled eggs into very small pieces, as it would be if masticated, place the egg and two or three of the tablets in a bottle or jar containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (the temperature of the body) and keep it at this temperature for three and one-half hours, at the end of which time the egg will be as completely digested as it would have been in the healthy stomach of a hungry boy.

The point of this experiment is that what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do to the egg in the bottle it will do to the egg or meat in the stomach and nothing else will rest and invigorate the stomach so safely and effectually. Even a little child can take Stuart's Tablets with safety and benefit if its digestion is weak and the thousands of cures accomplished by their regular daily use are easily explained when it is understood that they are composed of vegetable essences, asceptic pepsin, diastase and Golden Seal, which mingles with the food and digest it thoroughly, giving the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate.

Dieting never cures dyspepsia, neither do pills and cathartic medicines, which simply irritate and inflame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and promptly digested there will be no constipation, nor in fact will there be disease of any kind because good digestion means good health in every organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide and they are sold at the moderate price of 50 cents for full sized package in every drug store in the United States and Canada, as well as in Europe.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Runaway Wife From Iowa Is Caught at Meckling.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermillion—Detective Myers, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, after chasing a runaway wife through four states, finally located her at Meckling, S. D. But three days before he reached the city she was married to Oscar S. Lockary, and extorted money from him and skipped. She is said to be the wife of a wealthy citizen of Council Bluffs, but over a year ago deserted her husband and eight months' old baby. The officer would not divulge the husband's identity. The marriage record here gives the wife's name as Sarah I. Ulch.

Sisseton—James Powers and a woman who says she is his wife, who have been conducting a resort at Enemy Swim Lake, were brought to this city. Powers was given a preliminary hearing upon the charge of selling liquor without a government license, and was held to the United States circuit court in the sum of $300. A cash bond was furnished and the prisoner discharged.

Lead—At a time when he was apparently recovering from a serious attack of pneumonia, William B. Abbott died very suddenly. He was a Canadian by birth and came to Lead last August as a representative of a shoe company of Chicago.

Deadwood—One of the schools has been ordered closed on account of diphtheria among the pupils. Several cases, in a mild form, have appeared. The school will open in a week if no further cases appear. In the meantime the building is being fumigated.

Watertown—Peter Sherer, residing some eight miles south, is a nervy man. While pitching hay with a patent fork the middle finger of the left hand caught in a clamp, fracturing the bone. He could not extricate the finger and as there was no help near, he cut off the injured member with a pocketknife.

Peter Lindner, Sr., one of the early settlers of Codington county, died at an advanced age. He came to this county from Germany when a boy. Much property is left to ten children, all residing nearby.

Rapid City—Edward B. Reed died of a complication of diseases, aged 53 years. He was a native of western New York and came to Rapid City in 1884. He took charge of the Rapid City Union in 1889, and published the paper five years. In 1894 he went to Des Moines, Iowa, and was for several years assistant industrial agent for the Chicago Great Western railroad.

Ipswich—A man named Mead, who was confined in the county jail, has succeeding in making his escape and no trace can be found.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Five thousand people, hailing from all parts of the country, will land in Minot between this date and the first day of April. The first consignment will arrive about the middle of March. Beginning with the 1st of April, many homeseekers will go through Minot on the Soo, bound for Canadian points.

A masquerade ball, held in the opera house, was a brilliant success, being attended by all prominent citizens. Dancing continued until 4 a. m.

Milnor—George Gates, who lives north of town lost his dwelling and contents by fire.

The village council is having an artesan well put down for fire protection.

Paul Ranes lost a large barn by fire.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Court Holds Iron River Taxes of 1898 Invalid.

Iron River—The question of the validity of the 1898 taxes of Iron River was settled by the supreme court when it handed down an opinion in the case of the auditor general vs. Hughitt, holding the tax roll void for the reason that fraudulent and unauthorized changes had been made in the assessment roll by the then supervisor after the board of review had adjourned. The case was tried in the circuit court for Iron county at the February term of 1901, when the objectors were given relief to the extent of one-tenth of the tax. The facts in the case were, as proved at the hearing, that after the assessment roll for the township of Iron River had been completed that year, and after the roll had been passed upon and certified by the board of review, the supervisor, Thomas H. Flanagan, altered the valuation of certain lands of the Metropolitan Lumber company, reducing them in the aggregate amount of $34,000. The circuit judge granted relief to the objectors to the amount of their injury, which was one-tenth, when the amount of the reductions was considerd with the total footing of the roll. I. W. Byers, of Iron River, who represented the objectors, was dissatisfied with this result, and appealed the matter to the supreme court. His contention was that the action of the supervisor rendered the entire tax roll void, and his position has been sustained.

Crystal Falls—A story is going the rounds at Crystal Falls to the effect that at the Hope mine last week a wedding and a funeral were combined. A child died and a minister was called to officiate at the funeral. A young couple on the location desired to marry, and the minister being handy they decided not to let him get away before he tied the knot. So, in the same room wherein the corpse lay the two were joined in marriage.

Sault Ste. Marie—By a vote of the official board, the pastor and a committee of the Central M. E. church of the Soo were recently instructed to provide individual wine cups. Three hundred of these have been procured, and they will be used henceforth instead of the common comunion cup for the congregation. The innovation is commendable from a sanitary standpoint.

The contract for the construction of a three-story building, to be occupied by the Washburn Carpet and Rug company, has been awarded at the Soo to C. W. Caskey & Sons. The size of the building will be 48 by 72 feet, three stories high, with basement. The structure is to be rushed to completion and be ready for occupancy by May 1. It will be built of brick and stone. E. W. Cottrell, of Detroit, who owns the building site, will put up the block and lease it to the Washburn company.

Mrs. Joseph Louisignau, of Mackinac island, was overjoyed last week to receive a card of invitation to attend the golden wedding of her brother, Stephen Owen Rice, whose home is at San Francisco. The card came as a great surprise. Mrs. Louisignau had not heard from her brother in fifty-three years, or since he left to go overland to California in the gold excitement period, beginning in 1849. She had long supposed him dead.

LARGE GAME RESERVE.

Minnesota Men Interested In Wisconsin Hunting Grounds.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—One of the largest hunting and game reserves in the world will be established in the peninsula of Northern Wisconsin by Minnesota capitalists. It will be planned on the same principles as the great hunting preserves of Europe, and when complete will be as well protected.

Former State Representative Coe, of Minneapolis, is pushing the proposition among the sporting fraternity of the Twin Cities, and the project already has the hearty support of a number of St. Paul men who spend several weeks of every year in hunting.

The new reservation is to be located on the Cranberry river, in Bayfield county, which is considered by many nimrods the ideal deer, trout and bird spot in the United States.

Mr. Coe has at his disposal 21,000 acres, and probably half of it will be set aside for a game preserve. He hopes to be able to interest enough Twin City people to organize a stock company with a capital of $100,000.

LAD OF SIXTEEN

Gets Five Years' Sentence For Criminal Assault.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 27.—Andrew Tompkins, aged 16, whose home is at Kalamazoo, Mich., pleaded guilty to a charge of criminally assaulting Irene Homes, aged 12, before Judge Fruit yesterday, and was sentenced to Waupun for five years. The crime was committed at Glendale, a small town east of here.

A weak stomach causes a weak body and invites disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures and strengthens the stomach, and wards off and overcomes disease. Max Wirth.

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes. M. S. BURROWS.

NOTICE! To Men Who Think.

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$3.50 $5.00.

Phillips & Co.

GOOD LEATHER

TWO ESSENTIALS FOUND ONLY IN GOOD SHOES.

Both are to be found in the shoes sold here. The leather is selected with the utmost care, thus we furnish first class wear.

$2.50—$3.50

These shoes are made upon foot-form lasts and care is used in fitting so that your feet may be comfortable.

BROCKTON SHOE CO., 311 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

PERFECT COMFORT

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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Annual Dance at Grave of an Old Snowshoer.

Montreal, Feb. 27.—Two hundred snowshoers, dressed in blanket suits, resplendent in all the various colors of the rainbow and wearing toques the coloring of which represented the various clubs to which they belong, danced at about 10 o'clock a few nights ago around a grave in the Catholic cemetery on the Mountain of Montreal and sang "Auld Lang Syne," the song that always winds up the entertainments of the snowshoe clubs.

This is an annual custom. The man whose grave is thus honored was a leader in snowshoe matters about twenty-five years ago. His name was Nicholas Hughes, but he was commonly known as "Evergreen."

He was immensely popular, and did a great deal to encourage the sport, and the annual pilgrimage paid to his grave is in response to a desire expressed once that his friends might in winter visit him once in a while, should he die. The visit is always paid in February, on the occasion when the old Montreal Snowshoe club, the oldest in existence, holds its veterans' tramp. Veterans from different clubs join in the ceremony, and it will probably be continued as long as snowshoeing lasts.

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

HAMMER FOR GARLAND

When He Again Visits His Native Town.

West Salem, Wis., Feb. 27.—Cold hospitality awaits Hamlin Garland when he comes home to his birthplace in this town for his vacation next summer.

In his recent book "Ham," as he is known among his neighbors here, referred to this town as "blissfully unliterary," and now a day of reckoning awaits his homecoming. Garland recently purchased the old homestead and comes home regularly to spend his vacation. His neighbors and the local newspapers indignantly resent the imputation, and declare that West Salem can produce just as great "literary fellows" as Hamlin ever hopes to be. This is the way one newspaper put it:

"Remember our great baseball poetess and the coruscating genius who shot athwart the literary sky like a flashing meteor and immortalized herself in those beautiful lines about boys. Salem sprouts literary prodigies continually, and you can't keep them down with a meat ax."

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

AID BADLY NEEDED

Terrible Conditions In the Famine Districts of Sweden.

Work Must Be Provided For the Starving People.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Writing under date of Luba, Sweden, Jan. 31, Guy Cramer, staff correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, says: The extent of the crucial, pressing need caused by the famine in the northland of Sweden, which has appealed to the charity of the world to save the lives of 100,000 people, can be understood by the reports reaching Governor Karl J. Bergstrom from the stricken parishes of Norrbottens lan, the lan or shire of which he is the governmental head.

These letters have described the terrible conditions prevailing in the famine-swept country, the results of personal observation during an 800-mile trip through the suffering districts by means of sleighs, skis and the reindeer sleds of the Laplanders. Governor Bergstrom's information and efforts emphasize the urgent need of the continuance of every assistance the outside world can give.

Reports are coming in, as directed by the governor, from the local committees aiding the relief work in each parish. These slips state the quantity of supplies needed to keep the starving people alive until the first day of next June, when favorable weather and gifts of many tons of seed grain may allow a small crop to relieve the sufferers from the extreme of want next fall. These statements set out the smallest quantities of food on which the tens of thousands in want can be kept, allowing the scantiest possible distribution commensurate with sustaining life.

Full reports have not yet been received, but from every section of Norrbottens lan, only one link in the famine swept governmental districts, but the worst in this chain of suffering, comes the call for extreme aid. From the village of Glommerstrask, in the extreme south, to Kongam, in the north, near the Norwegian boundary, from Hietaniemi, on the Finnish border, to Jackvik, off in the west, it is the same. What the total amount of relief called for will be cannot yet even be approximated. Into this lan have gone more than 1100 carloads of supplies, but this aid has merely served to enable the people to fight off starvation until this day. Even then it has required scant use of relief food and desperate effort to prevent death from claiming its victims in great number.

The reports thus far received and compile show that seventeen small towns ask 2,400,000 pounds of flour to keep their people until the first day of the coming June. This is exclusive of all supplies already received and is based on the supposition that seed grain will be supplied to the people that they may seek a new harvest. Throughout the northland about 61 per cent of the cows and horses have been killed, owing to lack of fodder. Goats have been slain everywhere, and formerly the milk of these animals, together with that from the cows, served as the chief source of life. To save a portion of the remnants of the stock in Norrbottens lan, however, eighteen small judicial districts assert that not a whisp less than 18,360,000 pounds of hay will be needed. This total is based, too, on the supposition that good weather will provide some open pasturage for the stock by the first week in June, a contingucncy which is most unlikely.

In addition to joining in this demand for hay seventeen districts ask in addition for 1,051,000 pounds of fodder meal if the stock surviving the knife is to be saved until the close of May. Eleven towns ask 1,762,000 pounds of straw. Nine districts have sent in a plea for 196,000 pounds of oil cakes to mix with boiled birch leaves and the ground bark of the pine trees as a food for their cows. The figures are totaled, for to present each case would merely involve a table covering most of the small villages and parishes of this lan.

A few instances serve to show the volume of need in the separate parishes. In each case the figures are based on bedrock estimates, for there is a unity of effort in this bleak, north country, to fight the famine to the best advantage, and each parish is aiding the other, cutting its estimates to the lowest figure, because of knowledge of the all too great quantity of food which must be supplied the thousands and thousands of hungry families.

Korpilombolo parish presents the extreme of poverty in many sections. There are 2,006 people in this district, according to the census of 1901, and all but 100 or less are dependent on outside aid. Here no estimate of the quantity of flour needed was forwarded. "Give us all you can spare; we need it," was the way this estimate was entered. But plea is made for 506,000 pounds of hay, 110,000 pounds of straw, 76,000 pounds of oats, and 44,000 pounds of fodder meal. Ofver Kalix parish has a population of 5,583 people. Here 500,000 pounds of flour is asked for. The promise comes with this that only an amount sufficient for bread for a single meal a day will be issued if need be. To save the cows and horses, which are the factors that must share in great part in saving the lives of the human beings, there is asked 1,760,000 pounds of hay, 440,000 pounds of straw, 132,000 pounds of fodder meal, 80,000 pounds of oats, and 22,000 pounds of oil cakes.

Ofver Tornea has a population of 5,377 souls. It is removed from the single railway line and is cut off from reaching the world by water, as the gulf of Bothnia and its tributary, the Tornea river, are frozen barriers. To keep these people until the first of June the local committee asks 352,000 pounds of flour; for the stock, 1,160,000 pounds of hay, 572,000 pounds of straw, 110,000 pounds of fodder meal, 58,000 pounds of oats, and 32,000 pounds of oil cakes. Pajala parish has 4,651 souls. Here an especial effort has been and is being made to save the stock. Only estimates on hay and flour have been sent from here, many people having kept their bodies together by gathering up the barley scales that fly from the small quantities of grain ground in the mills. The committee there asks 2,800,000 pounds of hay and 490,000 pounds of flour.

Governor Bergstrom has borrowed money when needed. He has purchased hay in Belgium and in Holland, but this has been but a drop in the constant demand—a demand which must continue for at the least four or five months longer. The work of getting supplies even from Stockholm to this northland, is tedious to desperation. By rail from Stockholm to Lulea means a trip of two nights and almost two days by the fastest passenger train. North of Lulea—or Boden, rather, as the junction station on the main line is called—the railway terminal was the mining town of Gellivare until a few months ago. Now the road has been extended on through the northland to the seaport of Narvik in northern Norway. But as yet, though a government railroad—all lines being owned by the government in Sweden—this section is operated solely by the mining companies to get down their ore from Kurina and other points. Passengers are carried at their own risk and from Boden to Kurina, a distance of about 140 English miles, the trip requires from thirteen to fourteen hours by the quickest train.

"Lack of work is another evil that adds to our terrible straits," said the governor, through Interpreter Linquest. "There is absolute paralysis. There is little work at the best. All we can do is to encourage wood-carving in the homes and seek to make a market. In the spring I believe that work must be provided in some way. The people must be put to building roads by the government, to cutting drainage, or other public works. In that way they can be taken from the present enforced idleness and will be enabled to earn the supplies which are given them.

INTERESTING, IF TRUE.

You Can Try It For Yourself and Prove It.

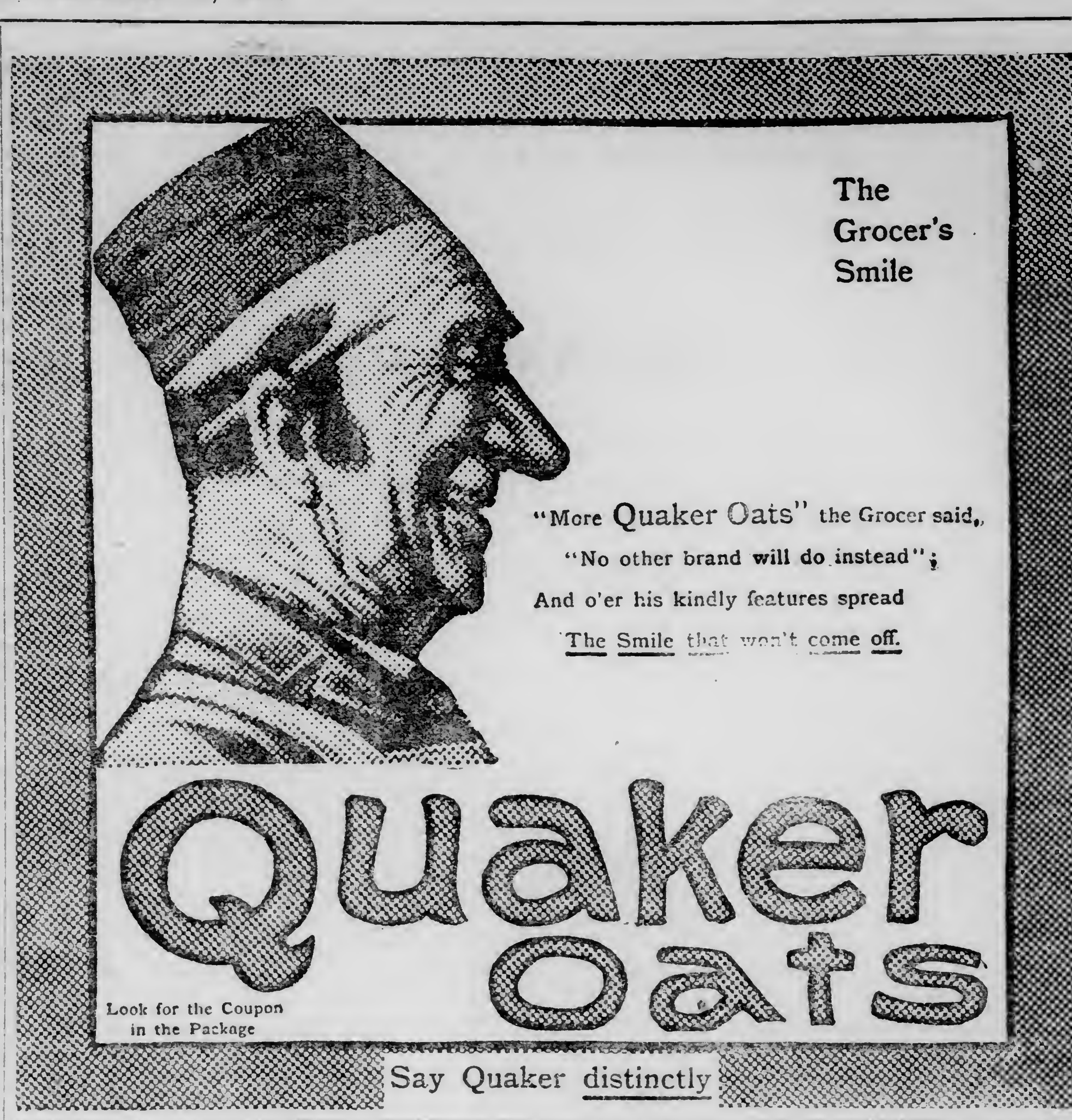
One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat, eggs or other wholesome food, and this claim has been proven by actual experiment which anyone can perform for himself in the following manner: Cut hard-boiled eggs into very small pieces, as it would be if masticated, place the egg and two or three of the tablets in a bottle or jar containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (the temperature of the body) and keep it at this temperature for three and one-half hours, at the end of which time the egg will be as completely digested as it would have been in the healthy stomach of a hungry boy.

The point of this experiment is that what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do to the egg in the bottle it will do to the egg or meat in the stomach and nothing else will rest and invigorate the stomach so safely and effectually. Even a little child can take Stuart's Tablets with safety and benefit if its digestion is weak and the thousands of cures accomplished by their regular daily use are easily explained when it is understood that they are composed of vegetable essences, asceptic pepsin, diastase and Golden Seal, which mingles with the food and digest it thoroughly, giving the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate.

Dieting never cures dyspepsia, neither do pills and cathartic medicines, which simply irritate and inflame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and promptly digested there will be no constipation, nor in fact will there be disease of any kind because good digestion means good health in every organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide and they are sold at the moderate price of 50 cents for full sized package in every drug store in the United States and Canada, as well as in Europe.



HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Runaway Wife From Iowa Is Caught at Meckling.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermillion—Detective Myers, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, after chasing a runaway wife through four states, finally located her at Meckling, S. D. But three days before he reached the city she was married to Oscar S. Lockary, and extorted money from him and skipped. She is said to be the wife of a wealthy citizen of Council Bluffs, but over a year ago deserted her husband and eight months' old baby. The officer would not divulge the husband's identity. The marriage record here gives the wife's name as Sarah I. Ulch.

Sisseton—James Powers and a woman who says she is his wife, who have been conducting a resort at Enemy Swim Lake, were brought to this city. Powers was given a preliminary hearing upon the charge of selling liquor without a government license, and was held to the United States circuit court in the sum of $300. A cash bond was furnished and the prisoner discharged.

Lead—At a time when he was apparently recovering from a serious attack of pneumonia, William B. Abbott died very suddenly. He was a Canadian by birth and came to Lead last August as a representative of a shoe company of Chicago.

Deadwood—One of the schools has been ordered closed on account of diphtheria among the pupils. Several cases, in a mild form, have appeared. The school will open in a week if no further cases appear. In the meantime the building is being fumigated.

Watertown—Peter Sherer, residing some eight miles south, is a nervy man. While pitching hay with a patent fork the middle finger of the left hand caught in a clamp, fracturing the bone. He could not extricate the finger and as there was no help near, he cut off the injured member with a pocketknife.

Peter Lindner, Sr., one of the early settlers of Codington county, died at an advanced age. He came to this county from Germany when a boy. Much property is left to ten children, all residing nearby.

Rapid City—Edward B. Reed died of a complication of diseases, aged 53 years. He was a native of western New York and came to Rapid City in 1881. He took charge of the Rapid City Union in 1889, and published the paper five years. In 1894 he went to Des Moines, Iowa, and was for several years assistant industrial agent for the Chicago Great Western railroad.

Ipswich—A man named Mead, who was confined in the county jail, has succeeding in making his escape and no trace can be found.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Five thousand people, hailing from all parts of the country, will land in Minot between this date and the first day of April. The first consignment will arrive about the middle of March. Beginning with the 1st of April, many homeseekers will go through Minot on the Soo, bound for Canadian points.

A masquerade ball, held in the opera house, was a brilliant success, being attended by all prominent citizens. Dancing continued until 4 a. m.

Milnor—George Gates, who lives north of town lost his dwelling and contents by fire.

The village council is having an artesan well put down for fire protection.

Paul Ranes lost a large barn by fire.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Court Holds Iron River Taxes of 1898 Invalid.

Iron River—The question of the validity of the 1898 taxes of Iron River was settled by the supreme court when it handed down an opinion in the case of the auditor general vs. Hughitt, holding the tax roll void for the reason that fraudulent and unauthorized changes had been made in the assessment roll by the then supervisor after the board of review had adjourned. The case was tried in the circuit court for Iron county at the February term of 1901, when the objectors were given relief to the extent of one-tenth of the tax. The facts in the case were, as proved at the hearing, that after the assessment roll for the township of Iron River had been completed that year, and after the roll had been passed upon and certified by the board of review, the supervisor, Thomas H. Flanagan, altered the valuation of certain lands of the Metropolitan Lumber company, reducing them in the aggregate amount of $34,000. The circuit judge granted relief to the objectors to the amount of their injury, which was one-tenth, when the amount of the reductions was consideerd with the total footing of the roll. I. W. Byers, of Iron River, who represented the objectors, was dissatisfied with this result, and appealed the matter to the supreme court. His contention was that the action of the supervisor rendered the entire tax roll void, and his position has been sustained.

Crystal Falls—A story is going the rounds at Crystal Falls to the effect that at the Hope mine last week a wedding and a funeral were combined. A child died and a minister was called to officiate at the funeral. A young couple on the location desired to marry, and the minister being handy they decided not to let him get away before he tied the knot. So, in the same room wherein the corpse lay the two were joined in marriage.

Sault Ste. Marie—By a vote of the official board, the pastor and a committee of the Central M. E. church of the Soo were recently instructed to provide individual wine cups. Three hundred of these have been procured, and they will be used henceforth instead of the common comunion cup for the congregation. The innovation is commendable from a sanitary standpoint.

The contract for the construction of a three-story building, to be occupied by the Washburn Carpet and Rug company, has been awarded at the Soo to C. W. Caskey & Sons. The size of the building will be 48 by 72 feet, three stories high, with basement. The structure is to be rushed to completion and be ready for occupancy by May 1. It will be built of brick and stone. E. W. Cottrell, of Detroit, who owns the building site, will put up the block and lease it to the Washburn company.

Mrs. Joseph Louisignan, of Mackinac island, was overjoyed last week to receive a card of invitation to attend the golden wedding of her brother, Stephen Owen Rice, whose home is at San Francisco. The card came as a great surprise. Mrs. Louisignan had not heard from her brother in fifty-three years, or since he left to go overland to California in the gold excitement period, beginning in 1849. She had long supposed him dead.

LARGE GAME RESERVE.

Minnesota Men Interested In Wisconsin Hunting Grounds.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—One of the largest hunting and game reserves in the world will be established in the peninsula of Northern Wisconsin by Minnesota capitalists. It will be planned on the same principles as the great hunting preserves of Europe, and when complete will be as well protected.

Former State Representative Coe, of Minneapolis, is pushing the proposition among the sporting fraternity of the Twin Cities, and the project already has the hearty support of a number of St. Paul men who spend several weeks of every year in hunting.

The new reservation is to be located on the Cranberry river, in Bayfield county, which is considered by many nimrods the ideal deer, trout and bird spot in the United States.

Mr. Coe has at his disposal 21,000 acres, and probably half of it will be set aside for a game preserve. He hopes to be able to interest enough Twin City people to organize a stock company with a capital of $100,000.

LAD OF SIXTEEN

Gets Five Years' Sentence For Criminal Assault.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 27.—Andrew Tompkins, aged 16, whose home is at Kalamazoo, Mich., pleaded guilty to a charge of criminally assaulting Irene Homes, aged 12, before Judge Fruit yesterday, and was sentenced to Waupun for five years. The crime was committed at Glendale, a small town east of here.

A weak stomach causes a weak body and invites disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures and strengthens the stomach, and wards off and overcomes disease. Max Wirth.

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes.
M. S. BURROWS.

GOOD LEATHER

TWO ESSENTIALS FOUND ONLY IN GOOD SHOES.

Both are to be found in the shoes sold here. The leather is selected with the utmost care, thus we furnish first class wear.

$2.50—$3.50

These shoes are made upon foot-form lasts and care is used in fitting so that your feet may be comfortable.

BROCKTON SHOE CO.,
311 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

PERFECT COMFORT

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

Try Our Belmar Shoe $2.98.

Gray-Tallant Co

Use Our Erin Linen.

A Great Shoe Sale.

Saturday we'll offer exceptional saving opportunities in our low priced shoe dept. Some offerings are so low they may seem incredulous, but we will show the goods just as advertised. Visit this department.

Boys' $1.25 and $1.50 Veal Calf Shoes—a good assortment—another opportunity to save. Saturday at **89c**

Misses' Vici Kid and Box Calf Shoes—newest toes—worth $1.50 and $1.75, special Saturday **$1.25**

Infants' Soft Soled Shoes—all colors and sizes—a regular 50c grade—buy what you want tomorrow at **25c**

Children's 65c, 75c and $1.00 values in lace and button shoes, turned sole—sizes 2 to 8, Saturday price **49c**

Misses' Cap Toe Storm Rubbers—an exceptional opportunity to effect a saving Saturday, at **34c**

Misses' Storm Rubbers—we make a price for Saturday that will be unequaled. Our low price the pair **29c**

Women's $2, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 street and dress shoes—patent calf, box calf and vici kid—On the table Saturday, at **$1.49**

Women's $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes—about 25 pairs at the very special low price for Saturday of **50c**

Women's $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 patent leather and kid strap sandals—on special sale for Saturday, at **75c**

Little Gent's Calf Skin Shoes—$1.25 the regular value—buy the boy a pair of "dry" shoes, at **$.100**

Perfection Shoe Dressing Saturday only 8c.

The Benefit Concert

Make your plans to attend the benefit concert for the famine stricken in Norway, Sweden and Finland to be given on the third floor of our store Monday evening, March 2nd, at 8 o'clock. Watch tomorrow's paper for the program.

Our Great Selling Out Sale

Is now at its height.—Mrs. M. Burke, 1017 West Michigan Street, was the lucky person to get the $10.00 Suit of Clothes free. Tomorrow morning, Feb. 28, 1903, we will give away free to the first customer inside the door a $5.00 pair of Shoes. Take notice that OUR LEASE EXPIRES MAY 1st, 1903, and every dollar's worth of goods must be sold, no matter what loss we sustain. DOORS OPEN 8:30 A. M. SHARP.

Suits and Overcoats.

100 men's $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 suits and overcoats, special	$2.94
200 men's $8.00 $9.00 and $10.00 Suits and Overcoats, special	$3.82
250 $12, $13.50 and $15 Suits and overcoats, special	$5.61
100 men's $16, $18 and $20 suits and overcoats, special	$7.42
100 men's $22 and $25 suits and overcoats	$10.34
35 government overcoats, worth $18 special price, each	$4.98

Boys' and Children's Clothing.

Boy's $3.50, $4 and $5 suits, selling out price, per suit	$1.36
Boys' $6 and $7 suits, selling out price, per suit	$2.19
Boys' $5 and $6 reefers, selling out price	$2.13
Children's 3-piece suits, worth $5.00 selling out price	$1.89
Boys' Knee Pants, worth up to $1.00 selling out price, per pair	26c

Linen Collars, Etc.

100 dozen men's and boys' linen collars, worth 15c, selling out price	6c
500 dozen men's linen handkerchiefs, worth 10c, selling out price	2c
500 dozen men's all wool hose, worth 25c, selling out price	12½c
100 dozen men's fancy wool hose, worth 50c, selling out price	24c
150 dozen men's fine neckwear, worth up to $1, selling out price	23c
50 dozen men's bow ties, worth 25c, selling out price	11c

Suspenders.

56 dozen President suspenders, selling out price	32c
20 dozen best 50c suspenders, selling out price	23c
30 dozen best 50c working suspenders, selling out price	19c

Men's Trousers.

200 pairs men's best $1.50 pants, selling out price	83c
250 pairs men's best $2 pants, selling out price	98c
300 pairs men's best $2.50 pants, selling out price	$1.19
150 pairs men's best $3 pants, selling out price	$1.43
150 pairs men's best $3.50 pants, selling out price	$1.63
148 pairs men's best $4 pants, selling out price	$1.88
165 pairs men's best $5 pants, selling out price	$2.34
100 pairs men's best $6 pants, selling out price	$2.72

Underwear Almost Given Away.

50 dozen men's fine camel hair underwear worth $2 per suit, selling out price, garment	48c
40 dozen suits corded underwear, worth $3 per suit, selling out price, per garment	74c
60 doz all wool suits, double back and front worth $3 per suit, selling price, per garment	74c
20 doz Australian wool suits, worth $4.50 per suit, selling out price, per garment	$1.13
8 doz fine silk underwear, worth $7.50 per suit, selling out price, per garment	$1.74
45 doz fine ribbed underwear, worth $3 per suit, selling out price, per garment	74c
32 doz fine grey wool underwear, worth $4 per suit, selling out price, per garment	98c

Dress Shirts.

24 dozen men's fine white shirts, worth $1, selling out price	48c
20 dozen men's new fancy bosom shirts, worth $1.50, selling out price	69c
25 dozen men's new fancy bosom dress shirts, worth $1, selling out price	48c
30 dozen men's soft bosom shirts, worth $1, selling out price	39c

Shoes For Everyone at Less Than Cost of Manufacture.

Men's best $1.75 calfskin shoes, selling out price	98c
Men's best $2.00 calfskin shoes, selling out price	$1.19
Men's best $2.50 vici kid shoes, selling out price	$1.39
Men's best $3.00 vici kid shoes, selling out price	$1.49
Men's best $3.50 box calf shoes, selling out price	$1.69
Men's best $5.00 patent leather shoes, selling out price	$2.69

Boys' and Children's Shoes.

Boys' best calfskin shoes, selling out price	94c
Boys' best $2.00 box calf shoes, selling out price	$1.23
Boys' best $2.50 vici kid and box calf shoes, selling out price	$1.42
Boys' best $3.00 vici kid shoes, selling out price	$1.63
Children's best 76c shoes, selling out price	36c
Children's best $1.00 shoes, selling out price	48c
Children's best $1.25 shoes, selling out price	54c
Children's best $1.50 shoes, selling out price	69c

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes.

Ladies' best $2, and $2.50 felt shoes, selling out price	98c
Ladies' best $2.00 kid shoes, selling out price	$1.24
Ladies, best $2.50 vici kid shoes, selling out price	$1.39
Ladies' best $3, $3.50 and $4 shoes, latest styles, selling out price	$1.69
Ladies' $2.00 low shoes, selling out price	63c
Misses' best $1.50 shoes, selling out price	89c
Misses' best $2.00 shoes, selling out price	$1.24
Misses' best $2.50 shoes, selling out price	$1.48
Big lot of school shoes, selling out price	83c

A $40,000 stock of new, up-to-date Clothing, Furnishings, Shoes and Rubber Goods for Men, Boys, Ladies and Children is now at your mercy. Here is an opportunity that you cannot afford to miss. You will find among our stock the greatest bargains ever offered in the history of the clothing business. Remember that we are positively selling out and the stock will be sold regardless of cost. A dollar here will go as far as two or three or four elsewhere. If you are already supplied it will pay you to buy your goods for next winter.

S. E. GITTELSON & CO.,

400 West Superior Street, - - Duluth, Minn.

PRISONERS' BOARD

Sheriff Supposed to Feed Them But Without Profit.

County Is Justified In Leasing the Sheriff's Residence.

Judge W. A. Cant, late yesterday afternoon, filed his rulings in the mandamus and the injunctional proceedings in connection with the sheriff's residence in teh county jail, and the feeddence in the county jail, and the feeding of county prisoners.

Judge Cant holds that Victor A. Dash is entitled to retain possession of the jail residence, but that Sheriff W. W. Butchart would be entitled to feed the prisoners in the county jail at actual cost were the matter properly brought before the court. The court grants the motion of the respondents, V. A. Dash and the county commissioners, that the writ of mandamus be quashed and the proceedings be dismissed.

In the matter of the restraining order, which was intended to stop payment of Mr. Dash's bill for feeding the county prisoners in January, the motion for the injunction is denied and the temporary restraining order was dissolved.

H. B. Fryberger, who represents Sheriff Butchart's interest in the fight for the jail residence and the boarding of prisoners, said last evening that an appeal would be taken to the supreme court from the findings of the district court. He also said that he would instruct his client to refuse to take the food offered for the prisoners by Mr. Dash, furnishing it from some outside source himself. Mr. Fryberger said that this would necessitate the cooking of meals outside the jail building, and would be inconvenient, but that the food could be in some way conveyed to the building.

The court says:

Where any considerable number of prisoners are confined, a jail, for convenience and economical management should include an office, a kitchen and a store room. Authority to erect and maintain a jail would, without doubt, reasonably include these. A jail might be managed without those. Many are, but not conveniently or economically. But authority to construct a jail would not be sufficient to provide for the housing of the various members of the sheriff's family. That is not an essential feature of a jail, as is a place for the jailer or watchman, to stay while on duty, or a conveniently adjacent place to store and cook food when numerous prisoners are confined. Under existing laws no county can be compelled to erect such a residence, or to maintain it after its erection. No sheriff can be required to occupy such a residence if erected.

On the face of it the so-called sheriff's residence in this county, separated as it is from the jail proper by a 20-inch brick wall, withhout connecting passageways, is of little or no practical value as affording better management or control of the jail. It might as well be across the street.

"Providing the sheriff with a commodious residence in a county like this merely adds so much to the emoluments of the office, without in any appreciable degree furthering the usefulness of the sheriff.

"The funds of the county have been expended in the construction of the sheriff's residence. Of a necessity, therefore, the commisisoners have it on their hands as county property. They are under no obligations to maintain it as a sheriff's residence. So long as it stands it is their duty to devote it to such use as is most advantageous to the county. If not required for county purposes it is their duty to rent it as they have done."

In his memorandum attached to the ruling in the injunctional proceedings brought by Mr. Wright, Judge Cant says:

"The plaintiff's right to the injunction demanded depends upon the alleged increase in taxation which he in common with other taxpayers will suffer if the contract with the defendant, V. A. Dash, is permitted to be carried out. If that contract seems to increase such burden the action may be maintained. If it does not the action must fail.

"The complaint is based upon the theory that under the law as it now stands the sheriff of the county has the right to board the prisoners and to be paid therefor at statutory rates.

"He had the right prior to the passage of chapter 68, laws 1901, placing the office of sheriff on a salary basis. Did the passage of that act effect a change in this respect?"

The court points that the sheriff, in providing board for the prisoners above the actual cost of the supplies would be receiving a compensation above his salary, or in other words, a double compensation, and that would be contrary to the spirit or intention of the law. He says:

"The question remains whether it is still the duty of the sheriff to board the prisoners, notwithstanding the fact the section which specified the rate of compensation has been repealed."

The court holds that previous sections of statutes impose the duty of feeding prisoners on the sheriff, and there is no express repeal of those sections. It is held that there are strong reasons why the boarding of prisoners should be under the immediate charge of the sheriff, and that it would require a clear expression of the legislative will before the court would be justified in finding that a change was intended in that regard.

Judge Cant says the sheriff is not required to furnish supplies without being reimbursed therefor, but he must make no profit and receive no compensation for services except as provided for in chapter 68, laws of 1901.

The court concludes that it is still the duty of the sheriff to board the prisoners, and if the matter is properly brough before the courts that the county require him to do so.

As to the manner in which this could be brought about, Judge Cant says:

"This may be accomplished either on a complaint showing that under the contract with Dash a margin of profit is being paid, over and above the actual cost of boarding the prisoners, the payment of which profit would be an unwarranted burden upon the taxpayers of the county, or on a complaint by the sheriff alleging that under the contract in question it is impossible for him to perform the duties imposed upon him by law in the care and boarding of the prisoners.

"The complaint in this case does not embody either of these grounds. It is not made by the sheriff and there is no allegation that the cost of boarding the prisoners under the contract with Dash is greater than it would be under Butchart as sheriff. The allegation that some other party offered to board the prisoners for an amount less than the bid of Mr. Dash is immaterial. The commissioners had no authority to accept the bid."

Spring Styles.

The Princess-

Street or Dress,

$3.50.

Phillips & CO.

THE STAGE.

The standing-room-only sign was hung out early last evening at the Metropolitan opera house. The bill of the Ferris comedians for the remainder of the week is Alphouse Daubet's sensation, "Sapho," as dramatized and adapted by Olga Nethersole. The first night's production of this startling but popular drama met with the approval of the audience. Miss Grace Hayward, of the Ferris company at Minneapolis, appeared in the title role of Fanny LeGrande, or the model of the artist's Sapho, and her efforts were greeted with enthusiastic applause. Gus A. Forbes as Jean Gaursin, with whom Fanny LeGrande falls violently in love, and Harry Langdon, as Flamont, Fanny's former lover, appeared at their best. Will H. White made a fine Dechelette, and William Laug captured the audience with his representation of Uncle Cessaire, Jean's eccentric relative. George Elmore as Caoudal, the French artist, Joseph Dillon as Hettema, and Josie Haines as Madame Hettema gave strong support to the comedy side of the play. Marie Harcourt made an excellent Aunt Divonne. The costuming and scenic effect were especially good.

* * *

The program for the next concert to be given by Lanners' concert band at the Metropolitan theater, Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, will be one of the best that has been heard in Duluth for a long time.

There will be three special features, instead of two, as heretofore, and as it has been the aim and desire of the management to please the people, Prof. Muhlbaur has selected this program with great care, having both classic and popular music in it.

Miss Willa Mae Wylie will give a reading. The vocal soloist will be Mr. Franz Schulz, basso, and it is always pleasing to hear his fine bass voice.

The band soloist will be Mr. G. L. Wedan and this will be a novelty, as few people realize that a solo can be played on so large an instrument as a Conn's giant Eb bass, as it measures eighteen inches across the bell, the rest of the horn being built in proportion.

* * *

The appearance of "Miss Simplicity" in Duluth next week will be of especial interest to many Duluth people from the fact that one of the songs in the opera which has made the greatest hit was written by Ernest Hanegan, a young man who made his home in Duluth a few years ago, and whose mother is still a resident of Duluth. Mr. Hanegan has a number of songs which are sung in different operas with considerable success. The song in "Miss Simplicity" is entitled, "The Girl With the Baby Stare." In Chicago, on the opening night, it received eight encores.

ROBBED GARRET POSTOFFICE.

Garret, Ind., Feb. 27.—Robbers last night blew the postoffice safe here and carried away $1000 in cash and $300 in stamps. The robbers went to Altoona, two miles distant, stole a horse and buggy and escaped. They led a posse of citizens six hours.

Presto (better than flour) saves cook's time

BRILLIANT VIRTUOSO

Gabrilowitsch Received With Great Enthusiasm at Lyceum.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, one of the world's greatest pianists, and by many excellent critics considered to be in many respects the greatest, played to about half a house at the Lyceum last evening. In the afternoon he appeared at a free reception given at the Commercial club, and the rooms were jammed with people, less than half of whom were to be seen in the audience in the evening. They would go to a free exhibition, but when it comes to paying a moderate fee to hear the same artist, they were conspicuous by their absence—a sad commentary upon the boasted musical culture of Duluth. This young man plays in the largest auditoriums of the East to 5000 and 10,000 people, and at double the admission price charged here. The redeeming feature of the audience was its remarkable enthusiasm—it was the enthusists who attended. Every number was reveived with a spontaneous outburst of applause, and when the final number of the program was played the people refused to leave their seats but insisted upon a double encore.

Of all the piano virtuosos Duluth has heard, Gabrilowitsch is easily the most satisfying and compels the greatest admiration. It is not because of the marvelous perfection of his technique—all great artists must have that—nor is it because of his delightfully unaffected though dignified manner. The quality that stands out most conspicuously in him is the beautiful singing tone which pervades every note. With him the music is ever foremost. The demands upon technique may be tremendous, but the execution must always be secondary to anyone who hears him and who has any music in his soul: the primary feature is the music. The most powerful passages calling for tremendous strength are not crashes of sound but magnificent harmonies, majestic in the beauty of their tones. In the delicate rippling passages his instrument seems to be fairly possessed, so perfectly are they shaded and so sweetly do they sing. Of the pedals he has a consummate mastery. In the two years since he last appeared here his genius seems to have grown riper and fuller and his brilliancy and fire are even more marked. There is probably no artist in the world today of whom greater things may be expected.

The program was changed somewhat from that which was announced prior to his coming. The Bach fugue, the Rubenstein baracolle and the Tschaikowsky nocturne were omitted and the Chopin numbers were changed somewhat, but some others were added and there could be no complaint as to the length of the program, even though the beauty of the artist's playing did make one wish to hear more.

Schumann's Carnival, a series of short numbers of much variety and yet with considerable similarity, was his first and most conspicuous number. It is probably the first time it has been heard in Duluth, at least in its entirety. From Chopin he played a prelude in D flat major, a valse and a polonaise in A flat. The polonaise was magnificent and so delighted the audience that an encore number was insisted upon, and he gave a beautiful nocturne by the same composer. Of his own compositions he played a brilliant gavotte and was forced to repeat it. A. Dvorak's "Humoresque" was delightful. For daintiness and singing beauty the Henselt number, "If I Were a Bird," was exquisite, and it, too, had to be repeated before the audience was satisfied. The concluding number was the Schubert-Taussig "March Militaire," and his superb playing of this brilliant composition completely carried the audience away and its enthusiasm would not be satisfied until Gabrilowitsch appeared again. He played Schumann's "Nachtstucke," and if he had expected to be released from further playing he should have chosen something less charming and have played it less beautifully, for the audience insisted upon a second encore number, refusing to leave the theater until he had played again.

The reception tendered Gabrilowitsch at the Commercial club rooms in the afternoon was a most delightful affair. The large rooms of the club were crowded with guests for over two hours. During the afternoon a musical program was rendered by several of the local musicians. The Beethoven trio played two numbers, Milton B. Griffith sang two selections, Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw a number, and Miss Bradshaw and Mr. Griffith sang a duet. Mr. Gabrilowitsch very gracefully and graciously complimented the musicians for their part of the entertainment. The last two numbers were selections by the famous pianist himself and were received with great enthusiasm.

The reception committee was comprised of the following members of the club:

J. C. Hunter, P. S. Anneke Charles d'Autremont, G. Ashley Tomlinson, W. M. Peyton, A. M. Miller, Jr., Mark Baldwin, E. S. Burg, Dr. Robert Graham, Henry Ely, Alfred W. Taussig, T. W. Hoopes, Clinton P. McCormick and Guy Eaton.

GEN. HIRAM DURYEA

Testifies In Son's Behalf In Divorce Suit.

New York, Feb. 27.—Gen. Hiram Duryea testified in the supreme court before Justice Blanchard on the side of his son, Chester B., whose wife, Nina Larre Duryea, wants a separation. Gen. Duryea said his daughter-in-law had often told him that her husband was kind to her. Later he got this letter from her: "Dear Dad: The following revelation may not be entirely a surprise to you. So firm is my faith in your sense of justice and fairness that I can refer to you as to the merits of the case.

"For three years I have dragged my ball and chain with a seemingly smiling face, trying to escape my impulse to get away from an unendurable situation. My powers of endurance are now at an end, and I have decided to end my wretched life with Ted.

"He has outraged my life and destroyed the last atom of my respect for him by his senseless rage and abuse and his unnecessary insults."

Gen. Duryea denied having called his son a "brute" after reading the letter. He had told her, he said, that if any wrong had been done her he would see that it was righted.

Chester B. Duryea, the defendant, was called. He denied generally and categorically all his wife's charges of cruelty, bud admitted that there had been some differences between them. These he attributed to her conduct.

He said that when he ventured to complain or criticise Mrs. Duryea would exclaim:

"Why, compared with my mother and myself, you are a person of no consequence."

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

A HOSTESS LOSES JEWEL

Valuable Diamond Pin Takes Wings During a Reception.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—A liberal reward and "no questions asked" is the inducement offered for the return of a diamond studded breastpin which Mrs. W. A. Pickard, 316 La Salle avenue, lost last Saturday evening while surrounded by her friends.

During a reception, which Mrs. Pickard gave on that evening some person, whose identity has not been established, stole the pin, which is of gold in butterfly design. Mrs. Pickard declares she is certain tnat the thief was not of her guests, and she directs her suspicions toward the men sent by a caterer to serve the repast.

The caterer and his men deny that any one of them had either the opportunity or the inclination to steal the pin.

Mrs. Pickard's loss caused a big stir among her guests. The reception began in the afternoon, when the butterfly was worn conspicuously and was much admired. The guests departed and Mrs. Pickard dressed for the evening reception, again wearing the butterfly.

She came downstairs and greeted a few guests, close friends, who had arrived early in order to "inspect" the baby, and these friends she took to the nursery, and with them descended the stairs, and twenty minutes later she discovered that it was gone.

In her consternation Mrs. Pickard revealed her loss to some of her guests, and within a few moments every person in the house knew that the pin had disappeared. Then began an almost frantic search for the missing butterfly. Yomen lifted rugs, moved furniture, and searched their owns gonws to see if the butterfly had caught in their skirts.

The reception soon resolved itself into a game of "hide the button." The entire house was searched, but without result, and then the hostess tried in vain to reassure her guets that it was "all right"—that the butterfly would be found some time.

Mrs. Pickard's friends are at a loss to explain the disappearance of the pin. Some believe that a woman pickpocket smuggled herself into the house and "lifted" the pin while the hostess was busy receiving her guests. Others think Mrs. Pickard dropped the pin, and that some guest, tempted by the sight of the diamonds, could not resist the temptation and, secreting the pin, carried it out of the house.

Yesterday, after Mrs. Pickard had made a vain attempt to locate the thief among the caterer's employes, she inserted an advertisement in the papers which read: LOST—SATURDAY, FEB. 21, GOLD butterfly breastpin, set with diamonds; liberal reward and no questions asked.

Up to a late hour, however, no one's conscience had induced the return of the pin.

The pin is valued at more than $200, and the diamonds, which have been in the family for years, were recently reset in the golden butterfly.

HE HAD NO CHANCE.

Woman Punishes Debtor With Fists and Whip.

Menominee, Mich., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Louis Seneff, a well-known florist of this city, horsewhipped a citizen of the First ward of Marinette this week. The man was Charles Hanson, who has a large family. Mrs. Seneff says he has owed her $45 for some time and will not pay it.

She happened to be in the Lumberman's National bank when Hanson had a check for $60 cashed. She asked him to pay her, but received the answer that he was pinched for money and that she would have to wait another six months or a year at least. She agreed to let him off if he would pay her $5, but he refused to do this.

When the two went out upon the street the woman shoved the man back against the building and began to deal him right and left punches on the jaw and head with her fists. This soon tired her out, and she ran for a buggy whip in a nearby rig. She then returned and began to chastise him. The whip broke and then the butt end was used.

Finally Hanson grabbed the whip and succeeded in getting away. Mrs. Seneff followed him down the street threatening to give him another beating, and she would probably have done so had not Hanson started on the run as he neared the bridge leading to Marinette.

Mrs. Seneff says if he will not pay her she will get after him again. She weighs about 280 pounds.

GOOD PRICES

Secured For Part of the Gilsey Collection.

New York, Feb. 27.—Letters and pictures from the collection of the late Peter Gilsey have been sold at auction in this city. Among the articles sold and the prices obtained for them were: Autograph letter of George IV. of Great Britain, four pages, Caroline house, June 19, 1806, to Count Hardenbough, a German statesman, $5.50. Autograph letter in pencil of U. S. Grant, headquarters, La Grange, Nov. 4, 1862, to Gen. C. S. Hamilton, $27.50.

A portrait of Nell Gwynne with lamb, $95. Autograph letter of Nathaniel Hawthorne, signed N. H., Liverpool, April 20, 1855, to Elizabeth Peabody, $51. Autograph four line poem of Oliver Wendell Holmes, signed by him, Boston, Nov. 28, 1864, $10.50.

Autograph letter of "Stonewall" Jackson, Conrad's Store, Virginia, April 21, 1862, sent by courier to Gen. Ewell, $20. A rare colored portrait of Thomas Jefferson, $153. Autograph letter of Lady Hamilton, Richmond, Nov. 13, written probably shortly after the death of Nelson in 1805, $56. A portrait of Jacob Hall, the rope dancer, $40.

Half length portrait of John Henderson, one of the few actors considered worthy of being buried in Westminster abbey, mezzotone, by J. Jones after Gainsborough, London, 1783, $80.

JAILED FOR BIGAMY

Is a Newly Married Man of Ironton, Ohio.

Ironton, Ohio, Feb. 27.—There was great excitement here when J. L. Righter was arrested, the grand jury having found an indictment against him for bigamy.

Righter came here from Parkersburg, W. Va., six months ago to put down a test well for the city waterworks. On Nov. 15 last Righter led to the altar Miss Sadie Biggs, of Culbertson, this county, one of the prettiest girls in the community. After the wedding the couple located here and were living in elegant style and seemingly very much devoted to each other.

A few days ago a young woman stylishly arrayed came here from West Virginia and quietly went before the grand jury to plead her cause. She alleges that she is Righter's lawful wife, having been married to him on Christmas day, 1894. Her maiden name was Miss Emma Cain.

Righter denies that he was ever married before, and pleaded not guilty before Judge Milner. He will make no statement further than that the present wife clings fondly to Righter, declaring that she cannot believe that he has deceived her. Alleged wife No. 1 will remain here to prosecute Righter.

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes.

M. S. BURROWS.

2 THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903.

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TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

FOREMOST IN THE NORTHWEST.

Norman County Herald: The Duluth Herald has just moved into a new building erected for its exclusive use, and following the example set by the big department stores had a grand opening last Thursday when 7000 people inspected the thoroughly up-to-date equipment which is used in getting out this newspaper. The Herald ranks foremost in the Northwest and as a result it has proven a money maker for its proprietors, who in turn give the people of Duluth a clean and fearless newspaper. Figuratively speaking The Duluth Herald is a hummer.

INCREASING THE NAVY.

The report of the naval committee of the senate yesterday, in which it recommends the building of four additional battleships and two cruisers, will meet with general approval. The people of the United States have come to believe that to preserve peace we must have a big navy. The general board of the navy has been making a close study of the navy building programs of Germany, England and other European powers, and has recommended the following fleet for the United States: Forty-eight battleships of the first class, twenty-four armored cruisers of the highest speed of their class, forty-eight scouts, to be built principally for speed: forty-eight torpedo boats and auxiliaries to correspond, including hospital ships, colliers, repair ships, distilling ships, etc. The board recommends the construction of four battleships every year. The program, if adopted, would give the United States a navy considerably stronger than the one that is planned by the kaiser of Germany, to be completed in 1908. The United States navy, however, would not be ready until three or four years after the completion of the building plan on which Germany is now working, and which calls for thirty-eighty battleships of the first class by 1908.

Germany's original plan was to wind up her building program in 1916, but later reports indicate that it is to be rushed ahead and completed in 1908. The best that could be done with the program laid down by the general board, even if it should be adopted thus year, which is out of the question, is to finish it in 1910 or 1911. At the present time we have ten battleships built and nine building, a total of nineteen. That leaves twenty-nine to be built, under the plan of Admiral Dewey's board, and allowing four for each year it would require a little more than seven years to lay them down. At the present time German's fleet consists of nine battleships built and five building. German's scheme for a big navy embraces four fleets of eight battleships each; four battleships in reserve and two for flagships. In addition to this every ship is to be replaced by a new one when it reaches the age of twenty-five years, but the old craft is to be retained in the service. Permanent provision is also made for replacing vessels that may be lost or destroyed by any means whatever. Every part of the German naval establishment is being expanded in proportion, the naval stations being enlarged, new docks built, etc.

The cost of the proposed naval increase for the United States is enormous, but divided over a period of years, as proposed would not bear heavily. We need a large navy and must have it whatever the cost.

ANTI-ANARCHIST LAW.

It seems probable after all the delay, a law will be enacted before congress adjourns, which will provide adequate punishment for the assassination of the president, vice president and others in line of succession to the presidency. It will also exclude anarchists from the United States and prevent the naturalization of those who believe in the principles of anarchism. The bill is broad and comprehensive, and its authors believe that it covers all the points wherein the law was formerly defective. In the first place the penalty of death is prescribed for any person who shall "within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, willfully and maliciously kill or cause the death of the president or vice president of the United States, or any officer thereof upon whom the powers and duties of the president have devolved under the constitution and laws."

The same punishment is provided for any person who may kill a member of the cabinet who is in line of succession to the president, when such assault is caused by the official acts or omissions on the part of the official in question. The punishment also extends to any ambassador or minister of a foreign state or country accredited to the United States. Any person attempting to kill the president, or the other officials mentioned in the foregoing, shall suffer death, or, at the discretion of the court, shall be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than ten years. The law attempts to break up the bands of assassins operating in this country for the purpose of causing the death of foreign sovereigns, by making all those who participate in such plots "principal offenders." Persons aiding in the escape of such assassins are to be deemed accomplices after the fact, and shall be punished as principals. A heavy fine and imprisonment are provided for those who incite people to acts of violence toward government officers; a fine of $5000 and imprisonment from one to twenty years being the penalty for openly, willfully and deliberately justifying the killing or assaulting of officers of the government. The bar is put up against all immigrants who believe in the general principles of anarchy, as the bill prohibits the admission to our country of all persons of this class.

Such a law will undoubtedly deter many from the crimes it aims to prevent, and good will come therefrom. Still it will be difficult to protect the president by means of laws. There is not an assassin who attempts the life of a ruler but who expects death, if successful, and he enters upon his work with that knowledge. However, the law will have a good effect in deterring some, and will be valuable in keeping out undesirable immigrants.

ADVANCE IN ORE PRICES.

A material advance in prices has been decided upon by the iron ore producers of the United States, according to a Cleveland dispatch to The Herald yesterday. According to the Iron Trade Review, which is recognized as good authority on the subject, the advance over last season's prices will range from 25 cents to 75 cents a ton. The base price of old range Bessemer will be $4.50, as compared with $4.25 last year, and the base price for old range non-Bessemer will be $3.60, as compared with a price approximating $3.25 last year. The best Mesaba Bessemers are expected to bring $4 per ton, as compared with $3.25 last year, while the base price of Mesaba non-Bessemer ores will probably be $3.20. Owing to the difference in the physical qualities of the Mesaba Bessemers, these ores have been divided into three groups, the second group bringing 15 cents less a ton than the first, and the third 25 cents less than the first, thus making three prices, namely, $3.75, $3.85 and $4.

The further statement is made that practically every seller of ore in the Lake Superior regions will participate in the work of the ore association this year, differences which threatened trouble having been satisfactorily adjusted, as some of the larger interests contended that their ore was improperly classified. The United States Steel corporation will not sell any ore in the open market this year and has made an announcement to this effect to the ore association, though last year it sold about 600,000 tons. Of course the contracts entered into by some of the constituent companies of the corporation before the latter's organization, and which have several years to run, will be filled as usual. Among them is one to supply the Jones & Laughlin Steel company with a large tonnage of Adams ore at $1.85 a ton, delivered at Lake Erie ports.

The estimated production of all kinds of ore this year is 34,000,000 tons, an increase of about 5,000,000 tons over last year. This means that it is the intention to mine nearly all the leading properties on the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges to their fullest capacity. This will ensure great activity al over the ranges and maintain prosperous times in the range towns, which will in turn have a favorable effect on Duluth business men. It is expected that the United States Steel corporation will at a very early date conclude the purchase of all the ore holdings of James J. Hill on the Mesaba range, and the result will be that close to 75 per cent of the total ore produced this year will be mined by the Steel corporation. In view of the higher prices of pig iron, an advance in the price of ores is fully justified. The outlook for iron and steel manufactures and all the collateral industries is exceedingly bright for the coming year. All the furnaces and steel plants are very busy with large orders ahead, and there is no apparent cessation of the demand.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

In the matter of poultry and eggs sensational reports from time to time have led many people to believe that they produce an enormous amount of wealth to the people of this country. They do, to a certain extent, but not so much as would seem to be indicated by these exaggerated stories. Omitting minor figures, the census shows that there were on farms and raiges in the United States on June 1, 1900, of poultry over three months old, 233,500,000 chickens, 6,500,000 turkeys, 5,600,000 geese and 4,800,000 ducks, of the total value of $85,795,000. It is also shown that the value of the poultry raised in 1899 was $137,000,000, thus greatly exceeding the value of that left over. When the number of chickens that are sold when quite young is considered, the reason for this difference will be evident. It is also to be remembered that poultry under three months is not included in the aggregate of that remaining on June 1, 1900.

This makes a handsome showing for poultry, but the figures for eggs are much more imposing, especially with reference to number. The number produced in 1899 was 1,293,819,186 dozens, of the value of $144,000,000 in round numbers. Thus the value of poultry and eggs produced in the year 1899 reached the very handsome total of $281,000,000. This is not so much as has sometime been represented, but it is an enormous sum of money, and shows that the fowls of the country contribute very essentially to the annual production of wealth. Iowa is the leading state for the value of poultry, but Illinois leads in the product of poultry and eggs for 1899, the value of the poultry produced being $11,307,599, and of the eggs, $8,942,401, a total of $20,250,000 for Illinois, against $19,016,000 for Iowa. Ohio was third and Missouri fourth. These figures are for the total value of a year's production of poultry and eggs. In the number of chickens Missouri ranks third and Texas fifth.

It is worth noting that the average price of eggs in the census year was about 11 cents a dozen for the whole country. In the North Atlantic division the price averaged about 15 cents; in the South Atlantic, 11 cents; in the North Central, less than 10½ cents; in the South Central, over 9 cents; in the Western division, over 16 cents. In California the average was about 17 cents, and in Nevada, more than 20 cents. Probably eggs are as high in Duluth as in any city in the country. At present they are 23 cents per dozen. If that price was maintained everywhere, the value of the hen would be greatly increased.

The French railway administration is going to establish throughout its entire system what is known as the "rail telephone"—an invention that is much needed in the United States. Trains on the same section of the road are able to communicate with each other with the greatest ease, and it should be possible by this method to absolutely prevent collisions.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch says: "Every state should send its handsomest colonel to serve on the staff of Gen. Corbin in the great dedication doings in St. Louis in April." If Governor Van Sant follows this advice, he will undoubtedly send Col. M. M. Gasser, of Duluth.

Professor Parker of the United States fish commission, after a long series of highly scientific experiments, makes the positive announcement that fishes can hear. Any old fisherman could have told him that.

Mascagni has been making a great hit in San Francisco, and says he is attached to the place. He was also much attached when in the East.

If congress should admit New Mexico and Arizona as the state of Montezuma, which would be Monte and which would be Zuma?

If the sultan of Turkey desires to settle his financial difficulties, he should secure Minister Bowen's services.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

Arthur Staples, the popular, though mysterious, clerk at the Hotel McKay, leaves tonight for his old home at St. Johns, New Brunswick.

The guests and friends of Mr. Staples are uncertain as to whether Mr. Staples is going on a honeymoon or whether Mrs. Staples and he are going on a trip.

The question that governs and will constitute the journey a honeymoon or simply a "trip" is the date of Mr. Staples' marriage.

There is a great deal of contention regarding this.

Dr. Levinson, and others of the guests who take an active interest in all the doings at the hotel allege and charge that Mr. Staples was married but two weeks ago and is going on his honeymoon.

Mr. Staples this morning averred and set forth that he and Mrs. Staples were married in Milwaukee three years ago, and he has kept the event a profound secret ever since.

"They think I have just been married," confidentially whispred Mr. Staples to the hotel reporter this morning, as both leaned up against the cigar stand. "But they're wrong. I was married in Milwaukee three years ago. Mrs. Staples joined me here just about two or three weeks ago, and we have fooled the people some."

Mr. Staples did not make any signals to the clerk at the cigar stand, so circumstantial evidence would point to the claim that he is an old married man.

"We are old married people," said Mr. Staples, still making no signals to the cigar clerk. "There's nothing to this tale about our just being married. My wife was Miss Feist, who comes from St. Johns, also."

There are half a dozen different stories being circulated about the hotel. Some of them are based on former statements made by the genial clerk.

One of the persons at the hotel, who must be admitted good authority, said that the ceremony was performed two weeks ago, and the trip East will be in the nature of a honeymoon.

There are some other circumstances that militate against the claims of Mr. Staples. He has occupied his place back of the desk for several days with an expression on his face of the I-know-something-I-won't-tell character.

He has intimated that he might have something exclusive and mysterious to impart, but has constantly urged that nothing be said of his trip or the incident until today. This is Friday, the unlucky day, and tonight he starts for his old home.

Mr. Staples will appear in St. Johns in the settlements of the estate of one of his relatives.

He expects to return in about two weeks.

* * *

President W. F. Fitch, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, arrived in the city last evening, and is registered at the Spalding hotel. He will be here over Sunday, he expects.

* * *

Mrs. M. Mueller, who met defeat at the hands of the court in her claims for the Johann Mueller estate, and who has been in St. Paul for several days, whither she said it was her intention to go to see the governor and tell him of the severe treatment she has received and the unjust decision of the court, returned today and is at the Spalding hotel. The governor was in Washington, and Mrs. Mueller has not announced yet whether she laid her case before him or not.

* * *

"The coming execution of Henderson, which I saw announced in tonight's Herald," said one of the insurance men who are up here from St. Paul and refuse to tell why, "last night," reminds me of the time they hanged Muzik down at Minneapolis.

"It was several years ago and the case was much talked about at the time Muzik had been serving a term in Stillwater, just before that and was released, I think, on Friday. Before Monday he had gone over to Minneapolis and found some farmer who came off a train, and had a brass watch and $14. He took the ruralite in tow and was going to show him the tunnel cave-in or the explosion on the lake front or something, and got him to go away out around some lonely roads.

"When they got quite a way from residences, Muzik took out his revolver and shot the man twice and robbed him, and then ran away. The man didn't die at once and dragged himself to a house where he gave the alarm, and it took two days to land the culprit, who was found at the home of his sister at St. Paul with his revolver in the ashes of the stove grate, with the two empty cartridges in it.

"It was only a matter of a few days before he was convicted and sentenced to hang. The date was set and the sheriff announced the execution hour.

"Well, it was a new sheriff, and he gave out tickets to all his friends and his friends' friends and there was a jail yard packed full. The spectators loaded up on whisky to keep their nerves steady and there was a howling mass of humanity when it came time for the execution.

"It was with difficulty that the prisoner was crowded through the immense throng, and it was a most awful sight. Several hundred drunken men were watching the hanging. The prisoner came in with his sister.

"Well, he was taken to the scaffold, and I believe was hanged twice before it killed him. The hangmen were so nervous that they didn't do the job right. It was a horrible one, I remember."

* * *

P. A. Smith, of International Falls, nee Koochiching, is at the St. Louis hotel today. Mr. Smith isn't exactly from International Falls, but he lives there when he is home, and he is going back after a trip through the southern part of the state. He expects to find the country booming when he gets there.

"There are about twenty people a trainload for the Falls and vicinity coming in at present," said Mr. Smith, "and the settlement is being made fast. Of course the development of the city will not begin until the Canadian government is all settled with regarding the waterpower and riparian rights. The Canadians do not believe in giving a cinch hold on any utility, and that is what the townsite company is trying to get.

"I am confident of great prosperity there as soon as the Rainy Lake railroad is completed there, which is not probable before a year from the coming summer. It will be put through, all right, and will be the only direct outlet from the country. The road now building from Black Duck is no better than teeming, for when that is done one will be able to get to Bemidji, and when he is at Bemidji he is nowhere and it will take him a day to get anywhere from there and one can do almost as well by leaving the Falls by team."

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: J. N. Kirsch, Crookston; John Dwan, Two Harbors; A. Karon, Hibbing; Thomas Barker, Baker City; James Cardle, Cass Lake; Mrs. J. L. Lutes, J. B. Fustney, Biwabik; F. C. Bolin, Brainerd; M. W. Kinney, Northfield; Al Bossard, Grand Rapids; L. Case, Prairie du Chein; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; B. Schneider, Iron River; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Murphy, Newberry, Mich.; P. A. Smith, Koochiching; Frank W. Lufts, Cass Lake; W. E. Geelye, Brainerd; C. C. McCarthy, Grand Rapids; Julius Shanedling, Virginia; C. M. Eiskine, Cloquet; Louis Decker, Eveleth; A. B. Clairn, J. B. Masson, Grand Rapids; James Dunphy, Carlton.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Mrs. Agatha Cotter, Miss Helen Moulton, Two Harbors; L. Knudson, St. Paul; C. O. Brownell, Hibbing; C. A. Dickey, St. Paul; J. F. Chambers, Minneapolis; E. N. Casebeer, Floodwood; E. H. Pearl, Chicago; W. W. Noble, St. Paul; D. B. Austin, Two Harbors; W. L. Smith, Virginia; F. E. Wilson, St. Paul; H. J. Jager, Owatonna; W. Busche, Minneapolis; J. M. Sunday, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: M. L. Thompson, Wells; M. J. Thompson, LaCrosse; J. B. Bruner, New York; Mrs. Ralph Ashen, Hibbing; R. M. Boyd, Saginaw; J. Myron, H. P. Barclay; T. H. Larkin, H. oGrthen, St. Paul; W. S. Campbell, Oshkosh; B. L. Benson, Fargo; Guy Nash, Grand Rapids, Wis.; H. S. Searle, Hazelton, Ia.; F. E. Watson, Wells; H. F. Partridge, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Helms, Chicago; L. Jarnens, A. M. Porter, Minneapolis; P. A. Egan, W. Gagley, St. Paul; F. H. Boddey, H. R. Loudar, Minneapolis; eGorge A. Eagles, Lancaster, Penn.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 27.—On account of wire trouble, reports from the Northwest were about the only ones received this morning. The "low" north of Alberta has apparently moved to Minnesota and has been displaced by a high of considerable strength in the first mentioned district. The decided fall in pressure and the rapid southeast movement of the "low" has caused snow throughout the Northwest and rain in the western lake region, Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys. It is generally somewhat warmer and mild for this time of the year.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	20	Miles City	10
Bismarck	14	Milwaukee	34
Calgary	20	Minnedosa	8
Duluth	32	Moorhead	26
Edmonton	20	Pittsburg	36
Green Bay	32	Port Arthur	22
Havre	24	Prince Albert	16
Helena	22	Qu'Appelle	16
Kamloops	28	St. Paul	34
LaCrosse	24	Swift Current	18
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	14
Medicine Hat	24		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Saturday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow this afternoon and Saturday. Brisk and possibly high northeast winds, shifting to northwest Saturday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Rain tonight, probably turning to light snow Saturday. Colder.

Minnesota—Snow flurries tonight and probably Saturday. Colder.

The Dakotas—Snow flurries tonight, probably followed by fair Saturday. Colder.

POINTED REMARKS.

Washington Star: "I don't see why you should resent being called a self made man."

"Because I believe in fair play," answered Mr. Meekton. "I won't see the credit taken away from Henrietta in that manner."

Brooklyn Life: Timid Lover—Your parents seem to have gotten over this dislike for me.

"Yes. When we first met they were afraid it might lead to something."

Philadelphia Record: Blobbs—I still have the first dollar I ever earned.
Slobbs—Sentiment?
Blobbs—No; counterfeit.

Chicago Post: "Can you support my daughter in the manner to which she has been accustomed?"

"I'm not quite sure as to that. I did pretty well in the conservatory last night, but—who held her last?"

Philadelphia Record: "Look at the way baby's working his mouth," exclaimed Mrs. Newman. "Now, he proposes to put his foot in it."

"H'm," replied her husband, grumpily. "Hereditary. That's what I did when I proposed."

Chicago Tribune: "Professor," inquired the thoughtful member of the class, "don't you suppose there will come a time when all the coal and all the coal oil stored away in the earth will have become exhausted?"

"Certainly," said the instructor.

"What will we do then?"

"We shall be playing harps, I hope."

Washington Star: "If you don't pay me my salary," said the leading lady, "I shall denounce you from the stage."

"All right," answered the manager, placidly. "Let's fix a date and I'll advertise it. Maybe it would make a hit."

Boston Transcript: Barnes—I never saw such an eater as Vilkins is. His jaws are on the move nearly all the time.

Howes—Yes; it isn't his fault, but the doctor's. The doctor told him to take a drink of whisky before eating.

Detroit Free Press: Leading Lady (of defunct opera company)—I wonder if we'll ever be able to fly?

Manager—Well, that's about the only possible way we'll ever be able to get home."

WAITING.

Serene I fold my hands and wait,
Nor care for wind, or tide, or sea;
I rave no more 'gainst time or fate,
For lo! my own shall come to me.

I stay my haste, I make delays,
For what avails this eager pace?
I stand amid the eternal ways,
And what is mine shall know my face.

Asleep, awake, by night or day,
The friends I seek are seeking me;
No wind can drive my bark astray,
Nor change the tide of destiny.

What matter if I stand alone?
I wait with joy the coming years,
My heart shall reap where it has sown,
And garner up its fruit of tears.

The waters know their own and draw
The brook that springs in yonder height;
So flows the good with equal law
Unto the soul of pure delight.

The stars come nightly to the sky;
The tidal wave unto the sea;
Nor time, nor space, nor deep, nor high,
Can keep my own away from me.

—JOHN BURROUGHS.

A WORLD LANGUAGE.

Chicago Chronicle: A British economist who has been studying the declining figures of British trade has suddenly discovered that English is not the "world speech" it was fashionable not long ago to call it. For a time we read many essays practically inculcating the idea that it was quite enough to know English to rule the commercial world.

The newer gospel is saner. One reason why the Germans have made progress so rapidly in selling their manufactures lies in their recognition of the fact that people like to buy in a language they understand. German technical training invariably includes acquisition of freedom and accuracy in all living tongues.

It is true that English is now spoken by, as estimated, 115,000,000 persons, Russian by 80,000,000, German by 70,000,000, Spanish by 50,000,000, French by 45,000,000. But French remains the most popular language of international intercourse. It holds a closer relationship to all other languages than the English does, while its kinship to the English from one of their common progenitors, the Latin, keeps it the best vehicle of scientific and professional thought in transit from one language to another. French is the linguistic clearing house.

English is not the "world" language by any means.

Can't Be Taken Seriously.

Washington Post: Mr. Hobson finds fault because the newspapers don't take him more seriously. The man evidently overlooks the fact that his contributions to the gayety of the nation have been altogether voluntary and the newspapers are edited by human beings.

Insurance Against Disaster

St. Louis Republic: Admiral Dewey is justified in his insistence upon increased target practice in the navy. Unless a gunner can hit what he shoots at, all the rest of his training at the government's expense is wasted and his ship is not an implement of war. The cost of target practice is a cheap insurance against disaster.

The Camel and the Needle.

Cincinnati Enquirer: It is recorded that Mr. Rockefeller recently received $8,000,000 in dividends from the Standard Oil company. No provision, however, has been made for enlargement of the eye of that needle or reduction in the size of the camel.

Carelessness Illustrated

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Not a railway passenger was killed in Great Britain last year. In this country in three months, ending October 1, there were 1,434 railway collisions, with a list of 148 persons killed. The contrast suggests carelessness, not to say recklessness.

"CALBERT."

By Louis V. Jefferson.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Have you seen the last issue of the Clipper?" The question was asked by a rather plump, smooth-faced, pleasant sort of fellow, as we were lounging in the rotunda of the Watson house—a resort of the 'profesh' between seasons.

Upon my answering in the negative he pushed back his Panama, settled himself down in his great armchair, put up his feet at a convenient angle, on another, displaying a pair of passionate hose, and while his features took on an expression of retrospective amusement, he continued:

"Well, I see Calbert is dead. Did you ever know him? Did a stunt in the continuous. Smoke pictures and magic and such stuff. Oh, he was good, and I'm sorry to hear he's dead. I was his side-partner once, and I always did like him. He was all right, every way you take him, and there'll be lots worse off for his funeral. I never will forget the time I was working with him on the Empire circuit. That was eight years ago. Oh, he was a top-liner when he died, I tell you! He got his $300 a week and never played on Sundays.

"His was as brave as a lion and as quick on the trigger as they make them, and he never stood for anything crooked nor underhand anywhere. He was great shakes for helping the weak, and I've seen him give his last dollar away to set up some woman whose husband or partner had deserted her. I remember once we were doing a brother song and dance stunt down at Memphis at the Grand. On the bill there was the usual melange from grand opera to prize fighting, and among them was a team doing fancy shooting and knife throwing. They were a man and his woman—circus people, I think—who were trying their luck in vaudeville—and they stopped at the same hotel as we did; in fact, had the very next room. He was one of those little, wiry, black-haired chaps with a temper like a tiger, dissipated and cruel as they make them; and she was one of those slender, delicate types of women with a high voice and yellow hair that you see every once in a while. She was a swell dresser, and quiet and peaceful; but to look at her face when she wasn't on exhibition, a blind man could have seen the trouble there. First time Calbert saw her, we were at band rehearsal Sunday morning, and she came in, with her hands full of grips, and this fellow following her, scolding and swearing at her as if she was a slave. She surprised us from the fact she didn't answer back. Calbert was right in the middle of a solo, with the orchestra strumming away, half asleep, when they crossed behind him, and the fellow—Athene, I think he called himself—let out an unusually ugly oath. Calbert stopped short, wheeled about and stared him coldly in the face. The man half paused and his lips parted over his ugly white teeth, as if he dared any interference. Calbert eyed him for a moment, and then said: 'What sort of a pup are you? Don't you know a woman from a cat?'

"'How did you get in this? 'Tend to your own business. She's my wife,' he answered.

"'Well, I don't care if she's your mother. My business is to attend to any man that swears at a woman in my presence, and if you speak once more like that while I'm around, one or the other of us will have to cancel for this bill. See?' and he eyed him squarely in the face.

The little man grew white for a minute and looked like he'd liked to have eaten Calbert whole, but he thought better about it, and moved on to where the woman was arranging her things in the back of the stage, but I noticed he changed his tune while we were about.

"Their stunt was to do some fancy shooting at swinging targets, hitting each one alternately while the orchestra kept time to the shots by playing the 'Marseillaise,' breaking glass balls on a time limit and all that sort of stuff, and ending with a display of knife throwing that was really thrilling when one considered what might have happened if ever there should be a mistake. You've seen the act, haven't you? No? Oh, every circus has it. They stand a woman up against a board and throw knives at her, trying to see how near they can come to her without hitting.

"Well, I remember one evening after the show was over, and we had gotten back to our room, Calbert was sitting on the end of his trunk unlacing his shoes, and I was trying to make up my mind whether I wanted a drink or not, when we heard his squeaky little voice suddenly raised in the next room, in a most sickening oath. Oh, I swear myself, lots more than I ought to, but I never could stand hearing a man curse a woman. He let 'em fly at her in a blue streak, and then there was a rush of feet, a struggling sound and a woman's voice in pleading tones that ended in a gurgle. It all happened so quick that I was still shivering in the shock when I looked up and saw Calbert's face set and white. In about two shakes he had passed me, dashed out into the hall and threw himself against the other door. By chance it was not locked, and I reached there just in time to see him grab the dirty villain by the throat as he bent over the woman's form, lying across the bureau, and whirl him backwards across the room. It took just two licks to settle him, and when I pulled Calbert off, the other was meek as a lamb. The woman had pulled herself together and tottered over to the mantle, where I noticed she spit blood into the fender, and I can hear her yet, as she said in a broken, sobbing voice: Don't hurt him! He didn't mean no harm!'

"We settled things up pretty quietly for the night, Athene promising to behave himself, and Calbert warning him that as he slept in the next room he would make it a business to watch over him all the week. I knew by the look of him, though, that he was not through with her, and I was in for trying to get her to give him up, but Calbert would not let me interfere.

"The next day, Thursday, I noticed that he had been drinking hard, and wondered whether the manager would let him go on or not. He went on all right, but he was so shaky and nervous that he balled his part all up and queered his act from start to finish. In the first sixteen shots to music, he missed fifteen straight, and ended by throwing his rifle across the stage. Then he essayed to shoot backwards at a target by looking through a mirror, and missed again. This seemed to enrage him beyond bounds, and he kept up shooting at the thing until the manager had to whistle to him from the wings, while the audience gave him the laugh. Then the woman did her turn, and hit everything before her, and the audience, seeing how matters stood, gave her three straight encores. That aroused the jealousy and put a point on his hate, and, nerving himself, he walked out, grabbed up a gun, and emptied at a flying target in a truly wonderful manner. I was in hopes that that would end the business, and that the women would not let him finish with the knife-act, for he was really in no condition, but she seemed to either not fear him, or to fear him worse off the stage than on it, and she promptly placed herself before the board while he gathered an armful of knives and walked down front and snarled at the house. He shook one of them in their faces, and made as if to throw it out into the house, and some woman shrieked, and that set him laughing as if he enjoyed the joke. Then he turned to his wife, and when I saw the look in his eyes I was sick. I felt like she was up against it, and the sweat came out on me all over. I was on the left side and she was facing me, and the look in her eyes was one I will never forget.

I noticed behind her, in the right wing, Calbert was standing, his head partly bowed and his eyes bent on her as if he would look right through her. I saw him look at the man in front, and then his fingers clutched into a fist and the veins on their backs stood out, as when a fellow gets ready to punch somebody a lick. As Athene gripped his first knife by the point, whirled it around his head and threw it into the air, I saw him watch it hurtle past, like a cat watches a mouse, afraid to breathe.

Athene had turned and bowed to the audience, his thin lips curling back over his white teeth like a wolf's who had just shown his skill in playing with his victim. Once more he turned and cast a knife, and this time I caught my breath, for I saw that it was aimed at the head and would hit very close. It pinned a curl to the board and I saw a shudder go through her form as if she too, had expected it to be her last, but still she stood up and looked without seeing far into the dim over the house.

As Athene turned to bow the second time I heard a rustle and looked across. Calbert had stepped out, grabbed a pistol and stepped back. No one saw him or seemed to notice it, and I do not believe that Athene knew he was posted where he was, for when he turned for his third cast I am sure that from the gleam in his eyes he was thinking of anyone or anything but just the plot in his dirty brain. His lips were grinning, and I heard him softly curse as he aimed a knife at the woman before him. All at once it flashed over me what he intended doing. I don't know how it was, but I felt I knew as well as he had told me. He was drunk. His hand was shaky. He had proven it by his inability to shoot. He had gotten [illegible] for a purpose.

Across the way I could see Calbert half crouching with the pistol raised in his hand, and I caught myself wondering if he would shoot the man before it was too late. He seemed about to do it when, with a final maudlin giggle, the thing whizzed away, and I saw a streak of reflected light for one instant in midair, grabbed the scene which I was leaning—and then there was a terrific report, followed by a rattle, and the knife fell broken at my feet!

Calbert with his gun had done it—just as it seemed about to enter her neck he had fired, and some fate had guided his bullet! The woman must have known it, for she had fainted and lay limply against the board and I saw Calbert's fact through a cloud of revolver smoke. Out in front, his arm still raised, Athene stood entranced, while from every run between the scenes the shifters and company were peering and the audience had jumped upon its feet. The horror of it was in everybody's face, and every heart had stood still. One moment more and their would have been a bedlam and the performance would have been ruined, had not Calbert had the presence of mind to save the situation.

With his gun still in his hand, he walked down front, smiled in his most winning fashion, bowed, stepped to the side of the astonished Athene, gripped him firmly by the wrist, bowed again to the audience, whispered to the other to do the same, and gradually backed into the wings as if it had all been a premeditated affair, and he had been waiting for the shot! Wonderful! Oh, but the effect was immense. I never saw a finale so thrilling. For a second or two the house could not get over its scare, and they did not catch on, but when they did they sank back to their places with a sigh of relief that we could hear behind the scenes. Someone laughed and then the applause broke out in a perfect storm. Athene wanted to go out and take it, but the manager calmly gripped him without a word and held him back while Calbert went on. After it was all over we revived the woman and made up a purse for her and sent her away—back to her parents, I think it was, she went; but the little devil himself, we had to turn adrift from the simple fact that we had no evidence to hold him. It killed his show business, however, and I heard later that he got stuck like a pig with one of his own knives by a Spanish woman down in New Orleans, and I have always been glad of it. He certainly deserved something heroic."

JUSTICE SCORES AGAIN.

New York Tribune: The recent decision of the appellate term of the supreme court in this district that the limitations with respect to express company receipts of amounts of liability for articles damaged or lost, stolen or destroyed are not valid is one of especial importance to those common carriers, any corporations, with the aid of lawyers of experience and ability, have been trying for years to protect themselves from the payment of heavy claims from customers by restrictions of the sort which have been declared to be without warrant of law.

To the great majority of people the finding of the appellate judges will appear to be just and right. If express companies agree to transport packages for certain sums they ought to be required to pay the full value of those packages if they fail to deliver the property committed to their care.

Some Difference In the Game.

Minneapolis Journal: King Edward complains bitterly because the peers and peeresses did not take interest in his effort to have a great ceremonial opening of parliament. The king is beginning to discover that a modern constitutional monarch is not even so interesting as bridge whist. A monarch is becoming something that smacks of antiquity and bridge whist and other things are very modern.

Translating the Portent.

Washington Post: There is an accumulation of reasons for believing that the next Democratic national convention will not be a mere ratification meeting for Populistic plans.

Now Prepare to Shudder.

Indianapolis News: When we think of the immense amount of labor involved in harvesting the ice crops that ripen every night this weather, it makes us shudder with apprehension at next summer's prices.

RUBBER

Specials for Saturday.

Ladies' Storm Rubbers—good ones—at per pair 35c

Ladies' Low Cut Rubbers—good ones—at per pair 29c

Boys' Rubbers, all sizes, a pair 39c

Children's Rubbers—all sizes—reduced to per pair 19c

Phillips & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN

Both 'Phone-969 W. H. Reaney, Mgr.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Dick Ferris presents Ferris Comedians in

"SAPHO."

All new specialties. Extra tonight.

Saturday Matinee, 2:30 p. m.

Night prices, 10c, 25c and 50. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c.

Carriages 10:30. New Specialties.

A Wise Man

shows his superiority over the man who is not wise, by what he says and what he leaves unsaid.

Uneeda Biscuit show their superiority over common soda crackers in a paper bag, by what is in them and what is not.

The baker puts all kinds of goodness in **Uneeda Biscuit**—the In-er-seal Package—identified by the famous red and white trade mark design—keeps all kinds of badness out of

Uneeda Biscuit 5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

INTEREST IS CREATED

In Other Countries By New Department of Commerce.

Minister of Commerce For Kingdom Being Urged.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The creation of a department of commerce in the United States has awakened great interest in other countries and especially in the mother country, where our active but friendly rivalry in the world's markets is a subject of much attention and the appointment of a minister of commerce for the United Kingdom is being urged. The London Chamber of Commerce Journal, the official organ of the London chamber of commerce, in a recent issue says:

"In this country the opinion was for long held that the best way to assist trade was to leave it severely alone and to rely upon the foresight, skill and energy of our merchants and manufacturers to maintain our preeminent position in the world's markets. Laterly, however, there has been a tendency to direct the attention of parliament more and more to commercial matters. It is unquestionable that the idea is rapidly gaining in strength that in many directions considerably more attention and assistance might be give by the state to extending trade than is at present accorded. In saying this, the fact is not overlooked that of recent years commercial questions have received increasing attention from the government, but the feeling is rapidly growing in intensity that what is really wanted is that they should be entrusted to a minister with full cabinet rank, who must himself be a business man, and whose sole duty shall be to watch over, foster and support the vast trading and industrial interests of the contry. We are now at a period of intense rivalry in trade. Our merchants and manufacturers are face to face with the keenest competition that has ever been known, and that competition is daily developing. It is not remarkable, in view of the magnitude of the interests involved, that the United Kingdom—the greatest manufacturing and commercial nation in the world—has not in the cabinet a minister of commerce? In the United States, which may be looked upon as our most formidable competitor, and whose people are keenly alive to the necessities of modern commerce, the need for such a minister has already been recognized. Surely Great Britain cannot afford to lag behind. It rests with the business men of this country to present a united front in this matter and to make their wishes known, through their commercial organizations, in such a manner as to command the support of the government and the nation. That the conviction of the need for this appointment is steadily gaining ground appears to be undoubted. Several chambers of commerce have already expressed themselves in unmistakable terms in favor of the proposal, while the London and Halifax chambers have decided to move resolutions in support thereof at the annual meeting of the associated chambers, to be held in London next March. Thus will be afforded an opportunity of obtaining a definite pronouncement of the views of the general body of commercial men throughout the kingdom, which cannot fail to materially influence the end in view.

"Those who ask for the appointment of a minister of commerce do not do so in any spirit of complaint or animosity against the board of trade, but because they believe that the interests of the country would be best served by the establishment of the desired ministry. There is no inclination to disparage the good work performed by the department, which has rendered great services to commerce. Few people are aware of the varied duties entrusted to the care of the board of trade, but if mention is made of some of the most important, such as the regulation and control of shipping, fisheries and harbors, labor and arbitration in labor disputes, the safeguarding of the public interest in regard to railways, the conduct of bankruptcy laws, the collection and dissemination of particulars as to tariff alterations and other commercial information, some idea will be gained of the magnitude of the interests with which it deals. And yet the department which has charge of all these important commercial matters is not on an equality with other government departments like the home office and the foreign office, its head only receiving a remuneration amounting to about two-fifths of that of a principal secretary of state. What is wanted for commerce is a department which shall be in a position to give its undivided attended to the furtherance of commercial interests only, so that the distinction between a board of trade, as now existing, and a ministry of commerce, as proposed, is not a mere matter of words, but constitutes a vital difference in principle."

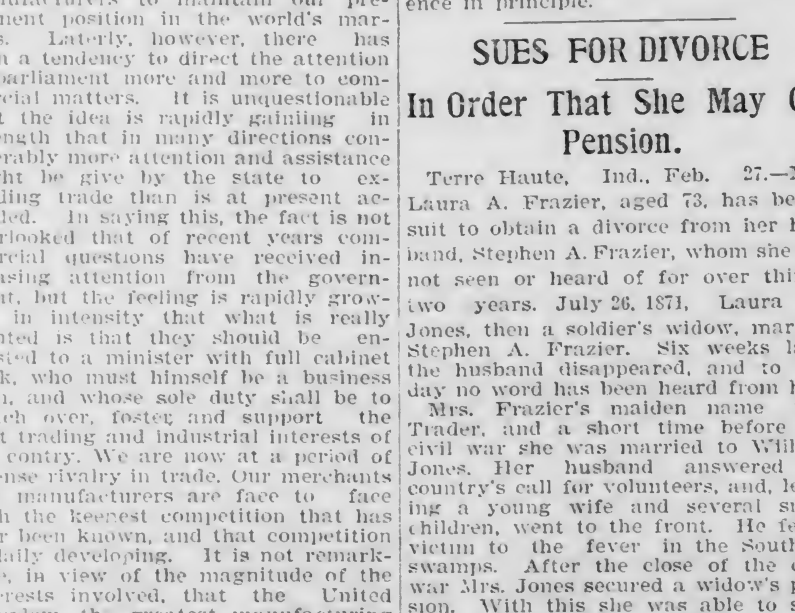
SUES FOR DIVORCE

In Order That She May Get Pension.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 27.—Mrs Laura A. Frazier, aged 73, has begun suit to obtain a divorce from her husband, Stephen A. Frazier, whom she has not seen or heard of for over thirty-two years. July 26, 1871, Laura A. Jones, then a soldier's widow, married Stephen A. Frazier. Six weeks later the husband disappeared, and to this day no word has been heard from him.

Mrs. Frazier's maiden name was Trader, and a short time before the civil war she was married to William Jones. Her husband answered his country's call for volunteers, and, leaving a young wife and several small children, went to the front. He fell a victim to the fever in the Southern swamps. After the close of the civil war Mrs. Jones secured a widow's pension. With this she was able to support and educate her children.

When she married Stephen A. Frazier, in 1871, she gave up her right to reh widow's pension, and when deserted, so shortly after the marriage, she was left without anyone to help her and no property. Since that time she has been dependent on her relatives, and of late years has ben dependent part of the time on the county. She has no evidence that her husband is dead, and it was only recently that her friends could persuade her to apply for divorce in order that she might again secure her widow's pension.



Tourist Cars to California

Which do you prefer—to go to California in 3¾ days via the El Paso-Rock Island route, or to take 4½ days and see the glorious mountain scenery of Colorado and Utah? It is for you to decide.

Rock Island tourist sleepers are operated over both routes—three times a week from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Los Angeles and San Francisco, via El Paso; once a week to San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Colorado Springs.

Cars are the best of their kind—as clean as newly minted dollars; good ventilation; same bedding as standard sleepers.

Folder mailed on request. Tickets, berths and full information at any railroad ticket office, or by addressing R. G. Brown, G. N. W. A., 322 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Rock Island System

HONORS TO WESLEY

Paid By Distinguished Men at Great Memorial Meeting.

President Roosevelt Was Leading Speaker of the Occasion.

New York, Feb. 27.—President Roosevelt was the chief speaker last night at a great mass meeting at Carnegie hall, held "to do honor to the character and labors of John Wesley, the foundero of Methodism, scholar, missionary, philanthropist, preacher, gentleman." President Roosevelt said:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: I am glad to have the chance of addressing this representative body of the great church which Wesley founded, on the occasion of the commemoration of the two hundredth anniversary of his birth. America, moreover, has a peculiar proprietary claim on Wesley's memory, for it is on our continent that the Methodist church has received its greatest development. In the days of our colonial life Methodism was not on the whole a great factor in the religious and social life of the people. The Congregationalists were supreme throughout most of New England; the Episcopalians on the seaboard from New York southward; while the Presbyterian congregations were most numerous along what was then the entire western frontier, and the Quaker, Catholic and Dutch Reformed churches each had developments in special places. The great growth of the Methodist church, like the great growth of the Baptist church, began at about the time of the revolutionary war. Today my theme is purely Methodism.

> Since the days of the revolution not only has the Methodist church increased greatly in the old communities of the thirteen original states, but it has played a peculiar and prominent part in the pioneer growth of our country, and has in consequence assumed a position of immense importance throughout the vast region west of the Alleghenies, which has been added to our nation since the days when the continental congress first met.

For a century after the Declaration of Independence the greatest work of our people with the exception only of the work of self-preservation, under Lincoln, was the work of the pioneers as they took possession of this continent. During that century we pushed westward from the Alleghenies to the Pacific, southward to the gulf and the Rio Grande, and also took possession of Alaska. The work of advancing our boundary, of pushing the frontier across forest and desert and mountain chain, was the great typical work of our nation, and the men who did it—the frontiersmen, the pioneers, the backwoodsmen, plainsmen, mountain men—formed a class by themselves. It was an iron task, which none but men of iron soul and iron body could do. The men who carried it to a successful conclusion had characters strong alike for good and for evil. Their rugged natures made them powers who served light or darkness with fierce intensity, and together with heroic traits they had those evil and dreadful tendencies which are but too apt to be found in characters of heroic possibilities. Such men make the most efficient servants of the Lord if their abounding vitality and energy are directed aright; and if misdirected their influence is equally potent against the cause of Christianity and true civilization. In the hard and cruel life of the border, with its grim struggle against the forbidding forces of wild nature and wilder men, there was much to pull the frontiersman down. If left to himself, without moral teaching and moral guidance, without any of the influences that tend toward the uplifting of man and the subduing of the brute within him, sad would have been his, and therefore our, fate. From this fate we have been largely rescued by the fact that together with the rest of the pioneers went the pioneer preachers, and all honor be given to the Methodists for the great proportion of these pioneer preachers whom they furnished.

These preachers were of the stamp of old Peter Cartwright—men who suffered and overcame every hardship in common with their flock, and who in addition tamed the wild and fierce spirits of their fellow-pioneers. It was not a task that could have been accomplished by men desirous to live in the soft places of the earth and to walk easily on life's journey. They had to possess the spirit of the martyrs; but not of martyrs who could merely suffer, not of martyrs who could oppose only passive endurance to wrong. The pioneer preachers warred against the forces of spiritual evil with the same fiery zeal and energy that they and their fellows showed in the conquest of the rugged continent. They had in them the heroic spirit, the spirit that scorns ease if it must be purchased by failure to do duty, the spirit that courts risk and life of hard endeavor if the goal to be reached is really worth attaining.

> Great is our debt to these men and scant the patience we need show toward their critics.

At times they seemed hard and narrow to those whose training and surroundings had saved them from similar temptations; and they have been criticised, as all men, whether missionaries, soldiers, explorers, or frontier settlers, are criticised when they go forth to do the rough work that must inevitably be done by those who act as the first harbingers, the first heralds, of civilization in the world's dark places. It is easy for those who stay at home in comfort, who never have to see humanity in the raw, or to strive against the dreadful naked forces which appear clothed, hidden and subdued in civilized life—it is easy for such to criticise the men who, in rough fashion, and amid grim surroundings, make ready the way for the higher life that is to come afterwards: but let us all remember that the untempted and the effortless should be cautious in passing too heavy judgment upon their brethren who may show hardness, who may be guilty of shortcomings, but who nevertheless do the great deeds by which mankind advances. These pioneers of Methodism had the strong, militant virtues which go to the accomplishment of such great deeds. Now and then they betrayed the shortcomings natural to men of their type; but their shortcomings seem small indeed when we place beside them the magnitude of the work they achieved.

> And now, friends, in celebrating the wonderful growth of Methodism, in rejoicing at the good it has done to the country and to mankind, I need hardly ask a body like this to remember that the greatness of the fathers becomes to the children a shameful thing if they use it only as an excuse for inaction instead of as a spur to effort for noble aims.

I speak to you not only as Methodists—I speak to you as American citizens. The pioneer days are over. We now all of us form parts of a great civilized nation, with a complex industrial and social life and infinite possibilities both for good and for evil. The instruments with which, and the surroundings in which, we work, have changed immeasurably from what they were in the days when the rough backwoods preachers ministered to the moral and spiritual needs of their rough backwoods congregations. But if we are to succeed, the spirit in which we do our work must be the same as the spirit in which they did theirs. These men drove forward, and fought their way upward, to success, because their sense of duty was in their hearts, in the very marrow of their bones. It was not with them something to be considered as a mere adjunct to their theology, standing separate and apart from their daily life. They had it with them week days as well as Sundays. They did not divorce the spiritual from the secular. They did not have one kind of conscience for one side of their lives and another for another.

Well, if we are to succeed as a nation we must have the same spirit in us. We must be absolutely practical, of course, and must face facts as they are. The pioneer preachers of Methodism could not have held their own for a fortnight if they had shown an intense practicality of spirit, if they had not possessed the broadest and deepest sympathy for, and understanding of, their fellow-men.

> But in addition to the hard practical common sense needed by each of us in life, we must have a lift toward lofty things or we shall be lost, individually and collectively as a nation.

Life is not easy, and least of all is it easy for either the man or the nation that aspires to do great deeds. In the century opening the play of the infinitely far-reaching forces and tendencies which go to make up our social system bids fair to be even fiercer in its activity than in the century which has just closed. If during this century the men of high and fine moral sense show themselves weaklings; if they possess only that cloistered virtue which shrinks shuddering from contact with the raw facts of actual life; if they dare not go down into the hurly-burly where the men of might contend for the mastery; if they stand aside from the pressure and conflict; then as surely as the sun rises and sets all of our great material progress, all the multiplication of the physical agencies which tend for our comfort and enjoyment, will go for naught and our civilization will become a brutal sham and mockery. If we are to do as I believe we shall and will do, if we are to advance in broad humanity, in kindliness, in the spirit of brotherhood, exactly as we advance in our conquest over the hidden forces of nature, it must be by developing strength in virtue and virtue in strength, by breeding and training men who shall be both good and strong, both gentle and valiant—men who scorn wrongdoing and who at the time have both the courage and the strength to strive mightily for the right.

> Wesley, said he, did not intend to leave all the good tunes to the service of the devil. He accomplished so much for mankind because he also refused to leave the stronger, manlier qualities to be availed of only in the interest of evil.

The church he founded has throughout its career been a church for the poor as well as for the rich, and has known no distinction of persons. It has been a church whose members, if true to the teachings of its founders, have sought for no greater privilege than to spend and be spent in the interest of the higher life, who have prided themselves, not on shirking rough duty, but on undertaking it and carrying it to a successful conclusion.

I come here tonight to greet you and to pay my tribute to your past because you have deserved well of mankind, because you have striven with strength and courage to bring nearer the day when peace and justice shall obtain among the peoples of the earth.

A MILD CASE

Of Contagious Blood Poison never existed. It is always bad, though sometimes no external symptoms of the disease appear for a long time.

Because the disease is slow in developing does not indicate that the case is a mild one, for the poisonous virus at work in the blood and system may be spending its force upon some internal vital organ while you are looking for external signs. Contagious Blood Poison does not affect all alike. In most cases the first little sore is quickly followed by painful swellings in the groins, a red eruption upon the body, sores or ulcers in the mouth and throat, unsightly copper colored blotches, loss of hair and eyebrows and other symptoms of this miserable disease. When the poison is thus fighting its way to the surface, exposing the disease in all its hideousness, we call it a bad case; but Contagious Blood Poison, whether working internally or externally, is a dangerous, treacherous disease.

S. S. S. is the only remedy that cures Contagious Blood Poison thoroughly and permanently. It is an antidote for the deadly virus that produces the awful eruptions, sores and ulcers, and destroys the bones. Mercury and Potash dry up the skin eruptions, but in so doing drive the poison further into the system, where it slumbers for a time, but comes back again with redoubled fury.

S. S. S. is a vegetable remedy that has been used successfully for years in treating this vile disease and cures it in all stages and forms. If you have the slightest symptom; an occasional sore mouth, or muscular and bone pains, your blood is tainted and the disease is liable to break out again at any time.

SSS

A course of S. S. S. will remove every trace of poison and at the same time build up your general health.

Write for our Free Home Treatment book. No charge for medical advice.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

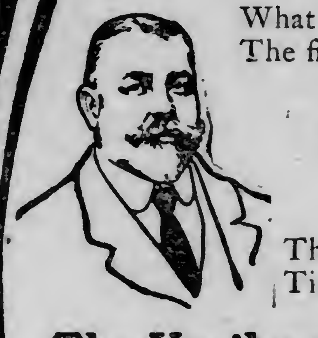
THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

SEE THIS WEEK'S NUMBER, DATE OF FEB. 28

Americans of To-Day and To-Morrow

By Senator Albert J. Beveridge

What a man must believe to become great. The first paper in an important series.



Our American Snobs

By James L. Ford, author of The Literary Shop

The making of a Social Success, as exemplified by Tommy Timpson, who became a Desirable Person and Married Money.

The Unsilenced Tongue

By Arthur E. MacFarlane

A humorist's study in crime—A tale of the Canadian woods.

Hazing

By Jesse Lynch Williams

In which an "old grad." rises to make a few remarks on an ancient college institution.

The Autobiography of a Beggar

By I. K. Friedman

In which Mollbuzzer invents a plan to abduct a Persian cat and hold it for ransom.

Unsolved

By Ian Maclaren

The Spirit of the Place: a phantom love-story of the seventeenth century.

These are but a few of the many good things in this week's number. Handsomely printed and illustrated. 500,000 copies weekly. 5 cents the copy at newsdealers.

We will mail it to you every week from now to July 1, 1903, on receipt of only 50 cents

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
Philadelphia, Pa.

PETRIFIED MAN FOUND

Discoverer Hauled It to Town and Sold It For $50.

Dyersburg, Tenn., Feb. 27.—Dyersburg now has a genuine sensation or show. On Friday a petrified man was found and dug out of the bank of the Forked Deer river, a short distance below this town. He was found by a citizen while rowing down the river. He saw the man's feet sticking out of the bank, procured aid, dug out the man, put him in a wagon and about the first thing he did was to offer to sell the specimen for $50. He soon found a purchaser to pay him $25 for a half interest, but the crowds gathered in such numbers as to awake him to the suspicion that he had made a valuable find, and he sold the other half interest for a trifle more than he obtained for the first.

If there be such a thing as the petrifaction of human flesh this is surely a genuine petrified man, as perfect a specimen as could be imagined. He was found lying on his back, in an easy and natural position, with his arms folded across his breast, as if he had received decent burial. He is slightly over six feet tall. The veins stand out on his hands and ankles in the most natural way. The wringles on his knuckles and on the back of his hands look natural. His facial expression is so natural that anyone knowing him in life would easily recognize him now. He appears to belong to the Caucasian race. He shows a plain mustache. His toes are pressed together as if in life he wore shoes. Lying on a table on his back his head raised about two inches above the surface of the table, as if he had been buried with his head slightly raised by a pillow or something of the kind. The writer confidently believes that this is no fake, like the Cardiff giant, but that it is truly a petrified man.

If scientific men have not abandoned the theory announced to a class of which the writer was a member in 1868, by a distinguished geologist and chemist of Tennessee, to the effect that "human flesh would not petrify because it would too soon putrefy and decay," this specimen of petrifaction may compel them to modify their opinions about such matters.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by William A. Abbett, druggist.

YOUNG BUT A HEROINE

Girl's Brave But Unsuccessful Ride to Save Father.

Lodge Pole, Neb., Feb. 27.—Little Gertrude Goette, of Trudchen, as she is affectionately called, although but 13 years of age, is a heroine almost without parallel. During the recent storm on the Wyoming-Nebraska line, near which Gertrude lives, her father, who was a well-to-do cattleman, perished while trying to drive a small bunch of cattle to shelter. When he started after the herd Gertrude begged him not to go, seemingly having a presentiment of danger, but her father only smiled at her fears and left on horseback for the distant limits of his ranch.

Night came on and the father did not return. The high wind rapidly grew to hurricane proportions, and snow beginning to fall, turned the night into one of frightfulness.

All day Gertrude waited for her father and when night came there came simultaneously to the door the riderless horse on which she had seen her father depart in the morning. Gertrude's fears were realized. She knew her father would be dying somewhere on the ranch while struggling to reach his home.

Gertrude sprang upon the horse's back and urged him out into the darkness and swirling snow. Six miles away was the nearest ranch where help could be obtained. She could only keep the direction by keeping the wind at her back.

That six miles of ride was replete with horror for the young girl, but bravely she struggled on, caring nothing for the cold and storm, until she reached the ranch and told her fears. The blizzard, however, was so great that none of the ranch people dared to venture forth, and the following morning Mr. Goette's body was found in a coffin of snow and ice.

The brave girl's efforts failed to effect the rescue of her father, but it has made her the loved one of the neighborhood, the citizens of which will see that the business of the ranch is properly administered for her benefit and turned over to her when she shall have arrived at a suitable age.

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

TO ISLAND OF YAP

O'Keefe of Port Huron Supposed to Have Gone.

Port Huron, Mich., Feb. 27.—For over a week Richard O'Keefe, superintendent of public works, has been missing from this city, and the rumor that he has gone to the island of Yap to investigate the estate left by the king of Yap, who was David O'Keefe, a shipwrecked sailor at the beginning, is given credence by the air of mystery.

O'Keefe and his brother, O. W. O'Keefe, of this city, have been following the fortunes of the king of Yap for the past few years, and their investigations quietly made have led them both to believe that the king of Yap was their long-lost brother, David O'Keefe, who disappeared from home when a boy and went to sea. They located him a number of years ago in the vicinity of the island of Yap. The history of the king of Yap is that a shipwrecked sailor, who landed on the small island, was picked up by the natives and made their king. Later developments show that he left a wife and child in Georgia. The O'Keefes in this city have been in correspondence with the supposed wife of the king of Yap and her daughter, who reside in Savannah, Ga.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Nearly everybody knows how it always restores color and checks falling. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

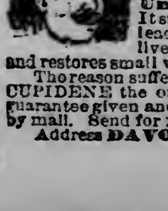
WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK

A full set of the best artificial teeth **$10**

And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from $1.50
Silver Fillings, up from 75c
Painless Extracting 50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. **JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.**
Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

2 THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1903.

A Table Necessity.

Primus Brand Butter

Made From the Richest of Sweet Cream.

Sweet, Pure and Wholesome.

A Home Product.

Ask your grocer for it.

Manufactured by

Bridgeman & Russell,

16 W. First Street. Both Phones 352.

NEWS OF THE STORES

As Shown By the Bargain Advertisements In Tonight's Herald.

M. S. Burrows—Final announcement of half-price sale of men's and boys' suits, overcoats and ulsters and men's underwear.

Panton & White—Special Saturday bargains in men's furnishings, dress goods and other departments.

Freimuth's—Sale of copyright books, Saturday bargains in shoes, underwear and hosiery and basement goods.

The Famous—Clearance sale of women's, misses' and children's fine shoes and women's rubbers.

French & Bassett—Closing day tomorrow of great discount sale. Thirty-two pieces of furniture at half-price.

Phillips & Co.—Special in ladies', boys' and childern's rubbers.

Wieland's—Sale of men's, boys', women's, misses' and children's shoes and rubbers.

Gray-Tallant Co.— Big bargains in shoe department.

Floan, Leveroos & Co.—Special discount sale of suits and overcoats. Exhibit of 1903 spring hats.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.—Important showing of new costumes, skirts, suits, coats and waists.

C. Volland—Display of latest 1903 spring hats for men and young men.

Stack & Co.—Big Saturday bargains in basement and other departments.

Ehle Shoe Co.—Continuation of discount sale in all lines of fine footwear.

S. E. Gittleson & Co.—Clearance of $40,000 stock of clothing and furnishing at immense discounts.

Rathbun's—Saturday specials in groceries and table delicacies.

O'Leary—Specials in table delicacies and provisions.

Ostby's—Specials in various seasonable table supplies.

CAUGHT IN A TRAP.

Female Wolf Nabbed But Male Was Too Foxy.

Martin Peterson, a settler from the town of Morse, was paid $25 wolf bounty for a full grown female this afternoon. Mr. Peterson caught the animal in a trap near Robinson lake. The pelt was in good condition and showed that the wolf was the largest that has been killed in the county this winter. Mr. Peterson said he came very near catching its mate, but the rabbits had scratched the covering from the trap and while the tracks showed the wolf had gone around and around the trap, seeking to get at the bait, it was too sharp to put itself in danger. He says that the wolves are not plenty in his neighborhood, one or two being heard of occasionally.

BROKE A WINDOW.

Ole Lindquist Finds That Booze Unsteadies a Man.

Bowery booze and a slippery sidewalk last night formed a conspiracy to rob Ole Lindquist of his happiness.

After having absorbed a large amount of red liquor, he wandered along Superior street sadly off an even keel. As the cold winter wind whistled through his sparse whiskers, Ole was heard to murmur softly a stanza of this beautiful ode:

"Rolling around the town,
Knocking people down;
Drinking every kind of wet,
Having a rare old time, you bet."

Just as he finished canting this sweet little lullaby for the third time, he noticed what appeared to be a last year's lobster peering at him from the window of Maloney & Liston's booze parlor.

He stopped to chat with the vision for a moment, but his feet slipped out from under him and he lurched over at his own shadow and crashed through the expensive plate glass window.

He was taken to the station and this morning pleaded not guilty to the charge of drunkenness. His trial was set for a late hour this afternoon.

Presto (better than flour) saves cook's time

COMMITTEE IS LABORING

Investigation of Affairs In City Offices Is Progressing Daily.

The investigating committee of the council which was appointed to look into the business methods of the various departments of the city government has been busily at work every afternoon, and it will continue to hold daily sessions until its task is completed and its report drawn up.

It is hoped that the result of the committee's work will be to decrease the amount of the city's next tax levy. Last year the entire levy was 34.4 mills, of which the city levy amounted to 17.7 mills.

This was thought too much by many members of the council, and it was part of their plan in appointing the committee to have them, in looking over the departments during their investigation, decide in what places the city could decrease its expenses witn the smallest inconvenience.

In co-operation with the other tax-levying bodies the council hopes in this manner to decrease to some extent the total assessment for next year's taxes.

None of the findings of the committee will be given out until the report is placed before the council.

Made Good Scores.

There was some unusually good shooting at the weekly target practice of the police department held yesterday afternoon. Four men made fifty hits out of a possible fifty. The following were the scores of those who stood highest:

F. Schulte	50
Murray	50
Capt. Resche	50
Fiskett	50
Chief Troyer	48
Barber	48
R. C. Johnson	46
G. W. Steele	43
Sergt. Gillon	42
Stahl	42
Roberg	42

METROPOLITAN

LANNERS' CONCERT BAND,

Sunday, March 1, 3 p. m.

Miss Willa Mae Wylie, Reader. Franz Schultz, Basso. All Seats 25c.

Assessments Confirmed.

At the meeting of the board of public works this morning action was taken confirming the delayed assessments on the East Superior street paving.

These assessments were held up some time ago until the council could take some action on the request of the Barber Asphalt company to extend the time in which the completion of the contract could be accomplished.

The council never took action on the request, but at the last meeting ordered the confirmation of the assessments, a step which means that the paving will be laid according to the provisions of the original contract.

A Short Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of the board of county commissioners was held this morning, but the only business transacted was the passing of a few bills. The board adjourned until 10 o'clock next Monday morning, when it is quite likely there will be some action or discussion relative to the decision of the district court relative to the jail residence and V. A. Dash's bills. Neither County Attorney McClintock, nor his assistant, W. G. Crosby, who conducted the defense for Mr. Dash and the county officials were present this morning, both being out of the city.

Cleaning the Walks.

Business men and residents of Superior street and First street were agreeably disappointed this morning when they perceived the chain gang from the city bastile picking and shoveling the snow and ice packed close up to the pavements on both these streets. The gang cut a ditch that kept the water from running an inch or two deep along the sidewalks, as it has been, doing during the thaw for the past few weeks. There was much complaint for the past few days regarding the condition of the walks, especially on Superior street.

Case Is Settled.

The case of J. H. Whitely vs. J. Q. A. Crosby, which was started in the district court some time ago in which plaintiff claimed damages for breach of contract and failure to divide profits on an iron land deal amounting to about $200, has been settled, according to a stipulation filed in the case today wherein it appears that the plaintiff receives two-thirds of his demand and dismisses the action.

COMPANY IS FORMED

To Rebuild the Burned Northwestern Steam Boiler Works.

M. A. Ryan Heads Corporation---The Capital Is Large.

The Northwestern Steam Boiler company, a local organization to succeed the former company of that name, has been incorporated. The articles were filed this morning with the register of deeds. The new company is capitalized at $200,000 and the incorporators are M. A. Ryan, Margaret A. Ryan, Sara L. McNulty, Richard F. Grant and Francis W. Sullivan. The difference between the new and the old organization will be that where Mr. Ryan was the whole company formerly, he will now have the assistance of additional capital.

As was stated recently, the steam boiler plant on Garfield avenue, which burned down a week ago tonight, will be rebuilt just as soon as the debris can be cleared away from the old site. A large crew of men has been working there steadily since the fire and considerably headway has been made. The new plant will be far larger and will have gerater facilities in every way for the general purposes of the new corporation, which is the manufacture and repair of boilers, engines, smokestacks, burners, etc., as well as all kinds of machinery and tools.

The new company will continue for thirty years and the limit of its indebtedness is $100,000.

Wood For Sale

all kinds of dry and green wood on hand.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

410 West Superior Street.

BROUGHT TO DULUTH.

Copper Country Militia Officers Have a Surprise.

Seven copper country militia officers spent last Sunday in Duluth rather unexpectedly, according to the Marquette Mining Journal, which relates the story as follows:

"The copper country militia officers, comprising a party of seven, who left the copper country last Saturday evening to attend the annual election of the Third regiment, Michigan National Guard, at Cheboygan on Monday, met with an experience they little expected. They came within an ace of missing the election altogether all on account of a sleepy porter who did not wake the party up at Kenton to change cars for the Soo. In consequence of the porter's negligence, the boys spent the day in Duluth as best they could and they finally arrived at Cheboygan just in time.

"The party arrived home yesterday and reported a pleasant trip. Company K, of Cheboygan, treated the visitors right royally. The copper country officers are much pleased over the re-election of Col. Bates, of the Soo.

Indoor Baseball

Tonight and tomorrow night.

HOUGHTON VS. DULUTH.

At the Armory. Admission 35c.

Game called 8:30 sharp. Dancing.

Gabrilowitsch Compliments Duluth Artist.

Conceit and narrowness is not a part of the makeup of the famous pianist, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, and he is ever ready to praise good musical qualities in another artist. He was unstinted in his praise of the playing of the accompaniments to the Tschaikowsky songs of Mr. Griffith by Marx E. Oberndorfer, and recognized that he was an exponent of the famous Leschetizky method. Leschetizky has made his method the most prominent in the world, having produced the famous pianists Gabrilowitsch, Padarewski, Bloomfield-Zeisler, Hambourg and others.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

CHURCH DIGNITARIES.

Many Will Attend Funeral of Father McGolrick.

Impressive services of the Roman Catholic church will be held over the body of Father Henry McGolrick, who died yesterday, at the cathedral tomorrow morning at 10:30.

A brother of the deceased, Rev. Father William McGolrick, will celebrate the mass. Archbishop Ireland, Right Rev. J. J. Keane, bishop of Cheyenne, Wyo., and Right Rev. John Shanley, of Fargo, will be present, along with some twenty other officers of the church.

Today the remains of the priest lie in state in the chapel at St. Mary's hospital, of which he was chaplain at the time of his death.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

Four Thousand Pairs

Of men's pants to select from; perfect fitters and neat patterns, at $1.50, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7 and up to $8.50.

C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes.

M. S. BURROWS.

FOR SALE.

New building, with two flats of 6 rooms each, stone foundation. Will always rent to pay 15 per cent net.

B. LANDFIELD, 927 E. 5th St.

KNEW WHEN TO QUIT.

One Principle of a Successful Poker Game.

"It sure is amazin' how folks is took up with the game o' draw poker," said Caleb Mix, the veteran bartender on the Mississippi river packet City of Natchez, to the New York Sun. "Just naturally, I ain't talkin' o' gamblers—that is, professionals. They ain't, so to speak, took up with the game. The game is took up by them.

"But men as has a call to know better, and has better sense about some things, 'pear to let go their holt and throw up both hands when it comes to playin' cards, an' they don't hardly never get the best o' the game.

"I've watched it a good many years, an' as nigh as I can figger it the trouble is there ain't one in a thoustand that knows when to quit. If they knowed that there wouldn't be so many on 'em did up.

"O' course, the professional don't have no difficulty o' that kind. His time to quit is sot for him, an' he don't never make no mistake about it. He just plays until the other feller's money is all gone and the game stops itself.

"But, o' course, that don't happen to the other man no oftener'n the old Mississip' skips a spring flood. He plays along, nine times out o' ten, till he's busted, an' 'bleeged to quit. An' you can't tell him nothin' till after, an' then it's too late.

"There was a cousin o' mine that come on the river quite some years ago that had some notion o' things an' might ha' been a good deal of a man if he hadn't got stuck on draw poker. George Mix, his name were, an' he were a bright, handsome young feller, that c'd fight his weight in wild cats. There wa'n't nary man on the river 'd ha' made a better mate than him if he'd stuck to what he started out to do, an' hadn't took a fool notion in his head that he c'd play cards.

"He were as poor as Job's turkey, like all the rest o' the Mixes was them times, an' when he came down f'm Ozark Mountains to look for a job on one o' the boats, he walked all the way and laid off at one o' them little landings on the Arkansas bank till the Belle o' the River come along that he'd heerd I was workin' on. When he come aboard he hadn't eat nothin' for three days. Too proud to beg, an' plumb broke.

"Well, I fed him, o' course, an' got the Cap'n to take him on as a deckhand. There wa'n't nothin' else for him, an' he were glad enough to get that.

"An' say, he did well for a time. Hadn't been on the boat a week afore he'd licked every other man on deck, but the mate, an' had him on the anxious seat. Them days, the man that licked the mate was tol'able certain of havin' the mate's job on the nex' trip.

"The mate we had were a good un. He'd been a lumberman up in Minnesota, an' had the name o' bein' the worst fighter in the woods afore he came to the river, but there was them that was ready to bet that George'd do him.

"I reckoned that way myself, but I says to George to go slow. There wasn't no hurry, an' he'd best get used to the business afore tryin' for promotion, but he only laughed, an' he says that's too easy, an' he were lookin' f'r somethin' better.

"He wouldn't tell me what his idea was, an' I worried some, thinkin' he had some fool notion in his head, but I didn't suspicion what 'twas till he'd been with us for six or eight weeks.

"I heerd he were playin' cards with the other deckhands, right after he got his first pay, but I didn't pay no partic'lar notice. 'Twa'n't nothin' strange, an' I reckoned he'd have his fling anyhow, let alone 'twouldn't do no good for me to preach.

I wa'n't his keeper, an' wa'n't huntin' fer trouble.

"Well, he made three or four trips with us, an' him an' the mate seemed to have some sort of a understandin'. Anyway, they didn't meet up, an' I begin to think George had more sense n' I'd give him credit for, not bein' in no hurry, when one day he went ashore at New Orleans an' didn't show up again till just as the boat started.

"When he did come aboard, he were togged out in a new suit, an' had a nigger behind him carrying a grip. They called 'em valises them times.

"He made the nigger take it to the baggage rooms while he stepped up to the captain's office an' paid his fare to Memphis. Then he come over to the barroom an' shook hands with me, an' grinned like a fool kitten.

"Just naturally, I as't him what his little game was, an' he said he didn't reckon he'd work no more. He'd skint the other deckhands outen enough to buy a good outfit, an' he had a hundred an' odd dollars in his kick, an' he reckoned he'd take his chances in a game o' draw poker if there should happen to be any goin' on, which there mostly was more or less playin' every trip.

"Hit were a tol'able cheeky move, an' I says to him that he were likely to get did up in the first round. There was men travelin' the river that knowed more about cards in a minute than he'd learn in the next five years, but I seed right away that 'twan't no use talkin'.

"He said he knowed, tol'able well, what the chances was, an' he lowed he'd take the risk. More'n that, he reckoned he c'd play poker as well as most.

"O' course there wa'n't no use of argufyin' with a man that talked like that, an' I says to him that I hadn't no use for professionals. Somehow it always did go against my grain to see the way they robbed suckers, but I liked him tol'able well, an' he were kin o' mine, too, an' I says to him that I'll do what I can for him.

"So I introduces him to Harry Winters, that was a crack player them days, an' traveled with us consid'able, an' I tells Hary all about him. I knowed the rule was among professionals that 'dog don't eat dog,' when there was other meat 'round, an' I reckoned Harry would give him a fair show for a pup, if he had enough savvy to go slow at the start.

"Well, Harry were a good-naturad sort of a cuss in his way, an' he sort o' took too George, 'count of his looks, I reckon, as much as anything, an' George had a pleasant way with him, too. If his senses had been as good as his looks I reckon he'd ha lasted longer.

"They was a game started the first night, Harry an' his pal, Jack Hooper, catchin' a couple o' planters that was goin' home after a fling in New Orleans with quite some money that they hadn't got rid of, an' George come up, bold as brass, an' asks if there's any objection to his takin' a hand.

"Just naturally, Winters didn't like it much, but he did like me, an' I reckon he thought it was an easy way to give George a sort of a lift, an' he didn't make no kick, so, o' course, Hooper didn't neither, an' the two planters didn't care who they played with. They didn't know enough.

"Well, say, if ever a man got out of his class, an' pulled a brick wall down on his own head, that fool cousin o' mine did that night. The two planters was dead easy, an' inside of a hour they'd dropped over $1800. I reckon it were all they had with 'em, for they both got up an' quit the game.

"They didn't make no whimper, an' I reckon they wan't neither on 'em crippled, for they didn't seem to care, no great Money was easy with the planters, them days.

"Just naturally Winters an' Hooper had the bulk o' the money, but George had had some luck, too, an' was over two hundred to the good, makin' a howlin' good night's work for him, or leastways I reckoned it so, an' there wouldn't no fair-minded man say different. Right there, o' course, was the place for him to stop playin'. He knowed as well as anybody that he were up ag'in two professionals, an' he knowed enough o' poker to know that they was both slick players.

"There was a sort o' pause, after the two planters left the table, an' Winters an' Hooper begin countin' their chips, but it happened to be George's deal, an' he picked up the deck an' begin to shuffle it, an' says:

"'Your ante, Mr. Winters.'

"You see it happened to him, like I was sayin' it hapens to most everybody, that he didn't know when to quit. There wan't no way o' makin' it plainer to him than 'twas an' if he'd been a real professional instead of a rank beginner, there wouldn't ha' been no call to tell him, but he'd got the fevor on him. Them two hundred he'd won made him think he'd get away with everything in sight, an' he were ready to play right along, havin' no more chance than a hound pup 'o the sand.

"I seen what his finish would be, for I seen Winters look at him for just an instant, like he didn't know what to think, but he didn't say nothin', on'y shoved up his ante.

"Maybe it was just luck, an' maybe 'twasn't. I don't p'tend to say, for George's play was somethin' I didn't know nothin' about, but it happened that Winters got a pat flush an' Hooper caught two pairs in that deal. O' course, Hooper come in an' George, he come in, an' Winters tilted it $5.

"Hooper made good an' George come back with ten more, an' Winters give it another boost o' ten. O' course, you couldn't ha' drove Hooper out with guns after that, an' he stayed an' George h'isted it twenty-five.

"Then Winter, he seemed to take a tumble an' he just seen the raise, an' Hooper trailed. O' course Winters stood pat an' Hooper took one, gettin' a seven full. An' George took one.

"Hooper flipped in a white chip, an' George bet $50, but the other two smelled something an' they both called. Then George showed down four trays and took the pot.

"'Taint often that a man gets his second warning to quit right after the first, but that was a sure case. If 'twas luck it were too good to last an' if it were a crooked deal, George had ought for to have knowed what he were up against.

"Winters didn't say nothin,' but I c'd see he was mad, an' 'twant no great wonder. It were his next deal, o' course, an' George got four of a kind again—three tens cold and the other one in the draw—an 'twan't none surprisin' seein' how big a fool he'd showed hisself to be, that he played them tens for all he thought they was worth.

"He was busted, though, on the show-down, an' then Winters spoke a little piece to him. The upshot of it was that he'd better got back to the woods, not havin' discretion enough for river gamblin'.

"An' George showed the on'y good sense I ever knowed him to, when he tucked his tail between his legs and sneaked off the boat at Helena. I hadn't never seen him since, for he didn't come back on the boats, but they say he's a cross roads gambler up in the St. Francis valley now."

RAG TIME SHINE.

In a Fulton street shoe store, not far from the Eagle building, two colored boys are employed to give free shines to shoes that have been purchased there, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Although I have worn shoes for two months and have them polished three or four times each week, I have never yet escaped voluntarily paying the boys. Their two chairs stand side by side on a raised platform, and if both are busy at once their performance is doubly entertaining, though either one alone can make it worth more than the ordinary price of a shine. Sometimes one will softly hum a negro melody in a low, mellow tone while both execute a most fantastic ragtime accompaniment with their brushes and polishing cloths on the customers' shoes. No banjo duetists ever kept truer time than these shiners do. But the most attractive feature of it all is the keen enjoyment the boys themselves get out of it. They are real darkies with all that the word used to imply in the old plantation days when one of their kind would dance as long as anybody would pat for him, and they have applied that love of rhythm to what otherwise would be hard, prosaic toil. In short, they are philosophers who make play of their work. I could get a shine—a mere shine—at the corner half a block away for 5 cents, but I prefer to pay double price to these happy darky boys, who not only shine shoes well, but refresh my spirit and send me about my work with a renewed feeling that it is fun.

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

Store Open Saturday Evening.

One Day More!

Sale Closes Tomorrow Evening.

32 Pieces of Furniture at

Half Price!

$9.75 Pyro Jardenier Stand . . . . $4.88.

$85.00 Mahogany House Desk $42.50.

$9.75 Wicker Reception Chair—upholstered seat—for	$ 4.88
$10.00 Mahogany Rococo Screen	5.00
$10.50 Oriental Carved Punjab Chair	5.25
$18.00 Brass Table—onyx top	9.00
$16.50 Oriental Carved Taboret	8.25
$15.00 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	7.50
$23.50 Pyro Enameled Tea Table	11.75
$15.00 Flemish Oak Writing Desk	7.50
$34.00 Carved Flemish Oak Desk	17.00
$14.50 Flemish Oak Buffet	7.25
$6.50 Weathered Oak Den Chair	3.25
$35.00 Turkish Leather Easy Chair	17.50
$8.50 Roman Upholstered Chair	4.25
$22.00 Weathered Oak Mission Chair	11.00
$58.00 Flemish Oak Sideboard	29.00
$75.00 Golden Oak Sideboard	37.50
$60.00 Mahogany Sofa	$30.00
$175.00 Mahogany Carved Sofa	87.50
$35.00 Parlor Set—3 pieces	17.50
$38.50 Parlor Set—3 pieces	19.25
$15.00 Mahogany Divan	7.50
$10.00 Mahogany Armchair	5.00
$15 00 Reclining Easy Chair	7.50
$40.00 Upholstered Sofa	20.00
$28.50 Upholstered Armchair	14.25
$18.50 Upholstered Armchair	9.25
$8.50 Wicker Roman Chair	4.75
$2.50 Work Basket	1.25
$11.50 Golden Oak Serving Table	5.75
$14.50 Golden Oak Serving Table	7.25

About 200 pieces of

Crockery

Lamps, Ink Stands, Plates, Jardinieres, Candalabra, Chop Plates, Fern Dishes, Vases, Gold Glass, Venetian Glass, Salad Bowls, Busts—all at

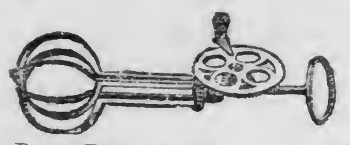
Half Price!

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Basement Bargains.

14 bars of good Laundry Soap—special Saturday, for ... 25c
1000 Parlor Matches—the best made, for ... 5c
60 Clothes Pins—best hardwood, for ... 5c

10c Clothes Lines—50 feet ... 5c
10c patent Mop Sticks—Saturday ... 7c
10c steel-face Steak Pounders ... 3c
5c No. 1 brass Lamp Burners—only ... 3c
10c No. 2 brass Lamp Burners—only ... 5c
10c Iron Handles, Madam Potts'—only ... 6c



10c Dover Egg Beaters—special, only ... 5c
5c box of Toothpicks—half price ... 2½c
Best 10c Blueing—per pint bottle ... 5c
Best Ammonia—only per bottle ... 7c

Tin Wash Basins, like cut—only ... 5c
15c Dish Pans, each—only ... 10c
19c granite Muffin Pans—special ... 10c
8 rolls perforated Toilet Paper ... 25c
19c zinc Strainers—special ... 12½c
25c House Brooms—three tie, only ... 17c
Coco Door Mats, nineteen in all, worth 75c—while they last, sale price ... 50c

STACK & CO

Dress Goods Dpt

Wool Henrietta, 36-inches wide, black and all colors, regular 30c quality, per yard ... 19c
Albators, all wool, in all the new waisting shades, the regular 59c quality, per yd ... 47c
Skirting—We are showing an extra heavy suiting for skirts in snow flake plaid effects, worth 50c yd, for ... 29c

Sale of Wide Sheetings.

Saturday's sale of Wide Sheetings—Brown Sheeting 2 yds wide, the best standard made, worth regularly 20c yd ... 15c
Bleached Sheeting, soft finish, extra heavy quality, best brand worth 22c yard, special for tomorrow ... 17c
Brown Sheeting, 2¼ yds wide, good heavy quality, worth regularly 19c per yard, special ... 15c

Percales and Ginghams.

Percales, 32-inch, fancy dress and shirting percales, in light and dark grounds, worth 12½c yd ... 8½c
Dress Ginghams, 100 pieces plain and fancy new spring ginghams, in all the new styles—the 12½c quality for ... 10c
India Linen, fine sheer white lawn, full 28-inch wide, the regular 8c quality ... 6c

Bed Spread Specials.

Full size Bed Spreads, Marseilles patterns, good weight, hemmed all around tomorrow ... 65c
Extra heavy, large size Bed Spreads, made of good maials, the regular $1.25 value ... 98c
White Fringed Spreads, fancy colored spreads and extra heavy white spread, worth $1.69 for ... $1.25

Sheets and Pillow Cases.

36x42 Bleached Pillow Cases, made of soft finish muslin, worth 12½c each, only ... 9c
50-inch Pillow Case Muslin, extra heavy, best make—worth regularly 17c yd ... 10c
Brown Sheets, 72x90 made of good quality standard muslin, torn and hemmed, the 50c quality for ... 39c

Table Oil Cloth.

White Marble Oil Cloth, full 46-inches wide, the kind others ask 25c for, tomorrow ... 15c
Outing Flannel, 50 pieces, fancy pink and blue, fancy domets, worth 10c yd, tomorrow at ... 5c
Jute Rugs, size 27x54, fringed, in good range of styles, bright colorings, worth 59c ... 45c

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES"

STACK & CO

Bargains picked at random from all over the store. A list of prices that convey only a hint of their appreciative values.

SPECIAL DRIVES IN THE READY MADE DEPARTMENT!

$1.50 PERCALE and GINGHAM Wrappers 98c

50 dozen Ladies' Percale Wrappers—in black, blue, red and dark gray figures and stripes—elegantly finished yokes—made with ruffle and fancy braid trimmings—skirts extra full—all splendid staple styles—regular $1.50 values—choice tomorrow for only 98c.

SATEEN UNDERSKIRTS.

75c for Mercerized Sateen Underskirts—made extra full, finished with fancy scroll ruffle—$1.25 value.

$1.48 for elegant quality Mercerized Sateen Underskirts—made with 3 rows tucked ruffles, regular price $1.98.

50c for Shirt Waists, worth $1.00 and $1.50—in fine lawns, percales and heavy wash fabrics—big assortment.

DRESS SKIRTS.

$2.98 for Black Cheviot and Suiting Dress Skirts—neatly trimmed with two rows satin bands, worth $4.

$5.00 for Black Venetian Dress Skirts—trimmed with 8 rows corded tucks, perfect fitting, regular $7.50 values.

$7.50 for Dress Skirts—in Blue and Black snowflake suitings, 7-gored box-plaits down sides, worth regular $10.00.

Attractive Bargains in Lace Curtain Department.

15 Cents Each for best cloth spring Roller Shades, all colors — complete with fixtures.

89c per pair for Lace Curtains, worth $1.25.
$1.19 per pair for Lace Curtains, worth $1.50.
$1.48 per pair for Lace Curtains, worth $2.00.
$1.95 per pair for Lace Curtains, worth $2.75.
$2.98 per pair for Arabian Curtains, worth $4.00.
$3.50 per pair for Cable Net and Irish Point Curtains, worth $5.00.
$4.98 for Lace Curtains, worth $7.50.

37½c Per Yard for fancy 27-inch Velours for pillow tops and chair coverings, worth 75c a yard.

Notion Specials.

Thimbles.
144 dozen Aluminum Thimbles, the lightest, strongest and most durable, all sizes; 5c value at ... 1c

Hooks and Eyes.
"Hump" Hooks and Eyes in black and silvered, worth 5c a card, at ... 1c

Cube Pins.
Black and assorted colors, in an oblong cube, 8c, 10c and 12½c sizes—choice at ... 5c

Curling Irons.
Made in the best possible manner, good springs, polished oak handles—at 7c, 6c and ... 3c

Wire Hair Brushes.
Wire Hair Brushes, enameled wood block, 11 rows wide, 31 rows long, 25c value at ... 15c

Back Combs.
Tortoise shell pattern combs, 20c value, tomorrow only ... 10c

Pins.
100 papers good brass pins—400 in a paper—5c value at ... 2½c

Beaded Bags.
Chatelaine Bags, fifteen different styles and prices to select from, all new goods and priced 25 per cent below regular. See the collection—from $7.50 to ... 48c

Hair Combs.
Ladies' Hard Rubber Hair Combs—8 inches long, assorted backs, fine and coarse teeth, finely finished, rounded points—15c and 19c value—choice ... 10c

Belding Bros.' Silks.
Also a lot of about 300 dozen Heminways, in black and colored—50-yard spools, regular price 5c—at ... 2½c

Pocket Combs.
5-inch aluminum Pocket Combs, fine and coarse teeth in leather cases—at ... 3c

Envelopes.
5000 packages, 6-inch size, full government, good quality, 25 in a package—5c value ... 2c

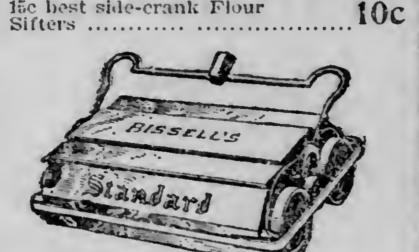
Manicure Sets.
Imitation Stag Manicure Sets, file, button hook and cuticle knife—50c value at ... 25c

Basement Bargains.

20c half-gallon Water Pitchers—nice patterns; two styles—each ... 11c
$1.25 decorated Water Sets—six tumblers and pitcher—Saturday, special ... 69c

Grey enamel Coffee Pots; 3-qt. and 4-qt. sizes; worth 45c and 55c respectively—Saturday only ... 25c
10c granite Drinking Cups—for ... 5c
65c galvanized Wash Tubs ... 47c
75c galvanized Wash Tubs ... 55c
95c galvanized bottom Wash Boilers—sale price Saturday ... 63c

Triple-coated grey-enamel Steel Kettles—worth $1.00—Saturday only—special ... 53c
19c granite Dippers—each for ... 10c
35c Pudding Pans; six quart—special ... 19c
15c best side-crank Flour Sifters ... 10c



$1.95 Carpet Sweepers—Bissell's Crown, Jewell and Winner—Saturday's price, only ... $1.25
10c Cups and Saucers, white stone china—sale price Saturday ... 5c
7-inch Dinner Plates to match, in white stone china—only, each ... 5c
10c worth of Shelf Paper—two packages for ... 5c
5c brass Extension Rods—only ... 3c

STACK & CO

CHOLERA IS RAGING

In Philippines and Number of Deaths Is Appalling.

More Than Two Millions Have Died In the Orient.

New York, Feb 27.—Horace Shelton, formerly a newspaper man of Austin, Texas, who was appointed a teacher in the Philippines about two years ago, has been making an extended trip through the islands and has witnessed some of the distressing results of the cholera epidemic. Writing from Iriga, province of Camarines, he gives the following graphic description of the death-dealing disease:

"In an attempt to write an account of this horrible scourge, of the fearsome pestilence, it is an easy matter to give in figures the number of human lives it has claimed for its own; to give the names of the towns and neighborhoods that have been depopulated; to tell a few names of the noble and fearless men and women who daily risked their lives in ministering to the suffering; but never was mortal gifted with sufficient ability to portray the real horrors of this silent, dreadful disease or to tell of the thousands and thousands of pitiful occurrences that happened in all parts of the islands.

"The figures themselves are appalling. Official reports give the number of deaths that have occurred in the Philippine islands since the appearance of the disease in Manila last March as 100,000 and the number of cases fully 150,000. Yet the full history of the disease has not been written, for it still breaks out in new places, and often is not satisfied until whole towns have practically been depopulated, and in one or two instances whole provinces.

"The cholera epidemic has been raging through the Orient since 1900 and in the two years has numbered more than 2,000,000 people as its victims. According to the report of the Manila board of health the epidemic was reported first from India in January, 1900, and was chiefly confined to that country until January, 1901, when it spread to Madras and the Straits Settlements, 200 deaths occurring in Singapore, Straits Settlement, between November, 1900, and March 1901. The epidemic spread to Batavia and there from June, 1901, 538 cases and 451 deaths were reported up to September, 1901. Cases at this time also appeared in Yokohama and in Formosa. In Java, 3000 cases were reported in August. Borneo and Sumatra also reported cases during this month. The disease was gradually coming closer and closer to Manila.

"Exactly by what route the disease entered Manila is not known, but it seems evident that it came from China, because the disease had been ravaging Canton, and from there had spread to Hong Kong. While no vegetables were allowed to be brought to Hong Kong, a few cargoes came into the harbor of Manila and were dumped overboard. It is supposed that some of these vegetables were washed ashore and were picked up by the natives and eaten, and thus was the disease introduced into the Philippine Islands.

"Immediately on the appearance of the disease in Manila, a systematic and scientific fight was organied against it, but on account of the crowded condition of the poorer quarter of the town, the unsanitary condition of the streets and the filthiness of the houses and the people their ignorance, fatalism and religious superstition, the epidemic soon became a serious one, and in spite of all efforts the situation became unmanageable in some parts of the islands.

"In place of sanitary precautions the people substituted priest-blessed charms and religious processions. While there were pest holes beneath every house breeding cholera germs by the millions which a few hours' work would have remedied, the people spent their whole time in religious observances. Religious processions swarmed the streets by day and by night. Even when the people taking part in the processions were stricken with the disease and died by the roadside the people refused to see the farce of the whole thing, but rather ascribed the attack to some secret sin of the party attacked. Not only did the people try to appease God with processions, but they tried to scare the devil out of the community by beating tin pans and drums until whole sections of the country resounded with hideous noises, such as only half-civilized people can make.

"The disease, aided by all these conditions, spread to nearly every island in the archipelago and few towns and fewer provinces escaped. So rapidly did it spread that the supply of doctors and nurses were soon greatly inadequate and not even enough intelligent natives could be found to act as inspectors. At this stage the army came tothe rescue and although they furnished every doctor they could spare and a few that they couldn't, still there were not enough. Schools in all the stricken provinces were dismissed and the American school teachers volunteered as inspectors and nurses and no more heroic and self-sacrificing work was rendered by any body of workers than by them.

"Of the most severely ravaged districts, the region in the neighborhood of Laguna lake, up the Pasig river from Manila, was one of the worst. On account of the low swampy nature of the country and the bad water, the conditions for the spread of the disease was particularly favorable, and it was soon beyond the control of those in charge, and the daily death list mounted in the hundreds. Great heaps of dead bodies could be seen piled up in the streets of all the large towns awaiting cremation, and at times so fast did these accumulate that they could not be disposed of readily and remained in piles for hours, putrefying under the influence of the June and July heat.

"Among the last of the islands to be stricken was that of Panay, one of the most beautiful and healthy islands of the archipelago, yet here for some reason the ravages of the disease were the severest, and a most distressing state of affairs resulted. The disease soon got beyond the control of the civil authorities and the death rate jumped to more than a thousand daily. The island was turned into a literal charnel house. So bad did conditions become that the islands was turned over to the military authorities and martial law declared, and then came one of the hardest fights in the history of the disease, but by persistent effort the pestilence was stayed. Cebu and Negroes also suffered severely."

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes.

M. S. BURROWS.

GRIP EPIDEMIC

In New York Crowds Hospital Beyond Limits.

New York, Feb. 27.—Crowded to its utmost capacity, Bellevue hospital is hardly able to care for its patients. An epidemic of grip has brought the number of patients in the institution up to 920. When the limit has been reached, in order to turn no one away, attendants made efforts to set up spring mattresses as temporary beds, and every inch of available space was used in this way.

So serious has the epidemic in Brooklyn become that the health department has sent out a special warning to all keepers and janitors of public buildings instructing them to use extraordinary care in keeping the buildings properly ventilated.

Corps of inspectors and their assistants have started in to disinfect all of the court rooms in the borough. This treatment may be extended to the school houses.

Twelve deaths from the grip were reported last week.

LACE MAKERS OF SAXONY

To Make Splendid Exhibit at World's Fair.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—Dr. Lewald, the commissioner of Germany, at the St. Louis exposition, held a conference yesterday with the lace curtain makers at Plauen, Saxony, who decided to make a splendid exhibit at St. Louis. The lace industry is now enjoying an unusual run of American orders, and the manufacturers are ready to incur exhibition expenses than those engaged in the metal trades. The commissioner says that German industrial art is taking a lively interest in the exposition and will make an excellent showing.

TO LEGALIZE GAMBLING.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 27.—The house of representatives in committee of the whole has passed the bill licensing gambling in local option towns or small communities. For eight years gambling has been a felony in Montana.

AT WEST DULUTH

The regular meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club will be held this evening. Many matters of importance will be brought before the meeting. The question of sewers, which is a live problem in West Duluth at present, will be discussed by the club. The committee to look into the matter of a high school for West Duluth and the committee on the Central avenue paving will present their reports.

PASTOR IS SURPRISED.

On his return from prayer meeting last evening, Rev. W. J. Lowrie found his home in the possession of a number of his parishioners, who had arranged a delightful surprise party for him. It was the anniversary of his birthday and his many friends took advantage of the opportunity of showing their appreciation of his services by presenting him with a beautiful Morris chair.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Pearl Hive No. 4, of the Ladies of the Maccabees, gave a masquerade party at the West Duluth rink last evening. The attendance was large and many of the costumes were very pretty and novel.

Mrs. Asher, of Duluth, sang at the gospel meeting in the Asbury M. E. church last evening. Mr. Hartley and Mr. Thompson, of Duluth, who are conducting the meetings, report themselves well pleased with the interest being shown in the work.

The first of the many parties which are being formed to go to the West to take up timber claims, left yesterday for California. Among those who composed the party were Bert, Cole, William McCollam, Thomas Arthur and Fred Anderson.

The funeral of Miss Victoria St. Marie, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John St. Marie, who died Wednesday at the home of her parents in Hazelwood park, was held this morning at St. John the Baptist's Catholic church. Interment was made in Calvary cemetery.

The Red Cliff mill resumed operations today after a temporary shut down on acount of a broken shaft.

The funeral of Peter Sunrud, who was drowned in the hot pond of the Red Cliff mill, will be held Sunday afternoon from the undertaking parlors of M. J. Filiatrault.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Jacoby did not return from California yesterday, as was expected. They intend to spend another two weeks in the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Crawford and family left yesterday for the coast. They intend to make that country their home.

E. Provost is down from French river for a short visit.

Peter Johnson has returned from Eau Claire.

Thomas Govett has recovered from a severe attack of the grip which confined him to his bed for over two weeks.

The Misses Jennie and May Thorp, of Hudson, Wis., are visiting friends in West Duluth.

C. H. Halinger returned yesterday from Dakota.

Harry Smith and Fred Wilcox left yesterday for St. Louis where they expect to remain during the summer months.

F. H. Wade is in Minneapolis, where he is attending the meetings of the hardware convention.

Miss Clara Wangan went to Two Harbors today.

August Hickey is in the city from Ciloquet.

Mrs. Edward Armstrong, of Scanlon, is in West Duluth today.

Miss Emmard has returned from St. Paul, where she attended the millinery opening.

Frederick Rehbein, of Cloquet, was in the city yesterday. He expects to move to West Duluth in the spring.

Frank Watson has recovered from a severe attack of the grip.

Charles Greves left yesterday for the north shore.

J. Flaugaard has returned from Cloquet.

Mrs. L. C. Bee, of Banning, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Gerard Carlson left yesterday for Brainerd for a short visit with friends.

Rubbers at Lauerman's.

Skaters

We guarantee excellent ice and music at West Duluth Covered Rink tonight.

WIVES WANTED IN OKLAHOMA

Bachelors "Would" Show How Soon They Would Wed.

Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 27.—A cry comes from the bachelors of Western Oklahoma for wives. It comes through a letter of E. F. Jones, Angora, Day county, to the Daily Capital, and reads:

"Dear Sir—In the last issues of your paper have appeared two items of news that have particularly interested me. The first one gave an account of a man in South Dakota, who wrote to Indiana about the bachelors there who wanted to get married and were unable to, and the result of that letter. Secondly, the desire of a member of the Kansas legislature to tax bachelors $50 a year.

"Let us look at the condition of things in Western Oklahoma, where I am now living. We have here a great many bachelors who are continually being joked for remaining so. Some of these are men who are industrious, and well able to support a wife, and would make her happy. You talk with these men, and very few, if any, like the life they are living. Then why do not they marry? Because they are unable to help themselves in this county. They want women of marriageable age. Women of good common sense. Women who will make them a suitable companion, and thus enable them to overcome the difficulties and disappointments that beset them in the great struggle for existence.

"The girls out here of marriageable age that are of any account are very few, indeed. It is almost easier to find a pin in a haystack than to find one. What is to become of the bachelors of Western Oklahoma? Must they sell out, or continue to live the miserable life they are at present living? A member of the Kansas legislature would say tax them $50 a year. Would you tax a man for what he cannot help?. Give them a chance to marry the right kind of women, and see if they will not readily respond to it. Then the abodes that have been formerly shunned will be shunned no more. Then the houses where people in the past have always refused to partake of hospitality, will be refused no more. Then the society of a community will be infused with such new life, new joy, that even the very hills around us will break forth in anthems of praise, as they see men and women living the life that God intended they should live, when he said: 'It is not good for man to be alone.'"

JAPANESE LABOR

Is Now Virtually Classed as a Failure.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 27.—The much-talked-of effort of the Union Pacific railroad to colonize the section gangs between Omaha and Ogden with Japanese laborers is now virtually classed as a failure, directly traceable to qualities inherent to the Jap himself.

The Jap has been called "the Yankee of the Orient," a title which is only partially deserved, for, while the Jap is at once volatile and adaptive, he utterly lacks those other and adjunctive qualities of endurance, steadfastness and perseverance which have made the American Yankee a potent factor in modern world development.

The Jap is alike light in physique and staying qualities, and seems to be as lacking in moral steadiness as he is in physical force. On the Union Pacific section gangs the wages are $1.25 per day, with free houses and free coal, it being, however, an accepted axiom that four white men will habitually and naturally do the work of five Japs.

It has been found impossible, in the Japanese direction, to induce these "Oriental Yankees" to perform more, on an average, than three days' work out of a stated six. In the membership of the thirty-three Union Pacific section gangs between Omaha and Ogden, requiring an aggregate of 415 laborers, there are now only 40 Japanese employed.

They are fearless, independent, intelligent, wandering and adventurous—a liver by wit instead of by work.

His chief present American vocation is found in the light labors of the Pacific coast orchards and gardens, the Japanese not infrequently developing into an actual contractor in fruit and vegetable marketing and shipment.

These men of the mikado rarely indulge in the Oriental opium pipe and are seldom possessed of the hop fiend. In the use of tobacco they are peculiar, being inveterate smokers, and yet among sixty Jap laborers all were habitual and constant smokers, while only one of the entire sixty chewed the narcotic plug.

The Jap and the Chinaman are, practically, the reverse of each other. The Jap spends, the Chinaman saves; the Jap is migratory, the Chinaman is domestic; a Jap will contract and beat a board bill, the Chinaman will keep his own house and pay his grocer.

OWNERSHIP OF NEWS.

Boston, Feb. 27.—The right of property in news was decided by the full bench of the supreme court yesterday. A decision was handed down in a case in which the plaintiff claimed that the defendant had no property right in certain information in question which referred to certain facts concerning building operations. The court finds that anyone gathering news or information at some expense and furnishing it daily to subscribers, orally or in writing, under a contract by which they agree to hold it in secret confidence and for use in their own business, has a valuable right of property which a court of equity will protect against those seeking to obtain it from the owner without right and to his damage.

50c Caps 25c.

Men's 50 cent winter caps at 25 cents. Big assortment to select from.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

REBELS SUCCESSFUL.

Revolutionary Armies Are Winning Near San Domingo.

Cape Haytien, Feb. 27.—Advices received from Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, says that the revolutionary generals, Ramon Travarez, Ynginio Albelo and Desiderio Arias, are operating successfully in the northeastern part of Santo Domingo, and that General Arturo Zeno, who is in chief command of the operations of the revolutionists, has captured Guayubin, in the northwestern part of the Dominican republic, and is continuing his march on Puerto Plata, in the neighborhood of which he is said to have arrived recently at the head of a numerous body of revolutionists.

Generals Perico Lasala and Elizo Gratero are operating together, at the head of about three hundred revolutionists, against Santiago de Los Caballeros and La Vega, while General Raphael Bigriguez is advancing on the capital, San Domingo. He is said to be near Las Damas. Finally, General Candalario de la Rosa is operating in the eastern part of Dominica, at the head of a large number of revolutionists.

TROOPS FOR ST. LOUIS.

Officers Arranging to Attend Dedication of Fair.

Omaha, Feb. 27.—Officers of the department of Missouri are beginning to arrange for the movement of troops to St. Louis to attend the ceremonies of the dedication of the Louisana Purchase exposition April 30.. It is expected that troops from Forts Crook, Riley, Leavenworth and Jefferson barracks will be present. The United States has no money available for the payment of the transportation of the troops and the extent of the demonstration will depend to a large extent upon the funds voted by the exposition management for the purpose.

WANT INCREASE OF WAGES.

Denver, Feb. 27.—A joint committee of engineers and firemen employed on the Denver & Rio Grande system will meet General Superintendent Coughlin of that road by appointemnt at 2 o'clock this afternoon and will formally present a demand for an increase in wages of 20 per cent.

WALKOUT AND LOCKOUT.

Union Metal Workers Have Trouble at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Feb. 27.—A combined walkout and lockout of union metal workers has taken place in the principal shops in Los Angeles. All union metal workers in the city are out of work. The men have asked for an increase to $4.50 per day for certain journeymen and the employers have agreed to the raise on condition that the employers be privileged to introduce a sliding scale of wages for various workmen acording to ability. The union men are not satisfied with their agreement.

AFTER GAMBLERS.

Washington Senate Passes a Most Stringent Law.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 27.—The senate had one of the liveliest debates of the session over the house bill declaring the conduct of gambling resorts a felony. The bill was finally passed with an amendment, making the scope even greater than when introduced.

Twelve Hundred

Pairs of boys' knee pants to select from at 35c, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50. All sizes from age 3 to 16 years. These are splendid values.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

EXPLOSION IN A PALACE.

Vienna, Feb. 27.—An explosion in the cellar of the imperial palace today caused momentary excitement, but it was soon ascertained that it was due to the accidental ignition of some sporting ammunition. A couple of workmen were injured.

New Goods at Right Prices

Our Spring line of Men's Women's and Children's Clothing are now on sale. We sell them to you as reasonable as you can buy for cash elsewhere and at $1.00 per week payments. The latest styles and colors predominate. If you don't want to buy come and look them over; we perhaps can suit you in something.

See our display of Ladies' Taffeta, Shepherd Check, Peau de Soie and Basket-cloth Waists—only $1.00 per week.

Open Saturday night Until 10:30.

The latest up-to-date **FURNITURE** Sold on Easy Monthly Payments.

See our Men's Soft & Stiff Hats at $2.50—only 50c a week.

GATELY'S Where Your Credit Is Good — 8 East Superior St.

Ladies' and Misses' Spring Monte Carlo Coats, ½ and ¾ lengths, $1 per week.

SPRING STYLE HATS 1903
(UNION MADE.)
In all the Leading Shapes and Colors at Factory Prices.

Fine Stiff Hats for Men ...and... Young Men. (Warranted Hand Made.)

MADE IN DULUTH
MANUFACTURER
C. VOLLAND
14 FIRST AVE. EAST

Fine Soft Hats for Men ...and... Young Men. (Warranted Hand Made.)

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE HAT STORE IN THE CITY. **C. VOLLAND,** FASHIONABLE HATTER,
No. 14 FIRST AVENUE EAST.

A FIGHT OF YEARS

Over a Dead Dog Finally Brought to a Close.

Owner Gets No Damages But Slayer Pays $700 Costs.

Nevada, Mo., Feb. 27.—Albert Badger must pay over $700 for killing W. I. Fisher's dog, a pedigreed fox hound. The owner sued for $100 damages. The case was tried three times, appealed to the Kansas City court of appeals, decided adversely to the plaintiff there and is dismissed by agreement that the defendant pay court costs.

Badger's wife awoke him in the night of June 11, 1900. She heard strange noises in the house. Badger got his gun and went around the house. He heard movements in the dining room and demanded that the intruder come out. Fisher's dog leaped from the window and Badger shot him.

To the layman this seems to present a plain case wherein no damages could be recovered. But lawyers see things differently. Fisher employed L. L. Scott, William Bowker and J. B. Journey to sue. Badger employed ex-Congressman C. G. Burton, T. J. Myers and J. T. Harding. They fought in the courts two and a half years.

There were two incomplete trials and the case went to the third jury, which stood nine for Fisher and three for Badger. This verdict gave Fisher $20 damages. The court of appeals remanded the case because the trial court had ruled out evidence that on a night previous to the killing a crock of milk in Badger's house had been emptied by an intruder, presumably the dog. The court of appeals said:

"The action of the defendant in killing plaintiff's dog cannot be justified under the statutes which authorizes a person to kill a dog that is, or has been killing, or worrying his domestic animals. The law of the state recognizes dogs as property, and no one has the right wantonly and heedlessly to kill him. Every man's dwelling is sacred against mischievous intrduers as either man or beast and officers of the law cannot enter aginst the consent of the owner. We believe under the circumstances he had the right to kill the dog, after, or while in the act of depredation, which makes little or no difference. For it is a fact a thieving dog when it has once obtained what he is in pursuit of will come again for the same purpose. This exasperating experience, as the farmers will attest, is almost invariably the case of thieving dogs, and we hold under the circumstances the court committee error in not permitting defendant to show that his milk had been destroyed a short time before in the night.

"We further hold that a thieving dog is as much a common nuisance as a sheep-killing dog. There is no way to avoid his depredations, except to kill him. While it is true that a good dog, the friend and companion of man, is justly considered valuable property, which no one wantonly kills or injures, on the other hand the vicious and thileving dog should be held as a common nuisance."

$2.50 and $3.00 hats, $1.90; new spring 1903 style hats on sale tomorrow. Get one. M. S. BURROWS.

BOY CAN NEVER SMILE.

Muscles Controlling His Lips Are Partially Paralyzed.

Anderson, Ind., Feb. 27.—Nine-year-old Bobby Irwin, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Irwin, can never smile again, according to the conclusion of physicians and surgeons who examined the boy's face and lips to ascertain why the expression of his face has not changed since he met with a recent accident. The doctors found the muscles of the face partially paralyzed, especially those controlling the lips. Otherwise the lad has practically recovered from two fractures of the skull, to the amazement of the physicians and surgeons. Young Irwin fell ten feet from a hay mow to a cement pavement, and his forehead was crushed over one eye and the base of the skull almost shattered. For nearly a week there was no hope of his recovery.

That was a month ago. Today the boy walked to his doctor's office and was as bright as ever, save for his inability to smile. He can enjoy anything funny enough to create a smile or laughter, and his laughter can be heard, but there is no change of expression about the lips or cheeks.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

Tomorrow last day of the half price sale of suits, overcoats, ulsters, underwear and shoes. M. S. BURROWS.

LIBRARIES OF BRICKS

Eartnen Tablets Excavated In Babylonia Make Interesting Reading.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—Prof. Hilprecht of Philadelphia, who lectured recently at Berlin on his excavation work at Nippur, the site of one of the capitals of ancient Babylonia, expected to unearth tablets on the site of the royal library. When he returns to Nippur next summer, he will recommence his operations.

Meantime another excavator, Prof. Delitzsch, has happened on more than three thousand eartnen tablets, all covered by cuneiform writing, which is undoubtedly all that remains of one of the Babylonian libraries. Judging by the fragments the professor thinks there must have been nearly a quarter of a million of them. They were the books of that time.

It took about twenty of these bricks to make a book; they were numbered consecutively in the top right-hand corner, answering to modern paging. Delitzsch's find comprises bricks and about a dozen different subjects, astronomy, astrology, geometry, aritmetic, music, dancing, reading and writing. Not only are they scientific treatises but they show as well how these subjects were taught in ancient Babylonia when Nebuchadnezzar was king.

Many of the tablets are woefully defaced, but translations of them will doubtless be forthcoming. The music lessons must have been funny. Evidently the students stood in a row, and each note had a corresponding bodily movement, legs and arms being thrust backward and forward as the note was uttered. But it did not seem necessary that all the students should sign the same note at once. The master stood in front with an instrument shaped like a long zither, on which he twanged the note he wanted, or, perhaps it was an accompaniment. Judging by the remains, a Babylonian music class must have been a kind of pandemonium.

The interpretation of dreams was a highly developed science. No one could interpet dreams unless he was less than 30 or more than 60 years old. It required either youthful enthusiasm or the wisdom of old age. Every satraphy had a college of dream inspectors in which the science was pursued with ardor. There was a long list of the most rigid rules used in this science, and careful records were kept of remarkable fulfillments.

These brick libraries were scattered up and down Babylonia and elaborate courts and buildings were raised to contain them. It took a boy 15 years to learn to read and write the simplified Babylonian writing, and if he were exceptionally gifted, he could read the complicated and contracted style in another five years.

A large number of the brick books are on the subject of tax-paying, but it is doubtful whether modern nations can learn anything on this subject from the Babylonians. The tax gatherers were highly respected citizens, but more learned than loved, and it is curious to note that tax gatherers received instructions how to manage and find the tax-payers at home. There was no escaping the Babylonian tax gatherer, who seems to have done his work in a highly effecient manner.

HE WAS GONE TWENTY YEARS

William Watson's Family Have Strange Experience With Him.

Paducah, Ky., Feb. 27.—News from Hickman county of a story which goes to prove that truth is sometimes stranger than fiction. The narrative involves the name of a popular Paducah man and of a number of well-known people. It tells of the supposed death of the head of a family more than a score of years ago, who came to life again and after a few days vanquished as completely as he had done on the first occasion. It also deals with the discovery of the father's existence by two of his children and of the discovery also that they had two half-sisters living within a short distance of their homes.

In the early 70s William Watson lived near Columbus, Hickman county. His first wife had two little girls and when she died he married Miss Belle Hayes, living in Carlisle county. Of this union two boys, John, aged 30 years, and now a citizen of Paducah, and Lee, aged 25, a prosperous young farmer of Greenfield Tenn., were born.

The relations between Watson and his second wife were not pleasant. When her younger child was two months old she took him in her arms and, leading John, the elder, by the hand, she voluntarily deserted the little home near Columbus. Watson's daughters by his first marriage had become very much attached to their stepmother and they clung to her skirts, begging that she take them with her. Being poor, she could not care for them and was forced to leave them behind.

Watson carried the two little girls to Columbus, where he gave them away to a woman in that town. They grew to womanhood and both married. One is now Mrs. William Muscovalley of Columbus, and the other Mrs. Annie Johnson, lives in Arkansas.

After abandoning the children, Watson disappeared, and was never heard of again until a few weeks ago, when he appeared in Columbus and made himself known to Mrs. Muscovalley as her father. She spurned him on the ground that as he had cared so little for her she owed him no welcome and declined to entertain him at her home. After remaining about town for a day or two and explaining to his former acquaintances that he had been living in the Southwest for many years, Watson again took himself off.

The facts in connection with the disappearance were printed in the Columbus Critic. One copy of the paper reached Watson's son, Lee, while another was sent to his son, John, in this city. Both had grown to manhood ignorant of the fate of their father, but they had been taught to believe that he had been drowned years ago in the Mississippi. It was news to learn that he had come to life again and also to learn that their two half-sisters were still on earth.

The concluding chapter of the story is told in the following from the Columbus Critic:

"His second wife had struggled hard with her two children, and now lives in Carlisle county, only a few miles from this city. Watson's son, Lee, who was born July 26, 1877, was in Columbus Monday and Tuesday hunting up evidence which would place him on his father's track and was assured that he bought a ticket here for East Prairie, Mo., and Mr. Watson went there to make further investigation."

ARCHBISHOP KATSER

Is Sued By Priest Whom He Removed.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 27.—One of the first cases set for trial at the March term of circuit court is the libel action brought by Rev. N. J. Hellstern, of Barton, against Archbishop Katser, asking damages of $50,000. The archbishop removed Hellstern from his parish at Barton in 1895, and in October of that year addressed the congregation, advising them of his action and referring to Hellstern as irresponsible and not of sane mind, on account of having been injured in a railroad accident.

The archbishop told the congregation that Hellstern was a deluded and dazzled priest and was guilty of ecclesiastical disobedience. Hellstern considered this statement libelous and has brought action.

EFFECT OF LENT

Is Not Yet Felt By the Wholesale Meat Trade.

Butter Prices Are Stiffer and Cheese Firm and High.

The wholesale meat dealers report a very heavy trade during the past week.

"The year's business has opened well," said W. W. Brooke, manager of the Swift Packing company. "Prices are good, trading brisk and the prospects for business are very bright. The past week has been a good one. Lent has not affected us much as yet."

"Beef prices are slightly higher this week," said J. C. Young, manager of the Cudahy Packing company. "That is owing to the fact that we are getting a better grade of beef. We are receiving chiefly corn-fed steers at present, which makes a very high grade of beef. Large shipments of beef and other meats were received in the city last week, and the depleted stocks of the various houses have been replenished."

There has been a stiffening in butter prices during the past week. Creamery prints have gone up to 29 and 30 cents and the fancy dairies to 20 and 21 cents. Egg prices continue on the downward path. Fresh eggs are now selling at 18 cents and storage at 13 cents per dozen. Cheese prices remain firm and high. Potatoes remain stationary at 50 cents per bushel, and no change is reported in the prices of other vegetables. Strawberries are very scarce. The demand has increased considerably since they first came on the market and the shipments have fallen off.

The produce dealers also report a busy week.

In the poultry market the prices remain the same as last week. The dealers say that last week was about the best week since the holidays. The shipments of dressed poultry are coming in freely and the demand is brisk. Less of the cold storage poultry is being used to fill the demand than during the early part of the month, as the shipments of the fresh variety are now about sufficient to supply the trade.

SWALLOWED THE HATPIN

Cora Roher Is Glad to Know Where It Is.

Denver, Col., Feb. 27.—With the utmost nonchalance Miss Cora Roher remarked at St. Anthony's hospital that she was "glad to know where her hat pin was."

One of the most remarkable cases recorded in medical annals is that of the cool-headed girl of 14 years, whose home is on a ranch four miles from Del Norte, Colo. Last Wednesday she put a hat pin between her lips, as a million women do every day, and proceeded to fasten another pin in her hat. By a sort of spasmodic gulp, probably enforced by the position of the pin in her mouth, she swallowed it.

The exciment in the Roher family and the whole neighborhood was great, but Miss Roher remained as cool as today's breeze. She assisted in the preparation for the trip to Denver and was a willing patient before the X-ray. Dr. Sherman Brown located the hat pin, partially puncturing the left lung, but later lost track of it.

"I'm glad to know where it is," remarked Miss Roher, and she is now coolly awaiting the decision of surgeons as to how they can best extract the six inches of steel.

The Early Pill. DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe nor weaken the system. They cure biliousness, jaundice, constipation and inactive livers. These famous little pills exert a decided tonic effect upon the organs involved, and if their use is continued for a few days there will be no return of the trouble. Max Wirth.

CANNOT GET A WIFE.

Lots of Proposals, But None to Suit.

Bowling Green, Feb. 27.—According to his own statement, Daniel Streeter, a well-known farmer residing at Bambers Corners, near here, is the most uneasy man in Wood county. He was left a widower some time ago and "jist simply can't stand this livin' alone." He wants a wife very much and his friends have endeavored in every way to get him one, but none will suit him thus far. He is a man of advanced years, but is still hale and has a youthful heart. He has about twenty acres of good land and a nice, warm house. He says that he can make any woman happy, and that the best is none too good for him.

Mr. Streeter has made known wants so generally that the outside world has begun to become aware of him and Bambers Corners is in a furor every time the mail carrier calls there and leaves a huge pile of first-class mail for Daniel. He spends his time opening and reading the letters and is fairly swamped with proposals. He has made several visits into towns adjacent to Bambers Corners and has inspected several women, but they have all failed to meet his expectations. He says that when a man has been married once he is harder to suit than he was the first time, but, he declares that every widower should marry again.

He had a woman from near nere spend a day at his home, and he says that he might have learned to love her, but she became offended at a remark he made about her age and left. He wants a wife about 40 years old. She may have one child, but he would rather that she had none. He says that she must be kind, loving, patient and selicitous of his welfare always.

WILL NOT EXEMPT FACTORIES.

Madisen, Wis., Feb. 26.—A bill to exempt beet sugar factories in the state from taxation for a period of five years was killed in the assembly today after a protracted discussion by a vote of 37 to 56.

BROLASKI MISSING.

Cedar Rapids, Feb. 26.—An official statement received here today from the committee of investors in Brolaski & Co. shows that Harry Brolaski has sold his pool rooms in various points and withdrawn all the money on deposit in Chicago, Detroit and other places. His whereabouts are unknown. The statement further says that there were 3600 investors in the Brolaski concern and the estimated total investment will reach over a million, $100,000 of which was from Cedar Rapids.

Prof. Jean Watts shines ladies' and gents' shoes in our shining parlors—Call and see him.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE
115—WEST SUPERIOR STREET—115

SATURDAY'S ... GREAT **Shoe Clearance.**

Every price cut still deeper. Last day of the February Sale. Last day of February bargains.

RUBBERS
You need them every day.—
35c Ladies, first quatity storm Rubbers. The kind that satisfy. Others charge 50c and 60c. Here for 35c.

RUBBERS
We beat them all on prices.—
Ladies' first quality Newport Rubbers—sold elsewhere for 50c. Here for **29c**

WOMEN'S FINE SHOES.

97c 200 pairs Ladies' $3, $4 and $5 Shoes, broken lots, hand turned and welt sewed, all high grade shoes, mostly narrow sizes—Tomorrow choice 97c.

$1.39 Ladies' $2 and $2.50 fine kid shoes—button or lace, kid or patent tip, all sizes, no old styles. Tomorrow at $1.39.

$1.69 90 pairs Ladies' $2.50 kid shoes, patent tip, extension sole, a new shoe. Your choice tommorrow at $1.69.

$1.98 300 pairs Ladies' $2.50 and $3 shoes, made in heavy or light sole, box, velour calf and vici kid, new goods, but broken lots—you can get your size. Choice tomorrow at $1.98.

$2.48 150 pairs Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 shoes, kid or patent tip, welt sewed, new and nobby styles, all sizes, a sure bargain—Choice tomorrow $2.48.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Infants' 60 hand turned button shoes, sizes 2 to 5, in tan, red, or black **39c**

Child's 85c all felt or fleece lined leather shoes, sizes 5 to 8—at **49c**

Child's kangaroo calf or kid shoes—lace or button, heavy or turn soles—sizes 5 to 8 **69c**

Child's $1.00 kid shoes, lace or button—sizes 8½ to 11—Choice **79c**

Child's $1.25 kid shoes, lace or button—kid or patent tip, sizes 8½ to 11 **98c**

Child's $1.65 extension sole shoes, pat. tip, a bargain at $1.65, sizes 8½-11 **$1.39**

Misses' $1.25 and $1.35 kid shoes—extension soles, patent tip, lace only, sizes 11 to 2 **98c**

All Misses' $1.60 shoes, kid or box calf, lace or button, sizes 11 to 2, at **$1.39**

Misses' $2 box calf or kid shoes, new goods, wear guaranteed—sizes 11 to 2 **$1.48**

FIGHT ENDED IN A DRAW

Bout Between Young Corbett and Hanlon So Decided.

San Francisco, Feb. 27.—After twenty rounds of the fastest fighting ever seen in San Francisco, Referee Crancy declared the bout between "Young Corbett" of Denver, and "Eddie" Hanlon, of San Francisco, a draw.

Corbett clearly demonstrated to the immense crowd present that he has not gone back, as some sporting writers would have the public believe. Hanlon also showed that the high opinion in which he has been held by Californian boxing enthusiasts has been justified. The contest from a spectacular standpoint, was the best ever witnessed on the coast, both men putting up a clean, hard, scientific contest.

Corbett's experience and knowledge of the game saved him on several occasions from the defeat which seemed to be his inevitable portion.

But the minutes interval did wonders for the Denverite and he came back at the Californian always willing and ready to take the blows which Hanlon rained on his head and body.

From the first to the seventh round Hanlon had a shade the better of the contest, but the lucky seventh was the turning point, apparently, in the tide of battle in Corbett's favor.

At one stage in this round it seemed as though the little Californian could not ward off the knockout, but his wonderful punishment-taking powers stood him in good stead, and the call of time was a welcome sound for him.

From the seventh until the twentieth it was a give and take contest and to the pro-Hanlon house present it seemed as though the decision should be his.

BELL BOYS INDICTED.

New York, Feb. 27.—Louis Messier and John Cullen, the bell boys recently arrested charged with robbing hotel guests, were yesterday indicted by the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. The police believe the boys got $100,000 worth of property, including jewelry and money, in the last few years by robbing patrons of hotels. Their plans, the police think, included wholesale robbery by the same methods in every big hotel in the country.

THE STORY OF ROBBERY

Of a Montana Bank Is Told By Lonesome Joe.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 27.—The climax of sensations in the Bridger bank robbery case came yesterday afternoon when Lonesome Joe, alias Lew Wallace, whose real name is H. L. Hughes, took the witness stand and gave everything away, declaring positively that William Countryman, Pat Murray and Jess Lindsay, severally and collectively, told him they robbed the Stock Growers' bank Dec. 2. He gave statements tending to prove a complete alibi for himself, told of last seeing the three defendants Nov. 30 at Reeve's place in West Rosebud canyon, and of seeing them again Dec. 3, the day after the robbery, on which day, he says, Reeves sent him on the way to Red Lodge to meet Jack Kirby and warn the latter what had occurred, and that the officers were looking for him.

Hughes says Reeves told him that Murray and Countryman robbed the bank while Lindsay held the horses outside. He said Lindsay told him the men stopped on Shane's ridge to divide the money, and he, Lindsay, wanted to leave the others there, but Murray and Countryman insisted that they stay together. That Lindsay also told him that the night of his arrest he put his share of the money in the stove in Rainey McDonald's cabin. Hughes declared that Murray and Countryman tried to fix up a scheme for laying the crime on William Judeman and a man named Beckhorn, Western Carbon county ranchmen.

During a rigid cross-examination by Judge Goss, Hughes held to his original statements. According to the statement of Lawyer L. B. Reno, just before adjournment, the case of the defense will be almost entirely confined to an attempt to prove an alibi.

ARRESTED HER UNCLE.

Took Him to Station For Abducting Her Child.

Philadelphia, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Minnie Olive Stow, formerly of Camden, N. J., arrested her uncle, Robert H. Sperbeck, on the street, charging him with being implicated in the abduction of her child. Then she turned him over to a policeman. The capture was seen by a crowd of persons, who cheered her. Because the woman did not have a warrant, the bluecoat objected to figuring in the arrest. Mrs. Stow then said:

"Well, if you are not enough of a man to take the prisoner to the city hall, I will do so myself."

When Sperbeck was arraigned Mrs. Stow appeared in court, accompanied by Mrs. Carrie B. Kilgore, a lawyer. Magistrate Cunningham remanded the defendant to await extradition.

OFFICIALS DISMISSED.

Helsingfors, Finland, Feb. 27.—Eleven judges of the high court at Abo, the state attorney and other court officials have been dismissed without pensions because the court instituted proceedings against Gen. Kaigorodoff, the Russian governor of the province of Nyland, on the complaint of persons who were affected by the governor's action at the time of the street disturbances here in April, 1902.

NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE.
A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cents at Abbett's drug store.

Future of The Stenographer

THE LONG HOURS,
THE STRAIN ON THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,
THE CONSTANT SITTING IN ONE POSITION,
THE HASTE AND IRREGULARITY IN EATING,
THE INABILITY TO OBEY THE CALL OF NATURE,
THE WORK, WORK, WORK, WHETHER YOU FEEL LIKE IT OR NOT,
THESE ARE THE CAUSES THAT LEAD TO KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES,
THESE ARE THE TROUBLES YOU SHOULD GUARD AS THEY WILL RUIN YOUR HEALTH AND WHEN YOU LOSE YOUR HEALTH YOU LOSE YOUR POSITION.

Dr. Gossom's Kidney and Bladder Cure
OVERCOMES ALL DIFFICULTIES,
CURES YOUR SICK KIDNEYS AND KEEPS YOUR KIDNEYS AND BLADDER IN A HEALTHY CONDITION.
READ THE BOOKLET. TRY THE SAMPLE.

LYCEUM PHARMACY.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.
Purely Vegetable.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1913 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This preparation is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza and has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world.

It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and influenza, (grip) but counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.

STUDIES IN ACTS

PAUL AND APOLLOS

International Sunday School Lesson For March 1, 1903.

Acts 18:24-19:16: Now a certain Jew, named Apollos, an Alexandrian by race, a learned man, came to Ephesus; and he was mighty in the scriptures. This man had been instructed in the way of the Lord; and being fervent in spirit, he spake and taught carefully the things concerning Jesus, knowing only the baptism of John; and he began to speak boldly in the synagogue. But when Priscilla and Aquila heard him, they took him unto them, and expounded unto him the way of God more carefully. And when he was minded to pass over into Achaia, the brethren encouraged him, and wrote to the disciples to receive him; and when he was come, he helped them much which had believed through grace; for he powerfully confuted the Jews, and that publicly, showing by the scriptures that Jesus was the Christ.

"And it came to pass that, while Apollos was at Corinth, Paul having passed through the upper country came to Ephesus, and found certain disciples: And he said unto them, Did ye receive the Holy Ghost when ye believed? And they said unto him, Nay, we did not so much as hear whether the Holy Ghost was given. And he said, Into what then were ye baptized? And they said, Into John's baptism. And Paul said, John baptized with the baptism of repentance, saying unto the people, that they should believe on him which should come after him, that is, on Jesus. And when Paul had laid his hands upon them, the Holy Ghost came on them; and they spake with tongues, and prophesied."

Golden Text: "If ye, then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children, how much more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?" Luke 11:13.

Alexandria was a great city of the ancient world, renowned for its library and for the learning which flourished there. In one of its quarters an immense Jewish population thrived, whose learned men were imbued with the philosophical spirit of the city and brought their own sacred scriptures into subjection to it. The writings of Philo are an example in point. In Alexandria the translation of the Old Testament into Greek was made, not from any missionary motive, but to afford a knowledge of the Jewish scriptures to those Jews who had grown up there in ignorance of the Hebrew language. The septuagint, as the version is called, was at once eagerly read by the Greeks, who required an explanation of its teachings and exclusiveness. This demand gave rise to various allegorical interpretations by men like Philo, who offered Hellenic apologetics for their Hebrew faith.

In this peculiar religious and intellectual atmosphere Apollos grew up—a man of superior talents, who profited by his opportunities and reflected in his personal characteristics the variegated coloring of Alexandrian thought. He had received an imperfect knowledge of the gospel from some unknown source. The idea has been advanced that a stray copy of some written gospel had fallen into his hands in his native place, from which he had been able to glean accurate information only on the prelude of Christ's ministry. The substance of John's preaching complemented in part his conception of Old Testament teaching. He therefore accepted it with avidity and proceeded to preach as a disciple of John, being ignorant of the fuller light that had already shone in the personal ministry of Jesus and the outpouring of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost. His mind and heart were open toward God, and he did not despise the instruction which the humblest could give him.

The zeal of Apollos for the strong teaching of John the Baptist reminds us that twenty-five years after the death of that great preacher his influence was still felt. For awhile after the beginning of the ministry of Christ the disciples of John and of Jesus followed their respective teachers, and there was some show of jealousy between the two groups of disciples. To his death some of John's disciples clung to him, and for years after his death there were men who continued to think of him as their spiritual guide. At Ephesus one of John's most eloquent disciples was destined to meet the fuller teachings of Jesus and be conquered by them. There, too, the last disciples of the school of John the Baptist were destined to be led into the fulness of the gospel privileges by the mightiest apostle of the Christian ages.

Apollos was not a man merely learned in the word of God; he was "mighty" in the use of the scriptures. There are some men who are thoroughly conversant with the Bible who yet are unable to make any use of that knowledge. Apollos was like Paul in the fact that his studies of the Old Testament had filled his mind with a wealth of material which he was able to use in preaching Christ. He had a native fervor of spirit which endowed him with the charming quality so essential to popular oratory. He also possessed a commendable honesty, which led him to teach "carefully the things concerning Jesus." Very often the impulse of native eloquence leads men to a looseness of speech that deals inexactly with facts. Not so with Apollos, for, so far as his information went, he stuck closely to fact and truth, knowing the gospel truth only so far as it had been preached by John. Ignorance does no harm if the person does not go beyond what he knows. A chemist may be ignorant of many things in his science; but, if he limits his practical work to these elements and combinations which he knows, little damage is likely to result from it. On the other hand, the moment the chemist or apothecary begins to tamper with chemicals or drugs, whose qualities he does not know, every one about had better be on the alert for danger. Spiritual truth is equally dangerous to moral and religious health when dealth with carelessly by an ignorant mind.

No native qualities fit one for the ministry of the gospel without the grace of Christ and the aid of the Holy Spirit. Apollos, who had been speaking boldly in the Jewish synagogue, needed the help of Priscilla and Aquila. They taught him much that he had never heard of the good news of the kingdom of God. He was like a little child in his techableness, illustrating well the words of the Savior which say, "Whosoever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall in nowise enter therein." In all probability the teaching of Priscilla and Aquila ended in a prayer for the gift of the Holy Spirit to Apollos. At any rate, he was soon so well equipped for the ministry of the gospel that when he suggested that he wanted to go over to Corinth he was encouraged to do so by the brethren, who wrote for him the first letter of commendation that the records tell us ever passed from one church to another.

On Apollos' arrival at Corinth he was of much assistance to the church, for he was able to answer effectively the argumbents which the Jews offered against the Messiahship of Jesus. Such a man was a source of much encouragement to the young church. It is a very suggestive phrase which reminds us that the Corinthians had "believed through grace." It is a new expression descriptive of the Christian's experience, for it is a thing of divine grace that any of us are led to trust in Christ and rejoice in his power over us for righteousness. It was by the grace of God that Christian missions came to our forefathers and rescued them from savagery, lending its refining influence to ennoble the race that has fathered us. It was by the grace of God that Paul and those who labored with him carried the gospel westward rather than eastward; the Spirit at Troas calling Paul into Macedonia was a momentous act of grace to the Corinthians, as well as to all in the Western world. Any community or any individual in the Christian world might trace a long line of evidences of divine grace to which they owe their redemption from ignorance of God and their call into the kingdom of God; so that we can say with the weeping prophet, "It is of the Lord's mercy that we are not consumed already," and can then speak positively in praise of the grace of God that has abounded to us in our faith.

About the time that Apollos started to Corinth Paul was coming down to Ephesus from the region of Galatia and Phrygia, where he had begun the labors of his third missionary journey after a brief sojourn in the city of Antioch. In Galatia he had found much to perplex him on account of the efforts of certain would-be leaders to make a sort of Jewish sect out of the Christian church. At Ephesus ne found an altogether different task awaiting him. Two different influences had conspired to strengthen the Christian faith in Ephesus. The disciples of Christ had conducted themselves in such a way as to draw new believers about them, and the disciples of John had felt the spiritual stimulus of the baptist's influence which had brought them into a fine mood to receive the complementary truth for which their discipleship of John fitted them, and which Paul declared to them clearly. There is a sweet pathos in this incident of Paul's visit, for in it we see the stream of John's influence swallowed up in the strong current of the power of Jesus and are reminded of John's words of renunciation, "He must increase, but I must decrease."

Paul found this group of John's disciples deficient in Christian truth in just those points which John could not possibly have known. John baptized people who repented of their sins and professed faith in the near approach of the Messiah and of the kingdom of God. The fuller gospel preaching of the day of Penticost included faith in Jesus as the Christ and belief in the promised Holy Spirit who was on that day poured out in great power upon the believers. Of the Holy Spirit the Ephesian disciples of John had not even heard. But they were eager to learn the fuller truth to which their great teacher had pointed. So when Paul had told them of the Holy Spirit, and, apparently, had unfolded to them the fuller meaning of Christian baptism as an intentional obedience to Christ's command, they presented themselves at once and and were baptized. Then, in response to the usual apostolic ceremony of prayer for the Holy Spirit, they were blessed with evidences of his presence and power very like those which had been displayed on Pentecost.

It is no sin to be ignorant of religious truth, if one has had no opportunity to learn it. But it is a sin to refuse any light that shines on the clouds for human guidance. It is also a sin for one to do anything that may blind his spiritual sight to the truth that is offered to him. The attitude of wisdom and strength is one of openness and candor to receive truth and acknowledge ignorance and error, and so to follow light and do the right, knowing that thus man can more than half control his doom. Even the person who has accepted the finest truths the Bible contains ought not to rest too serenely in the confidence that he has seen all the religious and moral light God gives to man; he may have overlooked some bit of truth that another's experience has caused him to find and appropriate for daily use. Then, too, so long as we have the Holy Spirit to guide us, personal inspiration may not altogether fail the race; we may still see visions and dream dreams and reach out to new things while the grace of God continues to abound unto us.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dyspeptics needn't bar Falcon pancakes, because the wheat, corn, rye combination rests well on the stomach and is readily digested.

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

is the muscle-making, brain-helping kind of food. Excellent for gems, muffins, waffles or pancakes. Try this recipe for

Muffins

Two cups of Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heaping tablespoonful butter, one tablespoonful sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast, or baking powder.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY, Millers of Falcon Pure Foods, Des Moines, Ia.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

Under Municipal Ownership Discussed at New York Convention.

Paper on Cause and Results of Municipal Gas Plants.

New York, Feb. 26.—The second day's session of the national convention on municipal ownership and public franchises began today with a discussion on munocipal ownership of electric lighting plants.

The affirmative was taken by Victor Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Daily Bee and the negative side by Lieut. Cahoon, secretary of the National Electric Light association.

Mr. Cahoon said in part:

Each community or municipality may do as it seems best in the matter of lighting its streets; may either enter upon the business itself or contract with a private corporation to furnish it with the necessary lights. The great majority of cities in this country still continue to let out the contracts for this work to private corporations and on the whole this has worked satisfactorily.

The big plant in Chicago is only doing about twelve per cent better than the average of the small plants throughout the state, when we might fairly look for thirty per cent. In other words, if by operating a big plant with approximately a capacity of 5,000 lamps, it cannot show a better economy than twelve per cent over the average country plant in the same state, we may fairly assert that this plant has failed to effect any saving to the city by operating its own plant.

If we municipalize electric light plants we take away the incentive to progress towards a cheaper method of production and a cheapening of the price accordingly; for it is a well known fact that where municipalities have started into any such enterprise so far as they were concerned progress ceased. Electricity is by no means fully developed, and the only way to make further improvements is by private companies forcing the manufacturers to improve apparatus.

Today the old electric light companies are heavily capitalized, not from injecting water into their securities but from the fact that they have paid the usual penalty for entering a new field. They paid high prices for the original apparatus. In a short time this had to be replaced by a better grade and this, in turn has had to be replaced by modern apparatus. What profits were made were promptly paid out in dividends and nothing was set aside for the replacement of apparatus. Depreciation was never thought of, hence the burden on the electric light plant is much heavier than on any other form of manufacturing plant. We do not want to stop progress in the electrical fields and fall behind the world which we are now leading. We want, on the other hand, to progress and to do everything possible to reach the maximum of economy in production and distribution of electricity, so that its price may be reduced to a point where even the smallest storekeeper and the poorest family can afford to use it. Such a result can be accomplished only by leaving this in the hands of private companies and by the municipality helping the electric light plant in every way possible.

I think the great trend of all arguments on the municipal ownership question in the past has been along the lines as to whether the municipal plant can be operated so as to furnish lights for a city at a less cost than the existing company can furnish them. I say frankly that the municipal plant cannot furnish light at as low a cost, all things considered, as the city can obtain from the local private company. The day of secrecy in the matter of accounting by electric light companies has gone by and there is not a single modern, up-to-date plant in the United States which is not ready and willing to show the municipality just what it costs to furnish them street lights.

Here is a comparatively new industry in process of development. Do the people of the United States want to encourage it or throttle it? I believe that when people come to look upon it in this light, the consensus of opinion will be strongly in favor of helping the industry in every reasonable way. If I am right in my belief, then the question of municipal ownership of electric light plants disappears.

The discussion which followed was participated in by Edward E. Elliott, city electrician of Chicago; Frederick F. Ingram, commissioner of electric lighting at Detroit, and Joseph F. Lockwood, president of the Michigan Electric company.

Alton Adams, of Boston, spoke on "The Cause and Results of Municipal Gas Plants." He said, in part:

"An obligation of gas companies is to avoid the issue of securities that operate as a swindle on the investing public. In some state this obligation is fixed by statutes which require the stocks and bonds of gas companies to be fully paid at their face value in cash or property at an honest valuation. In other states the duty is simply a moral one, the law leaving issues of gas securities to be limited by the scruples of promoters or the credulity of investors. Whatever the law may be in any state there is a growing public opinion that gas companies should limit their issues of stocks and bonds to the fair value of the physical property devoted to the service.

"The supplying of gas, being a public calling, is subject to the common law rules that rates must be reasonable. Rates for public service are subject to public regulation.

"In Pennsylvania during the census year the gross gas profit, that is the difference between income and all operating expenses except depreciation, was 16 cents a thousand feet; in Michigan 16 cents; Iowa 11 cents; New Hampshire 12 cents; Illinois 48 cents; Missouri 48 cents; Maryland 57 cents; Colorado 56 cents; Oregon 87 cents; Massachusetts 37 cents.

"The census report shows fifteen municipal gas plants in the United States. They are at a disadvantage as to size and in cost of manufacture. The average price for municipal gas in the census year was 92 cents a thousand and for private ownership gas $1.04 in the United States. Leaving the five largest cities out of the consideration, the average price of gas from private plants was $1.31 or 32 cents higher than municipal plants, though these latter had less than half as large an average output."

HALF A CENTURY.

A Prominent Politician Is Convinced.

At a recent club dinner given by newspaper men at Washington, the conversation turned upon the subject of testimonials and their value in newspaper advertising. "I do not believe," said a prominent politician who was present, "that one newspaper testimonial in a hundred, is genuine."

The owner of one of the largest newspapers in the country was present and took up the subject vigorously, finally agreeing to let his opponent select any testimonial in his paper and wagering to establish its genuineness to the politician's satisfaction.

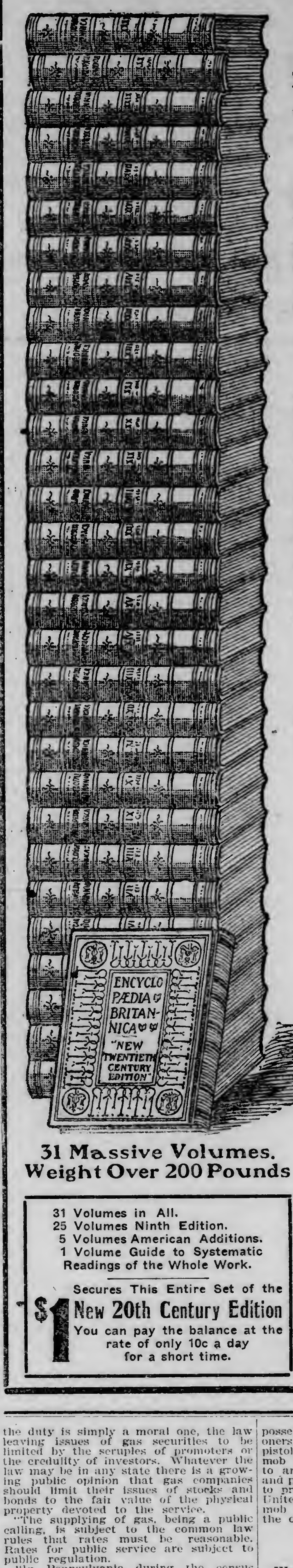
Quite by accident the case of Mr. Newton K. Young, of Penington, N. J., was selected. He had been completely cured of a case of hemorrhoids, or piles, by the use of Pyramid Pile Cure. The politician was especially skeptical regarding this case, as it was alleged that Mr. Young was a man over 80 years of age and had been cured of piles after fifty years of awful suffering and when all other remedies had failed. It was agreed that the politician should write to Mr. George W. Scarborough, Ph. G., a prominent resident of Pennington and that the result of the controversy should rest upon his reply. The following was Mr. Scarborough's answer:

'Dear Sir: Mr. Newton K. Young, of this town, a man nearly 80 years of age, and who has been a sufferer with piles for, perhaps, half a century, has been completely cured by the use of Pyramid Pile Cure. I felt especially interested in the case as it was upon my recommendation that Mr. Young began the use of the remedy after having used so many others. Yours respectfully,

"GEO. W. SCARBOROUGH, PH. G."

The Pyramid Drug company, of Marshall, Mich., have this letter in their possession and are willing to guarantee with a backing of $1000 the genuineness of Mr. Scarborough's testimony.

Where Study Is a Joy.



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The Encyclopaedia Britannica,

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MANY OF MOB LODGED IN JAIL

Sheriff's Posse Brings In Several Strikers From Stanisford.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 26.—Deputy Marshal Cunningham and posse brought ten of the Stanisford mob here this morning and lodged them in jail on the charge of violating an injunction order of the United States court. Sixty-one are held by state authorities at Beckley under warrants of conspiracy under the Redmon's act, but the government will ask that they be turned over for criminal prosecution for armed resistance of federal authorities. Five are dead as a result of the battle Wednesday and sixteen wounded are accounted for. Howard Smith, reported shot, escaped with three bullet holes in his clothing. Deputy marshals report that armed resistance to federal authority in the New and the Piney fields has been thoroughly broken as a result of the battle at Stanisford. The posse captured, besides seventy-one prisoners, nearly one hundred guns, sixty pistols and a ton of ammunition. The mob has been marching from one mine to another, intimidating those at work and placing guards at the mouth of mines to prevent others from working. Many United Mine Workers here denounce this mob violence and approve the action of the officers.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

PROPOSALS ARE MADE TO CASTRO

By Representatives of the French, Spanish And Belgian Governments.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Through advices received here from Caracas it has come to light that the representatives there of the French, Spanish and Belgian governments have approached President Castro regarding the claims of their countries and have proposed a scheme of settlement independent of that which is now under consideration by Mr. Bowen and the Washington envoys of these nations. In consequence Castro has suggested to Mr. Bowen that it would be advisable to refrain from signing the French, Spanish and Belgian protocols until these governments signify whether their representatives in Caracas or in Washington are to carry on the negotiations.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases, by William A. Abbett, druggist. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

GRAND JURY REPORTS.

Sensational Indictments Made at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 26.—The report of the grand jury which has been in session for four weeks has been made public. The most sensational feature of the investigation was the indictment returned against Henry J. Miller, a capitalist and stockholder in the Jenney Electric Light and Power company. He is charged with giving a bribe to Councilman George Hench, chairman of the committee on contracts and franchises. Hench died last fall. Indictmentswere returned against five justices of the peace in this city, also against William Meyer, former auditor of Allen county, charging him with misconduct of affairs in his office. All the persons arrested furnished bonds.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Tmomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

TRAFFIC IN YOUNG WOMEN.

Startling Disclosures to Be Made at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Feb. 26.—The Post-Dispatch today says: Startling disclosures of a system of traffic in young women under police protection are to be made by the grand jury as a result of a raid on resorts which began today under the direction of Circuit Attorney Folk. There are said to be many agents in country towns about St. Louis who daily send recruits to St. Louis, luring them from home with promises of lucrative employment .

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ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Works Up and Down But Finally Closes Higher.

Fair Export Demand Reported---May Flax Has an Advance.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 27.—The wheat market started out quiet and easier this morning, but firmed up a little and kept within a narrow range of prices, large Argentine shipments having a depressing effect. The cables were steady and high temperatures in the Northwest proved a bullish factor. Reports of good export business firmed the market again and the close was at the high point of the day. New York reported 30 loads taken for export. In the local market the exporters found a good demand for Manitoba wheat at about 3 cents under Duluth wheat, the Duluth market being entirely out of line. The Liverpool market closed unchanged and Paris ½ to ¾c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 472,000 bus., last year 511,000 bus. Shipments 140,000 bus., last year 195,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 355,000 bus. Argentine shipments during the week were 2,616,000 bus. Bradstreet repoted exports from this country during the week of 2,656,849 bushels.

Stocks of wheat in Duluth are estimated to increase 450,000 bus this week.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 297 cars, and at Chicago 7, a total of 304 cars, against 331 cars last week and 306 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅛d lower; May corn in Chicago closed 1¼c higher and May oats ⅛-¼c higher.

Primary receipts of corn were 526,000 bus., last year 326,000 bus. Shipments 384,000 bus., last year 279,000 bus. Clearances were 436,436 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of corn this week amounting to 2,368,000 bus.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was lifeless. May opened ⅛c off at 77⅛c, sold at 77¼-⅜c at 9:50, reacted slightly to 77¼c at 10:12 and sold at 77⅜c at 10:40. At 12:55 it sold at 77½c and at 1:05 at 77⅝c. The close was at 77½-⅝c, an advance of ¼-⅜c. Minneapolis advanced ¼c and Chicago ½c.

Cash wheat sold at May price for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3. Sales were 15,000 bus.

Flax was fairly active and the market firmer. One source of the better feeling was in the Argentine shipments, which aggregated only 376,672 bus. May flax sold ¼c up to $1.13¾, receded to $1.13½ and then advanced to $1.13⅞. After that it sold again at $1.13¾ and then closed ½c up at $1.14. July and September also advanced ½c. Stocks in Duluth and estimated increase 140,000 bus. this week.

There was an advnce of ½c in oats to arrive and on track, bringing them to the same price as the May option, 34c.

Following are the closing prices.

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 77¼c; 1 northern, 76¼c; 2 northern, 74¼c; 3 spring, 71¼c; to arrive, 1 northern, 77½c; May, 77½-⅝c; July, 77¼c. Flax—Cash, $1.11¾; on track, $1.12½; to arrive, $1.12½; May, $1.14; July, $1.14¾; September, $1.10½. Oats—On track, 34c; to arrive, 34c; May, 34c. Rye—On track, 49c; to arrive, 49c; May, 50½c. Barley—35@51c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 79; last year, 191; oats, 8; rye, 1; barley, 6; flax, 34. Receipts: Wheat, 120,143; oats, 28,048; barley, 30,587; flax, 26,401. Shipments: Oats, 6127; barley, 533.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.78½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	77½
No. 1 northern, 2300 bus	77¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	77⅜
No. 1 northern, 4 cars to mills	77⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	75½
No grade, 1 car	69½
Rye, 1 car	49
Flax, 1 car on track	1.12¾
Flax, 1 car in store	1.11
Flax, 1 car	1.12¼
Flax, 1 car	1.12½
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.10⅞
Flax, 1000 bus to arrive	1.12

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Trading In Wheat Light With Prices Firmer.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—The trading in wheat was again light and opening prices were about unchanged, May being a shade lower at 77⅛@¼c. Cables were steady, but the weather was unseasonable, high temperatures prevailing throughout the Northwest, which fact with the strength in corn, caused a firm feeling in the pit. The large Argentine shipments acted as a depressing factor and prevented a further advance, May selling up to 77⅝c after touching 77¼c. Receipts in the Northwest were still light. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 297 cars, which with local receipts of 7 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 304 cars, against 331 cars last week and 306 a year ago.

Active buying developed late in the day on a good export demand and on the strength in corn and the close was strong at the top for May at 77¾, a gain of ½.

There was a continuance of bullish sentiment in corn at the start today and May opened a shade higher at 46½@⅝c. Fears of the manipulation of the May option caused active buying by the shorts which advanced the price to 46¾c, after selling early at 46⅜@½c. Buying by provision interests, firm cables and extremely unfavorable weather, were the early bull factors. Local receipts were light at 291 cars, with only one of contract grade.

Corn was decidedly strong at the close and May was ¾c higher at 47¼c, the best price of the day.

Oats opened dull with prices about unchanged to a shade higher at 35⅝@¾c to 35¾c and sold later at 35¾@⅞c, the strength in corn being the main supporting factor. Local receipts were 109 cars.

There was only a small trade in provisions and the opening was steady with May pork unchanged at $17.85. May lard was 2½c higher at $9.67½ and ribs were unchanged at $9.82½. The demand was not as active of as late and prices were inclined to sag a trifle.

Close: Wheat—May 77¾; July 74; September 72⅜. Corn, February, 44⅞; May, 47¼; July, 45; September 44⅜. Oats—February, 34¼; May, 35⅞; July 33; September 29⅜. Pork—May $18.00; July $17.45; September $16.92½. Lard—February $9.62½; May $9.62½; July $9.57½; September $9.57½. Ribs—May $9.85; July $9.62½; September $9.52½. Rye—May 51½. Flax—cash N. W. $1.16; S. W. $1.12; May $1.15½. Timothy—February $3.90; Clover—February, $11.50@11.60; Barley—Cash 44@56. Cash wheat—2 red 75½@76½; 3 red 72@75; 2 hard winter 71@74; 3 hard winter 69@72; 2 northern spring 79½@81; 2 northern spring 78½@80; 3 spring 72@79. Corn—2, 44@½; 3, 41½@42½. Oats—2, 34½@35; 3, 34½.

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We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.
WE BUY AND SELL
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References—108 National and State Banks.
Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 87 Leading Towns of the Northwest.
General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Receipts of flax in the Duluth market during the present crop year and up to yesterday were 15,999,919 bus., just eighty-one bushels short of sixteen millions. Up to the same time in the previous crop year they were 13,935,964 bushels.

* * *

A. H. Farnum, Chicago: I have been bearish for some time on wheat and the situation seems to warrant some decline still, but the market doesn't break right. There are a good many shorts on our floor and because it wont break, while export trade is light, clearances small and cables easy, we advise buying in short wheat.

* * *

Rycroft of Chicago: I think there is a large short interest in our July wheat and it is a good gamble to buy some around present prices. Any crop scare would affect the July more than any other future.

* * *

Modern Miller: Reports that winter wheat has suffered a set-back, are being received from different sections, mainly from the eastern part of the winter wheat belt, where there were little or no snows. Such reports are few and scattered. The unfavorable reports are ascribed to the freezing and thawing weather, otherwise the crop has maintained its favorable condition.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 27.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅝@¾; July 76⅝@¾. On track 1 hard 79; 1 northern 78; 2 northern 77.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 27.—Close: Wheat—May, 81⅜; July 78⅝. Corn—May, 53¼; July 50⅞@51.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	35⅝-35¾	46½-46⅝	$17.85
High	35⅞	47¼	18.05
Low	35⅝	46⅜-½	17.75
Close	35⅝	47¼	18.00

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77⅛B	76⅜-½	77⅛-¼	81
High	77⅝	76⅝-¾	77¾	81¼-⅜
Low	77⅛B	76¼	77⅛	81
Close	77½-⅝B	76⅝-¾	77¾A	81⅜A
July—				
Open		76⅜A	73¼-⅜	78⅛B
High		76⅝-¾	74	78½-⅝
Low		76⅜	73¼-⅜	78⅛
Close	77¼B	76⅝-¾	74B	78⅝A

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barret & Zimmerman report that the large arrivals of farm horses received a strong demand and outlet satisfactory. Heavy drafters and general purpose horses did not move so well; the speculative trade being on the quiet order. Values:

Drafters, extra	$170@200
Drafters, choice	150@170
Drafters, common to good	125@150
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	80@100

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 27.—Close: Wheat—Spot, quiet; 2 red western winter, 6s 11¼d; 2 spring, 6s 8¾d; 1 California, 6s 11d. Futures, steady; March, 6s 3¾d; May, 6s 2⅛d; July, 6s 1½d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old, no stock. Futures, quiet; March, 4s 6¼d; May, 4s 4d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 214,000 centals, including 179,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 132,900 centals. Weather stormy.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500. Market steady. Good to prime steers, $5.25@5.75; poor to medium, $3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.50; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.75; canners, $1.40@2.60; bulls, $2.25@4.25; calves, $3.25@7.75; Texas fed steers, $3.50@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, today, 23,000; tomorrow, 13,000; left over, 5,732. Market 10c lower. Mixed and butchers', $6.80@7.20; good to choice, heavy, $7.25@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 8,000. Market steady. Good to choice wethers, $5@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $4@4.75; western sheep, $4.75@5.50; native lambs, $4.75@6.90; western lambs, $4.75@6.85. Official yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 10,923; hogs, 26,145; sheep, 9,385. Shipments—Cattle, 4,039; hogs, 7,008; sheep, 850.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76½@⅝c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 76⅞c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 76⅝@¾c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—There was a very firm undertone to the wheat market all day, especially in the July future. The strength in corn and free covering by shorts on prospects of a cold wave after recent rain caused prices to advance and the close was firm at about the highest point of the day. There was some uneasiness early on the Argentine shipments which were reported at 2,616,000 bus, but this was only temporary. There are more or less evidences of a short interest in the July option and should crop scares come into the market they would doubtless affect this delivery more than the May. For this reason we consider the July the best purchase. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 20 cars.

Corn led the grain list in point of both interest and activity, the May price up from 46⅜-½ to 47½c. Many of the larger interests appear to be arrayed on the buying side. However rains are said to have made country roads so bad that heavy movement is not expected soon. High bids to country points are clearing out many acceptances. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 320 cars.

Oats continue firm and steady, the price tendency being upward. Selling is of a scattered character, although a good demand comes from commission houses. Estimated tomorrow, 150 cars.

The provision list was firm, pork reaching the highest price of season, May selling at $18.00. Lard was not much better, while ribs showed an advance of 5 to 7½c. Outsiders appear to be the buying element in pork, while packing interests are the selling factor. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 21,000 hogs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery prints	29	@ 30
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@ 26
Dairies, fancy	20	@ 21
Packing stock	14	
EGGS.		
Fresh	18	
Storage	13	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	14	@ 15
Twins, full cream, old	10	@ 14
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15	
Limberger, full cream, choice	15	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	17½	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14	
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts, per doz	65	
Brazils, per lb	11	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@ 4 00
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 85
California pears	2 50	
Cranberries	11 00	
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@ 3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
Mexican oranges	2 75	
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@ 7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25	
California navels	2 75	
VEGETABLES.		
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25	
Beets, bus	50	
Carrots, per bus	50	
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@ 1 00
Turnips, bus	40	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce	1 25	@ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00	
Cauliflower, crate	2 75	
Mint, per doz	30	
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@ 75
Potatoes	50	
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00	
Red cabbage	75	
Squash	1 50	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruit juice	4 00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Geese	14	
Hens	14	
Turkeys	18	@ 19
Ducks	15	
Spring chickens	15	
MEATS.		
Mutton	7	
Lamb	10	@ 11
Veal, good	8½	@ 9½
Dressed beef	6	@ 8
Hogs	9	
Pork loins	11½	
Pure lard	10¼	
Compound lard	7½	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 27.—Butter—Receipts, 5,855 packages. Firm. State dairy, 15@25c; extra creamery, 18c; held creamery, 18@25c; creamery, common to choice, 18@25c. Cheese—Receipts, 2,196 packages. Firm. State full cream, fancy large and small, colored and white, fall made, 14¼@½c; do. late made, 13½@14c. Eggs—Receipts, 11,429 packages. Steady. State and Pennsylvania average best, 16½c; western fancy, 16c; southern, 15½c; refrigerated, 8@13c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 18@27½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs—Easier; at mark, cases included, 14¼c. Cheese—Steady; twins, 12½@¾c; daisies, 13@½c; young Americas, 13@½c.

GALES IN ENGLAND.

Storm of Unprecedented Violence Does Great Damage.

London, Feb. 27.—A gale of almost unprecedented violence swept Great Britain all night long and did considerale damage. Telegraphic communication northward of Leeds was entirely interrupted, the continental service was interfered with and large numbers of ships were forced to seek shelter in the harbors. Many minor wrecks occurred and the life boats and rocket apparatus were busy all along the coasts. There were several fatalities inland, caused by falling chimneys and flying debris, and many houses were unroofed.

The wind in the North of England blew with hurricane force. The Lancashire mills and churches suffered greatly. Scores of shop windows at Liverpool were blown in and the goods scattered about the streets.

Great damage is reported from the coast resorts. A newly erected church at Holyhead was lifted from its foundations and fell in a heap of ruins.

CONTEST CALLED OFF.

Curlers Cannot Have President vs Vice President Games.

The contest between sides led by the president and vice president of the Duluth Curling club, which was to have been played tonight and tomorrow night and concluded with a supper at the rink tomorrow evening, has been postponed for a week owing to the soft weather. The ice at the rink is covered with water, and it is impossible to curl.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Heavy Selling Due to Forecast of Bank Statement.

It Indicated a Large Cash Loss By the Banks.

New York, Feb. 27.—The majority of stocks showed small fractional losses on opening quotations today. Important exceptions were Rock Island, Wabash, Southern Railway and Metropolitan Street Railway. The firmness of these stocks had a good effect upon sentiment and caused some hardening elsewhere after the opening.

The slight losses at the opening were made up when a few leaders were taken hold of. Wabash preferred and St. Paul were lifted a point each and Copper, Metropolitan, Tennessee Coal, New York Central, Missouri Pacific and St. Louis & San Francisco, substantial fractions. Prices were not long maintained on the rise and were working lower at 11 o'clock. Missouri & St. Louis preferred and United States Reduction preferred declined two points.

The market worked back to the opening low level, and in some cases lower. A number of usually inactive stocks showed losses of from 1 to 2 points. Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred sold at a decline of 3 points from the last sale and the St. Louis & San Francisco certificates for the stock sold 5 points lower than the stock. St. Louis & San Francisco fell to 85¼ and the second preferred lost 2. Lake Shore was offered at 325, without a sale, compared with the previous sale of 334½. Wabash preferred was then lifted 1¼, the common a point and the market steadied. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Trading was very sluggish during the noon hour, and prices moved irregularly on a narrow range. Wabash stocks forged steadily upward, the common touching 32½, and the preferred 55¼, but their rise did not help other stocks. Northwestern declined a point, while Soo preferred gained as much.

The preliminary estimate of the bank statement indicating a large cash loss by the banks caused heavy selling all through the list and prices declined rapidly. Net losses of a point or more recorded, and included Smelter preferred, Tennessee Coal, Cotton Oil, Atchison, B. & O., Chesapeake & Ohio, Chicago & Alton, Erie second preferred and Reading second preferred. Northwestern and Jersey Central lost 2 and Lackawanna 5. The Wabashes fell a point below the best and 11 other prominent stocks ruled a large fraction below last night.

The active selling movement carried principal stocks between 1 and 2 below last night. St. Paul was among the principal sufferers, losing 1¾. Covering by shorts rallied the market, St. Paul, Wabash, Rock Island, Amalgamated, Louisville & Nashville and Reading recovered 1 to 1⅜. Otherwise, recoveries were fractional and demand was soon satisfied, with resulting dullness. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Ohio fell 11 points from the preceding sale last month. United States Express lost 4⅜. The closing was irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	73¼	71⅛	72⅛
American Sugar	131½	130	130⅞
Anaconda	121¼	120	120
Atchison Top. & S. Fe	86¼	84½	85
do pfd	100½	99½	99⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	97¼	96⅛	96⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	68	66⅜	67¼
Canadian Pacific	134⅝	133½	134¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅛	48⅞	49
Chicago & Alton	34¾	34	34
Chi. Great Western	26½	26	26⅛
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	176¼	173½	174⅞
Chic. Rock Island & P.	48⅜	47½	47¾
R. I. pfd	80½	80½	80½
Colorado Fuel & Iron	73	73	73
Erie Common	37⅞	36⅞	37¼
Illinois Central	142⅜	142	142
Louisville & Nashville	123	122	123
Manhattan Elevated	141¼	140¾	141
Metropolitan St. Ry	136¼	135⅝	136
Missouri Pacific	112	110½	111⅜
New York Central	147	146	146½
Norfolk & Western	73¾	73	73
Pennsylvania	147⅞	147	147¼
People's Gas of Chic	103¼	102¾	102⅞
Reading	61¼	60¼	61
Republic Steel & Iron	21¾	21¼	21½
Southern Pacific	62⅞	61⅞	62⅜
Southern Railway	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜
Tennessee Coal & Iron	66½	65½	65⅞
Union Pacific	98⅜	97⅜	97¾
United States Leather	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛
United States Steel	38¾	38½	38⅝
do pfd	88⅛	87¼	87¾
Western Union	89	89	89
Wisconsin Central	27¼	27	27

Northern Securities, 109½ bid; 109¾ asked.

The total sales were, 495,370 shares.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 27.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 4 to 6 points. The cables furnished a great disappointment and caused more or less general liquidation, as, instead of reporting an advance of 4 to 5 points due to match th closing of the New York yesterday the English market at the time of the New York opening today was about unchanged. For a time the local situation looked weak, but unfavorable weather and predictions of light receipts made the shorts nervous. Their attempts to cover immediately caused a firmer feeling although there was little or no effort made by the bulls to support the market. It was observed that the New Orleans market was relatively steadier than New York and this increased the desire to cover. Commission houses sold to some extent here this morning.

Cotton spot closed steady, mid ups, 10.25; do gulf, 10.50. Sales, 1930 bales. Cotton futures closed very steady. February, 10.12; March, 10.14; April, 10.11; May, 10.11; June, 9.88; July, 9.88; August, 9.55; September, 8.93; October, 8.65; November, 8.56; December, 8.52.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $221,745,474; gold, $106,902,285; silver, $19,173,954; United States notes, $5,048,886; treasury notes of 1890, $38,543; national bank notes, $16,522,330; total receipts this day, $2,328,454; total receipts this month, $41,338,762; total receipts this year, $375,968,549; total expenditures this day, $1,280,000; total expenditures this month, $36,810,000; total expenditures this year, $343,335,840; deposits in national banks, $150,555,264.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 27.—Close: Money on call firmer at 3@4 per cent; closing 3@3½; time money very firm; sixty days, 4¾@5 per cent; ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent; six months, 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@5¼; sterling exchange easy at $4.87.40@4.87.50 for demand, and at $4.84.25 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@½ and $4.88¼; commercial bills, $4.83½@4.84; bar silver, 48c; Mexican dollars, 38c; government bonds steady; state bonds, firm; railroad bonds, weak.

BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED.

Asbury Park, N. J., Feb. 27.—George F. Kroehl, president of the First National bank and a director of the Monmouth Trust company, which are now in the hands of receivers, was arrested here today and released under $5,000 bail. Mr. Kroehl is charged with making, together with other persons, a false statement of the condition of the Monmouth Trust company at the close of business the last day of last year.

RESOLUTIONS BY THE EDITORS

National Association Says Republican Pledges Are Fulfilled.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The National Republican Editorial association this morning adopted the following resolution:

"The unbroken prosperity which has given the country an unparalleled growth and advancement since the restoration of Republican rule in 1897 is the complete vindication of the value and success of Republican ascendency and the progressive and brilliant administrations of Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, and the faithful fulfilment of Republican pledges constitute the highest appeal for continued Republican supremacy."

Resolutions were also adopted defining the object of the organization which is "to promote the co-operation of the Republican editors of the United States in the advancement of the principles and policies of the Republican party, and to secure united action for the education of public sentiment in the intelligent understanding and acceptance of the spirit and aims which are illustrated in Republican administration and legislation. Also accepting and adopting the Republican national platforms of 1896 and 1900 as the authoritative declaration of the Republican creed and as the chart by which the government should be guided in dealing with the living and vital questions which are presented to the American people for the settlement."

Prior to the adoption of these resolutions, Senators Hanna and Depew made short addresses.

Senator Hanna paid a short tribute to the work of the Republican newspapers in the campaign of 1896, which, he said, was the greatest in the history of the party. He spoke of the discouraging outlook at the beginning of that campaign and said that until the newspapers got down to work the managers felt almost hopeless. From that moment day by day and hour by hour they could see the changes in sentiment. In concluding his remarks, Senator Hanna urged the association to make their organization a thoroughly national one.

Senator Depew's remarks were confined almost entirely to a review of what congress had accomplihed in the line of anti trust legislation.

HER EXPERIMENT.

She decided that she would be a new woman, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"That," they explained, "is to be as much like a man in your methods as you can be."

Well, she was going to try it, anyway.

The next time her father denied her something on which her heart was set she was disposed to cry, but she refrained. Her brother knew, she knew, would get mad about it. So she got mad. But her anger seemed to be only amusing.

"But a new woman," they explained, "doesn't get angry. She merely argues."

So she sat down to discuss the question, but her father refused to discuss it.

"It is settled," he said.

It was only a small matter anyway, but she wanted to have her own way about it.

She retired and considered the matter deeply. Her feelings were hurt, and she was again tempted to cry, but she determined that she would not be weak. She would again resort to reason.

But her father only laughed and refused to listen to reason.

"Don't be foolish," he said. "I am the best judge of this."

That was too much. The tears came and she rushed away. A little later he followed and found her curled up on a settee, weeping.

He smiled and walked away, but presently he came back to find her still weeping.

"Now, don't be absurd about it," he told her.

Her only reply was a convulsive little sob.

He went to the door and then stopped. She sobbed some more, and he gave an impatient exclamation. Then he came back to her again.

"Oh, well, he said, "if you're going to feel as bad about it as all that, why do as you please."

She dried her tears and kissed him, and after that everything was lovely. She said he was the dearest father in the world, and he said that she was a true woman with all a woman's arts.

Later she told a friend in confidence that she didn't want to be a new woman.

"It doesn't pay," she said, "if you want to have your own way."

Perhaps there is a moral in this.

THOUGHT HE WAS FREEZING.

"Here," said a man coming into an uptown drug store oen day last week, with a thermometer in his hand, according to the New York Times, "take this darned machine before I freeze to death."

"What's the matter with it?" inquired the druggist.

"It's out of whack somehow, and won't register correctly. Darn it, I've been shivering in my room for a week, and just coldn't keep warm. I had the thermometer over my writing desk, and the other morning when the steam went down a little I looked at the mercury. It showed 40 degrees. I knew nothing less than a polar bear could work in that temperature, and went hustling after the janitor. He shook up his furnace and the steam began to sizzle, but the room wouldn't get warm enough to raise that mercury above 50 degrees.

"We ran short of coal for a day, and she went down to 40 again, and I went over to stop with a friend till we got more coal. Then the steam sizzled once more, btu the north wind seemed to come in through the window cracks and the shivers had me all over. I struck for window strips and had a row with the landlord. The mercury showed 50 degrees right along, and htough I made it hot for the janitor I could not get any of it into that blamed thermometer.

"Yesterday I gave notice that I would get out if they didn't keep me warm. I'm a bachelor tenant paying a good price and generally no kicker, and they didn't want me to leave. About an hour ago the janitor came in to see how I was getting along. He aroused me. He asked if I were sick. I told him I was frozen. He said he thought the room was very warm. Before licking him I showed him the thermometer and told him that was the real test. The mercury stood at 50.

"The janitor swore and went out. He came back in a minute with another thermometer and hung it alongside of mine. It was a fine one, guaranteed to keep perfect records. It marked 65 degrees when he brought it in, and in a minute or two it showed 71. Mine stood still at 50. The janitor looked at the two machines and began to grin. I began to unwind the blanket that was around me. The janitor looked scared, but I told him not to run; that I was not going to lick him. The only man that I felt like licking was the man who sold me a thermometer that would not go. You're the one. Now it's up to you to apologize, give me a machine that is true or be licked. I've paid my money and you can take your choice."

The druggist apologized and gave the imaginative one a new thermometer.

TRAIN THEY WANT

Duluth Jobbers Are Given It By the Northern Pacific.

Fast Freight to Leave Duluth For East Every Evening.

Duluth jobbers and shippers of all kinds will be given a chance to compete with Chicago and Milwaukee for business in the northern part of Wisconsin and the copper country.

General Agent T. E. Blanche of the Northern Pacific road announced this morning that the Northern Pacific would put on a fast freight service out of Duluth for Iron River, Ashland and points in Wisconsin as far as Green Bay and in Michigan through the copper country.

The train will leave Duluth every night at 8:30 o'clock, and all shipments for that country taken into the freight house in the afternoon will reach their destination the next morning. The Northern Pacific service will reach to Ashland and Bayfield, and there connections will be made with the Wiscinsin Central and Northwestern lines for the East.

The jobbers and big shippers of Duluht have been after a train of this kind for a long time, and Mr. Blanche, after considerable effort, has secured it. It gives Duluth two trains a day to the East, as the one at 5:30 o'clock in the morning is to be continued.

The announcement this morning was greeted with joy, as the men who distribute from this place have always been under a disadvantage, Chicago and Milwaukee having been given the fastest service into Upper Michigan. It will now give the local concerns a fair shake with the concerns at the head of Lake Michigan.

The night train will take out carloads for Iron River and Washburn, and miscellaneous freight for those two places. Carloads and miscellaneous freight will be sent direct to Ashland also. From Ashland solid cars will be sent to the copper country, Bessemer and Hurley and beyond and down the Wisconsin Central and Northwestern lines into Wisconsin as far as Green Bay.

Refrigerator cars will be arranged for and the commission men and meat and fruit shippers will have a chance to get their goods out of Duluth at night for delivery at their destination the next morning. In the past it has been almost impossible to ship any perishable freight Eastward because of the time of trains. This is now obviated, and the commission men will stand a show in the Wisconsin territory.

The jobbers have been agitating the demand for a night fast freight service east from Duluth for some time, and recently, at the suggestion of Mr. Blanche, the matter was looked into. The Northern Pacific, generally alive to the interests of Duluth, saw in a minute the advantages in such a service and granted it immediately.

The first train will run out of the Northern Pacific yards here Monday night at 8:30 o'clock.

The "Battle Axe" Road.

Henry E. Still, assistant general freight agent of the Northern Pacific road, returned from Washburn, where he went with General Agent T. E. Blanche, of this city, and will leave this evening for St. Paul. Mr. Still looked over the "Battle Axe," the piece of road from Washburn to Bayfield, and will probably recommend some improvements on it to take care of the freight service. Both he and Mr. Blanche found freight trains giving good service over the branch and the volume of business increasing every day.

Seventy Foot Car.

Duluth will see for the first time one of the big combination express and baggage cars that are being put on by the Northern Pacific next Tuesday. The cars are seventy feet in length, and considered monsters. They were placed on the tracks at St. Paul yesterday, and two of them were placed on Western runs at once. The first one to come up this way will be loaded with the baggage of the Frank Daniels company, which comes to Superior Monday and over to Duluth Tuesday.

FORBES THE FAVORITE

In the Bantamweight Fight With Andy Tokell.

Detroit, Feb. 27.—Harry Forbes is the favorite over Andy Tokell in tonight's fight for the bantam-weight championship of the world at odds of 2½ and 3 to 1. These figures are largely the creation of Tokell's followers, who have money to bet but will not place it at anything under 2½ to 1. The Forbes people who have already in their minds, counted, carried away and spent the winner's part of the purse, will not give better than even money. The claim that Tokell is largely an unknown quantity and under the circumstances they should not be called upon to give odds. The betting at the ringside will probably be about 7 to 5 on Forbes.

Forbes has had considerable difficulty in making the stipulated weight, 115, at 2 o'clock, but this morning he expressed himself as being within the limit and declared that he would not weigh an ounce over. Tokell will be inside the weight without question. The fight will be called tonight at about 10:30 o'clock. There are two ten-round preliminaries and at 10:30, for the main fight is based on the probability that both fights will ge the limit.

WITNESS NEARLY LYNCHED.

Statement Regarding Women Enraged the Spectators.

Paducah, Ky., Feb. 27.—The lynching of a witness in a court room was narrowly averted yesterday. W. R. Stanley was testifying in the case of Dr. A. Parkies, a self-styled "theatrical instructor, vital healer and clairvoyant," with whom he was accused of deceiving a number of young women in Tennessee. Stanley made a statement of doubt as to the purity of women in general. Instantly fifty men were on their feet. An attorney denounced Stanley as a liar, and threatened to whip him when court adjourned. The judge quickly adjourned the sitting, and a rush for Stanley was made, but three big policemen threw him into an adjoining room and held the door until he was taken from the building.

THE NEW GAME AND FISH BILL

(Continued from Page One.)

line in any city of the state, for a compensation to be agreed upon between the companies.

Mr. Tighe introduced three appropriation bills for the state board of health. One gives the board $10,000 to make a chemical analysis of the drinking water supplies of the state. Another gives $3000 to be used in collecting vital statistics. The third gives $30,000 to be used in maintaining a laboratory.

Mr. Bennett introduced an amendment to the game laws that provides that in organized townships nobody can hunt on another fellow's land without permission.

The towns and counties committee introduced a substitute bill regarding the salaries of county commissioners. In St. Louis county, under the bill, the salaries would be not more than $1000.

The house adjourned to Monday at 11 o'clock.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

GIRL TEACHER

Used Her Fists to Whip Unruly Student.

Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 27.—Miss Mary L. Rogers, a graduate of Wellesley, on Tuesday punched the six-foot captain of the high school football team in the nose so hard that the blood came, and thumped another youth of the same class with such vigor that the young man went home to his parents with his right eye blackened. All this Miss Rogers did without other weapons than the fists with which nature provided her.

It all came about because Miss Rogers was a "new" teacher. It was her first day with the high school class and the evidence at hand tends to show that the brawny youths of the class thought it eminently proper to have fun with her. The captain of the football team, who got a bloody nose as a result of his encounter with the new teacher, is George McNeil. He weighs 180 pounds. The boy who got the black eye is William Campbell, 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighs 140 pounds.

The school committee is investigating the affair. Miss Rogers did not go back to her class next day and the two boys have been suspended.

M. E. INGALLS IN POLITICS.

Agrees to Run For Mayor of Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Feb. 27.—M. E. Ingalls, president of the Big Four railway system, will be the regular Democratic candidate for mayor of Cincinnati. He has signified his acceptance in a letter to the committee of twenty-six.

It is believed that Mr. Ingalls' entry into city politics means his candidacy for the governorship of Ohio this year, and perhaps for the presidential nomination next year.

While Mr. Ingalls will head the regular Democratic city ticket, he has been requested to accept the nomination by many citizens regardless of party affiliations.

The city nominally is Republican by a large plurality, but the Republicans who are opposed to George B. Cox, the recognized Republican leader, declare their willingness to support a fusion candidate.

SHORTAGE IN ACCOUNTS

Of Harvard Store Has Created a Sensation.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 27.—At the last Stock reckoning of the Harvard County Co-operative society, the great dividend store, run by Harvard students, a shortage of nearly $2,500 of stock in the various departments was discovered.

No direct suspicions have as yet been expressed, but the directors are investigating the matter. In their report for January, where the mistake was first discovered, the shortage was apportioned as follows:

To the men's furnishing department, $511; to the furniture department, $176, and to the medical branch, $812.

The shortage may have been caused by carelessness in keeping the books, or the disappearance of stock from the store, but this is exceedingly unlikely. The matter, consequently, will be sifted to the bottom.

HOUSE DENOUNCED

For the Unseating of Butler of Missouri.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 27.—The house today adopted the following resolution relative to the unseating yesterday of James J. Butler, of St. Louis:

"Resolved, that this house denounce the action of the present national house of representatives for unseating the congressman from the Twelfth district, as rank partisanship."

A motion to refer the resolution was defeated and it was passed by a vote of 69 to 49.

TUG STILL IN DANGER.

The Dornbos Not Yet Able to Reach Port.

Grand Haven, Mich., Feb. 27.—Contrary to expectations, the ice imprisoned fishing tug Dornbos did not reach port last night. The wind came up strong from the southeast last night and now is blowing a gale. The tugs are in the pack four miles from the harbor and have been blowing distress signals all morning. They are believed to be in serious danger. Steamers are now preparing to leave the harbor to assist the distressed vessels.

Heavy Discount on All
Winter overcoats. It will pay you to get our prices.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry J. Mahoney has been appointed postmaster at Rail Prairie, Morrison county, Minn., vice J. C. Bartholomew, resigned.

RICH MAN SUICIDES.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 27.—Benjamin I. Goodwin, aged 70, reported to be worth about $200,000, one of the richest farmers in central Kentucky, committed suicide in a saloon today by shooting himself.

SHORTAGE IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, Feb. 27.—The report that was made to the city council yesterday shows a shortage of $13,076 in the police department under the administration of Dr. A. A. Ames.

CASHIER KILLS HIMSELF.

Iowa City, Iowa, Feb. 27.—D. Bester, cashier of the Lone Tree Savings bank, shot and killed himself in the bank early this morning. No cause is known.

MANY ROLL CALLS

Are Forced on the House By the Democrats.

Senate Refuses to Take Up Littlefield Anti-Trust Bill.

Washington, Feb. 27.—With the convening of the hous this morning, the fight of yesterday was resumed and the indications were for a stormy session. When the speaker's gavel fell, Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, made the point of no quorum.

"We cannot do business without a quorum," said he, sarcastically, "although we can unseat a member without one."

On the call 267 members appeared. Mr. Underwood (Dem., Ala.) rising to a parliamentary inquiry, asked if the agricultral appropriation bill, which had come to the house with senate amendments, had been referred to the committee on agriculture. The speaker replied that it had not, that the chair, exercising his discretion, had kept it on the speaker's table.

Mr. Underwood called attention to the fact that unanimous consent was yesterday refused when it was asked for the purpose of non-concurring in the senate amendments and referring the bill to conference and asked if that action did not send it to the committee.

The speaker replied that it did not. Thereupon Mr. Underwood attempted to move the reference, but the speaker declined to recognize him for that purpose.

The speaker then laid before the house the president's veto of the bill to remove the charge of desertion against Levi L. Reed.

Mr. Hull moved the reference of the message to the committee on military affairs, and upon that motion demanded the previous question. The Democrats forced a roll call upon the demand.

The previous question was ordered, 158 to 104, and another roll call followed on motion to refer the message to the military affairs committee. The message was referred, 193 to 57. As soon as the speaker had announced the vote Mr. Flemine (Dem., Ga.), rising to a question of the highest privilege, sent to the clerk's desk and had read a resolution declaring that James J. Butler was unseated and George C. Wagoner was elected a member in a manner in violation of the constitution, and declaring that Mr. Butler was still entitled to his seat in this house, and that George C. Wagoner was not entitled to the seat.

Mr. Payne, the majority leader, was recognized, despite the protests of Mr. Fleming that he could not be taken off the floor, and he moved to lay the resolution on the table. The Democrats forced a roll call on the motion.

Mr. Cannon (Ill.) then asked unanimous consent to disagree to the senate amendments to the civil sundry appropriation bill and sent the bill to conference. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Richardson asked if under the Republican rules of the house, the bill did not go to the committee on appropriations. "All the rules of this Republican house have been and are being sacredly enforced," replied the speaker.

"All I ask is the enforcement of the rules," said Mr. Richardson. "I demand the regular order."

"The gentleman from Tennessee objects," announced the speaker, who recognized Mr. Dalzell, who presented the two rules agreed to by the rules committee this morning, to expedite appropriation bills and to continue the legislative day of yesterday until March 4.

Mr. Dalzell, speaking in support of the necessity for the rules, called attention to the refusal of the minority to allow the sundry civil appropriation bill to go to the conference, a request, he said, that he had never before been refused in the history of the house.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Feb. 27. In the senate Mr. Blackburn moved to take up the Littlefield anti-trust bill. Mr. Quay said he wanted to state that if the vote come up on the bill direct he would ask to be excused, as he owned stock in some of the so-called trusts affected by the bill, but he reserved the right to vote upon taking it up.

Mr. Blackburn's motion was defeated, 28 to 38, a party vote, with the exception of Mr. McComas and Mr. Wellington, of Maryland, and Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota.

The naval appropriation bill was taken up.

An amendment by Mr. Nelson (Minn.) was agreed to, providing that retired officers of the navy ordered to active duty shall have the rank, pay and allowances of officers of the active list of like length of service, and if actively employed for three years after retirement, shall when detached from duty retain their rank and highest retired pay of the rank they then hold, and providing that the rank and pay of any officer of the retired list shall not be reduced.

An amendment was also agreed to, appropriating $5000 for the erection of a monument in Arlington cemetery, Va., to the memory of Capt. Charles Vernon Gridley of the United States ship Olympia.

After other amendments had been offered the bill was passed.

The military academy appropriation bill was taken up. An amendment providing for the appointment of a cadet from Porto Rico by the president was agreed to. The bill was then passed.

The senate at 1:45 p. m. went into executive session to consider the Panama canal treaty. Senator Morgan took the floor immediately after the senate went into executive session and continued his remarks in opposition to the Panama canal treaty. He had spoken for only about ten minutes when there was a roll call to secure the presence of a quorum, which was made at the instance of Senator Pettus.

GREAT NORTHERN BUSINESS

In State of Minnesota Highly Satisfactory.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Great Northern railroad system did a flourishing business in Minnesota last year. According to the report of the state auditor today the gross earnings for 1902 were $18,506,194.87. For 1901 they were but $14,870,545.40, an increase in one year of $3,635,647.47. The taxes paid on these earnings were $555,185.84, as against $446,116.42 in 1901, a gain in state taxes of $109,069.42.

In addition to this the railroad and warehouse commission report back taxes on freight earnings, storage, etc., for the Great Northern from 1896 to 1901 amounting to $44,168.92.

The Minnesota and Western railroad reports taxes amounting to $1805.46.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Fitchburg, Mass., Feb. 27.—Rodney Wallace, formerly congressman from this district, and one of the most prominent men in Worcester county, is dead of bronchial trouble at his home here.

New York, Feb. 27.—Conrad N. Jordan, assistant treasurer of the United States at the sub-treasury in this city, died yesterday at his residence in West End avenue. Mr. Jordan had been ill for some days from an attack of the grip. He had rallied after the first severity of the attack and appeared to be improved, but today suffered a relapse.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—Jacob Mannheimer, senior member of the firm of Mannheimer Bros., one of the largest department store firms in the Northwest, died at his home yesterday, after an illness of several months. Mr. Mannheimer was born in Bavaria in 1847 and with his brothers came to this country shortly after the war. They settled first in Chicago, but later removed to St. Paul and established themselves in the dry goods business.

MEETING OF THE CABINET

Members Have Little Hope of Passage of Treaties.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Today's cabinet meeting was comparatively brief, lasting only an hour. The discussion revolved principally about the pending legislation in congress. Little hope is felt among members of the cabinet that the Cuban reciprocity and Panama canal treaties will be ratified by the senate at the present session and each days' delay in acting on them is increasing the probability of an extraordinary session of the senate. The president has reiterated his determination to call a special session of the senate in event of failure of either one or both of the treaties. So far as can be ascertained the president has not determined upon any date for the opening of the extra session, if one should be called. But it is regarded as likely that it will be practically right after the close of the present session.

THE VIGOROUS OPPOSITION

To Appropriation For Lake Naval Station Defeated It.

Washington, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—There now seems no prospect whatever that any appropriation can be secured at this session to further the project for the establishment of a naval training station on the great lakes. The paragraph providing an appropriation of $250,000 to purchase a site, and providing such site should be located on the shores of Lake Michigan, was lost in the house, being vigorously opposed by the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio delegations, led by Congressman Ryan of Buffalo, who demanded that any site established be on Lake Erie. Efforts were made by the senators from the lake states to induce the senate committee to insert the item in at least an amended form, leaving the locality of the site open, but after due consideration it was deemed advisable, in view of the shortness of the session, not to insert an item that would inevitably provoke endless discussion, and might imperil the great naval budget's passage.

TROOPS ARE AMBUSHED

Chinese Rebels Capture Four Hundred Imperial Soldiers.

Pekin, Feb. 27.—Adivces received here today show that 400 imperial troops were caught February 26 in an ambush in the Yang Ping pass by the rebels of the province of Kwang Si, South China. All the soldiers were killed and the rebels captured large suppiles of arms which the troops were taking to the besieged garrison of Chi Yuen.

The official report admits that the rebellion in Kwang Si is increasing and has spread over the border into the province of Hu Nan. The viceroy of Hu Nan has sent troops to the boundary to check the rebels' advance.

BUFFALO MAN IS MURDERED

E. T. Burdick Found Dead With His Skull Crushed.

Buffalo, Feb. 27.—E. T. Burdick, president of the Buffalo Envelope company, was found dead in his room today with his skull crushed. The indications are that it was the work of burglars. An open front door and a rear window broken open indicated that the murder was committed by robbers. An examination by the police showed that nothing had been stolen.

Mr. Burdick was last seen alive at 10:30 last night when he went down stairs to fix the furnace for the night.

CAIRNS APPOINTED.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Charles A. Cairns was today appointed general passenger and ticket agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, effective March 1.

PORT DE PAIX DESTROYED.

Cape Haytien, Hayti, Feb. 27.—A dispatch received here from Gros Morne today announces the complete destruction of Port De Paix, Hayti, by fire last night. Ohly the vessels belonging to the Haytien company were saved.

OFFICIALS CRITICISED

For Not Arresting Knap at Time of Former Confession.

Indianapolis, Feb. 27.—One of the peculiar things about the case of Murderer Knapp is that the confession of murders made while he was in the Michigan City penitentiary was never made public and no attempt was made to arrest him on any charge when he was released from the prison last year. If he had been arrested, Hannah Goddard would not have been murdered. There is much criticism of the various officials who knew of the confession for not making it public or seeing to it that Knapp was rearrested. According to the statement of Womack, who was then sheriff of Marion county, the confession, though he cannot find it now, was made in the presence of himself, Warden Harley, the chaplain and the stenographer, who took it down in shorthand. He told of the confession to Frank McCray, then judge of the criminal court, and Charles Wilsie, then prosecutor. Womack said he wanted the judge and the prosecutor to induce Governor Mount to pardon Knapp so that he could be tried for the Gebharde murder, but they refused, fearing Knapp might not stand by his confession, that they might fail to convict him and he would then be free.

Womack said his term and the terms of all the other officials who knew of the confession expired before Knapp was released from the prison, and he supposed that they had just neglected to see that anything was done, as was the case with him.

Deputy Warden Barnard of the Michigan City prison, says Knapp was not paroled, he was simply released at the expiration of his term, which was not teh full ten years for which he was sentenced, owing to his good conduct as a prisoner and the customary time allowance for such conduct. Persons interested, it is pointed out, could have known when he was to be released.

Judge Fremont Alford of the criminal court was deputy prosecutor and remembers the trial of Knapp well. His impression of Knapp is the same as that of Mr. Wilsie. Judge Alford said that he was greatly surprised to learn of Knapp's parole, considering that his record was so dark.

Knapp did not show any feeling as he proceeded to tell the complexion of each victim, her size, traits of habit, etc., and in each case he was correct in these details. When asked as to his motives he stated that he was afraid of them for what they knew about him. He intimated that he had talked to his wives about how he had killed his previous wives and especially to Hannah Goddard, his third wife. He said Jennie Conners, his second wife, had threatened to tell something and he got rid of her then, but he kept Hannah Goddard quiet because she was as guilty as himself in killing Mary Eckart. And he killed little Emma in a lumber yard because he feared she would tell on him. He said his wives were good to him, worked hard and were kind, but when he got afraid of them he had to put them out of the way and never had any fear of being detected.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 27.—The story that Knapp killed his first wife, Emma Stubbs, is not believed here. Knapp was married to Miss Stubbs Nov. 19, 1883, and Feb. 27, 1884, he was sent to the penitentiary for one year for stealing a purse and ring.

Before his release his wife secured a divorce and left the city. When she was last heard of she was in West Virginia.

SECRETARY IS SECURED

Miss Harriet Kemper With Young Women's Christian Association.

This afternoon the long expected and hoped for permanent secret secretary of the local Young Women's Christian association has arrived. Miss Harriet Kemper has accepted the position and all connected with the work are delighted and enthusiastic at securing the woman of such experience and capability. Miss Kemper has been to India as a missionary for four years and has been secretary of the Northwestern Missionary society, which consists of four states. She was in special charge of the women's and children's work. Miss Kemper is a very eloquent speaker and the association are delighted beyond expression in securing her.

Miss Meredith, who has done such efficient work for the past three months, leaves tomorrow. She has won many friends in Duluth and her work here has been greatly appreciated.

SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

Believed to Know Something of Joehlin Outrage.

Toledo, O., Feb. 27.—Joel Graham, a Caledonia, N. Y., fireman, and John Hein, a Cleveland sailor, were arrested today suspected of being two of the ten robbers who yesterday tortured and robbed the eight occupants of the home of Christian Joehlin, three miles from the city limits. They tried to bribe the arresting officer and told conflicting stories as to their whereabouts at the time of the assault on the Joehlins. Detectives claim to have clues that will lead to the arrest ot the entire robber crew.

SUPREME COURT DECISION.

Lower Court Verdict For Erickson Is Sustained.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court in what is practically its last batch of October term decisions, established a record for reversals, six out of ten opinions filed today being reversals of the lower court.

The mother of John Erickson, a Finlander, killed in the mines of the Commodore Mining company, St. Louis county, will get $1000, the supreme court sustaining the verdict for that amount in favor of the administrator of Erickson, who sued to recover on Erickson's death.

Heavy Discount on All

Boys' overcoats and reefers. These are bargains you don't find at the beginning of the season.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

MAY BE A HITCH.

New York, Feb. 27.—The lack of official confirmation of any one of the various reports concerning the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad caused apprehension today that there had been a hitch in the negotiations for the sale of the property.

Saturday's Market Basket

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

SATURDAY SPECIALS.

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS!
Not storage, not mixed, not stale, but absolutely new laid—per dozen—
18 cents

Strictly fancy lot Dairy Butter, in bulk and 5-lb jars—per lb—
20 cents

New made Creamery Butter—per lb—
—In bulk— —In print—
28 cents **30 cents**

Best Quality Potatoes—per bushel—
50 cents

Sweet Juicy Navel Oranges, regular 35c size. For Saturday—per dozen—
25 cents

Seedling Oranges—
—3 dozen— —per case—
25 cents **$1.50**

LENTEN SPECIALS.

Imported Herrings, 3 lbs	25c
Flat Bloater Mackerel, per lb	20c
Spanish Mackerel, per lb	10c
Fresh Halibut, per lb	10c
Finnan Haddies, per lb	10c
George's Bank Codfish, per lb	8c
Yarmouth Bloaters, 3 for	10c

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Cauliflower, each	10c & 15c
Celery, 3 for	10c
Leaf Lettuce, 3 for	10c
New Carrots, per bunch	5c
New Beets, per bunch	5c
Green Beans, per quart	15c
Fresh Tomatoes, per lb	15c
Cucumbers, each	15c

Mint, Parsley, Mushrooms, Brussel Sprouts, Egg Plant, Radish, Table Onions, Hubbard Squash and Rhubarb in abundance.

3 Cans Standard Corn, Peas or Tomatoes for—
25 cents.

2 Cans Superlative Corn, Peas or Tomatoes for—
25 cents

2 Cans—3-lb—Apricots, Pears, Peaches and Plums, in syrup—
25 cents.

SUNDRIES.

Success Brand Java Coffee, 3-lb cans	85c
Pure Fruit Preserves, all varieties, regular 35c jars. For Saturday	25c
Rio Coffee, equal to package goods, 3 lbs	25c
Small size Prunes, 6 lbs	25c
Medium size Prunes, 4 lbs	25c
Large size Prunes, 3 lbs	25c
Pure Leaf Lard, per lb	12c
Greening and Baldwin Apples, per peck	30c

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,
199—Both 'Phones—199.
17 East Superior Street.
Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

New Pie Plant—crisp and fresh—per lb	5c
4 bunches Celery	10c
3 bunches Green Onions	10c
Round Radishes, per bunch	5c
Oranges, per box	$2.00
Oranges, per doz	10c, 20c, 30c
Apples, per peck	25c, 35c, 40c
Cranberries, per quart	10c
Coffee, a good coffee—per lb	10c
Coffee—a choice coffee at 18c a pound, three lbs for	50c

If you want a delicious cup of coffee, buy our 3-lb cans for 85c.

Tea Dust, per lb	15c
A good Jap Tea at, per lb	25c
A choice Jap Tea at per lb, 35c—three pounds for	$1.00
Butter, dairy	18c, 20c, 22c
Butter, storage Creamery, per lb	21c
Butter, fresh Creamery, per lb	27c
Eggs—storage, per dozen	14c
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	20c
Ammonia, per bottle	5c
Saleratus, per package	5c
Evaporated Peaches, 3 lbs	25c
Evaporated Apples, 4 lbs	25c
Prunes, small, 6 lbs	25c
Prunes, large, 4 lbs	25c
Sauerkraut, per gal	20c
Salmon, 3 cans	25c
2 lbs Lard for	25c
Potatoes, per bus	45c

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

OSTBY'S GROCERY

23 EAST FOURTH STREET.

SATURDAY, FEB. 28.

GOOD JAPAN TEA—4½ lbs for	$1.00
PURE NEW YORK BUCKWHEAT—8 lbs	25c
MAPLE CAIN—per can	15c
MAPLE SYRUP—per quart bottle	21c
HOME-GROWN POTATOES—extra good—per bushel	50c
SILVER-LEAF LARD—5 lbs for	55c
F. A. K. SODA CRACKERS—by the box, per lb	6½c
H. M. GINGER SNAPS—per lb	6c
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS—per dozen	18c
BUTTER—per lb—up from	16c

We get the eggs shipped in direct and know that they are not mixed with storage eggs. We also get all our dairy butter shipped in from best dairy country in Western Minnesota.

Our New Store, 23 East Fourth Street.

WASHINGTON MEAT MARKET.

Your Sunday Dinner.

We are preparing to supply you with the meats for this meal.

It is our intentions to offer tomorrow a selection that will give to the Washington market an enviable reputation in this line.

Your order if left here will receive our personal attention and we will spare no efforts in making it comply with your liking. There is an individuality in the manner in which your orders are cared for here.

We would be glad to have you call and make a personal visit to our new market, believing that it will be to your interest as well as ours.

T. W. McAuley, & Co.
14 West First Street, Bridgeman & Russell building. Old 'Phone 662; New 'Phone 666.

BREAD LIKE MOTHER MADE.

Commander Flour

Imparts that wholesome, home flavor.

All grocers sell it.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior St.
Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates per pound	25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per doz	20c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroone—per doz	15c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

New York, Feb. 27.—The last day's session of the municipal ownership convention today began with an address on "How should public service corporations be controlled?" by Dr. Charlton T. Lewis. He said that a branch of civil government which derives power from the sovereignty of the people must control these corporations.

TOLD BY A TIN-CUP JOCKEY.

Gave the Barkeeper a Line on the Filly.

"How's Liz tonight?" asked the barkeep when the diminutive jockey got into the favorite drinking place for the 2 a. m. lunch, says the New York Telegraph.

"She's trained to the minute," was the answer. "I've been down there to a course dinner handicap, and say, it was the limit. They put me over the sticks in a way that would have made that Self-Protection horse dizzy. Swift? Well, I guess. Say, if this society was a race, I'd stay off. There's nothing to it. I couldn't carry the weight."

"You must have been up against it with that swell dame," said the man in plaid as the barkeep brought the drinks.

"I couldn't be a post favorite," replied the jockey, "but I'll lay even money they'll ring me in at the next gazaba dance. I had to duck from New Orleans because there was nothing doing for me. The game is ripe hereabouts."

"What's the rag's time?" asked the sheet writer.

"Well, she's fit," replied the boy, "and she ought to do the first quarter in 0:18, getting off flat-footed at that. The track was heavy, and in light going she'd skin 'em all to death. She's ripe for a killing at any winter track except at the outlaw come-on at Newport, where they chase around in the snow.

"But you can scratch me from any more of these over-night food events. I'm all broke up over the dame. We'd be coupled in the betting but that foxy papa has telegraphed to the Jockey club to get a line on me breeding. He thinks I'm a ringer. While waiting for the pedigree the dame conned him into having me to the house for a morning gallop —a workout—and maybe I didn't make the railbirds bughouse.

" 'Give him a chance,' says the dame, 'and see if he's one, two, eight. Put him in with a lot of stake horses and see if he can negotiate a route. If he's only a sprinter, I'll lay with him.'

"The bloke thought it a good thing, and so I entered for the handicap. I got in light and got out again with enough penalties to anchor me in future events. Honest, I didn't want to enter, but Liz said 'Yes.' She said there'd not be many starters, and with the weight I could make 'em look like a lot or skates.

" 'You ought to be at odds on in the betting,' she said, 'and if you get off well you can tiptoe the field and come home on the bit.'

"Well, the dame wanted to put me in for a killing, and it wasn't up to me to get scratched. I'm shy on the feed stall, but I'm wise with fouling and in and out running. They sure do leave me at the post, though, when they hand out guff about art and music. Now, I hope I may drop dead if that foxy papa didn't actually talk nice to me when I was led from the paddock. He handed me the mit and knocked me down to a lot of Willie boys what were soft on the filly. A lot of fillies and selling platers were in the room, and say, we hadn't been there long enough to make a book when the stable boy stuck his head in the gate and said the food was up to us. The foxy papa handed his mit to the aged female gazaba, the Willie boys cantered in alone and I trotted along with the swell dame on the way to the barrier. We sat down. We were quiet for about as long as Liz could do a furlong and then we were off.

"The words was general. I was slow to get started, for I was sure they had set the hurdles to throw me, and I didn't want to make the early running. I wanted to come on with a rush at the finish. Liz touched me feet, gave me courage, and soon I was ready to make a bid. I had nerve enough then to fling olives at the leading dame, what had the pole. I saw that I was in a contending position, so I waited for the proper time, when I figured on slipping through. No pockets for me at a dinner, thank you. Honest, I saw where they had me standing on me head when they made a crack about books.

" 'Are you fond of books?' the old dame handed me.

" 'It depends on the odds,' I says.

" 'On the what?' she says, and just then Liz saves me life. That was a line of talk they couldn't get on to.

" 'What do you think of this wonderful Mary MacLane?' says the dame. Now, that was one filly that I hadn't doped up. I didn't know whether she belonged to 'Father' Bill Daly or Green Morris.

" 'If she holds to her two-year-old form,' I says, 'she ought to be worth a bet in any sort of company. I think she's well bred. She likes a distance, though, if she doesn't have too much weight.' When the dame stretched her eyes I saw that I'd committed foul, but Liz, as usual, spread the salve and the conversation was switched.

"The Willies wasn't wise to this line of talk, for they didn't have a line on the MacLane form, yet they were too timid to butt in. Presently the duck was brought in. Liz handed me the left optic and then repeated quickly with the right.

" 'Don't you think that art and literature are kin?' says the aged dame, as she looked at me through spectacles on stilts.

" 'Sure,' I says. 'I think they are both Lamplighter colts, and they are good mudders.' The Willies did the ha! ha! and Liz tried to spread the salve before the foxy bloke woke up.

" 'Seems like you have a new brand of that smoothing liniment every minute,' I says. 'You want to chuck it.'

"Say, we had passed through the meal without accidents when the main squeeze set a pace to the parlor that we had to follow. She moved like a quarter horse. I was fourth to leave, but got up and won on the post by a nose.

"What made me sore was the arrival of a bunch of fillies what was sent in to be schooled for the barrier. There was one stake horse among 'em. She was groomed to the limit and had more blue ribbon in her mane than that Whitney filly the day she failed to cop the Metropolitan. She looked me over and then sniffed the air. Honest, she was 18 hands high and bum as to form. She was racy looking, but she couldn't go a route. Nobody would ever run her up in a selling race war.

" 'Seems that you want to get wise before you make your bet,' I says, as she still gives me the frapped gaze. Liz, of course, settled the trouble.

"All at once the visiting dame made a crack about the stage and wanted to know what was my favorite actor.

" 'She does a skirtless stunt in the chorus,' I says. 'Her name don't count: it's her shape what cuts the other figures dead.' That sort of made her flash the colors, and the foxy bloke looked on as if he was sitting on the books.

" 'Well, who is your favorite actor?' she asks, and I thought she meant a horse actor at the post.

" 'My favorite actor,' I says, 'is the horse what ain't fractious at the post and what can beat the barrier in a sprint.'

" 'Do you know,' says the new dame, as she comes up closer and looks at me, 'do you know that you are a most unique person?' Now, that didn't make no hit with me. 'We could make lots of you for a diversion,' she says.

" 'Oh, I guess you could back me down from 40 to 1 to 8 to 5 at post time,' I says. 'You could back me off the boards to the exclusion of others.'

" 'Yes,' she says, 'we society blokes get wearied with ordinary bum things.' I didn't like that, neither.

" 'Oh, yes,' I says, 'you could make me the first choice at a Newport donkey party. Or you might play me for a Little Egypt while you pass the food. Not for me, Agnes, not for me.' She made me sore, and I told her to chase herself.

" 'Have a cigar,' I says right before the paddock gang, and gee, but she was sore. She stood up on her hind legs and pawed the air. She acted like a wild filly what had been filled with dope, and she only touched the ground in the high places.

" 'The mistake I made,' I whispered, 'was in speaking before the grand stand and in offering a cigar instead of a cigarette.' I was afraid I'd be hauled up before the stewards and be set down for the rest of the meeting. I wasn't afraid of being ruled off the turf, but these jockey clubs are a law to themselves, and I was wise to it.

"But say, that filly was as cool as freshly tapped beer when she finished her workout. 'To show there's no hard feeling,' she pipes, 'suppose we go out and get our blinkers on the moon. It ought to be full tonight.'

" 'Seems that you have some foxy reason for keeping cases on the moon,' I says, as we gallops to the infield. Then I offers her a cigarette, seeing by her stained fingers that she is a swell fiend. No, honest, she wouldn't take mine. She got one of her own, but I wouldn't be a gentleman if I told where. When we had talked guff, she asked me about my past life, and then I switched to hers, but it was a sore point, and she tried to make new running. There's even money that a live skeleton was found in her closet. For a pacemaker, I asked her about dogs, meaning horses that couldn't run.

" 'What is your favorite dog,' I says, 'the poodle, the water spaniel, the bull terrier or the sausage?' That made a hit with the dame.

" 'Oh, I didn't come out here to talk about boarding houses,' she says. 'I want to put you wise as to that Liz.' Now, that made me huffy. I looked at the dame. I knew that in a weight for age sweepstake she'd be anchored by the heavy impost. She was grieving because she couldn't leave the maiden class.

" 'That Liz is kidding you,' she says. 'She's engaged for the big meeting.' While she was barking like that I thought of the sausage. 'You are a rank outsider with her,' she says, 'and she's daffy about the Willies.'

" 'You are wrong,' I says, 'for she has played the Willies off the boards, and being a stake horse now, she pines for me. I'm a thoroughbred; they are dead ones, and you can't tout me off a good thing.'

"Now, pals, I hope I may drop dead if that Liz hadn't crawled out, inch by inch, until she had got within striking distance. She didn't say a word. She had Mother Eve skinned on the go down, but there was method in it. She knew the dame was up to fouling me on the back stretch.

" 'Past performances don't count,' I says, 'and, anyway, I ain't playing no false favorite. Because Liz was an even money favorite with the Willies as a 2-year-old is no sign she will go to the post at the same price now. You can't regulate' her price by past performances.'

"Just at this stage of the running, Liz butted in.

" 'You lie, base slanderer,' she spiels, and, honest, the dame was groggy. She was dizzy from the early running, and she couldn't stand the final drive the last sixteenth.

" 'You are trying to foul,' says Liz, 'and I'd cut off me right fin for this cherub.'

" 'Well, never mind about that,' I says, 'for you may need it to work for the pair of us when we are coupled in the straight betting,' I says, and we all smiles. The dame handed up the sorry talk, and we agreed to keep it from the judges.

" 'But this shows my rating as a three-year-old,' says Liz, and it did.

" 'As a favorite,' I says to the dame, 'you wouldn't be able to show. Why, you'd finish third in a two horse race at 1 to 40.'

"After that we cantered to the stand to salute the judges, for I had other engagements in the paddock. Liz put her head on me shoulder and sighed.

" 'You are worth a stiff bet,' she says, 'in any kind of going, and you can win on the post any day. You've skinned 'em alive,' she added, 'and you're the goods. The ole bloke ain't sore. He's had the watch on you, and he thinks you can win the next time out. You are a strong finisher, my boy, and you can carry my colors.'

"Honest, it was a rough night. But I'll do just as Liz said. I am picking the best going, and I'll hang more than the rail before I cop. On the level, pals, if I don't train off I'll go to the post the next time out at 1 to 20, will be played off the boards at the odds, and I'll just come home on the chin strap. There's nothing to it; on the level, there's nothing to it."

SKULL OF GREAT MAMMOTH.

In the basement of the American Museum of Natural History stands the skeleton of Jumbo, once the central attraction of Barnum's big show, says the New York Tribune. Ever since it was placed on exhibition the big frame of bone has been one of the popular show pieces of the institution, but a rival for public favor was added to the Fossil Mammal hall last week in the form of a skull and tusks of an animal of the same family, which was much larger than the celebrated circus elephant, and lived hundreds of years before Jumbo made his debut in the sawdust ring. The specimen was discovered in the sands of Western Texas many years ago by an amateur collector, and was only recently secured by the American museum. The upper portions of the skull have been reproduced in plaster, but the entire lower portion of the skull, the large pair of grinding teeth and the gigantic tusks (which are the homologues of the incisor teeth in man) are complete. The latter fall little short of being the largest elephant tusks thus far described among either living or fossil members of this family. So far as preserved they measure 13 feet 6 inches from the base of the tusk to the tips and there is at least a foot broken away from the end of the tip, making the total estimated length 14 feet 6 inches. On leaving the skull, the tusks (which were undoubtedly used for fighting purposes) curve downward and outward, then upward and inward, until the tips almost meet each other. The height of this animal must have been at least thirteen feet; thus he was considerably higher than Jumbo.

A scientific description of the interesting exhibit states:

The single molar or grinding tooth is distinguished from that of the mammoth of the extreme North, Elephas primigenius, and that of the Columbian mammoth of the middle United States, Elephas columbi, by its very large size, and by the comparatively small number of its enamel plates, which are set widely apart and surrounded by broad bands of cement. In the grinders of the Northern mammoth the enamel plates are extremely numerous and closely appressed, and there is little or no cement. This specimen, therefore, adds greatly to our knowledge, and, together with the giant fore limb which will shortly be placed on exhibition, gives an impressive idea of the enormous size attained by the early Pleistocene or preglacial elephants of this country.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones.—The Advisor.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Theodore Ellifson and Isabella Jackson.

BIRTHS.

EILBERT—A son has been morn to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel V. Eilbert, of 5090 London road.

DEATHS.

PARSONS—Mrs. Cora Clemens Parsons, died last evening at 8 o'clock at her home, 830 East Second street, after a brief illness. She leaves a husband and three children. The funeral will take place tomorrow.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—20, 30 OR 50 CALUMET AND Arizona stock at $150 per share. Quick delivery. Subject to prior sale. The William Kaiser Co., 106 Palladio Bldg.

Advertisements in The Herald are read by all Duluth.

YES, A CHANCE BUSY DAY MAY COME WITHOUT ADVERTISING, BUT PERMANENT PROSPERITY Comes as the RESULT of Persistent Publicity

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

RICH Copper PROPERTY

Near the Calumet and Arizona mines, for sale cheap and on easy terms. See, write, phone or wire us at once.

The William Kaiser Company, 106 Palladio, Building, Duluth, Minn.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 15 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East. Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO.. 202-203 Palladio.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. ..Duluth ..Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. .. Proctor ..Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar...Virginia . Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar... Eveleth..Lv.	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar....Sparta ..Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar...Biwabik..Lv.	....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar...Hibbing..Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar ...Virginia....Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar.... Eveleth....Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar.... Ely ......Lv.	7:35	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
†1:25 p.m. *11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	†2:00 p.m. *6:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.	Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast.	*6:43 p.m.
*8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	*7:30 a.m.
†2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *10:00 a.m. All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv......... LOCAL ....Ar. †7:55 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	..St. Paul, Minneapolis..	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	.... Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	...Chicago, Milwaukee...	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	.......Appleton........	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	..Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	.......FAST MAIL.......	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REMOVAL.

We have removed to 102 and 103 Providence Building.

Two 50-foot lots on Sixth street. level. For both.......... **$700**
7-room house. First class condition, one block off Central Ave., West Duluth. One-half its value..... **$1000**
7-room house, No. 322 Third avenue West.......... **$2600**
25 feet on First street, between twentieth and Twenty-first avenues West; lays perfect, and very cheap.
7-room house, stone foundation, within five blocks of the postoffice; easy terms; price.......... **$1200**

NTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO. Both 'Phones. 102—103 Providence Bldg.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O. For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Wilson F. Showerman, Plaintiff, vs. Matie O. O'Keefe, Charles J. O'Keefe, Clyde Seward Showerman and all persons unknown, having or claiming an interest in the property described in the complaint in this action, Defendants.
The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff, in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated January 21st, 1903.
DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Duluth, Minn.,
No. 400-406 First National Bank Building.
The lands described in the complaint in the above action and which are sought to be divided in said action, all of which are demanded to be set off to plaintiff, are situated in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are described as follows, to-wit: Lot forty-one (41), in block one hundred twenty-seven (127), and lots thirty (30) and thirty-two (32), in block eighty-seven (87), Duluth Proper, Third division, according to the original plat of said division of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis.
DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-23-30-Feb-6-13-20-27-1903.

SUMMONS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
The National Bond & Security Company,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Maria Dewey, M. L. Kimball and F. C. Clothier,
Defendants.
The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:
You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, a copy of which is on file in the office of the clerk of said court, at his office in the courthouse in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of St. Paul in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court to grant against you and each of you, all and singular, the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.
Dated St. Paul, Minn., December 16th, A. D. 1902.
WILLIAM G. WHITE,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Rooms 513-514 Globe bldg., St. Paul, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 20-27, March 6-13-20-27, 1903.

CROSBY Will sell on easy terms a fine lot on upper side of Helm street between 28th and 29th avenue west—good neighbors and street has water, sewer, gas and is macadamized—only **$550**

$15,000 Takes modern brick houses in fashionable district east end—guaranteed to net buyer over 15 per cent. Apply in person or by letter.

Houses and lots for sale in all parts of the city. Fire insurance in strong companies.

GEORGE H. CROSBY, 106-7-8 Providence Building.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years.
Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.
Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.
200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.
Wanted, a small modern house in Endion division.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER, REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co

$2500 6-room house, corner lot, 100 by 140. On London Road, in Lester Park.

$2000 7-room house, stone foundation, hard wood floors, lot 50 by 140, good barn. East End.

$1800 7-room house, full 50-foot lot on Fifth street, near Fifth avenue West.

$1900 6-room house, hard wood floors, 50-foot lot, Fourth street and 22nd avenue West.

$1600 7-room house, water sewer, porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl, centrally located, easy terms.

$950 7-room house, good barn, lot 25 by 140, near Franklin school.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SOME KIND OF office work. Has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address, P. 18, Herald.

BOOKKEEPER OF LARGE EXPERIENCE seeks position. Highest references. Moderate salary. Address, W. 63, Herald.

WANTED, BY LADY 35 YEARS OLD, position for coming season as stewardess on passenger boat. Address X 77, Evening Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, 24 YEARS OLD, AS an accountant, or for general office work. Excellent references P. O. box 164.

WANTED —PLACE BY COMPETENT girl to do housework. Address 16 Twenty-second avenue west.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING; SHIRT waist suit. Moderate prices and neat work. 218 East Second street.

TRUSTY LADY WOULD LIKE CARE of rooms, chamber work, or work of any kind, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. W. 89, Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN Annuity company; something entirely new. Good commission. Chas. Boerner, general agent, 2 West First St.

SUMMERLAND THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

Has inaugurated new through service to Florida and the South, without parallel in magnificence.

Chicago & Florida Special—

Leave Chicago, Big Four Route	1:00 p m
Arrive Jacksonville, Q. & C. and Southern Railway	8:05 p m
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Railway	9:15 p m

Via Cincinnati and Atlanta, Daily except Sunday.
ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT.

The Florida Limited—

Leave Chicago, Penna. Lines	8:40 p m	Via Louisville
Leave Chicago, Monon Route	9:00 p m	Via Cincinnati
Arrive Jacksonville, Q. & C. and Southern Ry	8:30 a m	
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Ry	10:00 a m	

Via Chattanooga and Atlanta, Daily.
Note the new through route via Louisville.

These trains, the "Special" and the "Limited" carry Pullman Drawing-room sleepers, dining, cafe, composite and observation cars, and vestibuled coaches. Close connection made at Louisville and Lexington by Southern Railway trains from St. Louis. A Pullman Drawing-room sleeper is also run through from Cincinnati to Jacksonville daily, via Asheville, Hot Springs and the "Land of the Sky," leaving Cincinnati 8:05 p. m. Connections made at Cincinnati by Chicago trains daily. For our Florida booklet and other descriptive matter of the South write,
J. S. McCULLIUGH, N. W. P. A.
225 Dearborn., Chicago, Ill.
G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.
St. Louis, Mo.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RY. TO CHICAGO AND EAST

ROUTE OF THE **PIONEER LIMITED** FAMOUS TRAIN OF THE WORLD.

All trains from Duluth and West Superior via Northern Pacific and Great Northern Rys. make direct connections at St. Paul with trains via the Milwaukee Road.
Ask your agent for through tickets via C. M. & St. P. Ry.
W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—HEAVY SPRING DRAY and light double harness at 205 Palladio.

FOR SALE—FOUR DRAUGHT horses, one team suitable for hack or buss; also harness. Call Stewart's Livery barn.

$128 New, elegant, large sized, modern upright piano, mahogany, walnut or oak case. Duluth Music Co. Lake avenue and Superior street.

FOR SALE — ONE WRITING DESK, one office chair, one letter press; cheap, for cash. 633 Manhattan building.

$138, $150, $160, $175 buys beautiful pianos that were once worth double. Easy payments. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—EIGHT SWARMS OF ITALIAN bees, good and strong, also 50-egg incubator, new. David Adams, 1922 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—EMPLOYMENT BUSINESS, office fixtures and good will of business fourteen years old. 225 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY BUSINESS; good location in the city. W. 88, Herald.

FOR SALE—TOP WAGON, BRAND new, cheap. Call Sundby Tea Co., 1825 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL 100 SHARES Crooked River Mining & Milling Co.'s stock for $150. Address W 80, Herald.

$50 for good square grand piano. $3.00 down and $2.00 a month. Duluth Music Co.

SPRING GOODS AND NEW FASHION plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

MAPS OF HIGHLAND IRON DISTRICT and Isle Royale, $1.00 each. C. G. Krelwitz, 321 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, H. Herrick.

SALE OR RENT, TO DESIRABLE family only; new house in East End; sewer, water, gas, electricity, hardwood floors and heat, sanitary plumbing; possession May 1. Also house now building; plans changed to suit purchaser or for teannt on lease for term of years. Address, Owner, W 65, Herald.

Angelus Piano Player $150—
Oak--Perfect condition. $20 cash and $8 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

Hands'me Waln't Upright $145
Piano, slightly used; $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

2600 KRANICH & BACH
Pianos have been used for concert purposes, a few little scratches on case, otherwise fit as a fiddle. Now only $265. Duluth Music Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

Mahog'ny Upright Piano $158
Large size—$10 cash and $6 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

Good Square Piano—$48.
Sweet tone—$5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

FOR SALE
LUMBER delivered to any part of city.
HARDWOOD FLOORING.
C. B. Woodruff, Lumber.
800 to 951 Garfield Ave.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses! of all kinds constantly on hand. **BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,** Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS
Now on sale via
Louisville & Nashville R.R.
TO
Florida
AND
Gulf Coast Points
Route of the Famous Florida Limited.
Finest Dining Car Service in the South.
For Rates, Folders and Descriptive Matter write to
C. L. STONE,
General Pass. Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD FAMILY COOK. APPLY Bon Ton Bakery, 25 West Superior street.

WANTED—FIVE COOKS, GOOD WAGES; waitresses, $18 to $20 per month; nurse girls, general girls, second girls. Call at once at the old reliable employment office of Mrs. Somers, 17 Second avenue East.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING-room girl. Dakotah House.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN for traveling manager. Mail order house. Salary and expenses. O 73, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 219 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work. Lake Avenue Bethel. Ask for Mr. Asher.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 122 Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE CHEAP—OAK BEDROOM suite. 1805 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUPERIOR street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED — EXPERIENCE DINING-room girl at once. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GOOD GIRL to do family cooking. No washing. Wages $30 per month. 203 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 321 Tenth avenue E.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT dress maker at once, state price per day, O 71, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework, 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—NURSE MAID, WITH REFERENCES; wages, $12.00 a month. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

LADIES WISHING HELP PLEASE call at 215 East Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM, AND KITCHEN girl, who understands plain cooking. 394 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT girl. Apply 1431 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. 1422½ East First street.

WANTED, AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework. Apply 316 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK, 432 West Second street.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMPLOYMENT office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN FOR BANK work, 17 to 20 years of age; must have completed two years at High School or equivalent. Apply by letter, First National Bank of Duluth.

WANTED—A GOOD LIVE MAN TO canvass and collect. Salary and commission. Answer, giving two references, to C. A. M., Evening Herald office.

WANTED—DELIVERY BOY. DECKER Manufacturing company, 16 Second avenue west.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO TRIM windows and make himself handy around a store. Address N 24, Herald.

TAILOR WANTED AT 501 WEST SUPERIOR street, up stairs.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Advantages of steady practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., without limit to time. Tools, diplomas, Saturday wages and position given. Spring rush soon. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LICENSED optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY OR RENT—ONE TO five acres, suitable for garden, within a mile of a car line. Address O 72, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—PAIR OF HORSES, harness and sleigh, complete, to work at the mines. Call at 403 Palladio bldg.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ST. BERNARD DOG, HALF bull, swelling on throat, white breast and white legs. Five dolars reward if returned at once to William Derby, 511 West Superior street.

LOST—SATURDAY EVENING, LADY'S pocketbook containing $12.00. Name of owner on cards inside. Finder return to Herald. Reward.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONAL Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 544.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

WILL ASSIGN LEASE 1427 EAST SUPERIOR street and sell furniture. Daniel Waite, care Blake & Waite Co., South Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TO RENT—LARGE, DOUBLE, FRONT room, suitable for two men. All modern conveniences. Apply between 7 and 9 p. m. 301 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—MODERN—1322 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE ROOMS AND bath, on London road near Lester Park. R. 23, Herald.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM BRICK BASEMENT. 108 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 705 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room; central; private family; modern. Apply 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER and sewer. 19 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS, AT 229 Fifth avenue West.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board, 202 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 305 East Third street. Modern.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD. 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

CLAIRVOYANT.

RETURNED! RETURNED! PROF. LE ROY, CLAIRVOYANT AND Psychic Palmist, tells the object of your call and full name without asking a question. Gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic affairs, and in fact all affairs of life. Parlors 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours 9 to 9 daily and Sunday.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A SPIRITUALIST meeting Sunday evening, March 1st, at the Agen hall, corner of Sixth and Tower, West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIUM, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

WANTED—TO RENT.

SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM HOUSE OR flat about April 1, either on First, Second or Third street, east of Lake avenue. Address L. T. Walsh, 101 West Superior street.

WANTED TO RENT—ROOM FOR lady, on Second street between First and Fourth avenue West. "Boarder," Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—COTTAGE ON Minnesota Point, near pavilion, for summer. Address 25 West Fourth street.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DESIRABLE house in East End. G. A. French, French & Bassett.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE —also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

PERSONAL.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURING, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasndr, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

T. H. HOWARD, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT. 311 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DULUTH Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting March 9, 1903. Work Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 11, 1903. Work Royal Arch degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—DULUTH Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the 3rd rank, Tuesday, March 3rd. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp. No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

11

EIGHTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEEN PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1903. TWO CENTS.

FIRE DAMP EXPLOSION DEALS DEATH TO MINERS

Most of the Men Escape Almost Miraculously.

Were Over Eight Hundred Working In the Mine.

Latrobe, Pa., Feb. 28.—The Hostetter, Connellsville Coke company's mine, near there, was the scene of a fire damp explosion yesterday in which it is thought seven men lost their lives. Their names:

MICHAEL FLECK, 40 years old.
MICHAEL FLECK, JR., 15 years old.
WILLIAM H. BESER, 36.
STEVE HODUK, 26.
JOHN GAKISH, 45.
CHARLES R. BENNY, 26.
JOHN PENZERIC, 16.

The xeplosion accurred when the full force of men was at work, and it is considered almost a miracle that there were not more fatalities.

About 800 men are employed in the mine, which is located four and a half miles west of this place, on the Whitney branch of the Pennsylvania railroad.

The cause of the explosion is a mystery. It occurred in what is known as No. 7, left flat entry, which is near the eastern end of the mine and about two miles from the main entry. Most of the force of miners at work were in the vicinity of the entry in which the explosion occurred. For some time it was thought that fifty or more of the men had been caught by the explosion. Gradually, however, the lamp room, in which each miner deposited his safety lamp at the end of the day's work, began to fill up and it was by this means that the real number of the missing was ascertained. Hopes are entertained that the men may still be living, and three rescuing parties have made efforts to reach them.

The mine was owned by Pittsburgers and the loss will be about $10,000, from flooding.

The last rescuing party brought out Michael Flack, Sr.; Michael Flack, Jr.; William Besser, Charles R. Barnick, John Penserine, John Gakkis and Steve Hooduk. They were all still living, and after an hour's work the physicians brought them to. Only two men, whose names are not known, are now believed to be still in the mine and it is thought they are dead.

The rescued miners were unable to give any information regarding the explosion. Superintendent Marshall states that locked lamps were used throughout both mines. These were locked before being given to the men, and his theory is that the explosion was caused by a spark from some hard substance by a pick or by spontaneous combustion. The fire is raging fiercely, although batteries and embankments have been erected. Preparations are being made to flood the mine.

A FAST PASSENGER TRAIN PLUNGES DOWN HIGH BANK

Landslide Causes a Bad Wreck In Tennessee.

Three Persons Killed and Twenty-four Hurt.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 28.—The fast passenger train, Chattanooga to Salisbury, leaving Chattanooga at 11:45 last night, was wrecked about three and a half miles west of Lenoir City, Tenn., this morning about 2 o'clock. The wreck was caused by spreading of rails. Three deaths resulted and twenty-four are injured.

The dead:

JOHN BIBB, of Knoxville, engineer.

A. J. TUCKER, of Newport, the mail clerk.

ALFRED BEST, of Knoxville, colored porter.

The injured are: R. A. Tompkins, express messenger, Bristol, Tenn.; G. M. Betty, Knoxville, mail clerk; W. T. Klutz, Knoxville, baggagemaster; W. S. Overton, Knoxville, conductor; Thomas Mills, Knoxville, colored, fireman.

The following passengers were injured: J. L. Falcett, Chattanooga, Tenn.; E. F. Wanniso, Rogersville, Tenn.; P. H. Guyce, Flecher, N. C.; Mrs. P. H. Guyce, Fletcher, N. C.; W. B. Holt, Lyondas, Tenn.; H. C. Toms, Knoville; Mrs. H. C. Thoms; Mrs. M. Lee and two children, one may die; Mrs. Sarah Emerson, Rogersville, will die; L. A. Hughes, Lone Mountain, Tenn.; B. J. Troppolin, New York; J. A. Kelley, Aleandria,, Va.; Sam L. Kelley, Alexandria, Va.; F. L. Fisher, Knoxville; William Whitehead, Maryville, Tenn.; J. W. Toohey, Greenville, N. C.; R. H. Marsh, Muskogee, I. T.; H. B. Sargent New Orleans.

The wreck occurred on the top of a steep embankment and the train plunged down this. The locomotive went within thirty feet of the Tennessee river. Four of the coaches were telescoped and partially piled upon the engine. Three coaches were burned outright. The Cincinnati Southern train from Chattanooga to Cincinnati was traveling behind the ill-fated train, it having to come by way of Knoxville on account of damage to the tracks of the Cincinnati Southern between Chattanooga and Harriman last night. The train was awaiting orders at Loudon when it was advised of the wreck. The engine of the Cincinnati Southern train ran up to the scene of the wreck, and by pulling two of the rear sleepers back on the track and away from the wreckage, succeeded in saving them from destruction by fire. The wrecking train with physicians and officials left this city immediately after the wreck was reported, and the track may be cleared by noon today.

It is stated that the wreck was caused by two landslides. In the first it is thought that a big boulder came down the side of the bluff and fell on the track. These landslides spread the track, and when the locomotive struck the boulder it was thrown from the rails and down the embankment. Several coaches followed. The scene of the wreck is between Loudon and Lonoir City, Tenn., where the railroad parallels the Tennessee river for a considerable distance. The construction of the road at this point was very difficult engineering, and it is the mest unfortunate place for a wreck.

Just before Engineer Bibb died a physician endeavored to have him drink a little whisky, in the hope of extending his life as long as possible. The engineer refused it, saying:

"I have never touched it yet, and do not expect to begin to drink it now."

Continuing, he said: "I am going to die, so go look after the women and children in the coaches." He expired a few minutes later.

The Chicago & Florida limited of the Cincinnati Southern road, one of the finest trains in the country, run from Jacksonville to Chicago, was but a short distance ahead of the wrecked train. The Chicago flyer, which left Chattanooga ahead of Bibb's train, was compelled to run to Harriman by way of Knoxville instead of over its own line, for the reason stated above. Had this train been wrecked, the loss of life might have been very much greater, as it always carried a long list of passengers and runs on a very fast schedule.

FURTHER CONFESSIONS ARE EXPECTED FROM MURDERER

It Is Believed That Knapp Will Soon Tell of Other Crimes That He Has Committed.

Hamilton, O., Feb. 28.—It is currently reported about the jail today that Knapp is considering another confession that will cover other crimes. Meantime, while the officers are seeking all the information possible from him regarding other crimes, it has been decided that his first trial will be here for the murder of his third wife, Hannah Goddard, unless the trial judge holds that a corpus delicti has not been established by the confession of Knapp and other evidence that the officers have in their possession. Prosecutor Gard and other atorneys now hold that it is not absolutely necessary to find the body of Mrs. Hannah Goddard Knapp in order to try the prisoner here, but they are today keeping up efforts to find the body. The affidavit and other documents as well as the confession are in readiness for a hearing, and if the body is not found soon the prosecution will proceed without it. Meantime Knapp is being questioned more closely than ever by officers on his general record, although he is no longer keeping open house with reporters, police and others to whom he has been talking so so freely, and it is believed that he is on the verge of telling of other crimes.

Among those who have been with him today were medical experts, who pronounced him sane, but abnormally degenerate. Knapp seems to have no dread of trial, but is very apprehensive of lynching or some form of violence, and those who watch him say that he is really cowardly. He has been assured time and again that he is not to be lynched. He wants to live, even though he is behind prison bars. In the hope of saving his life his family says he is insane, and insanity will be his plea for his life that he has not said that he intended to kill his last wife, but he would not say that he might not have killed her. The fellow shows little signs of weariness and does not rest well at night. He is a pronounced talker in his sleep, but his words are not plain.

SAY POLYGAMY IS NOT THE ISSUE

Ministers of Salt Lake Deprecate the Charges Against Reed Smoot, Even If True.

Salt Lake, Feb. 28.—A committee representing the Ministerial association and the citizens, who protested against the seating of Reed Smoot, in the United States senate, have sent a telegram to Senator Burrows, chairman of the senate committee on privileges and election, deprecating the charges of polygamy filed with the committee by Rev. J. L. Leilitch, as tending to obscure the main issue raised against Smoot, that of his being an apostle of the Mormon church. The telegram is signed by Parley T. Williams and E. B. Critchelow, representing the citizens' committee and Rev. William Paden, of the First Presbyterian church, of Salt Lake, representing the Ministerial association. This action was taken after a meeting at which the sentiment seemed unanimous that the polygamy charges should play no part in the fight against Mr. Smoot.

"We feel that polygamy is in no way the issue," said a member of the association. "The principle for which we are fighting is that as an apostle in the Mormon church. Mr. Smoot has no right to a seat in the United States senate. That he is or is not a polygamist does not play any part."

FATAL DERAILMENT ON GRAND TRUNK

Battle Creek, Mich., Feb. 28.—As a result of the derailment of Grand Trunk west-bound limited express No. 8 at the South Jefferson avenue crossing, just before noon today, one man was instantly killed, one was fatally injured and several were seriously hurt.

The dead:

BLISS U. PARKER, of Battle Creek.

The seriously injured: Brakeman George Cowles, Battle Creek, skull crushed, will die; Flagman Alex Dixon, leg broken and afterward amputated, will recover.

The train was running at the rate of fifteen miles an hour when the derailment occurred. A switch opened just after the engine and baggage cars had crossed, throwing the two day coaches and two sleepers on a side track. The first day coach left the rails and swept broadside across Jeferson avenue, tearing down poles and the watchman's shanty and bringing a network of wires about the wreckage. Flagman Dixon was standing in the street talking to Parker, and both of them were swept under the car. Parker was instantly killed. The car was crowded with passengers. All of them escaped with very slight injuries and bruises. The wrecked coach took fire and the fire department had to be called to extinguish the flames. The switch that caused the accident is said to have been defective.

ATTORNEY GENERAL ISSUES FIRST FORMAL CERTIFICATE

Under New Law Which Will Secure Preference and an Early Argument In Case of the United States vs. Northern Securities Company.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The attorney general today sent to the clerk of the United States circuit court for the eighth circuit the formal certificate, under the act of Feb. 26, 1903, to secure pereference and an early argument for the case of United States vs. the Northern Securities company. The act in question provides that the attorney general may file "a certificate that in his opinion the case of general public importance," and it further provides that, upon such filing the "case shall be given precedence over others, and in every way expedited, and be assigned for hearing at the earliest practicable day, before not less than three of the circuit judges of said circuit." The certificate follows closely the words of the act, and the atorney general has directed the clerk of the court to forward copies of the certificate to the circuit judge of the eighth circuit. It is expected here that the argument will be had some time in March. The exact time and place will be fixed by the circuit judges who, under the act, will hear the case.

The government case will be argued by David T. Watson, of Pittsburg; Assistant Attorney General James M. Beck and William A. Day, of Washington. Mr. Watson, who has been associated as counsel for the government in the matter, is said to be one of the foremost members of the Pennsylvania bar. He is a Democrat in politics.

SEVERAL INJURED IN COLLISION

Brownsville, Pa., Feb. 28.—Six persons were seriously injured and a number slightly hurt in a collision between local passenger train No. 14 and a light engine on the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad at the junction near here. The names: John Kress, fireman, hurt internally, condition serious; Professor Frank R. Hall, head and face badly cat and bruised; Kirkland Townsend, leg broken; George Campbell, cut about head and badly bruised; Mrs. Marie P. Thompson, ankle and hip hurt; H. G. Thompson, flagman, shoulder injured.

The injured were taken to Brownsville for medical attention. The collision was head-on, and in the impact several passenger coaches were thrown from the track, the windows smashed and the passengers hurled in all directions.

WOULD INCLUDE AMERICAN MINERS

Toronto, Feb. 28.—Sir Charles Tupper, formerly leader of Conservatives in the Dominion parliament, in speaking of the Alaskan boundary dispute, said that he was still in favor of a proposition he had laid before parliament as the best solution of the difficulty. It was that parliament should pass a measure empowering the Dominion government to construct a line of railroad from Kilomot, or some other northern British Columbia seaport, to Dawson City, and that the Canadian parliament should pass a law dealing with Americans mining in the Yukon territory, similar to the law in the United States, which forbids Canadians from mining in that country. He contended that such a law need not immediately be put into operation, but that should be left in the hands of the governor general, which would mean that the ministry could advise what should be done with it.

SUPPOSED CORPSE COMES TO LIFE

New York, Feb. 28.—Miss Edith Curzon, of Redbank, N. J., is now recovering from pneumonia after her family thought her dead. She posed as the goddess of liberty in Redbank's Washington's birthday parade, and caught a cold which quickly prostrated her. Yesterday she died, apparently, and an undertaker was called in. As he was about to prepare the body for the shroud he was startled to perceive that the right arm, which had lain outside the bedspread, was now drawn up near the face. Then he noticed an eyelid twitch. The family was summoned, work begun to keep alive the slight spark of life, and after a time Miss Curzon was able to notice what was going on. Today she is improving, with every chance of recovery.

BLEW OUT THE GAS.

Two Minnesota Men at Winnipeg May Not Recover.

Winnipeg, Feb. 28.—W. Olson, of Hoffman, Minn., and J. M. Petersen and A. J. Nilsson, of Barrett, Minn., are at death's door as a result of inhaling illuminating gas. The men were members of a party of landseekers and Thursday night stopped at a hotel. They were warned not to blew out the gas, but yesterday morning when they were called the gas was found turned on and the men unconscious. Doctors worked over them all day, but last night had not yet succeeded in restoring consciousness.

SHOT BY JANITOR.

Akron, O., Feb. 28.—William Clerkin, one of the most prominent business men and manufacturers of this city, was shot by William Dornbrack, janitor of the Twentieth Century block, owned by Clerkin. Dornbrack and Clerkin are said to have recently quarreled. Mr. Clerkin's wounds are not fatal. Dornbrack is 45 years old.

FORBES WON FROM TOKELL

Knocked Out the English Bantamweight Without Difficulty.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 28.—England tried for another championship last night and scored another defeat. Her champion bantamweight, Andy Tokell, was beaten cleanly and decisively by Harry Forbes, the champion bantamweight of the world.

To say that Forbes was given the decision at the end of ten rounds comes far from telling the measure of his victory.

He won the fight from start to finish, had the better of every round with the possible exception of the seventh, in which he held his own, and proved himself the superior of the English champion in everything that goes to make a champion with the exception of courage, and in this he was equal to Tokell. The latter was something of a disappointment. He showed himself a strong, rugged youngster, with a world of power behind his blows, and proved himself game to the core. He took heavy punishment and came back every time in every round willing and eager to fight again.

In skill he was outclassed by Forbes, who hit him where and how he pleased, and as many times as Tokell would take without coming to a clinch or breaking ground. He pounded the Englishman's left eye shut and cut the left side of his face until he looked like the aftermath of a session with a sausage machine, while Forbes had not a mark.

SOCIALISM IS GAINING

There Are Over 2,500,000 Socialists In This Country.

New York, Feb. 28.—The closing of the sessions of the national convention on municipal ownership and public franchises was marked by a banquet at the Reform club at which Mayor Ignatius A. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., presided. In a speech Mayor Sullivan told of the Social Democratic movement, he being a Socialist.

Professor Hawkin, of Syracuse university, asserted that the Socialists are growing in strength in this country and that while only 300,000 of them voted at the last election, there was about 300,000 more who did not vote. It is estimated, he said, that there are over two and a half million of people in this country who believe that public enterprises ought to be taken over and run by the public.

Charles R. Bellamy, of England, said that the people are deeply dissatisfied with the disposition of wealth in all civilized countries and are anxious that every man should get his just share of the profits.

FIERCE BLIZZARD RAGES

Severe Storm Makes Things Very Uncomfortable In Southwest Where High Winds Are Whirling Snow In Every Direction, Causing Much Suffering.

Denver, Feb. 28.—A blizzard is raging all over this state and the temperature is falling. The weather is clear except at some points in the mountains, but the snow which already covers the eastern portion of the state is being carried by a high wind into the railroad cuts, and the railways are putting forth every effort to keep their lines open.

Topeka, Feb. 28.—A fierce blizzard is sweeping across this portion of the state today, with the air full of snow. The temperature registered 17 at 7 a. m., a fall of 20 degrees since last evening. This will cause great suffering among Western range cattle, where the ground is covered with snow.

Red Lodge, Mont., Feb. 28.—A furious blizzard has been raging throughout this section. Several inches of snow have fallen and has been badly drifted by the high winds. Unless there is a sudden fall in the temperature it is not believed stock will suffer materially.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Feb. 28.—The rain storm that visited this section last night at times assumed the proportions of a cloudburst. Telegraph lines in several places are down. Washouts are reported on all railroads. Streams are out of their banks and the Tennessee river is rising rapidly.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.—Specials to the Journal from South Dakota say last night's storm was the worst of the winter. Scotland has a foot of snow and all roads are drifted full. At Mitchell, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul passenger. west, was abandoned and snow plows were sent this morning to open the road. Miller has eight inches of snow and the storm is still in progress.

La Crosse, Feb. 28.—A fierce blizzard reached the city last night and left it shivering from intense cold. About an inch of snow fell, accompanied by a drizzling rain, which left the street in a slippery condition. The temperature dropped thirty degrees.

ICE BOUND TUGS FINALLY RESCUED

Grand Haven, Mich., Feb. 28.—After three days' battle with the ice in Lake Michigan, the fishing tugs Bos and Bornbos were piloted into port today by the steamer Nyack. The crews of the tugs, fourteen in number, were safe but completely exhausted after their hard fight. The Nyack which went in search of the tugs after they drifted out of sight yesterday, found them fast in a tremendous floe off Muskegon late in the day. A ten-hour struggle freed them and the three craft started for Grand Haven harbor. The tugs were only slightly damaged.

FLOOD DEVASTATES MIDDLEBORO

Middlesboro, Ky., Feb. 28.—This section was devastated today before daylight by the worst flood ever known, as the result of a cloudburst in the mountains, washing fences and houses away, and it is believed lives were lost in some sections. Reports from back points are not to be had. The loss in this section will amount to $75,000. Every merchant in town had to move. The flood was over the town before anyone was aware of it.

THE BOARD OF CONTROL BILL DISCUSSED FOR TWO HOURS

By the House and Further Consideration Postponed Until Next Wednesday—Would Have Been Defeated If a Vote Had Been Reached.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Morley board of control bill was a special order in the house yesterday afternoon, and after spending two hours on it, no progress was made, and its consideration was postponed until Wednesday. The bill provides that the educational institutions of the state shall be removed from the jurisdiction of the state board of control, and it promises to be one of the knotty problems of the session. It aroused almost interminable debate yesterday afternoon and would have been defeated if a vote had been reached.

There is strong opposition to the bill, when the objection to different portions are marshaled together. Some of the country members object to the removal of the university from the board's control; others think the board of control should manage the finances of the state normal schools, and as for the central institute for the deaf and blind, there are numerous opinions.

Mr. Morley spoke at considerable length yesterday afternoon in behalf of the bill. His principal contention was that in the case of educational institutions there were expenses of a nature that necessarily did not appeal to a cold business calculator. He attacked the economy of the state board of control by showing that it had been achieved by cutting off certain articles of food and in the payment of the help.

Mr. Rosenwald, of Lac Qui Parle, spoke for over an hour, in his most intense vein, to the great amusement of the house and the galleries, which took occasion to applaud every time the representative paused to take a drink.

W. A. Nolan, Burns and Perley discussed the question at length. It became evident to the house that a vote could not be reached. A motion to postpone consideration was passed with little or no opposition.

The house will resume its discussion on the measure next Wednesday, by which time it is expected that the senate will have come to a conclusion one way or other.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

BOWEN A FOREIGNER AT PRESENT

New York, Feb. 28.—Herbert W. Bowen, United States minister to Venezuela, has declined to allow citizens of Brooklyn to give a banquet in his honor, because he says he is to be regarded as a foreigner temporarily. In a letter to the chairman of the committee arranging the banquet, Mr. Bowen writes, among other things.

"My position as Venezuelan plenipotentiary is so peculiar that I feel I must consider myself as temporarily a foreigner here. That is the view taken of me by the government of the United States and I beg that you will kindly present it to my Brooklyn friends who have been interested in the proposal to honor me with a dinner. I am most happy in hearing that they approve of the work that I have done here, and if I retain their confidence until that work is concluded, I shall feel that they have conferred upon me the highest honor that I could desire."

STUDENTS RETURN AT OWN RISK

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The Ithaca board of health refuses to assume responsibility for the statement recently made to the effect that it was safe for students of Cornell to return to Ithaca, and has passed resolutions declaring that it deems the condition of Ithaca city water such that it is absolutely essential for residents to secure such board and lodging as will guarantee that no unboiled water from that source shall enter the stomach, and that it looks upon the chance of secondary infection from the numerous cases of typhoid fever now in the city as a new and serious source of danger.

President Schurman said: "The attitude of the university authorities was the same now as it has been throughout the epidemic, namely, that students who remain in Ithaca or now return do so entirely on their own responsibility, but that absent students would be given the greatest consideration in making up for work lost.

Popular

Benefit Concert

For the famine stricken of Norway, Sweden and Finland, Monday evening, March 2nd, at 8 o'clock on third floor Gray-Tallant Company's store.

Programme.

Orchestra of fourteen pieces.

March— "Welcome"....... .... Catlin
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Solo—"The Kerry Dance"........... ....
Mrs. McAuliffe.
"Remembrance From Sweden" .... Mastoe
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Selection from "Rogers Bros. in Harvard"..................Levi
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Baritone solo—Selected............. ....
E. W. Prophet.
Overture — "Beautiful Galatea" ....Suppe
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Norwegian folk song—"Kari og Mari,"................ Behrens
Normanna Singing Society.
Idylle — "Hiawatha"................ ....Moret
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Miss Lynn, Accompanist.

That all may assist the admission price has been made a very popular one. The committee appointed by Governor Van Sant will have charge of the door receipts and all money contributed goes to the fund. Price of admission:

Be generous. 10c Be generous.

Positively no goods sold on evening of concert.

BIG RUSH TO PAY THE TAXES

Final Day Before Attachment of Ten Per Cent Penalty.

This was the last day for the payment of the personal property taxes for 1902 without the 10 per cent penalty attached. The county treasurer's office was crowded all the morning and early afternoon by people who had waited until the last day to pay their taxes, and the office force was crowded to its capacity in taking care of the tax payments.

It is not possible at the present time to tell exactly what proportion of the personal taxes have been paid.

Those who have neglected or who have not been able to reach the treasurer's office by this evening will have to pay an additional 10 per cent on their assessment as a penalty for delinquency.

The daily receipts of personal property tax payments by mail have also been quite heavy, especially during this week.

To Cure a Cold on the Lungs, and to prevent pneumonia, take Piso's Cure for Consumption.

TWO SUITS DISMISSED.

Personal Injury Claimants Lose on Their Pleadings.

Orders dismissing two personal injury actions have been filed in district court. Both actions were brought against the Colonial Mining company, the first by Elizabeth Asplund, administratrix of the estate of Louis Chelberg, deceased, and the second was brought by Peter Lindholm, administrator of the estate of Peter Henderson, deceased.

The dismissals were ordered by Judge Ensign on the motion by the defendant's attorney for judgment on the pleadings. The two men in behalf of whose estates the actions were started were employed at the Hale mine near Biwabik, and were killed in a cave-in, June 14, 1900, it being claimed that the company was negligent in not keeping the tunnel in which they were working properly timbered.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

THE POLICE COURT.

Two Petty Thieves Get Sixty Days Each.

Frank West and Matt McMahon were given sixty days each by Judge Windom in the municipal court this morning for petty larceny.

West was in court yesterday charged with vagrancy, but was allowed to go after being ordered to leave town. Instead of taking the trail for parts unknown he went to the Bethel branch on the Bowery, and, accompanied by McMahon, took a couple of satchels which he found in one of the rooms and finding them full of clothing, started to don the apparel.

ClerkCall of the Branch Bethel entered at this juncture and he called an officer. The men were arrested. It was thought that George Allen and Charles Douglas were accomplices in the clothing steal game, but evidence was not strong enough to convict them so Allen, who had just been released from the bastile after a stay of ten days was reinstated for a period of forty and Charles Douglas went up for twenty on a charge of begging on the streets.

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Installment company, Wash., Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with chronic catarrh. Remedies and treatments by specialists only gave me temporary relief, until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief and has proved the one good thing in my case. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—21.

FORGERY CHARGED.

Philip Schnell Arrested On St. Paul Complaint.

The police this morning arrested Philip Schnell, a barber, on a charge of forgery.

The arrest was the result of a letter from the chief of police in St. Paul. It is said that Schnell, who came here last summer, was living rather a fast pace, and that he cashed three different forged checks in amounts of from $5 to $11. He has a wife and two little children.

The police will hold him here until an officer arrives from St. Paul, where he will be returned for trial on the charge of forgery.

NO OFFICEHOLDERS

For Town, and Corporation May Be Abandoned.

Wooster, Ohio, Feb. 28.—The village of Congress, Wayne county, which for many years was one of the thriftiest burgs in the county, finds itself in a peculiar predicament under the new code. There will be twenty-two offices to fill. The town actually has 46 voters, but at the las telection but 32 voted. A canvass has been made to see who among the citizens will consent to take the offices. Less than one-half the number will be secured, and it has been decided not to hold an election at all, and thus surrender the incorporation of the village. To secure funds to run the town the council some months ago voted to permit the opening of a saloon, but no one can be found who will pay the Dow tax of $350, and at a special election held last week a proposition to do away with the village school district carried, and the children of the town will be forced to attend the township school.

PRESIDENT SMITH DENIES

That Apostle Smoot Is Guilty of Polygamy.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 28.—President Smith, of the Mormon church, makes vigorous denial that Apostle Smoot is a polygamist. President Smith says: "There is not one word of truth in the assertion that Reed Smoot is or has been a polygamist, or that he married a plural wife either since or before Utah became a state of the union. Mr. Smoot has never had but one wife at any time. As to the record, which I understand by the dispatch that we are desired to produce, there is no such record. No plural or polygamous marraiges have been solemnized by sanction of the church for many years, and, therefore, there is not and cannot be a record kept concerning them. The whole story about Reed Smoot is a sheer fabrication, evidently designed to hinder his taking the seat in the United States senate to which he was elected by the legislature of Utah. It is untrue in every particular. Every marriage ceremony performed by the church is such as the law provides for."

CASE DISMISSED.

No Equity Was Shown By Mrs. Eames.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The bill filed by Louise Kennedy Eames to establish her title to the fortune left by the millionaire banker, Lester H. Eames, was dismissed today for a want of equity. Demurrers had been filed by Mrs. Louise E. Mather and Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh. No one appeared in behalf of Mrs. Eames.

Mrs. Eames alleged in her bill that she is the daughter of Lester H. Eames, and based her claim on the alleged common law marriage of Lester H. Eames and a Miss Wagner, formerly of Ottawa, Ill., where Mr. Eames was president of a bank for many years.

LOST BODY IDENTIFIED.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 28.—The only remaining body in the morgue in this city taken from the Clifton hotel ruins last Saturday, was positively identified today by relatives as that of A. P. Johnson, a merchant of Orion, Ill.

ATTORNEYS ARRESTED.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 28.—Eleven leading attorneys of this city were arrested today on warrants charging them with failing to pay a license to practice law. They will contest the matter through the appelate court.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

FOR FAMINE FUND

Concert to Be Given at Gray-Tallant Store Monday Evening.

Fine Program By Flaaten's Orchestra and Local Singers.

Arrangements were completed today for a fine musical entertainment to be given next Monday evening in the store of the Gray-Tallant company for the benefit of the famine-stricken people in Norway, Sweden and Finland. A special effort has been made to make the entertainment pleasing in every respect. The musical numbers will be rendered by Flaaten's orchestra, the Normanna Singing society and prominent singers, including Mrs. James McAuliffe and E. W. Prophet. Miss Lynn will be the accompanist.

The Gray-Tallant company has kindly donated the whole of the third floor of the store for the entertainment and the space will be cleared and chairs placed for the audience.

At the request of the Gray-Tallant company, Dr. J. J. Eklund, recently appointed by Governor Van Sant to receive all contributions from this district, for the cause of the sufferers, will take charge of the door receipts, the admission price being only 10 cents, a very low price considering the high class of entertainment. Those in charge state that larger amounts, if offered, will not be refused, however. The public is responding nobly to the urgent call for help from the Scandinavian country and it is expected that the Monday evening's entertainment will swell the total receipts by quite a sum.

Following is the program:

March—"Welcome"..... ....Catlin
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Solo—"The Kerry Dance"..........
Mrs. McAuliffe.
"Remembrance from Sweden"..Mastoe
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Selection from "Rogers Bros. in Sweden"........ ....Levi
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Baritone solo—Selected...... .. .. ..
E. W. Prophet.
"Kari og Mari," Norwegian folk song...... ....Behrens
Normanna Singing Society.
Overture—"Beautiful Galatea"...Suppe
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Idyl—"Hiawatha"...... .. ..
Flaaten's Orchestra.
Miss Lynn, Accompanist.

PRONOUNCED INSANE

And For Nineteen Years Lived In Confinement.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 28.—Mrs. Ryka Melcher, of Black Creek, after being compelled to live for nineteen years under the could of insanity, appeared in the Outagamie county probate court and was pronounced of sound mind. There were tears in the eyes of nearly every one in the courtroom as the woman recited the narrative of her life. In her girlhood Mrs. Melcher is said to have been more than ordinarily pretty.

At an early age she met Louis Melcher and fell in love with him. They were married and for some year lived happily together, six children being born of the union. In time, however, a change came in the husband and his affections waned with his wife's disappearing beauty. Accompanied by her husband, Mrs. Melcher went to Cincinnati to seek relief from an ailment. She was taken to a hospital in that city and her husband paid for her care for two months in advance. Lying on a bed in the hospital almost at the point of death, Mrs. Melcher looked for the last time upon the face of her husband, who, with the children, left her to be cared for by strangers. When the time for which the care at the hospital had been paid for expired, Mrs. Melcher was sent from the institution back to her home at Black Creek. Upon her return to Black Creek the woman became an object of charity. She was brought into court and examined by physicians, who pronounced her mental faculties sound. Three times subsequently Mrs. Melcher was brought before the same court to have her mind examined, and finally, the third time, she was pronounced insane.

Louis Melcher is now living with his children in Topeka, Kan.

NO JOKE

But 90 Pounds of Solid Flesh.

If Mark Twain should write a story about a person who weighed 90 pounds and increased her weight to 180 pounds (or double) in one year by quitting coffee and drinking Postum Coffee, everyone who read it would say, "There's a joke behind that somewhere."

There is a well-known lady in Coraopolis, Pa., who actually made this gain in weight as the direct result of leaving off coffee and taking to Postum Food Coffee. It was a very earnest matter and far from a joke for her. Her gain in general health kept pace with the increase in weight.

She says: "For many years I suffered with stomach derangement and violent and oft-recurring headaches. It was not an unusual thing for our family of four to use two and a half to three pounds of coffee a week. I was suspicious that my troubles were due to coffee, but as I did not like tea or cocoa or chocolate, there seemed no palatable hot drink for me to take at my meals.

"Then it was I heard of Postum and decided to try it. I was just convalescing from a serious illness, and was very weak and emaciated. I know it sounds like what people would call a 'fish story', but I actually went from 90 pounds to 180 pounds weight in one year. All the sallowness disappeared from my skin and I now carry my 40 years very lightly indeed. My change in health is so great that many of my friends make a joke of it to this day, but my nerves are good and I am happy and contented, so can afford to laugh with them.

"I first learned of Postum from a family in Indianapolis where I saw the mother of six children emerge from invalisism to perfect health on Postum after leaving off coffee. Soon after that another friend made a remarkable recovery by dropping coffee and using Postum, and when I moved here a neighbor shook off coffee and nervous dyspepsia and built himself up on the food drink. So I heard of one after another until I don't know how many I have known of who have recovered from disease of some sort by leaving off the drug coffee and using Postum Food Coffee.

"You are at liberty to use my name." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

MINISTER TRIES TO END LIFE

Rev. Mr. Caldwell of Chicago Throws Himself Before Train.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Rev. Dr. J. M. Caldwell, for many years presiding elder of the Methodist church at Chicago, and now pastor of the Union Avenue M. E. church, attempted to end his life today by throwing himself in front of a Grand Trunk train at Forty-sixth street. He was unconscious when picked up, his leg was broken and he was internally injured. He was taken to Wesley hospital, where it was said he might recover.

Dr. Caldwell was arrested last night on a charge of disorderly conduct and released on bail. He left home this morning to answer the charge in police court, and instead of going there, deliberately walked in front of the rapidly moving train.

WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS

Can Now Be Purchased In This City--Branch Store Opened.

The White Barrios Diamond Co., recognizing the importance of Duluth as a business city, have opened up a branch store at 413½ West Superior street. The White Barrios diamonds resemble in appearance the finest gems on the market, and have deceived some of the greatest experts in the country. Society women generally have adopted the white Barrios diamonds instead of the genuine, as they possess all of the beauty of the most magnificent gems, while purchasable at only a fraction of the cost of their cost.

F. J. Blumken, of Pittsburg, Pa., is the manager of the Duluth branch and reports a big busienss being done already.

NEWS OF THE STORES

Duluth Music company—Bargains in new and used pianos and organs.

Panton & White—Announcement of low prices on furniture of all kinds.

White Barrios Diamond company—Great introductory sale of the famous White Barrios diamonds.

CORBETT REPLIES.

Will Meet Delaney to Discuss Match With Jeffries.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.—Jim Corbett has answered the telegram sent him by William Delaney, acting manager for Jeffries. In reply Corbett says he will meet Delaney at Tom O'Rourke's in New York Sunday afternoon, and will be ready to transact business in regard to making a match between himself and Jeffries. Corbett, when seen this afternoon, said that, although he had sent a telegram, he would take no steps toward arranging a match unless Delaney could show authority to act for Jeffries. Corbett appears sincere in his desire to get a bout with the champion. He says he will fight under any just conditions. The only stipulation he makes is that the bout shall take place not later than June. This will give Jeffries four months in which to get in condition. Corbett said that he had one forfeit up in New York, another one in San Francisco, and that he was willing either or both of these should be used to cover any forfeit Jeffries may put up. The ex-champion will fight before the club offering the largest purse. He is perfectly satisfied with the $25,000 offered by the Fort Erie club, but if Jeffries is particularly anxious to fight in 'Frisco he will accept the $20,000 purse offered by a club in that city.

CHESTER DURYEA

Offers to Take Back Wife on Conditions.

New York, Feb. 28.—Chester B. Duryea testified before Justice Blanchard in the supreme court in his wife's suit for a seperation that he would be willing to take his wife back now if she would agree t three conditions. They are:

1. She must cheerfully resume the performance of her wifely duties.
2. She must cease her misrepresentations of him to their mutual friends.
3. Mrs. Laura Smith, his deaf mother-in-law must not live with them.

As to his wife's testimony that she had been compelled to do her literary work in the cellar, he said she chose that place herself, and that it was comfortably furnished and lighted by electricity. His wife, he said, frequently had told him that all the Duryeas had come from the gutter. One night, he said, she had kept him awake discussing family matters in bed until three in the morning, while she ridiculed his sisters, his mother, and his whole family generally. At last he remonstrated with her, whereupon she jumped out of bed. He grabbed her nightgown, and it tore all the way down the back. He immediately apologized, and she accepted his apology, but he did not, as she says, weep on his knees and beg her forgiveness.

SENSATIONAL CHARGE

Made Against Governor Jeff Davis of Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 28.—Sensational developments were brought out in the investigation of the charges of misconduct in office against Governor Jeff Davis. State Auditor T. C. Monroe testified that Governor Davis approached him before the Democratic primaries were held last year and compelled him to sign an agreement pledging his vote as a member of the state penitentiary board to join the governor, who is also a member of that board, to purchase the Altheimer plantation at a price of $90,000 for a state convict farm.

The agreement, which was received as evidence, states that if Auditor Monroe would sign the agreement he (Governor Davis) would not bring out a candidate against Monroe for a second term. Captain Monroe said he signed the agreement because he was not financially or physically able to make a canvass of the state, and the governor told him he would bring out opposition if he refused to sign it.

FUNERAL RITES

Final Ceremonies Over the Body of Father Henry McGolrick.

Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul Delivers the Funeral Sermon.

Services impressive in their solemn dignity were held over the body of Father Henry McGolrick at the Cathedral this morning.

A solemn requeim mass was celebrated by Father William McGolrick, a brother of the late priest, and the sermon was preached by Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul. The music was beautiful and the cathedral was decorated in the mourning colors of the church, black and white.

Over twenty church dignitaries were present attired in the robes of their office, and the edifice was crowded to its capacity.

Archbishop Ireland delivered the funeral sermon. In the most beautiful of language the distinguished prelate dwelt upon life as we see it here and nte in the broader sense as God ses it, and included in his address a fine eulogy of Father McGolrick who has passed away after nearly a quarter of a century of faithful service to the church.

"Honor the dead who died in the Lord. We are here to honor one who has passed away," said the archbishop. "So it happens every day, now it is one again another, so it is and so it will be until thousands have been taken and until we ourselves have gone over the fatal path.

"Flowers and trees in the forest come and go. For a moment they throw a passing fragrance on the surrounding world, and are gone. Death passes its cold hand hand over all physical nature. Just as it is with the flowers, so it is that the children of men are called upon by death.

"Is this all that we are? Are we but as those blossoms of spring? To be agitated by the passing wind, shed a momentary fragrance, fall to the ground, be buried and forgotten? If so, what is the value of life? Is it nothing but to stay here, striving to make an impression on the moving sands?

"A child is born and in a few years he has blossomed into youth, but a few score years of pleasures, works and sorrows and death obliterates man and memory. Still, if memory lives, what is it? Vain whisperings of the few charms he may have had for mankind.

"If this is all of life, what importance may I attach to you. Vanity, vanity, all is vanity. No, this is not all of life. You must see life, see humanity in its proper perspective, see it as God sees it. Life on earth is but a moment beside eternity. Happiness you may enjoy in life is but as a particle cast into the ocean of eternity.

"Obedience to the divine will, charity to fellowmen so soon forgotten by them, is seen in heaven through all eternity. To one in what might be called an obscure station is often given works only His amniscient eye sees. There is value in every assignment which God gives in this life if it is properly carried out. Faithful toil in a low station is of much more value than a poorly-done task in a high position.

"How different, then, is human life when we see it in this way? Blessed are the dead who died in the Lord, who lived for Him and with Him.

"He who lies cold and motionless before us was one who from earliest youth grew up in the sweet fragrance of a truly Christian home. He learned early to sacrifice himself to God. For a quarter of a century he has served as a faithful priest of God's church. He has done his duty faithfully and that is all God asks.

"He may not have been saluted by nations or received the honors of empire. He did his duty as a humble priest giving example of God'slove in his life time. He lived for God, with God, and has gone to eternity with God.

"He can speak of trials and temptations overcome. Can speak of silent visits to the tabernacle, can speak of absolution. He can call about him the souls his ministerial services in the church have brought to heaven.

"We ourselves should draw lessons from this. We shall go soon, very soon. May God give us common sense to go in hope and love. May He give us strength to overcome all things which retard us on the journey."

The interment was at Calvary cemetery.

HAMILTON W. MABIE.

Noted Critic to Lecture In Duluth Next Week.

The Star Lecture course aims each year to present some person in its course who is representative of the best literary culture of the country. The man who will appear in that capacity this year is Hamilton W. Mabie, who will lecture next Wednesday evening at the First Methodist church on "Literature as a Personal Resource." He has been a prolific writer and is pronounced in England one of the best of American critics. The Buffalo Commercial said of him:

"Mr. Mabie's address was a melody from beginning to end. The manner of it—his easy flow of words, his melodious voice, his singularly happy choice of expression—was charming in the extreme. The matter was discriminating, perhaps a little severe upon the American author, but upon that account it was invigorating, like the breath of the sea, which chills, but is a tonic. Nothing in what Mr. Mabie said was fulsome praise of our men of letters; it was discriminating criticism, and therefore valuable."

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c

FRANTIC MOTHER

Finds Letter Explaining Her Daughter's Disappearance.

Columbus, O., Feb. 28.—Mrs. Mary A. Shriner, No. 289 West Goodale street, has found in an empty trunk a letter which, in a measure, relieved her frantic grief over the disappearance of her fifteen-year-old daughter Gertrude, on Monday, though she still does not know where the girl is. In the letter the child had written:

"Do not worry about me. I have gone to join Dick. He is the only boy I ever cared for, and I am going to marry him, because I love him. I will write and explain when I get to where I am going. God bless you and watch over you, dear mother and sisters. I am your loving GERTIE."

"Dick" is Richard R. Matthews, son of a well-to-do farmer who lives near Portsmouth. He is an expert machinist, 22 years old, and while he worked here he courted the girl, for which reason she was bundled off to a boarding school at Clyde, Mo. She was allowed to come home after Dick had gone to Cincinnati to work. Mrs. Shriner thinks the young people are either in Cincinnati or Chicago.

Duluth Hive No. 1,

L. O. T. M. will hold their next Friday afternoon March 6 at usual hour.

Dr. Mitchell's Marvelous Cures Will Live In History—People Are Coming Hundreds of Miles to See Him-

A record of nearly five years of the most remarkable cures, old cases of rheumatism and paralysis, helpless for years are made to walk; old supposed incurable cases of deafness and blindness that had wrecked people's lives for a score of years; nervous prostration, women who from female weakness and disease have become confirmed invalids are cured in a short time. He has cured case after case of stomach troubles, constipation, kidney and bladder trouble; removed troublesome growths, cured cancer. Healer Mitchll, in talking to a reporter a few days ago, said: "I know that I have a treatment that will reach diseases which medicine will not. My treatment stands upon its merits and will bear the closest investigation."

Hundreds of patients have applied to Healer Mitchell who had no faith in his being able to do what he says he can in his advertisements, but after seeing and talking to cured patients they could not doubt. No man dares question his wonderful healing power, for hundreds of cures are made right here in Duluth. Many cures are being made every day. Physicians discuss and wonder what kind of a man is this, but every day the cures multiply and the skeptical are made to believe. The sick from all parts of the world are sent to him, they are cured in a short time and return home and send their sick friends, and that is why Dr. Mitchell's offices are crowded from morning till nighht. The doctor can be seen at 17 East Superior St. Those coming from a distance should write and make arrangements.

Office hous daily 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings 7 to 8:30. Zenith 'Phone 579.

ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE

By Sherwin Cody.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

We were talking of that woman in Massachusetts who left her rich husband who was so indulgent toward her, her grown-up children, everything that makes life comfortable and easy, to run away with a poor young man fifteen years her junior.

"Just think how she loved him!" exclaimed Helen. "I could forgive anything for love!"

"But a man of that age left his family to go away with a young girl, you would probably want to put him in the penitentiary."

"Men are different! They don't know what true love is."

"Indeed!"

Then the major, who had been sitting quiet all this time, gave a loud hem to let us know he, too, was in the conversation, and said:

"Hem! I might tell you the story of man's love that would be a good lesson in the tender passion for a number of women I know."

"Indeed!" answered Helen, in her musically ironical voice. "By all means let us hear it."

* * *

"First I will sketch the characters in my little drama.

"Two men and a woman—the usual thing. The men were old comrades. They had slept together on the same Indian blanket out on the prairie with the wolves howling around them; they had eaten off the same crust of bread; they had drunk stale water from the same tin cup. They were just past thirty, and, owing to the good fortune of the Spanish war, they were already captains in the regular army. For ten years they had hung together, "for better, for worse."

"I will call the men James and John. The incident happened at Fort S—— while I was there in 18—.

"It had been arranged that Capt. James should go to the Philippines for two years; then Capt. John should take his place. It seems that John had reasons for wanting to stay at Fort S——.

"The woman I will call Edith. She was the daughter of the colonel. John had met her several times; but James had never seen her.

"This Edith B—— was, I believe the most beautiful girl we ever had at Fort S——. She not only had a fine figure and a fine complexion, and a brilliant mind, too, but she was generous, warm-hearted, and kind to everyone—except, perhaps, her lovers. Of these she had scores.

"I take it John understood her very well. He understood the conquest of her in the true strategic manner, by slow approaches, and established siege methods. He crept up a step nearer every day, never showing a weak point, though you may be sure she was trying hard to find one; for she stood strictly on the defensive. He won her, I think, because he took his time for it, and never once lost his head. But when at last his diamond ring glittered on her finger, the agreed period of his stay at Fort S—— was at an end, and Capt. James was already on his way home.

"However, John was determined to finish up the campaign before he left, and insisted on having the marriage immediately. So the knot was tied a few hours before he took the train for San Francisco, on his way to the Philippines. James had arrived a few days before, and acted as best man. The girl would not have been the daughter of Col. B—— had she not wished to accompany her husband to the front; but the regulations made this impracticable for the present, though John expected to send for his wife within a year.

"As they stood together on the platform of the city railway station during the fifteen minutes they had to wait before the train pulled out, John laughingly entrusted his beautiful wife to the care and guardianship of his old friend, and Edith forced back her tears and merrily consented to be entrusted.

"James was a handsomer man than John. There was an element of reserve in his character that John lacked; and yet, if you can understand me, he appeared to be more companionable. He could sing, as John could not; he could tell entertaining stories better than John did; and he had a more tender manner toward women. Otherwise the two were much alike. A woman who liked John, would probably in time come to like James even better.

"During the year that followed James found the colonel's sittingroom the most agreeable place at the fort. He and Edith used to compare their letters from John and the jocose guardianship was a standing joke. Now that she was married, and no longer a sentimental possibility, the other men left the colonel's daughter in peace, only Capt. James feeling it his duty, as well as his pleasure, to entertain and divert her.

"Toward Thanksgiving, however, the colonel noticed that his daughter was growing thin, and there was a weary look in her eye. He thought she needed change, and sent her to visit her grandmother, twenty miles across the country.

"She stayed a week and then made a peremptory demand upon her father to fetch her home. He could not leave the garrison, and sent Capt. James to bring her.

"They usually made the trip on horseback. In summer it was a thoroughly agreeable journey; but now, at the end of November, the cold, bleak winds, the gloomy atmosphere and the danger of snows, made it something to be dreaded. That was why the colonel wished his daughter to be escorted by a thoroughly trustworthy man.

"His precaution was justified. Before they had made five miles of the distance toward home it began to snow furiously, and grew alarmingly dark. Before they had made another five miles they had lost their way. For three hours they wandered about, searching for the road, only to discover that they had returned upon their own tracks. Edith was exhausted and thoroughly terrified. But Capt. James had noticed an abandoned farmhouse half a mile back, and they went in search of that.

"They found it, with its broken windows and its floors filled with holes. There was, however, as luck would have it, an old stove used by campers; and in half an hour Capt. James had a brisk fire and had made one room fairly secure and comfortable. Fortunately, his haversack was pretty well supplied and he laid out his hardtack and dried beef on the old table, while over the fire he made a steaming cup of coffee.

"Outside the storm roared and whistled; the snow swished against the window and sifted in upon the floor; it was an awful night.

"Suddenly the fierce bark of a gray wolf was heard close by the door. A dozen animals seemed scuffling over something. Scarcely knowing what she did, the girl threw herself into the protecting arms of Capt. James. He held her closely and she rested there in strange content. The barking of the wolves grew faint in the distance, but within there was no sound or movement but the crackling of the fire and the soft, rhythmic beating of two quickened hearts.

"These two merely acknowledged to themselves and to each other the overmastering power of the passion of love, the passion that breaks down all reserves; that ignores all conventions; that binds so that few can pluck asunder.

"In the morning Capt. James and his charge set out once more on their way, and within three hours cantered up to the colonel's house. The eyes of the woman looked brighter and her cheeks were flushed, as if with the brisk riding; but the captain was very pale and looked haggard. He bade the lady a hasty good-by, and four hour later he left the fort without seeing her, having secured a week's leave of absence.

"When he returned he did not call immediately at the colonel's house, as he had been accustomed to do in times past. During the evening, however, he sent this note over to Mrs. John:

"'I have a confession to make which I know it will be hard for you to believe after my recent conduct, and I fear you will lose any respect you may have had for me. For my own sake, however, I must tell you the truth, and you must help me to act according to it. I am not unmarried, as most people suppose, but have a wife and three little children dependent upon my love and protection.'

"The document closed rather abruptly, and there was a suspicious tremble in the haidwriting, especially toward the close.

"As Edith read it the paper fairly fluttered in her fingers. But she knew what it is to be brave, as well as any soldier. For an hour she sat pale and rigid; then she rose and dressed as usual for dinner, only perhaps, a trifle more gayly than common. She went down and asked her father to send over for Capt. James to join them as he often did.

"It was a trying evening, you may be very sure; but before it was over Edith had managed to pluck up courage to ask her friend if he would take her to see the—wife and little ones. For a moment he flushed guiltily; then he consented and appointed the following Saturday for the visit.

"As they drew near the house that Capt. James pointed out three handsome boys and a little girl ran out to greet him, calling him father; and when he entered the house he kissed the little woman who was evidently their mother. The call was short, but it afforded relief to both.

"A few weeks later Capt. John sent for his wife and she went to the Philippines to join him.

"One day she remarked:

"'Why did you never tell me Capt. James had a wife and children?'

"'He has none.'

"'But he took me to see them,' she exclaimed. 'Then she told him of the visit.

"'That's his sister. It was a notion of hers after her husband was shot that the children should call their uncle 'papa.' James was engaged to a rich New York girl when I left, but Maj. Hepburn, who saw him a couple of months ago, tells me the engagement has been broken off, and James seemed very much upset about it—or about something else of the same sort.'

"Well, at last she understood. But she never saw Capt. James again, for at his own request he was transferred to Cuba, though he might have joined his old friend in the Philippines, and the next year he died of yellow fever."

"All the same," said Helen, as the story-teller finished, "he lied to her."

"Not at all," replied the major imperturbably. "He merely dramatized the lesson—at his own expense."

RELIGIOUS BOY PRODIGY

Preaches Eloquent Sermons and Uses the Choicest Language.

Marion, O., Feb. 28.—Lawrence E. Ames, the boy preacher of this city, is a religious prodigy. He will not be 14 until June 5. Still for two years he has been engaged in evangelistic work. He is of slight satture and does not look like a healthy boy. Yet when he enters the pulpit he delivers some of the most fluent end eloquent sermons ever heard in Ohio. He quotes from the Bible, frequently, never writes a sermon, but seems to be inspired with the word of God.

When 12 years old he was converted at a series of revival services held at the United Brethren church of this city. He father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Ames, had become affiliated with this church. The boy said that he felt he had been called to preach. He requested his father to allow him to fill the pulpit just for one Sunday.

The father referred him to the Rev. A. Snider, the pastor, who announced to the congregation that a boy would preach the following Sunday. The result was marvelous. The little fellow delivered one of the strongest pleas for Christianity ever heard in Marion. Since that time he has been preaching all over the state.

Last December he was licensed to preach by Rev. J. H. Doty, presiding elder of this district of the United Brethren church, and is now working as an evangelist when not in school.

Master Ames is a student in the B grammar grade of the public schools, and in his studies shows only ordinary intelligence. He is like all other boys. He is fond of play, but when he steps into the pulpit a miraculous change comes over him. Instead of the boy he becomes a man. His vocabulary is something wonderful. He paints the most eloquent word pictures, using expressions of speech selected from the scripture. Besides being an orator of unquestionable ability he is also a talented singer.

Clark Ames, his father, is a boilermaker and is only fairly well-to-do. He cannot account for his son's great gift.

WARD PROMOTED.

Becomes General Manager of the Great Northern.

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tomorrow Frank E. Ward becomes general manager of the Great Northern railroad, succeeding John F. Stevens, resigned by the election of the board of directors. Heretofore general managers were appointed by the president. Mr. Ward's promotion gives him charge of operations of the Great Northern system, aggregating nearly 5800 miles of road. In all probability J. M. Gruber, assistant general superintendent, will be promoted to general superintendent.

EIGHTH JUROR SECURED.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The eighth juror in the trial of the Indiana coal operators for conspiracy was secured at noon today, and immediately thereafter court adjourned until Mondoy.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

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is proof of the appreciation of the service we give. If you are not already sending your bundle here, try once and be convinced that there may be better service than you have been getting.

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MARRIAGE AT END

Of Iowa Murder Trial Resulting In Accused's Acquittal.

August Bunge Weds Loyal Sweetheart, His Attorney Officiating.

Rock Rapids, Idaho, Feb. 28.—When August Bunge, aged 27, was acquitted late of the charge of murder in the first degree for shooting Helmer De Boer, of George, the verdict was received with cheers by the people who thronged the court room.

When the jury announced its verdict, after being out only an hour and a half, pretty Lena Schmidt, sweetheart of the prisoner, who had sat at his side throughout the trial, lasting a week, jumped to her feet, threw her arms around the prisoner's neck and wept for joy.

Then the discharged prisoner and his sweetheart left the court room together. Monday evening they appeared together at the office of Mayor James M. Parsons, who had defended Bunge, and announced that they wanted him to complete their happiness by marrying them. Mr. Parsons complied with alacrity, and the ceremony was performed in the presence of the father and mother of the groom and a gathering of spectators who pressed into the office to see the ceremony and add new congratulations.

Bunge is a young German farmer, 27 years old, who has borne an excellent reputation. He had arranged last fall to lease a farm owned by Helmer De Boer, a general storekeeper at George, this county. The terms having been agreed upon, differences arose which caused the deal to be broken off. This started a feud between the two men. Each is said ot have made threats, and it was shown in evidence that De Boer went to Little Rock to thrash Bunge, and meeting him on the road pounded him severely.

A few days after, on Dec. 20 last, Bunge went to De Boer's store on an errand. De Boer came forward and kicked Bunge so hard he nearly fell. Bunge instantly drew a revolver and shot De Boer. De Boer did not fall at once, but turned and said: "You hit me well."

"I borrowed this last night to do this with," Bunge said, according to the evidence, holding up the smoking gun.

Bunge was arrested and indicted. The case came on before Judge Hutchinson and required five days for trial.

A remarkable gathering of relatives of both Bunge and his victim attended the trial. From first to last Lena Schmidt, of George, 28 years old, fiancee of the prisoner, sat as near him as possible, always getting a few words with him; and when he would be taken from the court room back to his cell, she would go back to her hotel to await the next session.

The accused man's father, a well-to-do farmer at Clayton, Neb., and his mother attended the trial and took the deepest interest in the boy's behalf. The widow of De Boer, her father, John Kruger and other relatives also regularly attended.

The prisoner's counsel urged self-defense, showing De Boer was a quarrelsome, vicious man, given to "doing up" people, and that Bunge was inoffensive. De Boer's trip to Little Rock and assault on Bunge strengthened this case greatly.

It was late Saturday afternoon when the jury went out, and only an hour and a half was required to reach a verdict. When the jury came in the courtroom was still crowded.

Lena Schmidt sat by her lover's side, pale and trembling, but hopeful. The prisoner's courage was good, and he watched the twelve men closely as they filed back into the courtroom. Everybody believed it was acquittal, from the early agreement. The prisoner plainly believed so, too.

"Gentlemen, have you agreed on a verdict?" inquired the judge.

"We have," replied the foreman.

The verdict was handed to the clerk, who stood and read:

"We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty."

A great cheer went up from the courtroom. Many women were present and joined in the acclaim.

Miss Schmidt sprang to her feet, threw her arms about the prisoner's neck and wept out:

"I knew it. I knew it. I'm so glad."

There was more cheering. The jury was discharged, the prisoner and his loyal sweetheart shook hands with the twelve men and went away.

Monday afternoon the lovers appeared again, and went to the office of Mr. Parsons.

"We want you to finish it up for us," said the prospective groom, producing a suggestive document, which the lawyer didn't need to read to convince him was a marriage license.

The ceremony was performed immediately, and one of the stories is that the officiating magistrate didn't have to kiss the bride, for she took the initiative, and saluted him with a resounding smack. More congratulations were exchanged, and the bride and groom went away. They will live in Nebraska, where Bunge will farm.

ETRURIA AGROUND.

New York, Feb. 28.—The Cunard liner Etruria, which sailed today for Queenstown is aground at the entrance of Gedney channel in the lower bay.

TWENTY YEARS FOR COLE.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—George Cole, who held up the Burlington train near Butte about three weeks ago, pleaded guilty today and was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment by Judge McClernand.

IS ENGAGED TO TWO

While He Has a Wife and Child In Missouri.

An Iowa Fiancee Puts Up Money For His Divorce.

Fort Scott, Kas., Feb. 28.—Dr. Platt R. Spencer, who came from Fort Scott some months ago from Seneca, Kas., and opened the offices of the Fort Scott Institute of Osteopathy in the Union block, has left Fort Scott, owing a board bill, owing the haberdasher, the launderer and others.

It develops that he was involved in some family and sentimental troubles that have left some very sore hearts, but which have been profitable to him financially.

Dr. Spencer is from the Kirksville, Mo., school. His home is in Brooklyn, N. Y. Some years ago he was, so his story runs, cast off by his parents because he was too rapid a liver, and he came West. His doings only begin to get interesting to Fort Scott readers from the time he began practicing in Shenandoah, Iowa.

He there formed the acquaintance and won the love of a very clever young widow who had some means. Being a young man of fine address, of good mind, and clever in every way, he was what most young unmarried women would estimate to be a very lovable fellow. He cultivated the young woman's acquaintance to the extent of proposing to marry her, and she accepted him. He was a little close run for cash. She had somewhat of an estate, and when it finally developed that he had a wife and child living over in Missouri and needed some money with which to get a divorce, she loaned him some money. He explained his wife away with a likely story.

One time, he said, he was out for a time—this was before he had reformed—over in Missouri, and was induced to marry an improper woman under circumstances that he thought invalidated the wedding, but he was anxious to get a divorce so he could marry legally. With this end in view, he went to Seneca, Kas., to establish a residence and also to engage in practice, so he could have the pretty Iowa woman come to him.

At Seneca, though, he soon became the ardent admirer, ostensibly, at least, of a daughter of one of the most prominent families there, and all the while he was courting her he was writing a letter a day to the Iowa woman.

He had told her he had failed to get a divorce and would have to try again. She kept sending him small amounts of money to keep him up until he could get divorced. With some of this money he bought an engagement ring for the Seneca lady. After a while he went to Salina to get a divorce, his wife, who lives at Moberly, Mo., and her father, having learned where he was and what he was trying to do, going to Salina and frightening him out of court. It developed that he had tried to get the decree by publication summons, hoping they would not hear of the case.

Just why he came to Fort Scott from Seneca, whither he returned after his sortie at Salina, does not appear. He said he came here for a larger field. Every day's mail brought him an epistle from Seneca in a feminine hand, and also one from Iowa. Some rich flowers were delivered to his room upon order from Seneca, occasionally, and the doctor confided that he was engaged to a lady there. One night trouble came. He was out to a little social gathering, his polite manners and refined tastes having commended him to the society of some of Fort Scott's best people. Upon arriving at his room that night he was presented with a card which had been left under the door. It read, "Mrs. Platt R. Spencer, Marshall, Mo." The doctor was perceptibly agitated, but declared it a joke. Another such card was also found at the back door.

A day or two later the Iowa woman arrived in town. It had been arrangd that she was to join him here, as originally planned, and that they were to be married. She had meantime been furnishing him the money for establishing himself here, and he was owing her up in the hundreds of dollars. In a day or two it became known in some way to the Senaca girl's father that Spencer was writing affectionate letters to the Iowa woman and that he had wife, from whom he was trying to get a divorce. He informed his daughter and she wrote spencer about it. He opened the letter in the presence of the other young woman at his office here, and he turned deadly pale. Then he turned to liquor, which he had carefully shunned in Forta Scott heretofore. His low affianced remained true to him and nursed him through a several days' drunk, from which he wound up in the hospital.

Communication with Seneca seemed to have been cut off for a few days, but it was resumed clandestinly and the Seneca girl remained true to him, accepting his explantion that the story of his having a wife was the work of a jealous rival.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $222,466,878; gold, $108,482,786; silver, $19,323,131; U. S. notes, $4,486,419; treasury notes of 1890, $77,590; national notes, $16,289,928; total receipts this day, $1,089,417; total receipts this month, $43,028,179; total receipts this year, $377,657,966; total expenditures this day, $975,000; total expenditures this month, $37,785,000; total expenditures this year, $344,310,840; deposits in national banks, $150,535,097.

EIGHTEEN YEARS FOR BAIRD.

Knoxville, Iowa, Feb. 28.—Frank Baird, one of the three masked men who last month held up and robbed Mr. and Mrs. P Sullivan at their home at Hamilton of $1900, was today sentenced to eighteen years in the penitentiary. Baird's wound received at the time of the hold-up, is so serious that he may not recover.

SERVICE TO BE FINE

Fast Freight Facilities Will Be Delight to Shippers.

Foreign Freight Cars Almost Gone From the Duluth Yards.

Traffic men for the big shippers in the city are shaking hands with themselves over the Eastern service which will be all complete by Monday night.

Aside from the facilities they are to have, including the South Shore trains, the Northern Pacific and Omaha night fast freight trains, and the morning Northern Pacific, they are delighted to have the element of competition enter in.

The two fast freights East at night will be the Northern Pacific and the Omaha's train, which makes a cannection at Spooner for Ashland and the East. This latter rain has been put on excellent time within the past few weeks, and has been running for a year or more.

The train leaves Duluth in the evening, carrying freight taken to the warehouse in the afternoon, and the cars destined for Eastern shipment are transferred at Spooner and set in the train which comes up from the Twin Cities and goes through there to Ashland. The service has been satisfactory and has made the connection for the East at Ashland regularly, but the traffic men wanted some competition to cause a whole lot of hustling by the railroads to beat the time made by the northbound freight trains from Chicago and Milwaukee.

The Northern Pacific night train, which was secured through efforts of the traffic men, with the object in view, will no doubt cause these extra efforts.

General Agent Smith of the Omaha has been looking after this shipping personally for a long time, and has secured regulation of transfer which insures the connections at all points, and can offer as fast service through to Michigan as the other roads.

One of the best informed and sharpest traffic men in the city, whose house makes immense shipments, said this morning that the service through to Michigan had been fraught with delays and missing connections for a long time on all the roads, until the North-Western, the parent of the Omaha, and the Wisconsin-Central, which uses the Northern Pacific tracks, were made to see where betterment could be made. This was several weeks ago, and investigation showed that better time could be acomplished by a direct run.

Mr. Smith contends, and is supported by large shippers, that he is getting the freight through as fast as it can possibly be done on any road, and all connections for the East are being made.

SHIPPERS TO SUFFER.

Foreign Freight Cars Nearly All Cleared From Yards.

"In three days there will not be a foreign freight car in the yards in the city of Duluth," said one of the most energetic freight agents of the city this morning. "Duluth is just coming to the point where shippers are going to suffer badly for want of adequate facilities by the railroads.

"Up to this time the railroads having direct connections into Duluth have been able to furnish foreign cars coming in under load for destinations off their lines, but by the early part of next week there will be none available.

"Nearly all the roads coming into this city have issued strict orders for the non-acceptance of freight matter which is to go off the lines of the roads here, unless foreign cars can be secured, and under no circumstances will a car be permitted to go onto another road."

The Omaha road is said to be in fairly good shape for cars for foreign shipments, and the South Shore will make some sacrifices to deliver freight, though foreign cars are as scarce with them as with the others.

LARGE RATE REDUCTION.

Litchfield Gets An Order From Railroad Commission.

The state railroad commission has ordered a reduction in the rate of coal transportation from Minneapolis and Duluth to Litchfield. The order was made on the complaint of one Henry Klauser, a coal and lumber merchant in Litchfield.

The company was ordered to reduce the rate from Duluth to Litchfield from 13 cents a hundred for lumber and $2.20 a ton for hard coal to $1.50 a ton for hard coal and 9 cents a hundred for lumber.

The reduction ordered from Minneapolis to Litchfield is from $1.50 a ton for hard coal and 9 cents a hundred for lumber to $1 a ton on coal and 6 cents a hundred for lumber. Twenty days is given the road to put the rate in effect.

The complaint of Klauser was that the rate was exorbitant and that the community could not exist under it.

The Northern Pacific has issued a new special tariff sheet on lignite coal from Dakota points to a large number of Dakota cities and some Western Minnesota towns. The rate does not obtain to the extent that Duluth will be benefited by it.

THE NEW SERVICE.

Great Northern Preparing For Fast Coast Service.

The Great Northern road has been sending passenger equipment to the coast for the past week to be ready to inaugurate the new Seattle service with the Puget Sound and Eastern express trains.

The service will necessitate six trains on the road all the time as the distance between the Twin Cites and the coast terminal is 2000 miles and a train must start from St. Paul and from Seattle every day. There will be two trains on the road a day apart when the arrival is made at the terminals, and a fresh train must be in readiness as the rolling stock will not stand to be turned around and hurried back.

The last of the equipment came from Barney & Smith, of Dayton, yesterday. The puassenger coaches are the longest in use in the country, being eighty feet and nine inches, and the seating capacity of the day coaches is eighty-five people.

Eight of the big compounds brought to the West some weeks ago will go on these trains, the engines being of the pattern used by the fast Eastern roads.

New train crews are being taken from the ranks of the employes and many promotions are being made; there are being sixteen chefs and twenty-four waiters employed for the run, and the supply stations along the line are being stocked up.

The first train will leave each end of the line tomorrow evening, and railroad men are anxious to see how the runs follow the schedules, as the time is considered extremely fast.

Foley Bros. to Build It.

One hundred and fifty men have been engaged to work on the construction of a second track for the Canadian Pacific railroad from Rat Portage to Fort William. Civil Engineer Setter, of the company, was at Minneapolis this week arranging for the contractors to begin the work at once. The contract was let to Foley Bros. & Co., of Minneapolis, and they will have their men sent out at once. Camps are being made ready now.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dakota land. J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater, 8:30 tonight.

The Lyceum pharmacy is now handling the floor polishing company's Maxine Waxine for hardwood floors. Give it a trial.

Invitations are being issued by the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, Valley of Duluth, to members and their ladies, to spend the evening of March 5 with the officers of the Scottish Rite bodies. Rev. Robert Forbes will deliver an address and a musical program will be rendered. Each member is limited to one lady owing to the limited space in the lodge room.

Mrs. George Kreager entertained at cards Thursday afternoon at her home, 718 East Fourth street. The prizes for games were taken by Mrs. J. Kreager, Mrs. E. Tinkham, Mrs. A. J. Salter, and the consolation prize by Mrs. H. Oneil. Those present were: Mesdames O. H. Hehne, of Superior; M. E. Brown, W. Franke, J. Kreager, B. Grimm, J. Plutnisky, W. Bradley, H. Oneil, A. J. Salter, F. Kreager, E. M. Kelley, R. Smith, H. Serverce, B. Kribsback, A. J. Harker, N. Anderson, A. McCormick, E. Wagner, A. McMillan, S. Kriz, E. Tinkham, M. Tinkham, M. Cosey. Miss M. Harker and Miss M. Cosey.

Mrs. Julius Schneider and children, of Chicago, have joined Mr. Schneider in this city, and are at home at 411 West Fourth street.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville this evening.

Spring goods and new fashion plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16.00. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

G. W. Walker, of West Superior, a tenor, will be the soloist at the Flaaten concert at the Lyceum a week from tomorrow. He will sing "I Will Extol Thee" from the oratorio "Elijah" and "King of Kings," an Easter song by Harry Rose Shelley. He expects to sing in Minneapolis about Easter, a song composed for him by Mr. Shelley.

Monday morning the Duluth Ministerial association will meet at the parlors of the Young Men's Christian association at 10:30 o'clock. Dr. Cleland will speak on "The City Administration;" and Rev. J. W. Powell on "Dante."

Professor Dooley will give another of his social dances at his rooms, 1204 West Michigan street, on Monday evening, March 2.

On a run to West Duluth last evening, where there was a small fire in the attic of a house on Sixty-first avenue, the No. 2 fire department lost a white life line. It was in a red bag. Its return to No. 2 fire hall will be appreciated.

It is expected that a buffet chair car will be attached to the new train on the Great Northern road between St. Paul and Duluth. The first train will be run Monday morning. It will leave Duluth at 6:45 a. m., instead of at 7, as was originally scheduled.

Miss Anna Papberg and Joseph Harrie were united in marriage at the Cathedral last Saturday morning at 8:30 a. m. Joseph Rock was best man; Miss Nellie Harrie as maid of honor. A wedding breakfast was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harrie, 26 Seventh avenue West. They will be at home after March 15 at 814 Minnesota avenue.

The membership of the Commercial club is steadily increasing. There are now seven names on the waiting list, which will make a total membership, when passed on by the house committee, of 1045.

PURELY PERSONAL

Captain A. C. Majo, of the Independent Ferry line, returned this morning from a several weeks' combined pleasure and business trip in the East. Capt. Majo visited Muskegon, Chicago, Bay City, Detroit, and other Michigan points, also spent some time with his parents at Watertown, N. Y. The captain's old home was on Carlton island, in the St. Lawrence, where his parents have resided up to within the last year.

Roger Vail, editor of the Irish Standard, came up from Minneapolis to attend the funeral of Rev. Father Henry McGolrick today.

Henry Bennett, of Logansport, Ind., is in the city visiting friends.

Dr. W. W. Routh has been confined to his home about six weeks with an attack of grippe, but is now much improved and expects to be able to be out Monday.

Henry Dworschak, ex-president of the Trades' assembly left this afternoon for Mt. Clemens, Mich., to try the efficacy of the baths there for a severe case of inflammatory rheumatism from which he has been suffering for the past two months.

Charles G. Goodrich, manager of the Great Eastern store, has returned from New York, where he selected the spring and summer stocks of furnishings for the store. Mr. Goodrich saw many former residents of Duluth on Broadway and says fortune is smiling on most of them. John H. Langton was very ill at the time with pneumonia.

B. C. Church will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road for the copper country.

E. T. Williams left this afternoon over Omaha for Milwaukee.

Miss Fitzgerald left for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

George A. Gamble will leave for Oregon tomorrow over the Northern Pacific.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Herrick left today for Portland over the Northern Pacific

Mrs. J. H. MacFadzean left yesterday for Chicago over the Northern Pacific.

C. O. Brownell of the Loraine mine, Hibbing, is in the city today.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the Great Northern is in the city today.

G. W. McCaskey, district passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sinclair have returned from a two months' visit in the East.

The following were gests at the Commercial club today: J. B. Johnston, St. Paul; Charles S. Engelbrecht, Minneapolis; P. H. Nelson, Hibbing; W. C. Rigg, Minneapolis; R. J. Caring, Grinnell, Iowa; T. M. Connolly, Minneapolis; W. A. Henderson, Waseca; Lester A. Joyce, E. E. Green, S. G. Hewson, Minneapolis; C. A. Pidgeon, Buffalo; J. C. Myron, St. Paul.

Caught In the Storm.

A party of high school students had a memorable experience last evening. The young people had arranged for a dance to be given in a school building beyond Woodland Park. They drove to the spot in a large open sleigh. When the time arrived to start for home the violence of the storm made them decide to wait until its fury had abated. They waited until 3 o'clock this morning, and as the storm seemed to be then raging more fiercely than ever, they decided to start for home, although a number were in favor of spending the night in the school. The wind was at this time blowing over fifty miles an hour, with a temperature of about 10 above zero, and the long drive proved to be one which will not easily be forgotten.

HAIR MAY REVEAL

The Murderer of Edwin L. Burdick of Buffalo, N. Y.

A Tuft Was Found on Person of the Victim.

Buffalo, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Burdick, the widow of Edwin L. Burdick, who was murdered at his home Thursday night, arrived here today from Atlantic City. The police have found the hackman who drove an, as yet, unidentified man to within a few doors of the Burdick residence, about midnight on Thursday night. They regard this as a valuable clue. Another clue in the hands of the authorities is a tuft of hair which was found on the person of Mr. Burdick. It is not his hair, but whether belonging to a man or a woman the police do not say. It is of a color and texture that will be easy to match with the hair from which it was torn. In the room in which the murdered man was found the police also found a paper which had been sent to Mr. Burdick by a Cleveland woman, containing a story of the granting of a divorce from her husband. The police learned that the woman was in Cleveland Thursday night, and that her former husband is working in New York or some other Eastern city.

It was learned today that Mr. Burdick, whose business took him on frequent trips out of the city, knew he had been shadowed for some time when out of town. This system of espionage, he had said, had been in effect for some time, and the inference is that it was to obtain evidence, if possible, for counter charges in the divorce proceedings which had been begun by Mrs. Burdick.

It is also a fact that in one of the trouser's pockets of Mr. Burdick's clothing a loaded revolver was found. It had not been used.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

St. Paul, Feb. 28.—An Ellworth, Wis., special to the Dispatch, says: Jackson Mumford, an early pioneer settler and one of the most widely known and highly respected residents of this section died yesterday at the age of 86 at his home in the town of Ellsworth.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—John J. Mitchell, uncle of John J. Mitchell, the Chicago capitalist, died at his home at St. Louis last night, says a dispatch to Record-Herald. He was president of the Kansas City, St. Louis & Chicago railway.

New York, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Mary H. Noonan, widow of Cornelius Noonan, an ambassador of the confederate states to Great Britain, has just been buried in Jersey City, where she died. She was the mother of Jos. M. Noonan, of Jersey City, formerly assistant prosecutor of Hudson county, and the daughter of Martin D. Devereaux, of New Orleans. Her husband died in England during the civil war and their estate was confiscated by Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, with the approval of the government. She made unsuccessful attempts to recover the estate and failed to get her widow's dower.

HIGH VELOCITY ATTAINED.

More Wind Tonight and Colder Weather.

The lowest point reached by the mercury during the past twenty-four hours was 8 degrees above zero at an early hour this morning. The high wind which was blowing during the night and early morning reached its highest velocity at 3 a. m., when 52 miles an hour was recorded.

Although the snow storm is over, the weather man promises more wind tonight. It will be from the Northwest and the temperature will probably go to zero or below.

BUILDERS CONFER

But Decline to Say What They Meet For.

An important conference was held this morning between the members of the local Builders' exchange and a special committee of three from the Builders' exchanges of the Twin Cities. Those comprising the special committee were George W. Higgins, chairman; W. A. Elliot and Charles W. Fowble.

The conference was held at the Commercial club and was followed by a dinner for which thirty plates were laid.

The details of the conference are not made public, Secretary H. D. Bullard, of the local Builders' exchange stating that the special committee met with the local organization for the purpose of adjusting some matters that related particularly to the building material trade.

With the Twin City delegation were several manufacturers of building materials who sell goods in Duluth. Among these were S. J. Hewson, Charles S. Engelbrecht and E. E. Greene, of Minneapolis; J. B. Johnston, Lester A. Boyce and J. C. Myron, of St. Paul.

The Duluth branch is part of the Minnesota Association of Builders' Exchange, which was organized at a gathering in the St. Paul Commercial club rooms this week. The other two organizations in the state association are the Builders' exchanges of the Twin Cities.

On Wayward Path.

Nellie Williams, only seventeen years old, left her home in Tower about three weeks ago and came to Duluth to live a fast life. This morning she was arrested in company with a man named Frank Byron, who said he was a saloon keeper and that his age was 37. Detective Schulte found the two together in one of the rooms of a local hotel and brought them to the station. At the hearing this afternoon Judge Windom sentenced Byron to pay $25 or go to jail for twenty days, and sent the girl to the Bethel home.

Two More Are Filed.

In compliance with the provision of the new city charter which requires that all companies holding franchises of the city shall file statements of their business, the Prindle Gas company, and the Interstate Traction company, filed their statements this afternoon with the city comptroller.

This leaves only the Zenith Telephone company, the Duluth General Electric company and the Duluth Telephone company yet to file. The Duluth General Electric company is now preparing its statement and will file it within a few days.

The Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits (which exceed **one million dollars**) of **The First National Bank of Duluth** is the security back of your deposit in the **Savings Department.** SAVINGS ACCOUNTS are the most satisfactory means of accumulating small or large amounts of money for any desired object. Interest is added to the principal every six months. Deposits of ONE DOLLAR or more are received, and books given, showing the exact state of your account at all times. The Department is opened every business day during the regular banking hours, and on Saturday evening from six to eight o'clock.

FINANCIAL BILL

Is Taken Up Thus Displacing the Statehood Measure.

The Fortification Appropriation Bill Is Passed By Senate.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The senate today passed the fortifications appropriation bill. Mr. Aldrich moved to take up the financial bill known as the Aldrich bill. The motion prevailed, 41 to 17. The effect of the vote, beside putting the bill before the senate, is to displace the statehood bill as the unfinished business.

The detailed vote was as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Bacon, Bard, Beveridge, Burnham, Burrows, Cullom, Deboe, Depew, Ditrich, Dillingham, Dolliver, Ddyden, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Gamble, Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Hoar, Jones (Nev.), Kean, Kittredge, Lodge, McComas, Martin, Millard, Mitchell, Nelson, Perkins, Platt (Conn.), Platt (N. Y.), Prichard, Quarles, Simon, Spooner, Stewart, Tillman, Westmore—42.

Nays—Bailey, Berry, Blackburn, Carmack, Clay, Culberson, Dubois, Heitfield, McEnery, Mallory, Morgan, Patterson, Pettus, Quay, Rawlins, Teller, Turner, Vest—18.

The conference on the car coupling bill was agreed to. Consideration of the financial bill then proceeded. An amendment by Mr. Aldrich was agreed to providing that bonds of cities and counties of 10,000 inhabitants may be accepted as security for government deposits. The amendment originally fixed the number of inhabitants at 50,000.

Mr. Berry (Ark.) opposed the bill on the ground that it extends and enlarges the powers of the secretary of the treasury. It permits him, he said, to select a particular class of national banks with which he will deposit money.

But he cannot extend the privileges to any state bank, although it might be solvent or equally so as the national bank. He declared that the law would be used for political purposes and for favoritism.

Washington, Feb. 28.—In the senate today Mr. Platt (N. Y.) offered a resolution which was referred to the committee to control the contingent expenses of the senate, providing for the printing of a special edition of the congressional directory "for the use of the special session of the senate should one be called.

Mr. Burrows submitted additional protests against the admission of Reed Smoot as a senator from Utah.

Mr. Bacon (Ga.) offered an amendment to the Littlefield anti-trust bill, and said that while he was in sympathy with the desire to have legislation which will prevent monopolies and those things which hinder competition, he was not willing to adopt the methods suggested by the committee with respect to the prohibition of interstate commerce, which he said was an interference with the rights of the states.

Mr. Tillman (S. C.) called up the bill to incorporate the American National institute (prix de Paris) at Paris, France. He explained that he was opposed to the bill, but if all hints at a government appropriation were stricken out, he would not object to its passage.

Several amendments by him having this object in view were agreed to. The bill was passed over by request of Mr. Hale.

The fortifications appropriation bill was then taken up and Mr. Perkins, in charge of the measure, yielded to Mr. Hale, who reported the general deficiency bill. The fortifications bill then was considered and the bill road for amendment.

During the reading of the bills Messrs. Warren, Alger and Pettus were named as conferees on the military academy appropriation bill.

Replying to questions by Mr. Rawlins, Mr. Perkins said the fortifications bill made no provision for the fortification of the proposed isthmian canal or for Hawaii. He further explained that no appropriation is provided for any of the insular possessions. He said that the best fortifications the isthmian canal can have is the application of the neutrality laws.

Mr. Rawlins said he was opposed to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and the pending Colombian treaty. As he was not likely to have an opportunity to vote on the pending treaty, he would take this opportunity to submit his views. He then spoke at some length against the canal treaty.

Messrs. Hale, Perkins and Tillman were appointed on the naval appropriation bill. Platt (Conn.), who had been closely following Mr. Rawlins, said he regarded it as improper to refer in open session to any treaty under consideration by the senate.

Mr. Rawlins contended that he was not speaking of anything which had not already been made public. He declared that by acquiring title to the land for an isthmian canal the United States secured property which was not its property, but that it took money out of its treasury and presented it to a private corporation.

Mr. Aldrich suggested to Mr. Rawlins that he was discussing a matter which had been discussed in executive session. Mr. Rawlins disclaimed his intention to allude to anything that was confidential, but he said he had a right to discuss certain questions because the treaty has been made public. Mr. Hoar declared that Mr. Rawlins was debating the merits of a matter which, under the rules, should be considered in executive session. Finally, at 12:35, on motion of Mr. Aldrich, the senate went into executive session.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The house reconvened at 11 o'clock in the continuation of legislative day of Thursday. When the gavel fell, Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, was on his feet. "I make the point that no quorum is present," he said. "We can't do any business in this Republican house without a quorum, except to unseat a Democratic member," he added.

The speaker counted the members present and after waiting about five minutes enough members appeared to make up the required number—178.

Under the special rules adopted yesterday, the speaker then laid before the house the naval appropriation bill with senate amendments and upon a roll call, and by a vote of 243 to 0, the amendments were disagreed to and the bill was sent to conference. The speaker appointed the following conferees:

Messrs. Foss (Ill.), Dayton (W. Va.) and Tate (Ga.).

Mr. Wagner (Pa.) called up the conference report upon the bill to amend the railroad safety appliance act. He declined to make any arrangement about time for debate and after a brief explanation demanded the previous question. The roll was called on the demand.

EXTRA SESSION IS INEVITABLE

Washington, Feb. 28.—Senatorial callers on the president today regard an extra session of the senate as practically inevitable. The determination of the advocates of both the Cuban reciprocity and the Panama canal treaties to secure their ratification continues firm. If they cannot ratify them before the final adjournment of this congress, they will do so at the extra session of the senate. That will be called by the president to meet probably at noon March 5. As it is said there is a clear majority in the senate in support of both treaties, no other business will be permitted to interfere with their consideration.

BAD FIRE AT GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 28.—Fire which broke out in a Pere Marquette warehouse at 2 p. m. threatens to do $100,000 damage. At 2:30 the loss has reached about $30,000. The warehouse contained $75,000 worth of twine and machinery belonging to the Deering Harvester company, $17,000 worth of sugar belonging to George R. Perry, $10,000 worth of furniture belonging to the Sligh Furniture company, and other goods. The sugar and furniture have been burned and there is small hope of saving the machinery.

At 3 o'clo k the total loss was estimated at $115,000. This includes besides the property before mentioned, $6000 worth of furniture belonging to the Welch Folding Bed company, and $4000 worth of furniture belonging to Barber & Shank. Loss on building, $5000.

John Pengilly Ill.

John Pengilly, of Ely, is very ill at St. Augustine, Fla. So serious is his illness that Dr. C. G. Shipman of Ely has been sent for to go to his bedside. His trouble is supposed to be pneumonia.

THE POPE'S HEALTH.

Munich, Bavaria, Feb. 20.—Mgr. J. Macchi, papal nuncio here, has received a report concerning the pope's health, of an alarming character.

Rome, Feb. 28.—The pope rose at his usual hour this morning, declaring that the precautions he had taken had benefited his cold and general health. Among his first acts was signing the promotion of his nephew, Count Camillo Pecci, to be brigadier general of the noble guard.

The pontiff insists on carrying out his program for holding a reception of the cardinals tomorrow.

SIX WERE DROWNED.

Hickman, Ky., Feb. 28.—A party of three women and four men left the residence of Mrs. Cooper last night to cross the Mississippi river for home. The current suddenly carried their skiff under a pile drift. All but one were drowned. Mrs. Higgins escaped by jumping ou top of the drift. The women were the Misses Hubbard. The names of the men are unknown.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Andrew F. Kreager and Sadie Evaline Mondshine.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS Apply Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Duluth Savings Bank

Is open this evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

3% Interest Paid on Deposits.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Marquette Officer Unintentionally Helped a Thief to Escape.

Marquette—As the afternoon train for the copper county was pulling out, Policeman Hogan noticed a belated passenger running at top speed toward the station. After some lively sprinting the man managed to reach the rear coach. Upon the platform of which the friendly officer assisted him. An hour or two later the policeman was chagrined to discover that the passenger was a thief who was making haste to leave town after having robbed the safe of the livery stable in which he was employed. Hogan immediately telegraphed the copper country officers and the culprit was nabbed at Hancock.

C. F. Eichen, a contractor, has a claim for $1,000 against the Ontonagon township board of education that will require special legislation before it can be paid. Eichen, in building a schoolhouse, substituted at the order of the board a sandstone foundation for one of pebble stone, as specified in the contract. When the contract was finished, however, a new board had been elected. The incoming members found that no record had been made of the change in the plans by which a more expensive stone was to be used, and while recognizing the justness of the claim for the extra sum they have considered themselves without authority to pay it. It is to legalize the payment that legislative action is necessary and a bill covering the matter has been inrtoduced.

Menominee—Eugene A. Harter, aged 21 years, one of the prominent young men of Menominee, died this morning of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Louis Bernard, aged 86 years, died of old age.

A double wedding took place last evening. Miss Bertha Woessner was married to Albert E. Smith, and Miss Ella Tortier of Madeau to A. J. Woessner.

Several of the Menominee high school boys narrowly escaped being snot Wednesday while fooling with a revolver in the hallway of the building. There were a number of boys around when suddenly the revolver went off, the bullet entering one of the hardwood steps at their feet. They did not know the weapon was loaded, as is generally the case.

Sault Ste. Marie—The body of Harvey Pierce, a lumberman who was found frozen to death in the woods between Strongs and Hills' camp, was brought to the Soo Wednesday. The story is that Pierce left Strongs Sunday night in an intoxicated condition and must have fallen to sleep by the road. It is not known that Pierce ha sany relatives and he was buried as a county charge. The only estate that the man leaves as far as is known is $6 in wages, which he had due from Hill's camp, where he was employed for only a short time. Pierce was an Englishman.

Iron Mountain—A peculiar accident occurred this week to James Langdon, employed as fireman atthe Frederick's exploration, three miles south of Iron Mountain. The young man was engaged in cleaning the boilers. Taking a shovel of hot coals he threw them upon the ground and just outside ofthe boiler room door. When this was done a blast followed, a loud report was heard, and a flat piece of pipe an inch and one-half in length was sent right through the man's leg, a short distance above the knee, missing the artery by a narrow margin. It is presumed that either some powder or a cap was laying where the hot coals fell.

Fathorn Junction—Arthur Moreen, aged 16 years, has been appointed telegraph operator for the Soo railway. He is the oungest operator in the state and probably in the United States.

Manistique—The boiler room and lime house of the Burrell Chemical company's plant was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The loss will not exceed $10,000. Insured.

Indoor Baseball

TONIGHT.

HOUGHTON VS. DULUTH.

At the Armory. Admission 35c.

Game called 8:30 sharp. Dancing.

BRICENE AT COLON.

Mission of Commanding Chief Is Not Known.

Colon, Colombia, Feb. 28.—The Colombian gunboat Carthagena has arrived here, having on board Gen. Sicard Bricene, the commanding chief of the army and navy on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. His mission i not yet known.

According to news from the interior the government intends to reduce the army to 24,000 men. The exchange has fallen due, it is said, to the promised early cessation of the issue of paper money. It is reported that the export duties will be abolished except on metals. The import duties now payable in silver will be greatly increased and made payable in gold or its equivalent. There is no excitement on the isthmus in view of the coming elections of municipal councilers which take place tomorrow.

MEXICANS VISIT CHILE.

Santiago de Chile, Feb. 28.—A Mexican delegation, having in view the fostering of commercial relations between this country and Mexico, has arrived here and has been well received. There are great expectations regarding the outsome of this mission.

Nervo-Sexual Debility

Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is failing and you will be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never at a standstill; with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us you will never again be bothered by weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and absolutely unfit you for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will convert all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. Consultation in person or by letter is absolutely free and confidential, and we give each person a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

Consultation in Person or by Letter Free.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

ON BETTER BASIS

Differential Against Mesaba Ores Will Be Wiped Out.

First Step Toward That End Found In Ore Advance.

It is practically settled by the ore mining companies of the Lake Superior region, outside of the United States Steel corporation, that the price of standard ores for the coming season will be 25 cents a ton more on old range properties and 50 cents a ton more on Mesaba range ores than last year. This means that standard old range Bessemer ores will bring $4.50 a ton and standard Mesaba Bessemer ores $4. This is preliminary to a complete wiping out of the differential that has existed since that range was first opened, a differential that has never had any reason for existence, aside from the necessities of weak Mesaba producers. There are now no weak producers on that range. There will always be a slight difference in price between coarse and fine dust-like ores, and as the Mesaba contains much of the latter variety, it will sell at a lower price than the other range standards, but not on the amount of iron a ton will make. Based on that there will be no difference between the ores.

There will be a large profit to Mesaba mining companies the present year as the cost of mining will not be anything like the increase in price. But the advance in cost is not even now equal to the advance in the price of iron, so that the miners are getting but a part of their share of the improvement that has come to the trade. For many years they have been forced to pay higher wages and all supplies have cost them more, but they have not been able to advance their selling prices. Now they will come in for the benefit they should have shared during the last year or two.

The advance will make the value of iron mined in the Lake Superior region this year foot up to about $110,000,000, delivered at lower lake ports. The lake vessel interests will get about $3,000,000 more this year than last, on an equivalent movement of ore, on account of the advance they will be able to secure. In all, lake ships will get for transporting the ore that is to be mined about $23,000,000 and upper lake roads about $19,000,000. These figures are only approximations based on the probable movement from the different ranges and at prices that will probably be maintained, but they serve to show the enormous values entering into the transportation and mining of iron and the importance it is to the nation's commerce.

Under the deal which is said to be pending between the Hill interests and the Steel corporation the Hill road is to be assured of traffic that will ultimately reach 10,000,000 tons annually from the iron mines of the Mesaba. It will be as much more than that, as Mr. Hill can make it by continuing his policy of reaching out for iron mines for this purpose. The Hill road is steadily increasing its trackage and building cut-offs wherever a few miles can be saved in the haul to the lake. His haul is nineteen miles longer than that of other roads, however, for his terminals are at Allouez bay, on the Superior side. This greater distance he makes up to a considerable extent in grades, however.

More ore is coming to light in the Hibbing district, on the Mesaba, and that section of the range is proving the most productive formation in the known world of iron ore production. The Buffalo and Susquehanna Iron company, which is erecting furnaces near Buffalo, is sinking a shaft and erecting a shaft house on the property it recently bought near Hibbing. Mining will be actively carried on this year. This company also has a mine near Mountain Iron, called the Iroquois, and it will sink a shaft there during the summer. The product of these mines and whatever others it may secure will go to the furnaces at Buffalo.

The Oliver Iron Mining company, Steel corporation, has an option for either direct purchase or lease at 25 cents a ton on a minimum of 100,000 tons of the famous Kosmerl-Mueller property, which has been in dispute in the courts for several years. If the case is not appealed to the supreme court, the company will begin explorations probably at once. The land has never been explored, but is supposed to contain a large amount of ore.

INDIANA JUDGES

Are Having a War Over a Receivership.

Indianapolis, Feb. 28.—Judge Anderson, of the United States district court here, threatened to have Judge Utz, of the Floyd county circuit court, imprisoned, if he or any officer of his court interfered with the receiver appointed by Judge Anderson for the Zeir Manufacturing company at New Albany. The episode occurred in open court, when Judge Utz and Prosecuting Attorney McIntyre appeared in response to a court order.

LADRONE LEADER TAKEN.

Col. Santos Is Captured By Governor Dancel.

Manila, Feb. 28.—Governor Dancel, of the Rizal province, has captured Col. Santos, one of the ladrone leaders, at San Jose de Navotos, a village five miles north of Manila on a small island. Governor Dancel learned of the whereabouts of Santos and surrounded the house in which he was with police and constabulary. He then entered the house personally and made a prisoner of Santos, who has been brought to Manila.

Santos was leader of the Ladrones in Rizal province and a comrade of Gen. San Miguel. A reward of 2000 pesos had been offered for his capture.

ISLA DE LUZON AGROUND.

Former Spanish Ship Hard and Fast Ashore.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The Isla de Luzon, one of the Spanish ships captured in the battle of Manila bay, has grounded in an attempt to enter port, says a dispatch to the Tribune from Mobile, Ala. The Luzon draws 12 feet of water and went so far from the ship's channel as to enter eight feet of water. All availble tugs are hitched to the vessel, attempting to tow it to deep water. The damage to the ship cannot be estimated. The Isla de Luzon is of the twin screw type, schooner rig, and carries eight officers and 134 men.

He Has Cured Thousands Given Up to Die.

DR. REA

Next regular professional visit to

Duluth, One Day, SATURDAY, MARCH 7TH, SPALDING HOTEL.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles, Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No insurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00. DR. REA & CO., Minneapolis, Minn.; Louisville, Ky.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Program to Be at the Bethesda Church.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock the monthly public temperance union meeting will be held at the Bethesda church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, and the following is the program:

Singing .... Congregation
Scripture .... Hans Berg
Selection .... Bethesda church choir
Recitation .... Johanna Strete
Speech .... Rev. I. G. Aschim
Singing ....
The Norwegian Luthern quartet, of West Duluth.
Address—Topic: "Why a person should be a total abstainer from intoxicating drinks" ....
Rev. O. M. Saevig, pastor of Norwegian Lutheran church, West Duluth.
Song, with guitar, organ and harp accompaniment ....
Mr. and Mrs. Rodahl and the Hovdahl sisters.
Singing ....
Norwegian Lutheran quartet of West Duluth.

METROPOLITAN..

LANNERS' CONCERT BAND,

Sunday March 1, 3 p. m.

Miss Willa Mae Wylie, Reader,

Franz Schultz, Basso.

ALL SEATS, 25c.

SEVEN WOMEN ARRESTED

In Connection With Imprisonment of Young Girls.

St. Louis, Feb. 28.—Seven women have been arrested on bench warrants issued at the instance of the grand jury, which has been investigating the imprisonment of young girls in dens of vice raided in the fourth police district several days ago. The jury will make a partial report next Monday when it is expected more indictments will be handed down.

COMEDIAN VERY ILL.

Lewis Martinetti Lies at Point of Death.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 28.—The "Devlis Auction," played here without Lewis Martinetti, the famous comedian and acrobat, who has been playing the leading part in that company for the past seven or eight years. Word was received here early last evening that this famous member of the amusement fraternity was suffering from a stoppage of the blood in the brain, and is at the point of death at Victor, Col., and it is expected that he will not leave that place alive. His wife, Lilly Sutherland, is at his bedside.

FIRE AT HASTINGS, NEB.

Shedd Block and Other Buildings Were Destroyed.

Hastings, Neb., Feb. 28.—Last night, during a very high wind that was accompanied with snow, a fire broke out in the upper story of the Shedd block, occupied by the Hastings business college, and for a time it looked as though the business section of the city would go, but by heroic work of firemen and citizens the fire was brought under control shortly after midnight, after completely gutting the Shedd block and spreading to adjoining buildings, burning a solid row of brick blocks, reaching from Lincoln to Burlington avenues, causing a loss of about $100,000. In this row were many of the leading offices of the city, and their losses will be heavy. Nothing is known as to the insurance.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

"I thank you, no," said H. E. Still with a determined air, as he refused a cork-tipped, Turkish cigarette, much to the joy of the owner.

Mr. Still is the assistant general freight agent of the Northern Pacific, and was at the Spalding last night gossiping.

"It is six years since I have smoked," quoth Mr. Still, "and I smoked steadily for twenty-nine years. How old am I?"

There were some guesses at his age, but nobody seemed to hit it just right or near enough to satisfy the fastidious freight man, so he continued.

"One day when I was fourteen years old, I started out to call on a young lady I knew. I wore a high silk hat, a long, tailed coat, a brocade waistcoat and lavender trousers. I carried in addition to this armor a small, supple cane, with which it was possible to wallop the small dogs and curs which crossed my path.

"To say that I felt satisfied with myself and the world in general would be a mild statement. It was Sunday afternoon, sunny and warm.

"Having some change in this elaborate attire, I decided to separate with a few cents and get a cigar, which I did, and with the embellishment that gave to my appearance there could be no doubt to the casual observer that I was a pretty warm rag.

"Well I puffed the rope up pretty well for about five blocks and was in sight of the young lady's house when I began to grow tired, and my knees wiggled. Was I losing my nerve at the presence of the young lady? Oh, no, but I was losing something else and it was very embarrassing.

"I crawled home the best I could and hurried to my room, when I heard my mother call: 'Harry, Harry. Come down to the drawing room. The Jones's are here and Willie and Mattie want to play. Now come on; that's a good boy.'

"That capped the bitterness of the whole procedure. I swore that never again would I smoke, and I thought it funny that when my mother came up and inspected me she discovered I had been smoking.

"I was permitted to sleep that day, and I did. Subsequently, however, I tried smoking again, and it did not affect me, and I continued it for years, very foolishly, I suppose, until I received an inspiration one day six years ago and foreswore the enjoyments connected with the enticing narcotic."

Mr. Still's story was practically the same as four others who sat near him.

* * *

Burton Emmett, press agent for Frank Daniels, who was at the Spalding a day or two ago, got talking about the decadence of the craze for tights.

It is very seldom a press agent can "bust" into the newspapers in Duluth, and it has to be a subject of great popularity that will merit repetition in print. "Tights" seem to be popular in Duluth.

"There is a muiscal-comedy tendency to eliminate tights," said he, "and for the most part the chorus girl of the period is exhibited gowned for an evening party or a stroll on the boulevard. She has to accomplish the manipulation of skirts in her dances, displaying her trim (or lumpy) ankle as the case may be at intervals, and permitting the public to judge of her taste in the selection of hosiery at times. That is art.

"An occasional twinkle of purple or crimson or blue is a delight to the baldheaded person of tradition and present day fact (for he still exists), though if his imagination is completely exhausted he will have to hunt up a burlesque show in this day of dressy musical-comedy, because there is the exhibition of the beauty unadorned or nearly so.

"This theory of lingerie display and hosiery show has been carried to the limit by Daniels in 'Miss Simplicity,' and the small comedian has surrounded himself with a bevy of the fairest that money could buy in New York, and enhanced their value by the costume which, while not of his origination, he has developed to a point where it is a fad. The Daniels' beauties wear creations of the dressmakers instead of the works of the underwear maker.

"It is no longer the chorus girl's test of worth, how much she can take off, but rather how much she may put on and carry herself gracefully. The musical comedy has given dress instead of undress, and on the whole I believe the change is regarded as a welcome one by the majority of moral minded theatergoers."

* * *

W. S. Taylor of Appleton, registered at the Spalding this morning. He is up to find out why more pulp wood is not shipped to the Fox River valley paper mills. He was up several times before and found out. The reason was that there have been no cars to make the shipments upon.

* * *

The Revs. James O'Reilly, J. H. Prendergast and Patrick Douchy of Minneapolis and P. O'Neill and J. M. Crimmon, of St. Paul are at the Spalding today. They came to attend the funeral of the Rev. Father Henry McGolrich today.

* * *

Miss Mayme Boyle, of Hibbing, is registered at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Hannon, of Two Harbors, are in the city and have taken rooms at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

W. W. Houghton, assistant general freight agent of the Great Northern, registered at the Spalding hotel this morning. He is up to look over the freight business of his road. General Agent C. D. Thompson of the same line, is at Milwaukee for a day or two.

* * *

M. Larrabee, of Chippewa Falls, Albert Barge, of Chicago and George Baumgartner of Winona, were in the city yesterday and represented the fee owners of the Chisholm iron mine at Chisholm, secured a special car on the Missabe road and visited the property. The property is a part of the holdings of the fee owners, and the inspection was to see the new shaft being sunk and the new power house being erected, which is said to be one of the finest in the Lake Superior district when complete. The visitors also own property in 58-20 and 57-21, and looked over that to a certain extent.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: W. N. Bowser, Bemidji; William A. Henderson, Wausau; A. C. McCarty, St. Paul; A. B. Coates, Virginia; J. N. Kirsch, Crookston; George L. Walker, G. Duncan, Ashland; P. F. Chamberlain, Scanlon, S. W. Herried, North Branch; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; J. W. Down, Bemidji; M. H. Schussler, Floodwood; Fred D. Vibert, Cloquet; J. E. Therrin, Two Harbors; W. A. Lambert, Pine City; Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy, Eveleth; M. E. Gleason, Ely; N. Merriam, Ashland; Miss Mayme Boyle, Hibbing; George A. Lammers, Stillwater; John W. Stier, Jr., J. D. Lamont, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Hannon, Two Harbors; P. F. Chamberlain, Scanlon; M. W. Kinney, Northfield; Morten Hughes, Al J. Husted, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Charles Anderson, Two Harbors; Norman H. Yeo, Superior; George K. Trash, Knife River, Ed Riley, Peculiar, Mass.; P. J. Turner, Minneapolis; Angus Cameron, Eau Claire; O. W. Johnson, L. K. Nelson, St. Paul; Miss Anna Decker, Saginaw; Mrs. J. R. Robinson, Biwabik; O. L. Wiggins, Ashland; F. Warick, Skibo; B. J. Counny, Grinnell, Iowa; Charles M. Wirth, Appleton; M. E. Murphy, Coldwater, Wis.; G. C. Reinhard, Detroit; J. J. Small, Washcomb, Wash.; William Dutcher, Appleton; F. S. Dane, Biwabik.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: Mrs. W. A. Shaw, Buhl; Mrs. C. B. Lenont, Virginia; E. E. Webster, F. H. Curtis, W. A. Elliott, S. J. Hewson, George W. Higgins, F. O. Curran, E. E. Green, Lester A. Boyce, Minneapolis; J. V. Smeaton, Ashland; A. B. Clark, Wyandotte; Guy Nash, Grand Rapids, Wis.; M. J. Thompson, La Crosse; M. L. Thompson, Wells; R. R. Moon, St. Clair, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. G. Warrick and child, Soo; J. S. Merner, Ishpeming, D. H. Ball, Marquette.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

Accept My Help

And Get Well Without the Risk of a Penny.

You can secure the utmost that medicine will do by simply writing a postal card, or sending me the coupon below.

All I ask is your name and address, and to know the book you need. I will then mail you an order on your druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. You may take it a month on trial. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself. And the sick one's mere word shall decide it.

You must realize that this offer would be impossible if I did not know that my Restorative will cure. A man dosen't take a risk involving $5.50, and with hundreds of thousands of people, without knowing what a remedy will do.

I spent a lifetime in perfecting my Restorative before such an offer was possible. I tested it thousands of times, in hospitals and homes, in cases as difficult as physicians ever meet.

Then I let the world know of it. For twelve years I have offered it on terms so fair that no reasonable sick one could neglect it. About 550,000 people have accepted that offer, and 39 out of each 40 have paid for it gladly, because they got well.

My success comes from strengthening the inside nerves. My Restorative brings back this power which alone operates the vital organs.

The common way is to doctor the weak organ itself, and many of you know how temporary are the results. I give the weak organ power to do its duty, and the results are not only sure but enduring.

In little troubles my Restorative is the quickest help. In difficult troubles it is usually the only way to a cure.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

For we all resolve to send for something, but forget. Mark the book desired and mail this with your address to

Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

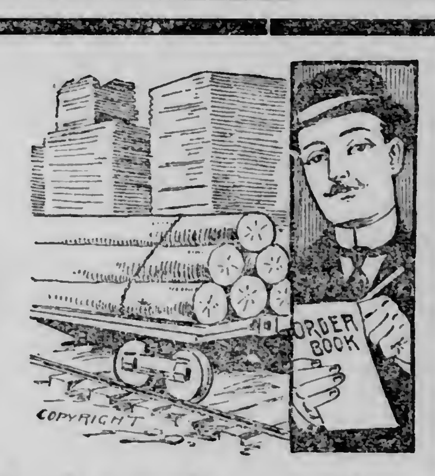
Book 1 on Dyspepsia | Book 4 for Women
Book 2 on the Heart | Book 5 for Men (sealed).
Book 3 on the Kidneys | Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all Druggists.

We Don't Boast

When we say that our order book is keeping pace with our increased capacity.

But we are ready for more.



Scott-Graff Lumber Co.

STATUE OF FREDERICK

Will Not Be Sent Over For a Year.

Berlin, Feb. 28.—Emperor William has instructed Minister Von Sternberg to inform President Roosevelt that the statue of Frederick the Great will not be sent to the United States until the spring of 1904.

The emperor's reasons, as communicated by the foreign office to Ambassador Tower are, "that in view of the unfinished condition of the war college at Washington and the consequent difficulty in carrying out properly the ceremonies of unveiling the statue under the present circumstances and as the emperor wishes to avoid an interval between the arrival of the statue in America and the public dedication, his majesty has decided not to send it to Washington until the spring of 1904."

It appears that Minister Sternburg had a conversation with President Roosevelt some days ago in which the president suggested that it might be as well, owing to the disorder of the grounds and the obstruction of building material, to arrange some later date for the unveiling than June, as previously determined upon.

FERRY BOATS COLLIDE.

Two Men Hurt and Women Become Hysterical.

New York, Feb. 28.—There was a collision in the North river today between the ferryboat New Jersey of the Pennsylvania company and the ferryboat Ridgewood of the Erie Railway company. Julian Legert of Rutherford, N. J., and William Hayes of Paterson, N. J., were badly hurt.

The New Jersey struck the Ridgewood on the men's cabin side, making a big hole in the side. The Ridgewood with passengers and a number of women on board became hysterical.

PLAGUE CAUSES TRAGEDY.

Father Shoots Son and Then Kills Himself.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The plague is responsible for a tragedy in this city, says a dispatch to the Tribune from Mazatlan, Mexico. Ricardo Torreroy Topeto, an employe of the custom house shot his son, who was afflicted with the plague, when the health officers came to convey him to the hospital and then put a bullet through his own brain.

As a result of the tragedy, Mrs. Torrero, who was removed to the observation station, has become insane.

INSPECTORS APPOINTED.

Montreal, Feb. 28.—J. H. Clarke, one of the United States immigration inspectors has just returned from the West. He has appointed eighteen new inspectors for the purpose of watching that diseased immigrants do not enter the United States by the way of the Pacific coast and the western boundary. There are in all now eighty-one inspectors at work between Halifax and the Pacific coast.

TO VISIT CANADA.

New York, Feb. 28.—At the suggestion of Lord Strathcona and Lord Aberdeen, a party of members of both houses of parliament is being organized to pay a visit to Canada in the autumn recess, says the Tribune's London correspondent. The object is to study the resources of the dominion with a view to a more thorough enlightenment of the people of Great Britain. It is proposed to leave Liverpool in August.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

Never expect much from small advertisements, unless they are reinforced by plenty of auxiliary advertising and occasional large ones.—The Advisor.

Dr. ANNA C. BEEBE,

OSTEOPATH.

Chronic Diseases and Physical Deformities successfully treated by the most advanced Osteopathic methods. Special treatment for indigestion, constipation, kidney troubles and diseases peculiar to women.

No charge for consultation.

Offices — Room 15 Phoenix Block.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 11th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Adolph Hirsch, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Telza B. Hirsch, of the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Adolph Hirsch, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a daughter and sole heir of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John F. McCarthy, granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 14-21-28, 1903.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 20th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of William H. Carey, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John R. Carey, administrator of the estate of said William H. Carey, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three succesive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 20th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the court,
(Seal.) J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 21-28, March 7, 1903.

THE TELEPHONE!

Almost as Free as Air.

Made so by the Zenith City Telephone Company. Placed within the reach of all. How was it a few years ago when furnished by a monopoly? Don't sign a contract for a year. You don't have to. You can just as well get it without. So long as it is within our command, insist that corporate power shalll not discriminate against you.

If the Bell Company, alias the Duluth Telephone Company, again gets the power, they will cinch you. Does the leopard change his spots? Nixy! Order the Zenith City telephone, call No. 1. We treat all alike: One price. One condition to all.

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE COMPANY.

IT DOES GIVE ONE A PAIN

when they buy their table wines, brandies, gins or whiskies at any place but the Manhattan Wine House, to find how absolutely inferior they are for the money paid for them in comparison with our imported or domestic goods. By the way, when you get that pain try some of our fine brandy, gins or Mansfield Rye whiskey—they will relieve most any pain, cramp of internal disturbance.

Manhattan Wine House,
Wholesale and Retail.
Zenith Phone 661
Long Dist. 1000
15 W. Superior St.

HEARST IS READY

To Take the Democratic Nomination For the Presidency.

Thinks That the Democrats Have a Chance to Win.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Hon. William R. Hearst, editor of the New York Journal and representative-elect to the Fifty-eighth congress, is in Washington for a few days. Asked about his presidential boom launched at Columbus, he said:

"Well, I am just an ordinary American, and would welcome any promotion that I may merit."

"Judge Parker," said he in response to an inquiry, "is a gentleman of good qualifications, who deserves consideration in the selection of a candidate for the presidency. The Democratic party is fortunate, indeed, in having such worthy men as Parker, Olney and Johnson to choose from."

In the course of the conversation Mr. Hearst explained that he was intending to enter politics seriously at an early day, leaving the management of his three big newspapers, the New York American, the Chicago American and the San Francisco Examiner in considerable part to others.

"What is the outlook for Democratic success?" he was asked.

"We have been gaining ground rapidly in recent months, especially since the beginning of congress. There has been a coming together of factions and a tendency to agreement upon public questions. Democrats are not disposed to yield the management of party affairs to a few who withdrew from them in past campaigns, but there is, nevertheless, a disposition to give them a voice in affairs and to unite on the basic principles of Democracy.

"In New York our prospects are very good for the next campaign. It is naturally a Democratic state. The city went overwhelmingly Democratic at the last election, and again emphasized the tendency of the people to affiliate with the Democratic party. Unfortunate management up the state probably lost us the election. This was probably due to the lack of sufficient funds for proper conduct of a campaign. I do not mean by that money to be used for illegal purposes, but for meeting the legitimate expenses. In many localities the Democrats did not have money enough to do much serious work for the ticket. Where we lost the state by 10,000 I think it could easily have been carried by a majority of $20,000."

"Is the anti-corporation program of congress attracting much attention outside of Washington?"

"I doubt if the country knows there has been any anti-corporation legislation at this session," said Mr. Hearst. "I don't know of any. Congress has legislated all around in the vicinity of corporations. The situation is like a fellow winking at a girl in the dark. He may know he is winking, but nobody else does.

"The question is a very serious one, which the people are thinking about very earnestly," continued Mr. Hearst.

"Do you ascribe those evils to the tariff?"

"Yes," said he, "but popular outcry against the tariff in my judgment is confined to the tariff where it fosters corporations. Apart from that I believe there is general satisfaction with the present tariff and little disposition to meddle with it."

Mr. Hearst anticipates that corpora- will be one of the leading topics before the next congress. "I have been much interested in the statehood fight," he observed in conclusion. "I have lived much in the far West and know many people in Arizona and New Mexico. I am familiar with the conditions out there, and am thoroughly convinced that those territories are deserving of statehood. It is shameful that they should be deprived of the full privileges of citizenship by the chicanery of politics, such as we have seen this winter. I hope the next congress will grant statehood to all three territories."

Former Governor James H. Budd of California, also arrived in the city, coming on the same train with Mr. Hearst. The governor "launched the Hearst boom" at the Lincoln dinner at Columbus, Ohio. He explained that he had come East on business and was passing through Washington to renew his old friendships, the governor having been a member of congress eighteen years ago.

"Was that a 'boom' you launched in Hearst's interest in Columbus?" the governor was asked.

"Hardly a boom," replied the governor. "But if it was, I cannot claim the credit of origination. Former Vice President Stevenson began the Hearst movement last October in his great speech at the Madison Square Garden meeting, a meeting, by the way, given under the auspices of Mr. Hearst as president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, and unequaled, I am told, by any meeting ever held in this country in point of numbers attending and enthusiasm. At this meeting Mr. Stevenson, who was in splendid form vocally, eulogized Mr. Hearst in a truly remarkable but justifiable manner. The sentiment began to spread from that moment.

"When I spoke in Columbus I merely echoed the veteran Stevenson's sentiments, and in Columbus, as in New York, the enthusiasm for Mr. Hearst was tremendous. Out our way we think Mr. Hearst is peculiarly the man for the situation. Behind him all factions can gather. He is a great business man, and a matchless executive. He has the prosperity of the country at heart. He stands for the plain people as no other man stands. His Jeffersonian Democracy is unquestioned. His philanthropy and that of his mother are world-wide. He is aggressive, fearless, honest and able. Forty years old, with the business experiences and sagacity of a man of 60, he has himself written Democratic platforms. I think he could carry the states containing the centers of population, and that means victory. That's the reason I am for Hearst."

MADE THE MOST OF THEIR TIME

Ice Companies Harvested Much Ice While Lake Was Frozen.

After a little over a week's stay the ice in the lake was broken up and driven out by the severe wind of last night. The extremely cold weather of last week formed a sufficient covering of the crystaline to give the ice dealers a chance.

There were four or five days during which the local ice companies were able to cut ice off the lake before the thaw came and they made the best of their time, working night and day, to lay in a supply of ice large enough to supply their trade during the coming season.

While a larger amount than was secured could easily be accomodated, local icemen have gathered enough to insure Duluth against a famine next summer.

If the amount should run out before the warm weather next summer leaves, there is a large amount of ice in possession of the ice companies at Lake Nebagamon, which can be brought here. The lake from which this ice is cut is small enough so that it freezes early and allows several crops to be harvested during the year. Nearly all of the ice used in Superior comes from there, and some time ago, when there was fear of an ice famine in Duluth, the Nebagamon ice companies expressed themselves as being able to supply the demands of Duluth if it were necessary.

There is still ice in Spirit lake, and a large amount can be cut there and brought to Duluth by railroad before it breaks up.

For refrigerating purposes a large amount has been cut off the bay, so that there seems to be little reason to expect an ice famine with its high prices to come down on Duluth next summer.

BACK TO HOME HE LEFT.

Ohio Man Is Now Anxious to Return.

Ironton, Ohio, Feb. 28.—About three years ago R. L. Matheny, of Russell, Ky., opposite this city, disappeared and his hat and coat were found on the bank of the Ohio river. His wife and family mourned him as dead, as all efforts to recover the body failed. At the time Matheny disappeared $100 belonging to R. E. Long, a brother-in-law, was also missing.

Wednesday Long received a letter from Matheny, begging forgiveness and asking to be permitted to return home. Matheny was told by a physician that he had consumption, and this so worked upon his mind, he writes, that he decided to go to the Pacific coast for his health, hence he took the money. He wanted the public to believe that he was drowned so his wife could collect his life insurance.

Mathen's health is good now and he is ready to return to his wife and children, if he is promised that no charges tre preferred against him.

TRAGEDY AT JONESBORO, GA.

Jonesboro, Ga., Feb. 8.—William Farmer, deputy sheriff of Clayton county, last night shot and instantly killed his father-in-law, James Christian, mortally wounded his wife, who is in a dying condition, and attemped to kill his son, but missed fire.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." Mrs. Ira O. Brown, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

THE RELIEF FUND

St. Louis County Contributions to Scandinavian Famine Fund.

Several Entertainments Soon to Be Given For the Fund.

Dr. J. J. Eklund, who was appointed local treasurer for the relief fund for the sufferers in Sweden, Norway and Finland, reports that he is still meeting with success in his canvass for contributions. Since his report last Saturday Dr. Eklund has added nearly $300 to the list he holds. Besides his list of contributors, there are a number about the city with considerable amounts subscribed which do not yet appear in the total.

Arrangements have now been completed for a series of entertainments, whose object will be the raising of funds to aid in the great philanthropic movement. Next Monday evening the Gray-Tallant company will give a musicale in its large store on Superior street. The program will include selections by Flaaten's orchestra and the Normanna Singing chorus. Admission will be only 10 cents.

Theobaldi, the famous Norwegian violinist, known as the "Wizard of the Violin," will appear in a grand concert at the High School building March 9, the proceeds, save a small commission to the musician, to go toward the relief fund. Theobaldi has written Dr. Eklund that he intended visiting Duluth and playing at the Lyceum, with prices at 25, 50 and 75 cents, but he has left the financial arrangements to the local committee.

The next entertainment will be at the Armory Sunday afternoon, March 15, when a grand concert will be given, participated in by Flaaten's orchestra, the Normanna Singing chorus, the Swedish Glee club and the Venneburg chorus. It is intended to be one of the finest musical events of the season.

Dr. Eklund said today that he has heard from all the committees on the range and all report doing well. He believes that Duluth and St. Louis county will do their full share toward aiding the destitute and suffering people of Scandinavia, and that the total amount raised in the northern part of the state will compare very favorably with the more thickly settied southern portion.

Dr. Eklund has already forwarded $350 of the amount he has collected to N. O. Werner, of Minneapolis, secretary of the governor's relief committee for the state of Minnesota.

Following is the list of contributions held by Dr. Eklund for the past week:

Last report	$269 75
Bishop J. D. Morrison	25 00
Duncan, Brewer & Co.	25 00
Hansen Smith	5 00
Max Wirth	5 00
Not mentioned	5 00
Hon. W. E. Culkin	5 00
Dr. Robert Graham	5 00
Dr. J. M. Robinson	5 00
Dr. F. N. Phelan	5 00
Dr. J. M. O. Tufty	5 00
L. Hammel Co.	2 00
Duluth Brewing company	5 00
W. W. Watson	1 00
H. A. Jordhoy	1 00
St. John's English Lutheran church	16 25
Y. P. S. of German M. E. church	3 50
Not mentioned	1 00
P. A. Sjoselious	2 00
Mrs. Maria Lind	1 00
J. F. Gyllenberg	1 00
Anton Borgen	5 00
St. Mary's hospital	10 00
Pilgrim Congregational church	20 50
Not mentioned	1 00
Sattler Liquor company	2 00
Ladies of S. H. and E. F. lodge No. 9, of Virginia	80 00
S. H. and E. lodge No. 13, Thor, of Ely	30 00
C. M. Hill Lumber company	5 00
F. A. Trolander	5 00
By Ed Olson, McKinley	17 30
Total	$[illegible]69 60

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Railroad Agent at Benclare Kills a Grain Buyer.

Sioux Falls—H. E. Stegald, agent of the Illinois Central Railroad company at Benclare, a little town a short distance east of here, Friday shot and instantly killed Frank Bowen, a grain buyer of that place and owner of the townsite. The murder took place at the station waiting-room and a boy who chanced to be within range was wounded. Stegald was arrested and brought here by Sheriff Huston. A coroner's inquest will be held in this city. The cause of the tragedy is unknown.

Fort Meade—Orders have been received for the departure of the remaining troops of the Thirteenth United States cavalry, which will leave here March 11 for San Francisco to embark for the Philippines. Fort Meade will be occupied by the Sixth cavalry, now on its way from the Philippines. The Thirteenth and Sixth regiments will exchange places, the former going into the position that has for several months been occupied by the Sixth in the interior of Luzon.

Pierre—Governor Herreld, on recommendation of the board of pardons, granted a pardon to Fred Lingnesky, sentenced from Bon Homme county on a charge of grand larceny. The prisoner is near the point of death from consumption, and on this ground the pardon was recommended.

Aberdeen—Reports indicate that the death of Christoph Rott, of Kulm, at Ashley, may not have been the result of a row, but that he was deliberately set upon by a party of Russians and beaten to death. Fred Bensinger, Peter Riedlinger, John Nagel, Gottlieb Schaffer and Andraes Schlapsz have been arrested and are being held for trial or as witnesses.

It is alleged that Rott was set upon by part or all of the men named while he was sitting in a room in the Winter boardinghouse at Ashley and badly beaten, and that his assailants, who are alleged to have had an old grudge against him, would not let him go to find a doctor to dress his wounds. It is further alleged that they then drove two men out of the room, put out the light and renewed the assault, his head being so badly wounded that death followed in a few hours.

Montrose—Montrose is to have a new state bank, to be called the Security State bank, with a capital of $12,000. The projectors are all local men. The following officers and directors have been elected: P. G. Williams, president; L. E. Gage, vice president; N. I. Loffer, cashier; P. G. Williams, L. E. Gage, E. S. Gage, Ida Williams and Martha Williams, directors.

Deadwood—The Deadwood Opera House company has been organized by Joseph Hattenbach, W. S. Elder, N. E. Franklin and James Munn. The company is capitalized at $300,000, and will erect an opera house at a cost of over $200,000.

I. H. Chase has sold to Frank X. Smith the Chase building on lower Main street for $8000.

Pierre—The first letter of the series aimed by Charles E. Giddings, of Deadwood, against President Cook, of the Spearfish normal school has reached the state board of regents, which declined to consider it or place it on file. Giddings is severely condemned for his course.

Centerville—N. Munsel, a pioneer farmer, died Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Wendell, of this place, was the only person who escaped more or less injury in the accident near Athol on Monday.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Paine's Celery Compound

Rapidly Repairs

Wasted Tissues, Puts It In Fine Condition and Expels Waste Poisons From the System.

The tissues of the human body are rapidly wasted by fevers, and great quantities of waste poison are poured into the blood. The rapid break down of tissue and the charging of the blood with poisons, bring unfortunate victims to a condition of weakness and helplessness that is pitiable to behold. Thousands of young and old who have just passed the critical stages of typhoid, inflammatory, gastric, typhus, intermittent and other forms of fevers demand the closest attention and best treatment if life is to be saved.

With true candor, honesty and earnestness we suggest and urge the use of nature's nerve food and nourisher, Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine in the world that has proven its value as a builder of wasted tissue, a bracer of weak and irritated nerves, a never-failing blood purifier and enricher. Paine's Celery Compound has made tens of thousands well and strong; it has saved afflicted ones from the grave where everything else has failed. No other medicine so quickly fortifies feeble men and women: it gives them that robust health that makes life a joy.

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THE EMERSON CENTENNIAL

Memorial School or Conference at Concord and Boston.

Boston, Feb. 28.—The Free Religious association, of which Emerson was one of the founders and vice presidents, is to commemorate the centennial of his birth by devoting the principal session of its annual convention in May to the subject of Emerson's religious influence. The after-dinner speeches at the evening festival will also for the most part take the form of tributes to Emerson's memory. Several of his old friends and associates will be among the speakers.

The association has still larger plans, shaped in response to a general demand all over the country for a broad consideration in this centennial year of Emerson's life and influence. It is arranging for an Emerson memorial school or conference, for three weeks in July, beginning Monday, July 13. The morning sessions of the school will be held in Concord and the evening sessions in Boston. There will be thirty lectures in all, in which the various aspects of Emerson's great work and influence will be treated by the ablest scholars and thinkers who can be associated for the purpose. Special Sunday services, with sermons or addresses by eminent lovers of Emerson, will also be arranged both in Boston and Concord.

To secure the broadest possible spirit in the planning of the program for this important commemoration, the committee appointed by the association has been enlarged by the addition of scholars representing the old Concord tradition, the Harvard sentiment, and the Saturday club, with which Emerson was so long and so fondly associated. The committee consist of Edwin D. Mead, George Willis Cooke, John C. Haynes, Frank B. Sanborn, William R. Thayer, Moorfield Storey, and David Greene Haskins, Jr.

The time for the commemoration has been fixed so as best to accommodate the great number of teachers and students from all parts of the country who will come to Boston early in July to attend the convention of the National Educational association. It is felt that hundreds of these, who will spend the summer in New England, will welcome the opportunity of attending this inspiring summer school, and its opening will therefore immediately follow the Educational association's convention. The division of the sessions between Concord and Boston will also, it is felt, be pleasing to these visiting scholars, while at the same time a convenience to the large local public.

On the birthday itself, May 25, there is to be a celebration at Concord, with addresses by Senator Hoar, Colonel Higginson, Charles Eliot Norton and others; and on the preceding evening, Sunday, there will be a memorial observance in Symphony Hall, Boston, under the auspices of a large citizens' committee, with an address by President Eliot, a poem by George E. Woodberry, and choral music.

KANSAS FARMER KILLED.

Kansas City, Feb. 28.—Bert McKinsley, a farmer living near Monticello, Kas., was shot and mortally wounded last night by some one who fired a charge from a shotgun through a window of McKinsley's house, acording to a telephone message received this morning from Olympia, Kas. McKinsley is 40 years old, unmarried, and lived alone on his farm.

Nora, don't forget my Rocky Mountain Tea tonight, felt rocky for a week, bowels and liver all out of whack. Tom says it cured and made a new man of him. S. F. Boyce.

STRANGE TALES

Of Occult Power and Rites In Flower's Sanitarium.

Said to Have Turned Mere Nothings Into Solid Gold.

New York, Feb. 28.—Richard C. Flower seems to be the central figure in the contest over the fortune which Theodore Hagaman is supposed to have left. It seems certain that Dr. Flower received hundreds of thousands of dollars from Hagaman before he died, and from the widow he got other hundreds of thousands. In fact, most of the missing fortune seems to have found its way to him. Flower was born in Albion, Edwards county, Ill., Dec. 11, 1849. His father was Rev. Alfred Flower, and his mother was Elizabeth Orange.

His early education was obtained at private schools in his native town, which he attended until he was 11 years old. At the age of 11 he went to the Northwestern university in Indianapolis. He was graduated in 1868. He was educated for the law and was admitted to the bar in Louisville, Ky. He practiced law until his health failed.

He studied medicine and for the ministry at the same time. He entered the Cincinnati health college, having prepared for this by taking a preparatory course with Andrew Strong, M.D., of Troy, N. Y.

His early practice after graduation was very successful. In Philadelphia and in New York he built up a great business.

As a minister he was also successful. He preached in Illinois, Indiana and Kentucky. His last call was to Alliance, Ohio, in December, 1875.

Dr. Flower has been married twice. His first wife was Ella Nicholas daughter of Larkin and Amanda Nicholas, of Jeffersonville, Ind., whom he married in December, 1871. By this union he had two sons, Altus D. and Jewel, both of whom are living in Boston today.

In July, 1877, he married May D. Manfull, daughter of C. C. and Hannah Manfull, of Ohio. She is the present Mrs. Flower.

In his practice of medicine the doctor has never stuck to any one school of medicine. He is a graduate of three different medical colleges, but practices in his own original manner. Perhaps one of the principal things that have given rise to the rumors of the doctor's connection with the occult is his peculiar method of diagnosing his case. He asks no questions of his patients. He merely looks them in the eye, and tells them what is the matter with them.

Dr. Flower went to Boston in 1882. In 1889 the R. C. Flower Medical company, the corporation which has made itself noted by the establishment of the sanitarium at the Hotel Flower, and about which there has been so much talk, was organized.

The company was incorporated with a capital stock of $1,000,000, with every cent paid in. There was an atmosphere of mystery about the sanitarium.

Strange and uncanny rumors were afloat of the mysteries of the occult doings which were concealed by the walls of his alleged medical institution. Wild and weird were the whisperings of the spirit seances which rumor had it were held behind the closed doors.

The doctor was a speculator as well as a physician. His schemes were numerous and involved the investment of millions of dollars. There were gold mines, silver mines, coal mines, real estate deals, enormous land schemes, lumber interests, a big irrigation scheme and the organization and promotion of numberless stock companies of all sorts.

The schemes were not all successful, and when they failed there would be lots of indefinite talk.

Dr. Flower is and always has been a great traveler, spending a great portion of his time on the cars.

WHEELING PASTORS

Favor the Sale of Liquor on Sundays.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 28.—Several ministers have created a sensation in this city by signing the petition of the saloonkeepers to legalize the sale of their goods on Sunday, excepting during church hours. The preachers give as their reason for appending their names to the document that liquor is being sold and has been for years, both after midnight and on Sunday, and they believe in regulating the traffic so as to prevent churchgoers from being annoyed. They are denounced by others of the clergy.

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PIANO!

No more putting it off from fall to spring and from spring to fall. If you are using the old excuses that "Pianos are too high," and "I haven't got the price," or "I'm waiting for some one to be forced to sell and let me in on a snap." First of all, we will sell this week—

NEW PIANOS FOR $128

Fully warranted—these are beauties—you can buy them in any wood you wish — they are strictly up-to-date—seeing is believing—come.

Good Square Grand Pianos—
$25, $42, $50, $65 and $75.

Among these elegant old square grand pianos can be found Emerson, Knabe, C. D. Herki and other old time favorites.

Used Upright Pianos—
$100, $140, $150, $157, $160
$168, $175 and $210.

Just a few sample prices in this assortment. You will find Emerson (old, of course, but good still), Esty, Schubert, D. Gabler & Bro., Smith & Barnes, Willard, Colby & Co., Gardner, Chickering, and others.

Forty Organs at 50c on the Dollar.

Elegant organs—some only used one year—taken back in trade on pianos—all of the celebrated makes in this collection. We will sell forty organs next week at prices ranging from $10.00 to $50.00. Don't be late. You'll be sorry.

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Our line is complete and is made up of the cream of the piano makers' art, the best organs in the land, and the only piano player on the market that satisfies—you know the name—no use in putting it down.

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$10 Down and $5 Monthly

Are terms we are pleased to sell to you on. If you wish to pay more or in fact pay cash, we will still be here to receive it.

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Albert Lea Standard: If there is a more cosmopolitan or better paper in the Northwest than The Duluth Daily Herald, we have not seen or heard of it. It is modern in every sense of the word, and aside from the ability of its editorial pages and its comprehensive news features every copy is a joy typographically to every journalist and reader. The issue of Feb. 4 consisted of forty pages in celebration of its removal into its new home, a magnificent building erected especially for it. The edition was profusely illustrated and the contents were of exceeding interest.

AN EXPENSIVE SYSTEM.

In a recent article The Herald dwelt upon the burdensome and useless procedure in criminal casse, due to the antiquated grand jury system. There is another feature that deserves attention, and that is the needless expense which it imposes upon the taxpayers. The figures are not at hand which show the total expense of grand juries to St. Louis county, but a glance at some of the items of expense will give some idea of what the system costs the country. The amounts paid to grand jurors for the last seven years in St. Louis county are as follows: 1896, $2048.20; 1897, $3023.48; 1898, $1256.65; 1899, $1889.50; 1900, $1388.50; 1901, $1504.15; 1902, $935.10; total, $12,045.59. This shows an average yearly expense of $1720.79 for the seven years for the fees of grand jurors alone.

But there are other heavy items of expense. The cost of summoning grand juries is from $90 to $100 a term, or from $450 to $500 a year. The cost of subpoenaing witnesses to appear before the grand jury amounts to more than that of summoning the jurors. The expense of the per diem of the witnesses and their mileage is estimated to exceed the fees of grand jurors. The per diem of officers in charge of grand juries must also be added to the cost. The total amounts to a large sum and increases the burden of the taxpayers. When it is considered that in the states which have abandoned the grand jury procedure in criminal cases all this expense is saved to the taxpayers, and that prosecutions for violation of the law are as successful in those states as in our own, there should be no opposition offered to the movement to amend the constitution so that the grand jury system can be abolished in Minnesota.

Under the present system in this county, if a man steals $20 on the iron ranges, say 100 miles from Duluth, he must be examined before a magistrate and witnesses must be produced. If the magistrate binds him over to the district court, all the witnesses must be subjoenaed before the grand jury and examined before them, for which they receive per diem and mileage. The witnesses are sent home before the grand jury returns a bill, and then they must be subpoenaed again to appear at the trial and remain until it is concluded, receiving per diem and mileage. Thus, it will be seen the sheriff receives fees and mileage twice for the same witnesses, and the witnesses receive per diem and mileage twice from the district court. If the grand jury could be dispensed with, the costs before the examining magistrate and the costs of the district court, including subpoenaing witnesses once and attendance of the witnesses once, would be the total expense. This procedure has been thoroughly tried in many states, and none of them would go back to the old system. Why should not Minnesota abolish the expensive as well as cumbrous system?

Mr. Chamberlain is indisputably a high authority on municipal goverment, owing to his excellent service in the Birmingham city government thirty years ago, when that place was headed toward progressive and efficient municipal methods. On that account his recent advice to the town council of Johannesburg in the Transvaal, concerning the liquor trade, is of interest. He said he had always favored the municipalization of the drink traffic, on the ground that it eliminated personal interest from the sale of intoxicants and promoted temperance. He believed in using the profits for the improvement of the town or city and the reduction of taxes. In his judgment, if Johannesburg took over the liquor trade, the city government would be pioneers in a movement having the promise of enormous results for good. Of course, the Prohibitionists will denounce Mr. Chamberlain's views, but that will probably give him little concern.

Cumulative evidence of the nation's prosperity is given by the report of New York's bank superintendent that the deposits in savings banks in the Empire state increased from $63,077,885 to $1,077,383,743. More than 100,000 new accounts were opened.

The Wisconsin senate is still delaying action on what the people of that state want—a primary election law. The Stalwarts are digging a deep pit into which they are likely to be dropped.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean thinks the talked-of electric railroad from Duluth to the gulf of Mexico is not a dream.

ONE CAUSE OF PROSPERITY.

An analysis of the exports and imports of the United States and their relative value, by the Boston News Bureau, furnishes an interesting study of the economic conditions of the country. In 1902, 14.42 per cent of our $969,320,953 of imports was of luxuries, that is, things that we could do without, and 17 per cent was manufactures ready for consumption—things that in most cases we might make for ourselves, while 46.8 per cent was of materials of industry. Only 21.78 per cent was of articles of food and animals or things necessary that we do not produce. They amounted in value to $211,070,944; of this, sugar, tea and coffee represented $115,465,105. But since 1897 our expenditures for these things have declined and the things with which we pay for them—our cotton, wheat and corn—have greatly increased in value.

A pound of cotton now buys twice as much coffee, half as much more of sugar, and a fourth as much more of tea as it bought ten years ago. A bushel of wheat buys 10 per cent more coffee, 53 per cent more sugar and 16 per cent more tea; and a bushel of corn, 116 per cent more coffee, 66 per cent more sugar, and 20 per cent more tea. Comparisons of the exports and imports in these classes of goods for 1893 and 1897 with 1902 show the same result. In 1893 we paid for our sugar, tea and coffee, 68.62 per cent of what we got for our cotton, wheat and corn. In 1897 we paid 48.39 per cent, and in 1902 39.75 per cent. Manifestly we are getting much the better of the bargain. The comparison is made only for the three articles of sugar, tea and coffee, but it indicates in a way one of the causes of our great prosperity, namely, that the things we have to sell have increased in value faster than the things we buy.

It is no wonder that the Boston paper asks: "Does an American dollar now equal two foreign dollars?" It may not, but it certainly comes pretty near it as shown by the comparative statements of purchases.

THE MACEDONIAN TROUBLE.

While yesterday's news dispatches from Bulgaria indicate that the reports of uprisings of the Macedonians are premature, there is no doubt but what they will come sooner or later. When the reforms instigated by the powers and ordered by the sultan of Turkey become thoroughly known, they will serve to incite rather than placate the Macedonians. The Macedonians are tired of their practical alliance with Russia and Austria, and propose to ally themselves with some other nation or nations. They realize that the action of the powers in demanding reforms is just, but they know at the same time that under the direction of the Turk they can never be effected. The Macedonians will not stand the arbitrary rule of Turkey. According to Charles Johnson, an English writer in the North American Review, there is a fight every spring in Macedonia. With the disappearance of the snow there comes an opportunity for the Bulgarian peasants and mountaineers, who form the bulk of the population, to take vengeance on their oppressors, the Turkish soldiers and police. Patrols and small bands of soldiers are ambushed, men disappear among the caves and forests of the hills, villages are attacked and burned and murders are common throughout the three provinces that constitute Macedonia. Anarchy has reigned throughout Macedonia for generations.

Most of the 3,000,000 Macedonians are Bulgarian Slavs and Greek Christians. In consequence the 4,000,000 Bulgarian subjects of Prince Ferdinand sympathize thoroughly with the Macedonians. To effectuate this sympathy a Macedonian committee exists in Bulgaria. The presiding genius of these committees is Col. Zontcheff, a former officer and enthusiast with all the zealous readiness of martyrdom. The colonel has a loose organization throughout the three provinces. These Macedonian branches are centers of revolutionary activity and are supposed to have a rallying center in the religious communities of Mount Athos; for the work of the Macedonian committee is as much religious as political. To add to the chaos the Albanians of Macedonia, fanatical Moslems, began to rid the Christian villages, even in Servia, and the Turkish regulars besides fighting the Christian insurrectionists had to subdue the fierce Albanians. The dominant figure among the Macedonian Bulgarians in this fighting was Lieut. Col. Jankoff. Three hundred battalions of Turkish regulars occupied the disordered country. Jankoff issued two stirring proclamations calling upon the Macedonian Christians to rise en masse. After considerable fighting and the steady reinforcement of the Turks the strength of the latter and the approach of winter brought a degree of order, though with constant outrages by the Turkish soldiery.

Russia does not want to be drawn into war with either Turkey or Macedonia and has practically instigated the act of the powers calling for reform, in order to free herself from unpleasant complications.

A report from Kansas says that scarcely a day passes without the release of mortgages by payment. Houses which make farm loans in the state report unusual promptitude in payments, one company saying that it has practically not a dollar overdue, and in five years has not lost a single loan. Another company having $6,000,000 out in farm loans reports but three coupons in default. There has been prosperity enough evidently to enable the farmers to bear up under the exactions of the trusts and still feel prosperous. The truth is that the farmers feel the effects of monopolies that raise prices less than do the residents of cities.

Minnesota riflemen should note that experiments in the Russian army have proved that the use of yellow spectacles by gunners enables them to shoot more accurately by 30 per cent than when they use the naked eye, especially in variable light.

The Springfield Republican objects to calling the proposed new state in the Southwest Montezuma because that was the name of a "heathen emperor." It might with as much reason object to the names of states and cities of Indian origin.

With newspapers on board the steamships printing wireless messages giving the news of the world, a transatlantic voyage ceases to be the restful thing it was.

The Cubans have authorized a large issue of bonds. Who says they are not catching the American spirit?

OUR INDIAN WARDS.

The real wants of the Indian seem to be but poorly understood even at this day and age. It is certain that all the wrongs of the red men have not yet been righted, nor a clear policy of dealing with the wards of the nation yet established. Until the enactment of the Dawes bill the Indians were debarred from American citizenship, but since the provisions of that act went into effect, under which an allotment of land in severalty to an Indian carries with it the right of citizenship, only about 70,000 Indians out of a total in the United States of about 270,000, have yet availed themselves of it. In fact, one considerable fraction of them, the 5000 or more Indians still resident on the reservations of New York state, are expressly excepted from the provisions of the Dawes bill.

"How strongly neglectful we have been, to use a mild term, in introducing and establishing among the Indians the most ordinary principles and institutions of Christian civilization," says L. A. Maynard, in Leslie's Weekly, "may be illustrated by the fact that only within the past year has there been the faintest attempt on the part of the government to put a stop to polygamy and to recognize, by license for marriage and the proper solemnization of marriage, the meaning and worth of the family as the unit of our Christian social life." Experience is demonstrating that some of the supposedly excellent and most approved methods of promoting the welfare of the Indians, such as the education of Indian youth in institutions like those at Carlisle and Hampton, are not producing the most desirable and satisfactory results, and should now, at least, be gradually displaced by the introduction among the Indians themselves of institutions patterned, to the largest practicable extent, after the common schools of the country. Three Indian tribes have recently petitioned the Nebraska delegation in congress to urge legislation that shall permit them to send their children to the common schools of that state.

The chief steps yet to be taken in the improvement of the conditions surrounding the Indians are, the gradual breaking up of the tribal system and the allotment of lands in severalty, according to the provisions of the Dawes act; the breaking up, also, and the just and equable distribution among the Indians of the great tribal funds now held in trust for them by the United States; the introduction among them of the various arts and industries suited to their capacities, needs, and surroundings, and also of an educational system like that enjoyed by the American people in general, and calculated to bring them into harmony with American ideals in home, family, and community life. It is useless to suppose that the problems will be solved by the disappearance of the Indians, as many seem to think. As a matter of fact, these people are increasing in number despite all the untoward conditions under which they live. The census of 1890 gave the number of Indians in the United States, exclusive of Alaska, as 249,000; the census of 1900 gives them as 270,000. Careful ethnologists see no reason to suppose that since America was discovered there has ever been a time when the Indians on our territory were materially more in number than they are now.

A KANSAS POOH BAH.

Representative Chester I. Long of Kansas seems to be a veritable "Pooh Bah" of Kansas, and is having all kinds of trouble in getting rid of his numerous offices. In fact it seems that he has too many jobs to be taken care of at the same time. He is a member of the present congress, representing the Seventh Kansas district, has been re-elected to the Fifty-eighth congress, and has also been chosen United States senator from the Sunflower state. A somewhat peculiar condition of affairs has developed in connection with Mr. Long's claim on three offices. He has discovered that he cannot resign his position in the Fifty-eighth congress until after March 4, and, naturally, can not be a senator and a representative at the same time.

The senator-elect decided a few days ago that it was up to him to resign his seat in the lower house of the Fifty-eighth congress, in order that the voters of the Seventh Kansas district might select his successor, and he offered his resignation to Speaker Henderson. The speaker replied that it was impossible for the speaker of the Fifty-seventh congress to accept the resignation of a man elected to the Fifty-eighth congress. It is the first case of the kind since 1854, when Representative and Representative-elect and Senator-elect Trumbull of Illinois had to wait until March 4 to tender his resignation as representative. "I shall resign in order to permit the early election of my successor in the Seventh district," said Mr. Long. "I have an idea that the governor of Kansas will call a special election to be held probably in May." Mr. Long's name will not be transferred from the house to the senate pay roll until his resignation as a representative-elect to the Fifty-eighth congress is accepted.

Through the resignation of Capt. Hobson all the officers of the construction corps who were jumped by him when he was advanced twenty numbers for his part in the Merrimac exploit regain their former relative positions. Thus his resignation has made some people happy.

Robert Grau says that nine of the Patti concerts have been sold for from $10,000 to $11,000, and that Mme. Patti is guaranteed $5000 for each concert and 50 per cent of the net receipts above $7500. She will be able to buy a few more diamonds.

An industrial and international exhibit will take place in Rheims, France, from May 15 to Sept. 15 next, and those who cannot wait for the St. Louis show can take in this. By the way, Rheims is famous for the quality of its wine, which may be an additional attraction.

It is noted that every injunction issued against any combination among the meat packers is followed by reports of progress on their part in effecting a combination. Are they anxious to be committed for contempt of court?

A python in Boston refused to eat and they forced a number of rabbits down its throat. Perhaps it wanted beans, as a result of living in the Boston atmosphere.

With the cold winter still dragging along, the earl of Yarmouth thought it well to have a Thaw.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Feb. 28.—The storm central Friday morning ver eastern Nebraska has moved rapidly to the lake region, the center being apparently over Lake Erie. Rain or snow fell in the lake region, central valleys and Northwest. High northwesterly winds occurred in the lake region, the Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and eastern slopes of the Rockies. It is much colder in all districts north from and including Colorado, Kansas, Missouri and Illinois, with zero temperature in North Dakota and Manitoba. The Alberta high pressure area has moved south to Montana, Wyoming and the western Dakotas.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	32	Marquette	16
Battleford	4	Medicine Hat	8
Bismarck	−2	Miles City	10
Buffalo	48	Milwaukee	34
Calgary	4	Minnedosa	−8
Chicago	36	Modena	16
Davenport	34	Moorhead	0
Denver	14	North Platte	12
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	32
Dodge City	14	Omaha	12
Duluth	8	Pittsburg	54
El Paso	34	Port Arthur	0
Escanaba	24	Prince Albert	6
Green Bay	32	Qu Appelle	8
Havre	10	Rapid City	36
Helena	16	Santa Fe	18
Houghton	12	St. Louis	40
Huron	2	St. Paul	12
Kamloops	22	Swift Current	8
Kansas City	24	Williston	6
La Crosse	26	Winnipeg	−10
Lander	8		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time). Sunday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries this afternoon and possibly tonight. Colder tonight. Generally fair Sunday. Brisk and high northwest winds this afternoon and tonight diminishing in force Sunday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Snow flurries this afternoon and tonight followed by fair Sunday. Cold wave. High northwest winds.

Minnesota—Fair Sunday preceeded by snow flurries near Lake Superior tonight. Colder in east portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Slightly warmer Sunday.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Brooklyn Eagle: Pearl—Did you hear about the awful fright George got on his wedding day?
Maude—Yes, I was there. I saw her.

Chicago News: Softleigh—Are you quite sure Miss Banks is not in?
The Maid—Of course I am. She gave me one of your photographs in order to make me doubly sure.

Chicago Tribune: New Wife—Reginald, dear, how are we going to cook this pudding?
New Husband—That doesn't worry me a particle, Bella. I'm wondering how we're going to eat it.

New York Weekly: Husband (irritably) —It isn't a year since you said you believed our marriage was made in heaven, and yet you order me around as if I wasn't anybody.
Wife (calmly)—Order is heaven's first law.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "And that," said Mr. Staylate, concluding his story, "was how my mother became interested in the Home for Aged Widows."
"Yes," interrupted Miss Wornout. "Speaking of homes reminds me; our clock stopped today and I haven't the slightest idea what time it is."

Philadelphia Press: "Doctor," he said, archly, "some physicians say kissing isn't healthy, you know. What do you think of it?"
"Well, really," replied the handsome young doctor. "I don't think you or I should attempt to decide that off-hand. Let's put our heads together and consider."

A MODERN LOVE SONG.

In the State of Mass,
There lives a lass
I love to go N. C.;
No other Miss,
Can e'er, I Wis.,
Be half so dear to Me.

R. I. is blue,
And her cheeks the hue
Of shells where waters swash;
On her pink-white phiz
There Nev. Ariz.
The least complexion Wash.

La.! could I win
The heart of Minn.,
I'd ask for nothing mo.e.
But I only dream
Upon the theme,
And Conn. it o'er and Ore.

Why is it, pray,
I can't Ala.
This love that makes me Ill.?
N. Y., O., Wy.
Kan. Nev. Ver. I.
Propose to her my will?

I shun the task
'Twould be to ask
This gentle maid to wed;
And so, to press
My suite, I guess
Alaska Pa. instead.
—Brooklyn Eagle.

Cubans Catching On.

Baltimore American: The Cubans are become very decidedly Americanized. They have doubled the rent for ground occupied by the United States troops.

A Leader Who Leads.

Philadelphia North American: There is in all the world no alliance so strong as the American people and their president—as a president worthy to lead a people who know him to be worthy to lead. Against that alliance none can stand.

Heroic Remedies Needed.

Buffalo Express: New York phyicians have discovered that hypodermic injections of diluted carbolic acid are good for tetanus. Maybe a few squirts of it would ease up some of these legislative deadlocks in various states.

Boundlessness of Human Charity.

San Francisco Chronicle: The persecuted Finns, hounded and harassed by the Russian government, tarved and distressed, have expressed their gratitude for the financial aid which they have received from the people of the United States. Human charity certainly can interest itself in no worthier cause than this of a people being destroyed by governmental oppression.

Rounding Up "Easy Marks."

Washington Post: The E. J. Arnold Investment company has 155 agents on the road soliciting suckers. It evidently went on the theory that a sucker is worth going after.

Fallen Despots.

Baltimore American: Fickle, indeed, is the popular taste. Coal is no longer the absorbing topic of conversation. Even the coming spring fashions are now commanding more attention than the fallen despot of domestic comfort.

One Word Tells the Story.

Chicago Inter Ocean: It was brought out incidentally in a parliamentary discussion the other day that Great Britain follows the United States in the use of boilers for its warships, the term "follows" tells the story in a nutshell.

JOHN BAKER ILL.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—John Baker, ex-minister to Venezuela, and a member of congress for several terms, is seriously ill at his home at Belleville, Ills., says a dispatch to the Tribune. It is feared he will not recover. His ailment borders on paralysis. He has been blind for several years.

HORSE DEALER ASPHYXIATED.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.—D. E. Yates, aged 42 years, a traveling horse dealer of Savannah, was asphyxiated in his room at a hotel here. The coroner will determine whether the case is one of accident or suicide.

MR. DOOLEY DISCUSSES

The Race Question

By Finley Peter Dunne.

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"What ar-re we goin' to do about th' coons?" asked Mr. Dooley.

"What ought we to do about them?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"We've got to do something," said Mr. Dooley. "Something's got to be done. Whin I was a young man I raymimber hearin' people talk iv boostin' th' naygur up fr'm his lowly place as an unforchnit slave an' humorist an' makin' him as good as anybody an' betther thin a German be givin' him a vote. I didn't believe it because I was a dimmycrat an' didn't believe annything but Stephen A. Douglas. But they used to say it jus' th' same, an' if ye didn't say it, too, it was down to Camp Douglas with ye be th' back iv th' neck as a pris'ner iv war. Th' dimmycrats knew that a naygur with a vote wudden't be a Willum Shakespeare. It wudden't take anny iv th' dusk out iv his cheeks to sind him down to th' liv'ry stable an' lave him stick an impecryal ballot that he cudden't r-read into a box with a false bottom. Can th' camel change his hump? as Hogan wud say. A naygur with a vote is a naygur with a vote, an' that's all he is. Th' dimmycrats knew that forty years ago. Histhry always vindicates th' dimmycrats but niver in their life time. They see th' thruth first but th' throuble is that nawthin' is iver officially thrue till a Raypublican sees it.

"Th' naygur ain't anny better off thin he was. Nobody is. But nearly ivrybody expicted afther th' war that his locks wud become golden at wanst an' that he wud soon get a Roman nose. But here he is today lookin' jus' as he did forty year ago. He ain't got anny more money, he ain't anny lighter in complexion an' I sometimes doubt whether he's anny happyer thin he was whin they was takin' his darlin' Nelly Gray away fr'm him an' he'd niver see her more till they met in th' Jim Crow siction iv Hiven. Down in th' merry chilavrous Southland no basket picnic is complete onless a naygur is depindin' fr'm th' shrubbery. Up here in this free North iv ours where th' wurruds iv Windell Phillips is still soundin' in th' air we don't see anny naygurs marryin' into our ladin' families. We welcome him as our akel in all rayspicts but none iv our consarvitive prize fighters will put on th' gloves with him.

"So I say something's got to be done f'r him but what it is, I dinnaw. Tiddy Rosenfelt's idee is to glad hand him up to a higher plane. All ye've got to do to make him th' akel iv his white brother is to give him a job an' have him up to th' White House f'r dinner. Preparations is bein' made f'r th' dinner to th' Royal Knights iv th' Order iv Oryental Splendher iv Pazazas whose prisidint is th' Hon'rable Egregious Gass iv Allybaima. A wagon load iv pullets an' a musical at which th' prisidint an' Sinitor Hanna will sing a duet. Both statesmen will black up in honer iv th' comp'ny.' 'Th' prisidint has appinted Hon'rable Lucullus Buffins, th' well-known naygur orather to be marshal at Pianola, Miss. Frinds iv th' fam'ly ar-re kindly rayquisted to omit flowers.' 'Immejately on rayceivin' his commission as postmasther iv Ozaloo, Louisiyany, th' Hon'rable Napolyon Bliggs, th' cillybrated naygur aggytater, took th' night thrain to th' North. In spite iv th' lateness iv th' hour a large number iv Misther Bliggs' fellow citizens escorted him to th' thrain. They wud not permit him to walk but insisted on carryin' him on a two-be-four restin' on their shouldhers. Misther Bliggs expicts to spind some time in th' North when he will consult a prom'nent surgeon an' have th' feathers exthracted.'

"But th' throuble with this here plan is that th' higher ye boost th' naygur be askin' him up to th' White House, th' farther he has to fall whin he gets about two blocks south iv th' White House. Wan iv our dusky fellow citizens comes out fr'm a meal with th' prisident an' cake walks to a car. He is not puffed up with th' rayeiption. Not at all. Th' av'rage chest measuremint iv a colored gintleman who has had three or four fish balls with th' prisidint is rarely over wan hundhred an' eighty inches. So he modestly sthruts over to a car, takes a seat, puts his feet in th' lap iv th' lady acrost fr'm him an' says in a diferinchal yell to a Confidrate colonel nex' to him: 'White pusson give this here frind iv th' prisidint a light fr'm ye'er see-gar.' An' whin he comes to his leg is on fire.

"Me frinds down South don't believe in this way iv ilivatin' th' coon. They have ways iv their own. They think a naygur ought to be improved slowly. Th' slower th' betther. I was r-readin' a speech be wan iv thim th' other day. He was consarvitive on th' question. Like all southern men he admitted that something was to be said on both sides. He did not boast iv his siction iv th' counthry. A thrue Southerner niver does. It wud ill become him to suggist that th' South is annything more thin th' fairest spot on Gawd's footstool, inhabited be th' bravest men, th' loveliest an' mos' varchous women, th' most toothsome an' encouragin' booze an' th' fastest ponies in th' wurruld. Let others tell iv th' beauties iv th' South. Ye will not dhraw th' tale fr'm th' lips iv a Southern man. Aven in his cups he scorns to give more thin three cheers a minyit f'r th' gloryous state iv Mississippi. A Matsachoosetts man will hit ye over th' head with a codfish if ye don't say that Matsachoosetts is th' mos' noble jool in th' bright girdle on th' brow iv Columbia. Ye can't go into a bar-room without seein' a man sthandin' on a table an' yellin' f'r New Hampshire. Eight or nine bartinders was shot las' year f'r rayfusin' to sing: 'I was bor-rn in ol' Ohio where th' drinkin 'wather's blue.' But a southern man is rayluctant to speak iv his ho: e. He laves it speak f'r itself an' if ye don't listen he merely nudges ye in th' ribs familyarly with a knife.

"So this here reprisintive iv th' culture an' civvylization iv th' South begun his speech with a cautious allusion to th' well-known fact that th' South is th' bravest, th' freest, th' sunniest, th' mos' intellechool region iv th' counthry, peopled be th' mos' chilavrous men an' th' sweetest women that th' green light iv Hiven iver shown down upon, where th' latch sthring is always out to welcome sthrangers to a hospital cheer an' no wan is touchy about his r-rights. He wint on fr'm this here bald statemint iv fact to say: 'Th' thruth iv th' matther is there is no race question. Th' toast iv th' evenin' is th' Day we Cillybrate or Th' Ladies. Gawd Bless Thim, or th' Pin is Mightier than th' Soord, but I feel bound at this moment to addhress a few wurruds to th' race question, iv which there is none but it is th' wan question that confronts th' nation today. We have in th' White House a man who if he iver comes South iv Mason an' Dixon's line will be subjicted to indignity worthy iv his office. I yield to no man in admiration iv th' office iv presidint iv this United counthry—united but ye can see where th' seam was. But I will say that if this rag-time prisidint iver ventures into Ogalochee county, th' finest county in th' noblest state iv th' diadem iv th' raypublic, he wants to look out or somewan will insult him. Th' race question upon which I did not mean to speak but will, can niver be settled until it is settled r-right. Th' r-right way to settle it is to lave it where it is. We give th' naygur ivry r-right guaranteed be th' constichoochion. We permit him to vote, only demandin' that he shall prove that his father an' mother were white. We let him perform th' arjoos manyul labor iv our fair land. We bury him or gather him as sooveniers. What more can be asked? But we insist that though this happy fellow citizen may pass us our vittles he shall not fork out our stamps. To this ivry intilligence iv th' South that can be seen sunnin' itsilf on th' deepo platform, sthands committed In th' sunny Southland we bow to public opinyon be it iver so noisy. Th' naygur question with us is a burnin' question an' so it will always be. Th' prisidint iv these United States mus' know that we will defind white supreemacy to th' last dhrop iv their blood. I wish to discuss this question dispathnately an' I say that I am in favor iv lavin' it to th' cold light iv raison. An' I thruly endorse th' proposition to fire a few eggs at th' prisidint whin he comes South, an' approve iv the round robin sint be those blue-blooded southern ladies who ar-re graftin' f'r a church fair in Texas, to tell th' ladies iv th' White House that they ar-re no ladies.'"

"An' there ye ar-re, Hinnissy. There's th' naygur with his vote an' a meal ticket to th' White House in his hand, an' he's no betther off thin he was whin I was opposin' his ilivation on constichoonchual groun's an' because I niver liked a naygur annyhow."

"What's th' trouble?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Th' trouble is," said Mr. Dooley, "that th' naygurs iv th' North have lived too long among th' white people an' th' white people iv th' South have lived too long among th' naygurs."

Fifty Years the Standard
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
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PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

SHARP THIEF

Outwits Crowd of Detectives In New York.

New York, Feb. 28.—Under the noses of two United States secret service men, four of the best detectives in the local bureau and a dozen mounted and unmounted policemen, who were watching for anarchists, the evening clothes of the Rev. E. S. Tipple, one of the committee of Methodists who met President Roosevelt on his arrival here Thursday afternoon, were stolen in front of the residence of Samuel W. Bowne, of 53 West Fifty-seventh street, shortly after the president entered the Bowne home at 5:30 o'clock.

The practical man who got the goods had loitered about the vestibule with the detectives for fifteen minutes. The Rev. Mr. Tipple lives at 300 West Eighty-fifth street. When he left his home in the afternoon with Mr. Bowne to go to Jersey City to meet the president he told his wife to send his dress clothes to Mr. Bowne's house between 5 and 6 o'clock. Messenger 1014, 14-year-old Robert Gent, responded to the call. He was sent to Mr. Bowne's house with a suit case containing the evening clothes of the clergyman, and when he arrived there he found a crowd in front of the house. At the foot of the front steps were Secret Service Men Sutton and Taylor and Detective Sergeants Doran and Fogarty. Mounted and foot policemen were wandering around. Gent went up the steps and was about to ring the bell, when a young man stepped out of the vestibule and asked him what he wanted.

"These clothes is for Dr. Tipple," said the boy.

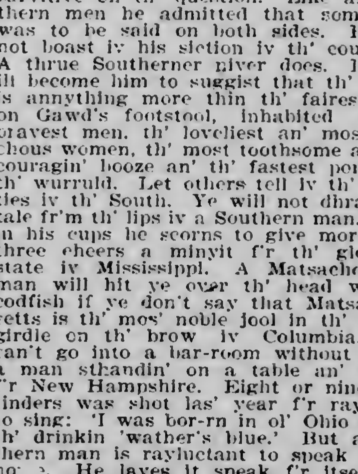
"Ah, yes, of course," said the stranger. "I'll sign for them. Of course you can't go inside tonight."

He signed for the case and took it, and Gent went away satisfied. Two minutes later the young man came down the steps with the suit case in his hands, walked west to Sixth avenue and boarded a south-bound car.

WILL LOAN GOLD BULLION

To Reproduce Colorado Capitol at World's Fair.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 28.—Van F. Rouse, treasurer of the board of commissioners of the St. Louis exposition, is authority for the statement that the board will have no difficulty in securing the greater part of the $10,000,000 gold bullion necessary for reproducing the state capitol in miniature at the St. Louis exposition. Thomas F. Walsh and James E. Burnes, millionaire mine owners of Colorado, it is said, have volunteered to loan the commissioners $500,000 in gold bars to be used in carrying out the idea.



In The bright lexicon of youth and "Hunt's Perfect," There's no such word as "fail."
Light, flaky biscuits and pastry that delights the housewife. GET THEM BY USING
HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER
FULL 16oz CAN AT YOUR GROCERS.
for 25 cents

TAKES THE FIRST

Duluth Defeats Houghton at Indoor Baseball at the Armory.

Hall Bothers the Visitors In Early Part of the Game.

Though the Houghton light infantry team is the best indoor baseball team which has ever visited Duluth it met a decisive defeat at the Armory last evening in its game with the all-star aggregation of the Interstate Indoor Baseball league. The score was 16 to 6.

On a much larger diamond than they are accustomed to play on and among a strange crowd the Houghton men put up a pretty game. Murphy, their pitcher, has more speed than any indoor man who has held down the box in the Armory. During the first three innings last evening he could not find his eye and before he recovered control of the sphere the Duluth men hit the rubber for 13 runs.

After that the game was close, Houghton landing 4 runs while Duluth only got 3. Duluth played a fast game and during the first three innings when the game was going their way they rushed the scores in at a rapid rate.

Hulbert did some good work in the box and not until the last two innings were the Michigan men able to find him with any surety. Bennett behind the bat for Duluth was excellent, and his base running was great. On a bunch of errors by the Houghton men he sped round the diamond for a home run on three strikes.

Brand on second for Houghton did good work and in the last inning he batted out the only home run of the game.

A crowd of about 1500 people attended the contest and cheered both sides with impartiality. It seemed rather to enjoy the game for its good playing than because Duluth happened to be winning.

The Houghton men had never played on such a large diamond as that in the Armory before and they have been using a smaller ball all season than that which the local men play with. This greatly affected their work, but in the last few innings of the game when they began to accustom themselves to these circumstances they played a remarkable game.

Duluth was handicapped by the fact that the team which played last evening is a picked one which had never played a game together before last evening, while the Houghton men have been together all season and are thoroughly trained.

After last night's experience the Houghton men will be able to give the all-stars such a game tonight as they never had before. If Murphy's eye and arm are good it will be a great credit to the Duluth men to defeat them.

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Houghton	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	6
Duluth	3	2	8	0	0	1	0	0	2	16

Schipper will pitch for Duluth this evening instead of Hulbert. The line-up of the teams will be:

Duluth—		Houghton—
Dash	catcher	I. Murphy
Schipper	pitcher	Croze
Carroll	first	F. Funky
Whitesides	second	Brand
Bordo (capt.)	third	Currie (capt.)
T. Irwin	right short	Hans
Grossmann	left short	Obenhoff
C. Irwin	right field	C. Murphy
Harris	left field	C. Funky

TRUST TO HAVE THEM.

One of Largest Consolidation Schemes In Northwest.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—According to rumors afloat in mining circles of this city, a gigantic scheme is on foot to consolidate practically all of the large silver-lead producers of northern Idaho in the Coeur d'Alene and adjoining mining districts. The proposed combine, which will involve properties whose value will amount to about $25,000,000, is the outgrowth of the trouble between the miners of the Coeur d'Alenes and the American Smelting and Refining company last September, in which the miners revolted against the smelting charges exacted by the trust and threatened the erection of an independent smelter.

Options, it is reported, were secured on the Hecla and the Standard mines, the Larson and Greenough properties, including the noted Morning mine; the Empire State Idaho group; the Bunker Hill and Sullivan; Crown Point, Frisco and Tiger-Poorman mines.

The annual output of these properties is figured at about $15,000,000 and ore is blocked out sufficient to mine for years.

President D. M. Hyman, of the Frisco mining company, is promoting the consolidation scheme, which, if consummated, will be one of the largest in the history of the Northwest.

The taking over of the Idaho properties by the smelting trust is looked for about April when options on the mines said to be held by the American Smelting company expire.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

A New, Effectual and Convenient Cure For Catarrh.

Of catarrh remedies there is no end, but of catarrh cures there has always been a great scarcity. There are many remedies to relieve, but very few that really cure.

The old practice of snuffing salt water through the nose would often relieve, and the washes, douches, powders and inhalers in common use are very little, if any, better than the old-fashioned salt water douche.

The use of inhalers and the application of salves, washes and powders to the nose and throat to cure catarrh is no more reasonable than to rub the back to cure kidney disease. Catarrh is just as much a blood disease as kidney trouble or rheumatism, and it can not be cured by local treatment any more than they can be.

To cure catarrh, whether in the head, throat or stomach, an internal antiseptic treatment is necessary to drive the catarrhal poison out of the blood and system, and the new catarrh cure is designed on this plan, and the remarkable success of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is because, being used internally, it drives out catarrhal infection through action upon the stomach, liver and bowels.

William Zimmerman, of St. Joseph, relates an experience with catarrh which is of value to millions of catarrh sufferers everywhere. He says: "I neglected a slight nasal catarrh until it gradually extended to my throat and bronchial tubes, and finally even my stomach and liver became affected, but as I was able to keep up and do a day's work I let it run along until my hearing began to fail me, and then I realized that I must get rid of catarrh or lose my position, as I was a clerk, and my hearing was absolutely necessary.

"Some of my friends recommended an inhaler, another a catarrh salve, but they were no good in my case, nor was anything else until I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and bought a package at my drug store. They benefited me from the start, and in less than four months I was completely cured of catarrh, although I had suffered nearly all my life from it.

"They are pleasant to take and so much more convenient to use than other catarrh remedies that I feel I cannot say enough in favor of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets."

ACUTE INDIGESTION

Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People.

Every Sufferer Will Recognize the Symptoms Described By Miss Roling.

Healthy and rosy-cheeked, looking as though she had never known a sick day, Miss Helen Roling has nevertheless passed through intense suffering. To a reporter who called at her house No. 267 South Washington street, Columbus, Ohio, she said:

"Two years ago I had an attack of acute indigestion, accompanied by nervous headaches and dizzy spells. I lost in weight, my complexion became pale and sallow, slight exertion made me breathe hard and I could not walk any distance without getting all tired out. I became alarmed and sought medical aid, but the doctors gave me no lasting benefit and I continued to grow worse. My stomach could not digest even the simplest and most wholesome food, and dieting did not seem to help me. And I was so tired and worn out all the while.

"It was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People that cured me. I read an article somewhere telling what these pills had done and I began taking them. Relief came almost immediately. I kept on taking them and my color came back. I could eat again with relish and with no fear of distressing consequences. I began to feel strong and active and in a short time was restored to perfect health."

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People did for Miss Roling they will do for others similarly afflicted, as is proved by thousands of cases on file.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure stomach trouble by their tonic action, building up the digestive organs and enabling them to do the work that nature intended them to do. Artificial ferment and predigested foods weaken the stomach in many cases. Medicines should not do the stomach's work but should put it in condition to perform its natural functions. A diet book giving useful information will be sent free on request by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

CANADA IS NOT FOR SALE

De Armond's Proposal Is Ridiculed By the Dominion Officials.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 28.—The proposition that the United States should purchase Canada is ridiculed in this city, the seat of the provincial government, which, however, has nothing whatever to do with the matter. Toronto is the center for United Empire exiles, or loyalists as they are called, who came over at the time of the war of independence, were given large crown grants of land, and as a result are fairly wealthy. The position the Dominion government is likely to take is foreshadowed in an editorial in the Toronto Globe, the organ of the government, which said:

"We must not become engulfed in the maelstrom of American complications."

Canadian feeling, in this part of the country at least, is distinctly hostile to the United States. The Dingley and McKinley bills are largely responsible for this, and the long delay in dealing with the Alaska boundary question, together with the appointment by the United States of their delegates to the Alaska commission, has accentuated the unfriendly feeling. It is not unlikely the Canadian government may make representations to what is termed here the home government—that is, the British cabinet—to the effect that Canadians do not approve of the American appointments and feel that Canada has never had fair dealing from the United States.

At Ottawa, Lord Minto, when asked to express an opinion on the De Armond proposal, could not do so, precedent requiring that all his communications be made through the ministers. Officials approached treat the matter as too ridiculous to talk about and they have nothing to say. The Free Press, the government organ in this city, commenting upon the De Armond resolution says:

"It is quite as great a piece of colossal impertinence as that congress framed a few years ago, providing for the annexation of Canada, when the latter so desired; falls little short of it."

Lieutenant Governor Jette, premier Parent and all prominent politicians and others at Quebec, simply declare that Canada is not for sale.

LAKE CARRIERS

Are Slow In Arranging Ore Carrying Rates.

Cleveland, Feb. 28.—There has been less talk about freight matters this winter than there has been for a number of years, and indications are that no season chartering will be done in the ore trade until after the middle of March. Carrying charges have been discussed in a general way, but no feeling out has been done and after business is offered the owners and shippers will probably spare a few days before the rate is fixed. While some owners are talking higher rates, the general opinion is that season chartering will be done from the head of Lake Superior at a figure not far from 85 cents. The vesselmen claim a lower rate than that would mean no advance at all. While most of the business was done at 75 cents last year, two of the leading independent shippers paid 80 cents on most of the ore they moved with contract tonnage. The season will open with operating expenses higher all around than they were last year.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

BIG PROFIT

Made By Lake Superior Investors In the Arizona Mines.

Boston Trade Mark No Longer Necessary on Mining Company.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Time was, and not so many years ago, when a mining investment had to be stamped with the Boston trade-mark or it passed as counterfeit in the Lake Superior copper district. True, there were always venturesome parties taking flyers in Western mining stocks, but such flights were rarely long sustained, because the Western stocks in question were almost invariably of the wild-cat family, all teeth and claws to rend the unfortunate purchaser. Houghton people once owned a gold mine in the Black Hills, but allowed themselves to be euchred out of it by bravado and cajolery. This mine is now the best part of the famous Homestake, America's most profitable gold prodcuer.

Of late years, and especially in the past two or three years, the old system of mining investments has changed greatly. The interest of the lake holders in local copper stocks listed on the Boston exchange is no less than before, in fact is probably greater, measured in shares held, than ever before, the Wolverine mine being controlled by Michigan capital at present, while the holdings in Mohawk and Osceola are very heavy, and the old dividend-payers all have many shares in the hands of local people. The lake, however, has broken away from Boston as an arbiter to pass upon properties before considering them as investments. Possibly the great cost of floating a mining proposition on the Boston market has helped to bring this about. There are many good but small mining properties, notably in gold, lead and zinc, that prove profitable investments where modestly capitalized and well handled, yet are too small to do well if saddled with the heavy burden of over-capitalization. At any rate the lake people are no longer dependent upon Boston or any other mining or financial center for money to promote any meritorious mining proposition. The lake people never knew their own financial strength until the organization of the Calumet & Arizona company, less than two years ago, when $1,000,000 worth of stock was offered at par and oversubscribed in the banking hours of one day. Boston people looked askance at the company, because lacking the stamp of official recognition at the Hub, and not 1000 shares of stock went to New England. The stock sold at par, $10, commanded a premium of 100 per cent in three days, and despite all predictions of an ultimate collapse, has climbed in less than two years to $130 per share. It is true that the market for this and all other stocks in the same position is by no means as broad as if the shares were listed on some regular exchange, but the price has crept upwards, and there has always been more or less activity. The mine itself will rank as one of the largest American producers this year, and at teh present time is smelting higher grade average ore than any of the ten other largest mines of the United States.

In addition to financing the Calumet & Arizona, six or seven other mining propositions in the Bisbee district of Arizona are being deevloped by lake capital, and some millions of dollars in cash have been invested in buying claims and opening mines. Almost without exception these companies are securing good showings, and their shares command substantial premiums. The latest lake company to enter the Bisbee field is the Wolverine & Arizona, now being organized as a development company, to take over seven claims lying near the Copper Queen & Calumet & Arizona. Like all the other lake companies, this has the backing of solid men, and more attention will be paid to opening a mine than to putting up the price of shares. The lake people may be foolish to put so much money into Arizona mines, but their investments stand them in a profit of about $25,000,000 within less than four years, in Cochise county alone, and they cannot be blamed for liking the game.

While more money has gone into the Bisbee district than elsewhere, the mining investments of lake capitalists are by no means confined to that district or territory. The Arizona & Hancock mining company, organized this month, has just sold $80,000 worth of stock at par for the development of copper claims in the Globe district of Pinal county, Ariz. Local money is developing gold mines in Yavapad county, and heavy investments have been made in sundry copper mining companies operating in the Jerome and Clifton camps. Outside of Arizona some millions of lake capital are invested in mining propositions of all sorts, in every Western camp of importance, including the Bingham and Beaver county districts of Utah, the Shasta county belt in California and many other points. Two local gold mining companies are operating in Canada, and half a dozen Canadian copper mines are controlled or owned outright by local investors. Miscellaneous investments in mining companies controlled by lake capital include a number of Colorado mines, properties in the wonderful new Tonopah field of Nevada, low-grade quartz mines in Southern California and goid mines in nearly every other state and territory that mines gold; zinc and lead mines in Missouri and Idaho; iron mines in Minnesota, Ontario, Utah and elsewhere. In short, the Lake Superior copper district has a fund of liquid capital available for promising mining investments in any part of North America, and the fact is becoming generally known. The usual number of shyster brokers makes a more or less precarious living by palming off worthless shares upon the credulous, but as a rule there is no considerable investment of local capital until the property has been reported upon favorably by local experts, of whom there are a dozen or more that give their entire attention to the examination of mining lands and mines. In short, a good mining proposition, carrying only the risk of an ordinary mining chance can be financed as easily in Houghton county as in New York, Boston, San Francisco or Denver. The lake people have made their money by minng, and why should they not try to make more in the samel way?

The third head of the champion mill went into commission Monday last. For March the mill should turn out pretty close to 700 tons of material. The mine continues to feed the mill with the richest amygdaloid rock being mined in the district, and the impression that the Champion ranks second only to the Calumet & Hecla in this district is gaining ground.

The Hamilton mine, west of the Ontonagon river, has been bought by St. Louis men. The Norwich mine, in the same district, has also been bought recently by Western men. Several old mines in Keweenaw county have recently changed hands, and more or less mining will be done on several old properties this season. Thus the peculiar spectacle is presented of financial cross-currents, by which the lake is finding money to develop Western mines, while Western mining men are engaged in lake mining.

The search for the Kearsarge lode will be more eager this season than ever before. Twenty years ago the Wolverine mine was condemned as worthless by the then leading authority of the district. It proved otherwise, when given a management both strong and experienced. Then the Kearsarge mine made a success, and was absorbed by the Osceola. The opening of the Mohawk on the same lode gave a further impetus to explorations, and the Osceola company began opening the South Kearsarge, while the Centennial people dropped work on the Osceola lode and moved over to the eastward, to get the Kearsarge bed. This season the Allouez will open on the Kearsarge amygdaloid by means of a vertical shaft, while the Ahmeek company bids fair to find a good mine on the same bed, and the newly-formed Mishwabik Development company is to try its fortunes on the Kearsarge, and explorations on the Sibilsky-Chapman tract have resulted quite promisingly. The Calumet & Hecla may take a shy at the same fascinating game, for that company owns more than two miles of the outcrop of the Kearsarge, lying some distance to the eastward of the amygdaloid mine opened on the Osceola bed, while in Keweenaw county several companies hope to find the northern extension of the bed's lode.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

"FORCE"
Gives Vim and Vigor

Great Introductory Sale

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Don't miss this. The greatest sale in the history of Jewelry. If you cannot call at our store, order by mail.

Government Experts Deceived By White Barrios Diamonds.

Widow of Guatemala's Assassinated President Detained at San Francisco.

United States Customs Officials Seized Her Famous Collection of Jewels and Demanded $60,000 Duty—She Wore Them on State Occasions and Everybody Thought They Were Worth $1,000,000.

MME. ALGERIE REYNA BARRIOS.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Mme. Algerie Reyna Barrios' famous diamond necklace, which she has worn on state occasions in Guatemala and at social functions in New York, is not composed of high priced diamonds after all, but of White Barrios Diamonds. Many other gems, in what was thought to be one of the most magnificent collections of jewelry in the world, are but clever imitations. This astounding discovery was made by custom house experts who examined them for the purpose of fixing their values. Mme. Barrios, the widow of the second Barrios, president of Guatemala, assassinated, like his uncle, two years, ago, arrived in San Francisco recently. The custom house officials demanded that $60,000 duty be paid on Mme. Barrios' jewels. She demurred, claiming that the gems were bought in New York by her late husband's agents. The customs house experts examined the jewels after Mme. Barrios had failed to establish her statement by documentary proof, and the amazing discovery was made that the jewels of Mme. Barrios, reported to be one of the wealthiest women in the world, are many of them only **"WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS."** The jewels upon which $60,000 duty was demanded were not worth $20,000. Experts thought the jewels were worth more than $1,000,000. Now, what do you say to that? If White Barrios Diamonds are good enough for a president's wife to wear on state occasions, don't you think they are good enough for you? If expert jewelers, selected by the United States government to appraise such articles, think White Barrios Diamonds are the high-priced kind, do you think any ordinary citizen would detect the difference? We defy them to distinguish White Barrios Diamonds from the kind sold in high-toned stores every day for fancy prices. Don't go astray in such an important matter as buying diamonds.

Tiffany Engagement Ring. Exact Duplicate of Tiffany Engagement Ring. Beautiful stone, set in gold-filled mounting. We guarantee this ring to give entire satisfaction for 5 years. Price tomorrow.. **$1.00**

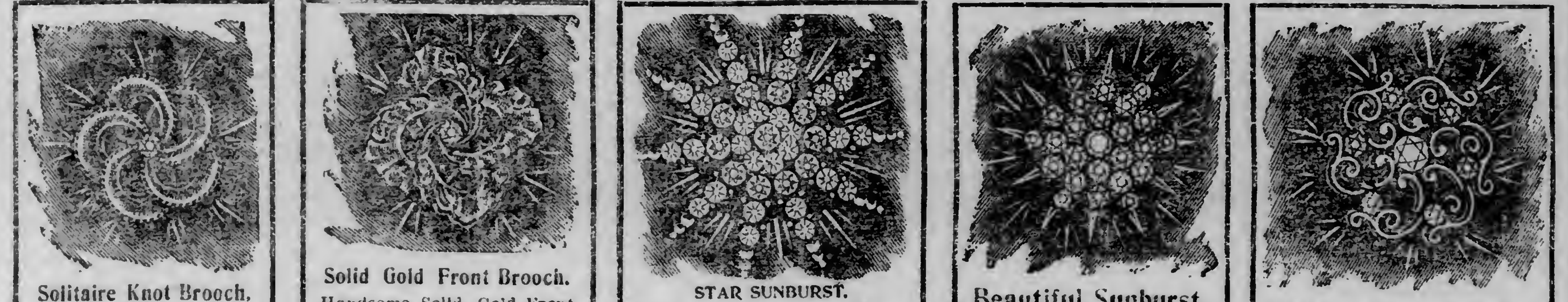
Ladies' Tiffany ... We can also furnish this with a plain setting. The stone is about ¼-kt. and the setting is guaranteed. Our price tomorrow... **$1.50**

... Ring. Gentlemen's Heavy Belcher Ring. We are the first to make a ring of this character in anything but solid gold. We guarantee the setting for ten years. Sale price tomorrow.. **$3.00**

Flat Belcher Ring ... kt. stone, gentlemen's solid gold filled flat Belcher ring. It is impossible to detect this ring from one costing $250. The stone is cut the same as a genuine diamond and we guarantee the brilliancy to last forever. Mounting warranted for 20 years' constant wear—our price tomorrow........ **$4.00**

Ladies' Cluster Rings. With Ruby, Opal or Turquoise center surrounded by 14 brilliant Barrios Diamonds. The setting is warranted for 20 years and the stone forever. A beautiful ring—can be worn at any and all times; price tomorrow.. **$2.50**

Ladies' Marquise Ring. Each stone set with the same care that we would take if we were mounting genuine diamonds. We can furnish this ring in any combination of stones desired. The entire ring is guaranteed for 20 years. Our price tomorrow... **$3.00**



Solitaire Knot Brooch. Mounting is solid gold filled set with ¼-caret brilliant Barrios diamond. A very pretty design. Price tomorrow...... **$1.00**

Solid Gold Front Brooch. Handsome Solid Gold Front Brooch, latest knot design, hand chased and engraved and set with a beautiful brilliant Barrios diamond about ¼-curat in size—our price tomorrow.......... **$2.50**

STAR SUNBURST. Exact copy of one costing $375—a very beautiful design—the stones are set with as much care as if they were the genuine. Mounting is solid gold filled—both stones and mounting are guaranteed for a lifetime, actually worth $6—our sale price tomorrow........ **$4.00**

Beautiful Sunburst. One mass of brilliancy; if genuine it would cost, at the present price of diamonds, about $500. our price tomorrow........ **$2.50**

This Brooch is an exact duplicate of one purchased from Tiffany & Co., New York, for $340. You can place them side by side and no one can detect the difference—our price tomorrow **$2.00**

Gents' Shirt Studs. A very neat and popular size; if a genuine diamond it would cost you about $125 or $150. This answers all purposes at one thirtieth of that cost—our price tomorrow.... **$1.00**

3-Carat Screw Stud. An exact duplicate of genuine stone costing $450, mounting is 15-year solid gold-filled—and we guarantee the stone to retain its brilliancy forever—price tomorrow.......... **$3.00**

Screw Earrings. Beautiful, brilliant, evenly matched stones, either 1 or 2 kts. in size, set in gold-filled Tiffany mountings. We guarantee these earrings for 5 years' wear; seem to be worth $250.00—our price tomorrow.... **$2.00**

¼ kt. Stone Set in Scarf or Stick Pin—Very neat design—if genuine diamond would cost you $80; no one can detect the difference.... **$1.00**

Cluster Stick Pin. Either Ladies' or Gents'. Stones are full of fire and mounting is solid gold filled. Either opal, turquoise, ruby or emerald center stones. If genuine would cost $175—worth $6.00.... **$2.50**

Crescent Scarf Stick Pin. Very neat and popular design—both stones and setting warranted to give satisfaction—sale price tomorrow.... **$1.00**

Thousands upon thousands of designs in Brooches, Rings, Pins, Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins, Ear Rings, Hair Ornaments, Necklaces, Etc. Space only permits of our illustrating a few. Come to the store Monday and see the complete assortment.

Mail Orders Promptly and carefully filled. Any article illustrated will be sent to any address on receipt of money order or currency, with the distinct understanding that if not as represented, MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED. **WHITE BARRIOS DIAMOND CO.** **Mail Orders**

White Barrios Diamond Co.,

Open Evenings. 413½ West Superior St., Duluth, Minn. Four Doors East of Lyceum Theater...

PRESIDENT JORDAN

Would Reform the Students at Stanford University.

San Francisco, Feb. 28.—Lovemaking in public at the Leland Standford university must be stopped. The edict has been issued by President Jordan, who emphatically declares that flirting in the quadrangle and library has grown flagrant. Dr. Jordan also objects to the decoration of students' rooms with posters that more usually adorn saloon walls. The pilfering of souvenirs from restaurants, Pullman cars and other public places is also denounced by the university president.

TWO CHARGES ARE BROUGHT

More Than One Polygamous Marriage Alleged Against Smoot.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 28.—Two cases of alleged polygamy against Apostle and Senator-elect Reed Smoot are being worked up. It is not known here to which of these Rev. J. L. Leilich has reference in his affidavit presented to the senate committee on privileges and elections but it may be both. One of the women whose names is connected with the case is Mary Jones, daughter of S. S. Jones, former mayor of Provo, and the other is Miss Amelia Greenwood, of American Forks, Utah. For months detectives have been at work trying to collect evidence to show that Smoot was married to these two women. The results of these investigations have been kept secret by the persons working on the case, because it has been understood that the testimony so far obtained has not been sufficient to secure a conviction in court on a polygamy charge. One reason for this is the fact that all marriage records in the Mormon church are kept from the eyes of the public, and positive written evidence is therefore extremely difficult to obtain. The investigators now, however, are convinced that Smoot has taken at least one plural wife, whether they can prove it or not. Both women in question are under 30 years of age. Both the marriages in question are said to have been celebrated within the last seven years.

It is alleged that the wedding with Miss Greenwood took place in the temple at Manti, Utah, in 1896. She maintained her residence in American Forks, and it is alleged that Smoot supported her there and visited her frequently. This Mrs. Smoot is now in Chihuahua, Mexico. She was sent there a little over two years ago, about the time that Smoot first began to seek a seat in the United States senate.

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is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.
Write for our offer.
THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DECLINE IS SLIGHT

Wheat Started Out Fairly Strong But Became Weak.

Flax Was Strong Early In Session But Declined.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 28.—The wheat market started with a fair degree of strength, caused by the improved export demand and the predictions of a cold wave in the West, but the strength was not retained and prices eased off, the chief bearish factor being the failure of the Liverpool market to respond to yesterday's advance in the American markets.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d higher; Paris ¼c to 3½c higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 424,981 bus., last year 541,580 bus. Shipments 148,513 bus., last year 160,562 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 224,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 295 cars, and at Chicago 19, a total of 314 cars, against 233 last week and 382 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d higher. May corn in Chicago closed ¼c lower and May oats ⅜c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 553,524 bus., last year 341,297 bus. Shipments 368,862 bus., last year 220,411 bus. Clearances were 482,000 bus.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was quiet. The market opened a shade firmer at 77⅝c. It sold at 77¾c at 9:31 and fell off to 77½c at 10:15. At 10:20 it sold at 77½@⅝c, dropped off to 77¼@⅜c at 11:30 and sold at 77⅜c at 11:46. The close was at 77¼@⅜c, a decline of ¼c. Minneapolis also declined ¼c and Chicago ⅜c.

Cash sales were very light, but a few cars, and May price was paid for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 2 and 5c under for No. 3.

Flax was quiet and strong early in the day, selling ¾c up to $1.14¾. Toward the close it fell off to $1.14 and closed at that price. July declined ½c and September advanced ½c.

There was a decline of ½c in oats to arrive and on track.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 74c; No. 3 spring, 71c; to arrive, No. 1 northern, 77¼c; May, 77¼-⅜c; July, 77c. Flax, cash, $1.11¾; on track, $1.12½; to arrive, $1.12½; May, $1.14; July, $1.14⅛; September, $1.11. Oats, on track, 33½c; to arrive, 33½c; May, 34c. Rye, on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c; May, 50½c; barley, 35@51c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 99; last year, 71; corn, 1; oats, 18; rye, 1; barley, 5; flax, 50.

Receipts—Wheat, 127,631; corn, 974; oats, 11,606; rye, 1613; barley, 6493; flax, 35,439.

Shipments—Oats, 1375; barley, 1050.

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CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars	$0.77⅜
No. 3 spring, 1 car	74½
Oats, 1 car	31
Barley, 1 car	48¾
Barley, 1 car	47
Barley, 5000 bus, to arrive	46½
Flax, 2006 bus, cash	1.13¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Trading In Wheat More Active and Firmer.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Trading in wheat was more active today and a firmer feeling prevailed influenced by the better export demand and by the predictions of a cold wave throughout the West and Northwest. Cables were rather disappointing and failed to respond to the advance here yesterday. The opening on May was unchanged to a shade higher at 77⅝c to 77¾@⅞c. After selling at 77⅞c there was a reaction on selling by scalpers and commission houses and the price settled back to 77⅝@¾c. Receipts in the Northwest were rather light, Duluth and Minneapolis reporting 295 cars, which with local receipts of 19 cars, one of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 314 cars against 233 cars last week and 382 cars a year ago.

The weakness in corn brought out considerable liquidation in wheat and with expectations of bearish statistics made, the market became weak, the close being at the low point for May at 77⅜c, a loss of ⅜c.

Corn opened active and strong with May ⅛ to ⅜c higher at 47⅜c to 47⅝c. The predictions of weather favorable for the grading and movement brought out considerable realizing sales at the advance and the market became easier with numerous sales around 47⅜c. Local receipts were 332 cars, none of contract grade.

Oats were dull and steady with no features to the early trading. May opened unchanged at 35⅞c and there was but slight changes in the price during the first hour of the day. Local receipts were 160 cars.

The liquidation increased as the session advanced and the market became decidedly weak. May closed ¼c lower at 47c.

The easy hog market brought out some liquidation from outside holders in provisions at the start and opening prices were a trifle easier. May pork being off 5c at $17.95. May lard was unchanged at $9.62½ and ribs were unchanged to 2½c lower at $9.82½ to $9.85. Trading in the aggregate was light and little changes in prices occurred.

Close: Wheat, May, 77⅜c; July, 73⅝@¾c; September, 72c. Corn, February, 45c; March, 45c; May, 47c; July, 44⅞c; September, 44⅛c. Oats, February, 34c; May, 35½c; July, 32½@⅝c; September, 29⅜@½c. Pork, May, $18.00; July, $17.45; September, $16.95. Lard, February, $9.60; May, $9.62½; July, $9.57½@9.60; September, $9.57½. Lard, February, $9.60; May, $9.62½; July, $9.57½@9.60; September, $9.57½. Ribs, May, $9.82½; July, $9.62½; September, $9.50. Rye, May, 51½c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.16; Southwestern, $1.12; May, $1.16½@1.17. Timothy, February, $3.85. Clover, February, $11.70. Barley, cash, 44@56c. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 76@½c; No. 3 red, 71@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 71@73c; No. 3 hard winter, 69@72c; No. 1 northern spring, 79½@80½c; No. 2 northern spring, 78½@80c; No. 3 spring, 72@79c. Corn, No. 2, 44c; No. 3, 40⅛@41½c. Oats, No. 2, 34½@35c; No. 3, 34@34½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was again extremely dull and the tone easy. Indications are for very little change in the visible supply on Monday and for liberal world's shipments. The cash situation is dull and uninteresting. Speculation operations are on a small scale. We see nothing in the conditions or immediate outlook to stimulate speculative buying and look for a scalping market for the time being. A cold wave is predicted but the strength that the market gets from this influence at this season usually lasts but for a day. Estimated cars 25.

Corn—This market was again active. There was pretty sharp commission house buying early partially in the way of covering shorts but at the advance there were free offerings of what seemed to be long corn through brokers and commission houses. There was enough of this to lose the improvement and a small fraction from yesterday's price. It would not, however, seem to indicate an abandonment of the long side by strong local interests and we would still buy corn on any material reaction. Estimated cars 240.

Oats—Market was rather heavy as it borrowed its strength yesterday from the strength in corn, it was today influenced by the weakness in corn. here is no urgency that we can see about either the cash demand or the local speculative situation in oats. Holdings we think are no longer concentrated in strong hands and the action of the market does not seem bullish. Estimated cars 215.

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NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 28.—Close: Wheat, May, 81¼c; July, 78⅝c. Corn, May, 53¾c; July, 51c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 28.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅝@½c; July, 76⅜@½c; on track, 1 hard, 78¾c; 1 northern, 77¾c; 2 northern, 76¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77⅝B	76¾	77¾-⅞	81⅜
High	77¾	76⅞	77⅞	81½
Low	77¼-⅜	76⅝	77⅜	81¼
Close	77¼-⅜B	76⅝-½	77⅜B	*81¼A
July—				
Open	77¾A	76½-⅞	74-⅛	78¾
High		76⅞	74¼	78¾
Low		76⅜	73⅞	78⅝
Close	77B	76⅜-½	73⅝-¾	*78⅝

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	35⅞	47⅜@47⅝	$17.95
High	35⅞	47⅝	$18.00
Low	35¼	46⅞	$17.95
Close	35½	47	$18.00

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 28.—Wheat—Spot, quiet; 2 red winter, 6s 11½d; 1 northern spring, 6s 8½d; 1 California, 6s 11d; futures inactive; March, 6s 3¾d; May, 6s 2⅝d; July, 6s 1⅜d. Corn—Spot, American, mixed new, steady, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old, no stock. Futures quiet; March, 4s 6½d; May, 4s 4½d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 76⅜c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 76⅝c asked.
Curb, May wheat, 76⅜-½c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The wheat trade was dull today, prices fairly steady in the early part of the session, but inclined to sag toward the close. The market was at its strongest point around 77⅞c for May, held at that figure a time on predictions of colder weather. This induced some buying and also short covering. In a general way, however, it was a slow and draggy market, no interest being especially prominent in the trade. The easier tone later in the session was helped by estimates of the world's shipments at 10,000,000 bus. of which it is figured Europe will take about 8,800,000 bus. The weather appears to be the factor which will be the dominating influence for some time to come. The Southwest is said to be largely under water and it is quite likely that should freezing conditions follow some reports of damage may come in which would have a stimulating effect on prices. We don't, however, look for more than moderate price changes either way. Estimated receipts for Monday, 25 cars.

Corn was also at its best early in the session, when May price was up to 47⅝c. It was later depressed fractionally under 47c by heavy commission house selling. The pit was of the opinion that there were good-sized lines of May sold out. Estimated receipts for Monday, 340 cars.

Weakness in corn towards the end of the session occasioned a slightly depressing effect on oats, which droped back about ½c entirely offsetting the early strength contributed by corn. Estimated receipts for Monday, 215 cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Cattle receipts 200. Market nominal. Good to prime steers 5@5.75; poor to medium 3.25@4.75; stockers and feeders 2.35@4.70; cows 1.40@4.60; heifers 2@4.75; canners 1.40@2.60; bulls 2@4.25; calves 4.25@7.50; Texas fed steers 3.50@4.25. Hogs receipts today 15,000; Monday 38,000; left over 3670, slow stead to weak. Mixed and butchers 6.80@7.20. Good to choice heavy 7.25@7.40; rough heavy 6.85@7.20; light 6.50@6.85; bulk of sales 6.85@7.20. Sheep receipts 1500. Sheep steady, lambs steady. Good to choice wethers 5@5.50; fair to choice mixed 4@4.75; western sheep 4.75@5.50; native lambs 4.75@6.85; western lambs 4.75@6.85. Yesterday—Receipts cattle 3940; hogs 23,375; sheep 5217. Shipments—Cattle 2351; hogs 3090; sheep 210.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the market favorable. Attendance large, especially of country dealers. Farm mares were leading in demand. Good business horses showed a better move than heretofore this season. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@210
Drafters, choice	140@165
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	130@155
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	90@115

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and cover cost incurred, an advance [illegible] bing prices has to be charg[illegible] ures are changed [illegible]

Cream[illegible]		
Storage		
Dairies, fancy		
Packing stock		
EGGS.		
Fresh	18	
Storage	13	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	14	@ 15
Twins, full cream, old	10	@ 14
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15	
Limberger, full cream, choice	15	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	17½	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14	
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	13	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	19	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75	
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@ 2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts, per doz	65	
Brazils, per lb	12	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@ 4 00
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 85
California pears	2 50	
Cranberries	11 00	
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@ 3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
Mexican oranges	2 75	
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50	@ 7 00
California oranges, seedlings	2 25	
California navels	2 75	
VEGETABLES.		
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25	
Beets, bus	50	
Carrots, per bus	50	
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@ 1 00
Turnips, bus	40	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce	1 25	@ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@ 75
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00	
Cauliflower, crate	2 75	
Mint, per doz	30	
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@ 75
Potatoes	50	
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00	
Red cabbage	75	
Squash	1 50	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruit juice	4 00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Geese	14	
Hens	14	
Turkeys	18	@ 19
Ducks	15	
Spring chickens	15	
MEATS.		
Mutton	7	
Lamb	10	@ 11
Veal, good	8½	@ 9½
Dressed beef	6	@ 8
Hogs	9	
Pork loins	11½	
Pure lard	10¼	
Compound lard	7½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—Butter steady, creameries 18@27½; dairies 14@24. Eggs firm at mark, cases included 14½@¾. Cheese steady twins 12½@¾; daisies 13@½; Young Americas 13@½.

FIELD AND HIS VISITORS.

Back in the '80s, when Eugene Field and I did our work for the Chicago Daily News in the same little cubbyhole of a room, some ingenuity was required to prevent visitors from consuming all our time, says a writer in the Brooklyn Eagle. One day Field got hold of an old clock, and we rigged up an infernal machine. A quantity of crushed coal did very well for gunpowder, a soiled tow string served as a fuse, and the clockworks gave the whole a sinister and forbidding look. The machine was put into a closed wooden box, addressed to Field and left with a carefully instructed office boy in the outer room.

When we thought a visitor had remained long enough I stepped out and sent the boy in with the box. Field deposited it where the visitor could see inside it when the lid was raised, and proceeded to pry it open with a hatchet. My part of the job was to stand around and talk about anarchists (Chicago was then considerably excited over them) and lead the visitor's mind to thoughts of infernal machines.

As the lid came up and the clockworks, the fuse, the powder and a few red-headed matches were exposed to view, I started toward the door, cautioning Field not to open the thing; but he paid no heed to my warnings while the visitor remained. This, however, was not apt to be long. Indeed, so far as I now remember, the trick never failed to send the guest precipitately from the building.

A RALLY IN STOCKS

Due to Less Decline In Bank Reserves Than Expected.

Shorts' Scramble to Cover Caused Prices to Rise.

New York, Feb. 28.—The tone of the opening stock market was mixed. A decline of 1⅜ in New York Central resulted from damages by land slides on its line. The majority of stocks were lower, but some of the principal speculative favorites showed light gains, including St. Paul, Wabash preferred, Pennsylvania and Metropolitan Street Railway.

The undertone of the market grew steady as buying orders came in. This relief was only monetary and active selling was renewed and turned the list sharply downward. Practically all of the speculative leaders suffered losses of between 1 and 2 points, the list including St. Paul, Rock Island, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Wabash preferred, the Eries, Illinois Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Sugar, Manhattan and others. Pennsylvania and Amalgamated offered some resistance. Support for Wabash preferred rallied the market.

Prices made a slow recovery until the appearance of the bank statement. The decline in reserves was much less than anticipated and there was a lively scramble among shorts to cover, which caused almost complete recoveries. Some stocks rose a fraction over last night, notably St. Paul, Pennsylvania and Amalgamated. The closing was moderately active and somewhat unsettled.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	72⅞	71½	[illegible]
American Sugar	131	129½	130⅞
[illegible]n Top. & S. Fe	85¾	84¼	85⅛
[illegible]	99¾	99½	99¾
[illegible]re & Ohio	96¾	95⅝	96¼
[illegible]yn Rapid Tran	67⅜	66¼	67⅜
[illegible]an Pacific	134⅜	133½	134⅜
[illegible]peake & Ohio	49¼	48¾	49
[illegible]go & Alton	34½	33½	34¼
[illegible] Great Western	26	25⅝	26
[illegible]ic. Mil. & St. Paul	175¼	173⅝	174⅞
Chic. Rock Island & P	47½	46¾	47⅜
R. I. pfd	80½	80⅜	80½
Erie Common	37⅛	36⅛	[illegible]
General Electric	195	195	195
Illinois Central	142⅜	140¼	142⅞
Louisville & Nashville	123¾	122	123½
Manhattan Elevated	140¾	139½	140⅜
Metropolitan St. Ry	136¾	135¾	136¼
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	75⅞	75⅝	75⅝
do pfd	129	129	129
Missouri Pacific	111⅞	110¼	111¼
New York Central	146⅞	145	146
Norfolk & Western	73⅛	72½	73⅛
Pennsylvania	147¾	146⅞	147⅝
People's Gas of Chic	102¾	102	102¾
Reading	60¾	60	60⅝
Republic Steel & Iron	22	21⅛	22
Southern Pacific	62¾	61½	62¾
Southern Railway	34⅝	34	34⅜
Tennessee Coal & Iron	66	65	66
Union Pacific	97¾	96¾	97⅝
United States Leather	13¼	13	13¼
U. S. Steel	38¾	38⅛	38½
do pfd	87⅞	87⅛	87½
Wabash	32½	31¾	32¼
Western Union	89½	89	89½
Wisconsin Central	27	26⅝	27
do pfd	51⅝	51	51½

Northern Securities, 109⅛ bid; 109½ asked.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is without much change. There was some little liquidation early in anticipation of poor bank statement, but the statement was hardly as bad as had been feared and the market rallied from it at the close. It is, however, by no means a good statement as it shows loss of fund and a contracting tendency. The buying was mainly by traders and there is no increase in outside interest. Money has a hardening tendency, both here and in New York, and we see nothing in the conditions at present to make the maintenance of a bull market seem likely. We are inclined to think it wont hurt to sell stocks on the hard spots.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The market continued dull and weak most of the day. It could hardly be otherwise with a very bad bank statement probable today and what is more important doubts freely expressed as to the passage of the Aldrich bill. Bank statements can, of course, be made to look either bad or good. A few of the leading banks control the matter and if they want a poor statement it is simple enough to send a few millions over to the trust companies which they control or vice versa. Rates for money are a much better guide which fact is getting well known. It would seem to be to the interest of outsiders to show decreasing reserves and scarcity of money while the Aldrich bill is pending. As to advice on the immediate market I am unable to give any, further than to repeat that it is well to await developments before loading up. The present trend is downward, but may change any minute. The chances are that the lowest prices on this movement will be me today. It might be wise to wait until the market has turned even if you pay a couple of points more.

* * *

Harriman to Paine, Webber & Co.: The delay in the passage of the Aldrich bill has made weak holders nervous and many have lightened their loads. The short interest is probably larger than it has been at any time in months and should favorable action be taken upon the bill, the market will recover in an hour or two what it has taken a week to go down. Wabash issue were the strongest stocks in the market. We see no reason to alter our opinion of the market and believe holders should rather increase than diminish their lines.

* * *

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The stock market opened weak and lower on a poor bank statement and rumor of some opposition to the passage of the Aldrich bill. Selling pressure was heavy, though on appearance of the bank statement which turned out to be much better than expected, the market turned strong and the close was mostly higher. We continue to be considerably bullish, although we do not look for a great big bull market at present, prices have had a good setback and should do little better next week, but caution should be used to buy on breaks and take profits when in sight.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Feb. 28.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week (five days) shows: Loans, $950,156,300; decrease, $52,400; deposits, $956,206,400; decrease, $7,012,900; circulation, $43,279,100; decrease, $771,400; specie, $176,700,400; decrease, $4,071,600; reserve, $245,003,500; decrease, $4,843,000; reserve required, $239,051,600; decrease, $1,753,225; surplus, $5,961,900; decrease, $3,089,775; ex-United States deposits, $35,292,875; decrease, $3,089,100.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 28.—The cotton market had a firmer opening, cables being better than expected by about a point with the weather conditions in the South as far as heard from, very bad and early ideas regarding the movement leading to fears of smaller receipts. The first call showed a decline of 2 points on November, with the later months, however, showing an advance of 2@5 points. Shorts were uneasy right after the call as it appeared that the pool contingent was prepared to absorb all offerings. Later, however, the local field was made easier by estimates on receipts for the day pointing to 21,000 bales at the ports, against 13,959 last year and for the week 14,000 against 121,944 last year while Houston was estimated at 2,000 to 7,000 for Monday against 3,959 last week and 5,443 last year. The cotton markets of the South were reported as weaker with a more or less general desire to sell and a subsiding demand from spinners, while speculators long of cotton were more disposed to liquidate. The market became easier here and selling became more or less general, the result of which was a decline to a level 1 and 2 points under the closing figures of the previous day within the first hour's trading.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: March, 10.11; April, 10.06; May, 10.05; June 9.85; July, 9.86; August, 9.88; September, 8.95; October, 8.62; November, 8.54; December, 8.52. Spot closed dull; mid. ups, 10.25; mid. gulf, 10.50. Sales, 433 bales.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	12½	13¼
Arcadian	5	5¼
Allouez	5⅝	6⅞
Atlantic	12¾	13
Anaconda	30	31
Amalgamated	72¾	72⅞
Calumet & Hecla	515	525
Centennial	30½	31
Copper Range	70⅜	71
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	13	15
Bingham	34½	35
Mass	14¼	14½
Mayflower	1¾	2
National	14	.....
Mohawk	54	54½
Michigan	10	11
Old Colony	1¾	2
Old Dominion	20¾	21¼
Osceola	72	74
Parrot	31	32
Phoenix	6¾	7
Quincy	116	120
Rhode Island	3	3½
Tenn. Copper	29	30
Santa Fe	2½	2¾
Tamarack	184½	185
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	103	105
Utah	29⅝	29⅞
Victoria	7⅛	7½
Winona	7¾	8
Wolverine	70	70½
Wyandot	1½	1¾
Elm River	3¼	3½
Trinity	12¾	13¼
Dominion Coal	.....	123
Greene Con.	25⅛	26
U. S. Mining	25⅜	25½
U. S. Oil	14⅞	15¼
L. S. & Pittsburg	90	100
Calumet & Pittsburg	110	125
Calumet & Arizona	145	150

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston, to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bank statement was not as favorable as had been generally expected and after its publication the market had a sharp recovery on short covering. The bank statement was by no means a good one and it will not be surprising if there is another reaction the first of the week. Amalgamated was one of the best bought and strongest stocks on the list. We do not feel especially bullish on the New York list but we think coppers a buy on any further reactions.

* * *

Hayden, Stone & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The weakness of Amalgamated today had a weakening effect on local coppers. The best opinions are that coppers were strong considering the weak New York market. The future of the Aldrich bill is still affecting the market and nothing can be expected in the way of an advance till this is out of the way. The bank statement though not good was better than expected and the closing was in sympathy.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 28.—Close: Time money firm; sixty days, 5 per cent; ninety days, 5 per cent; six months, 5 per cent; money on call nominal; no loans today.

SENDS MESSAGES BY LIGHT.

The principles of light-telephony were discovered by Prof. Alexander Graham Bell in 1880. To the apparatus used for this method of transmitting sound Bell gave the name of "photophone." The sound waves are transformed into light waves by a transmitting devise, and these are again converted into sound waves by the receiving instrument, says Harper's Weekly.

In the photophone invented by Bell, a beam of light, from the sun or from an electric light, is brought to a pencil point by means of a lens, and centered on a little concave mirror fastened to the back of the diaphragm of an ordinary telephone transmitter. When spoken into, the circular iron plate, or diaphragm, of the transmitter vibrates in unison with the sound waves impinging on it, and the concave mirror reflects more or less of the light shining upon it. The amount of reflected light depends upon the intensity of the vibration of the diaphragm.

The reflected light passes through another lens for the purpose of sending out a concentrated beam to the receiving station, where the beam of light falls upon a selenium cell connected with a battery and a telephone receiver. Selenium is a metal which possesses the property of conducting a current of electricity with less resistance when exposed to the light than when in the dark, so that when the beam of light falls upon the selenium cell its resistance is instantly lowered, and the current from the battery will flow through it and so operate a telephone receiver.

Every modification of the beam of light will make a corresponding change in its inherent quality of conducting a current of electricity, and therefore a corresponding difference is made in the sounds in the telephone receiver. Until Herr Ruhmer, of Berlin, began experimenting with the nature of selenium, the photophone had been confined to the laboratory, as it was adapted to the transmission of speech over a distance of a few feet only, but by constantly improving the transmitter, the receiver, and making each conform to the requirements of the other, Herr Ruhmer has evolved an apparatus which promises well for military and naval service.

Herr Ruhmer has done away with the necessity for having the reflection of light at the transmitting end of the apparatus. He has found that by connecting an arc light in circuit with an ordinary telephone transmitter the arc will reproduce every word spoken into it both audibly and luminously.

This is due to the fact that the resistance of the arc is varied by the changes in the current flowing through the telephone transmitter, and as the resistance is increased or decreased, however slight the change may be, the temperature of the arc light and the intensity of the light emitted by it vary. These variations of light values in the arc cannot be observed by the human eye, but to the sensitive electric eye—the selenium cell—the slightest change in the intensity of the arc light causes a corresponding change in its resistance.

The arc light, on which is superimposed the rapidly alternating current caused by the speaker's voice is placed in the focus of a reflector like those used in searchlights. From here the small beam of light issues and is propagated in a straight line through space to the receiving instrument, where it is received by a similar curved mirror. This mirror converges the diffused beam into a pencil of light, which falls upon the selenium cell.

The selenium cell is connected with a telephone receiver and a battery, and as the resistance of the cell changes, the current flows through both the cell and the receiver, and reproduces clearly the words spoken into the transmitter at the sending station.

The experiments with the light-telephone were made on the Wannsee, near Berlin, with the transmitter mounted on board the electric launch Germania; the receiving apparatus was stationed at different points on the shore. Tests were made in the daytime, when the sun was shining, and the results were eminently satisfactory. Experiments were also made when the atmosphere was heavy with fog, and under these conditions articulate speech was transmitted and received a distance of four miles.

Some missionaries lately returned from Japan say there is a great demand for American teachers there. Salaries ranging from $75 to $135 a month are offered them, and houses are provided in addition. The government is devoting great attention to the development of educational institutions. There are now a number of American teachers in the big schools.

THE PRICES OF ORE

Are Agreed on For the Coming Year at Cleveland.

Schedules Provide For Output This Year of 34,000,000 Tons.

Dwight E. Woodbridge today received a telegram from Cleveland informing him of the prices agreed upon there for iron ores the coming season. They are much the same as those given by the Iron Trade Review on Thursday as those likely to be settled upon, and published in The Herald, but there are some slight changes.

The basis for Mesaba Bessemer ores is $4 a ton and for old range Bessemers $4.50 a ton. This is an advance of 50 cents a ton on the former and 25 cents on the latter. The guarantee on Bessemer ores is 63 per cent, .0045 per cent of phosphorus and 10 per cent of moisture. As the ore varies from the guarantee basis, the price varies, of course. Vermilion ores will bring from $5.25 to $5.50 a ton because of their higher percentage of iron.

For Mesaba ores there are three grades under the Bessemer guarantee based on the physical character of the ore, that is, their degree of fineness. No. 1, of which the Biwabik and Stevenson are instances, bring $4 a ton, the highest price; No. 2, like the Commodore and Lincoln ores, brings $3.85 and No. 1 like the Mahoning, will bring $3.75.

Mesaba non-Bessemer ores will bring $3.20 a ton and old range non-Bessemers $3.60 the guarantee being 60 per cent of iron and 12 per cent of moisture. This is an advance of about 50 cents a ton.

All of these prices are based upon delivery at Lake Erie ports.

Under the mining schedules, as made out, Lake Superior mines are to take out 34,000,000 tons if they reach the limit. They never do, however, and 30,000,000 tons will be nearer the right amount. Of the total the Mesaba is to mine 17,500,000 tons and the old ranges 16,500,000 tons.

Of the Mesaba output there will be about 4,000,000 tons for sale, that is ore that does not belong to the steel corporation or to other furnace companies, but will be sold in the market by independent miners. Of that amount Corrigan, McKinney & Co. will mine more than half, taking 1,750,000 tons from the Stevenson mine, 350,000 from the Lincoln and about 100,000 tons from other mines.

AT WEST DULUTH

The subject of sewers for West Duluth was the principal topic of discussion at the meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last evening. The committee appointed to investigate the matter made its report, advising the construction of a trunk sewer. At present the only sewer in West Duluth is that in the rear of the buildings on the east side of Fifty-fifth avenue. Many complaints have been heard among the citizens about the lack of proper sewers, and several plans have been suggested. At the meeting last evening it was decided to present a petition to the city council for the installation of a trunk sewer in West Duluth.

The committee on the paving of Central avenue reported progresss, and was continued. The committees on insurance and the high school were continued for one week.

A resolution was passed endorsing the granting of a franchise to A. C. Volk & Co. for the construction of a street railway line from Seventy-first avenue west to New Duluth.

EARLY MORNING FIRES.

Two Break Out While Storm Was On.

Two small early morning fires occurred in West Duluth this morning. About 2:30 o'clock fire broke out in the third floor of Dr. Burnside's residence, at 701 Fifty-sixth avenue. The cause of the fire is said to have been the crossing of some electric light wires. The West Duluth department was summoned and the blaze was soon under control. Considerable damage was done to the roof by the fire, and the remainder of the house was badly damaged by the water and smoke. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

While the West Duluth department was engaged in fighting the fire in Dr. Burnside's residence, another blaze broke out in the home of W. M. Burge, 209 Fifty-first avenue. The West End department answered the alarm which was turned in and made good time to the scene of the fire. The blaze was quickly extinguished and the damage is small.

IS UNFORTUNATE.

Although believing him innocent of any fraudulent intent, Judge Stone was compelled to impose a fine of $5 and costs on Charles Schmauss last evening. Schmauss was arraigned on the charge of selling adulterated jellies. He stated in defense that he was not aware that the jellies were adulterated; that he had bought them from a Duluth firm, who did not inform him that scuh was the case, and that he had sold them in good faith.

Judge Stone told him that if his statements were true that he should recover the amount of the fine from the wholesalers who had sold him the jellies.

APPLICANTS WERE MANY.

A certain $10 bill occasioned the display of much avariciousness on the part of six Duluth citizens. The bill was found by Miss Derrig in a West Duluth street car. She advertised her find in The Herald and the following day received no less than six applications for the money. All of the applicants had lost a $10 bill, but none of them knew exactly the place where it had been lost. Miss Derrig desired further proof of ownership, which was not forthcoming. The seventh applicant, Miss Rud, proved to be the owner.

CHURCH SERVICES.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock on the theme "Found Out, or an Unconscious Revelation of Self." In the evening, at 7:30 o'clock, Dr. Alexander Cameron, the blind lecturer, will preach. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:30 p. m. On Monday evening Dr. Cameron will deliver his lecture on "The Education of the Blind."

There will be services in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Wadena street and Fifty-seventh avenue, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m. Rev. O. M. Savig, pastor.

At the Church of the Holy Apostles, Episcopal, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, there will be evening service at 7:30 o'clock. The first of a series of special Lenten sermons on "The Last Seven Words" will be given.

At the Asbury M. E. church, Rev. J. C. Hartley, the pastor, will speak in the morning at 10:30 o'clock on the subject, "A Successful Life." At 7:30 p. m., Rev. T. S. Thompson, who is assisting the pastor in the special services, will preach. The special services will continue all next week.

At the Oneota M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper will preach both morning and evening, the morning theme being "Which Way Are You Facing?" and the evening topic, "Resolution," the fifth sermon in the series on "The Prodigal Son." Sabbath school will meet at 10 a. m.

Services will be conducted in the Proctorknott M. E. church tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. and Mrs. G. Hartley, of Toronto, Ont., have arrived to spend a portion of the summer with their son, Rev. J. C. Hartley.

Mrs. George Murray, of 428 Fifty-seventh avenue, is recovering from her recent illness.

Goodwin Olson, of 616 Fifty-seventh avenue, has recovered from a severe attack of the grip.

Peter McMehan and family are moving to West Duluth from Michigan.

Alexander Laurine has recovered from an attack of pneumonia.

A. J. Saindon and family, of Ironwood, are new arrivals in West Duluth.

Mrs. John Davidson is seriously ill.

Mrs. E. Fisher and daughter, Hazel, will leave for Chicago next week, where Miss Fisher intends to study music.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Holberg have gone to Idaho, where they intend to take up their residence.

SNAKES IN HIS BOOTS.

"On at least one occasion I had snakes in my boots," said the man with the red nose, according to the Washington Star, "and it was no wild, delirious fancy, either. The snakes were genuine. They were very much alive, could crawl, and did crawl, and they had eyes and fangs and forked tongues and all the other things which go with a well-made and complete member of the reptile species. I had gone out on a fishing trip with some friends up in Arkansas, and we were quartered in a tent on one of the best lakes in the southeastern section of the state. It was during the hot season. I never saw so many snakes in all my life as we found around that lake, and they were of all sizes, shapes and colors. The heat was so intense—it was during a severe drought of 1881—that all the snakes of that section gathered around the lake in an effort, no doubt, to keep cool. They would slip down to the water's edge, burrow in the mud and cut other curious capers because of the prevailing drought. Late in the evening they would take a whirl at swimming, wriggling out into the lake for some distance, and then pull back to the shore again. I mention these facts merely to show that snakes were plentiful in that section. The heat had made them desperate, but we never anticipated any trouble from this source.

"We pitched our tent at the head of the lake, and were inclined to gloat somewhat over the splendid location we had secured and the coziness of our surroundings generally. Of course we had the usual quantity of stimulating things which belong to a first-class fishing outfit, and, to tell the truth about the matter, I had been pulling away at the jug and popping beer bottles until I was just a little shaky. After we had been out about a week I began to see things that a man under ordinary circumstances could not see. I was just in this condition one morning when I rolled out of my cot to begin the day's sport. The sun had been up for some time. My boots were standing beside the cot, where I had put them the night before. In throwing my legs over the side of the cot I knocked both boots over. You can guess how I felt when two or three snakes wriggled out of my boots. I simply went up in the air. My nerves were in no condition to be tampered with. I couldn't get out of the cot, and I couldn't stay in it. I simply felt like melting into thin air. One of my friends witnessed the whole thing, although I didn't know it at the time. I was ashamed to say anything about the snakes until he brought the question up. Finally he said something about snakes that had spent the night in my boots, and I'll swear to you that I never felt better in my life, for up to that time I was very much in doubt about the genuineness of the vision. I was glad to know that the snakes were real live snakes."

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RY.
TO
CHICAGO AND EAST
ROUTE OF THE
PIONEER LIMITED
FAMOUS TRAIN OF THE WORLD.
All trains from Duluth and West Superior via Northern Pacific and Great Northern Rys. make direct connections at St. Paul with trains via the Milwaukee Road.
Ask your agent for through tickets via C. M. & St. P. Ry.
W. B. DIXON,
Northwestern Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

Will lease you a 5 acre lot with the right to purchase it any time within three years,

Five-acre tracts near Arnold School.

Invest $100 of your savings and get deed to lot (50 foot front) in Woodland Park, Seventh Division.

200 feet, corner Ninth Avenue East and First Street.

To lease for term of years 100x140 feet. A desirable corner for flats.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Accident and Liability Department
Aetna Life Insurance Co.
Hartford, Conn.
53rd ANNUAL STATEMENT.
Assets........$63,493,546 | Surplus........$7,694,434
Wendell P. Mosher Co., General Agent. Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, Northern Michigan.
Manley-McLennan Agency, District Agents.
First Floor Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

BLACK HILLS
COPPER MINE!

On the same lode and directly between Clark's famous copper mines, the United Verde, the largest copper mine in the world, and the Iron King, almost its equal.

The ore in the three mines is the same in quality at the same depth, and when the Black Hills mine is down to the same depth as the other two mines, all experts agree it will be just as valuable. Heavy machinery is being put on the property now.

Stock 60 per cent of par.

C. L. FREDERICK,
Authorized Agent, 614 Manhattan Bldg.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

J. D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

40 lots in West Duluth, beautiful location. You can double your money soon........ **$1500**
6-room house on Seventh avenue East. Lot 50x75. Water and sewer........ **$2000**
50 feet on East 4th St., improved; rents $40 monthly........ **$4000**
200 feet on East 1st St., beautiful site for fine home........ **$8000**

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

Little & Nolte

Offer a fine BARGAIN located four blocks from Spalding Hotel; 10-room house; furnace; hardwood finish; grand view with five fifty-foot lots. A No. 1 location for flats. Must be sold. Can be bought for one-third its value. Small amount of cash will handle it. Investigate. Act.

LITTLE & NOLTE,
Under American Exchange Bank.

STORE FOR RENT

Good brick building,
No. 515 E. Fourth st.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
300 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Bakers, Attention!

We will equip a store for a modern bakery in a new flat building about to be erected in a centrally located residence district.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

AN OPPORTUNITY

of a life time. How often do you hear people say, "I could have bought this or that at such and such a price," naming a few dollars, for properties now immensely valuable. Some man did do it, and today is counting his wealth by tens and perhaps hundreds of thousands.

$30 cash and $5 a month, without interest, for fifty-four months, will buy five acres of land near Woodland. There is no better land for market garden purposes in St. Louis county, is comparatively level and free from rock and has a nice spring brook running through it. Can be cleared and made ready for cultivation at a very small expense.

We give you immediate possession of the land with permission to go on and improve and use it. You can raise enough on one acre, in one season, to pay for the whole five acres.

We can sell you a ten acre tract for $60 cash, and $10 a month on the same terms.

Here is a rare opportunity for a small and safe investment. An opportunity to save and invest a few dollars every month which in a short time, will provide you with a home, where you can live in ease and comfort. Let us show you this land.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior St

WE HANDLE STOCK!

Calumet and Arizona, 50 shares.
Marquette and Arizona, treasury stock.
Alaska Central Railway, 100 shares.
Crooked River, 200 shares.
Other stocks for sale, away down.

The William Kaiser Company,
106 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

ECHO MINING CO.
DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
BOTH 'PHONES.

FOR RENT.

1608 East Fifth street, 7-room house, conveniently arranged, newly papered and painted, city water and sewer, per month $18.

221 East Seventh street, 7-room house, per month, $8.00.

2762 Huron street (Twenty-seventh avenue West, two blocks from Superior street) 9-room house, city water and sewer, rooms large and well lighted, barn on lot, location a good one for roomers or boarders. Per month $22.50.

214 Twenty-eighth avenue West; four rooms on ground floor, city water and sewer, per month, $13.00.

1821 West Second street 6-room house, city water and sewer, per month $14.00.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

SPECIAL!

$2,600 will buy a good house in best location in the East End; has seven rooms, electric lights, bath, fire place, hardwood floor in kitchen, and is in first-class condition throughout; the house alone cost more to build than we are asking for the property. Would be glad to show it to you.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

INQUIRY FOR REAL ESTATE IMPROVES

Excellent Demand For Vacant Property for Building.

A General Advance In Rents Is Expected Again This Year.

Inquiry at the local real estate offices this week has been livelier than during any previous week or ten days thus far this season. The inquiry has, for the most part been for vacant property, and was made by those who are figuring on building homes the coming year. One real estate man said yesterday that the scarcity of houses for rent is practically driving the renters into building for themselves.

This is quite generally corroborated by the other realty dealers, who claim that good building lots were never in beter demand. With all the business in sight there have not been any large amount of transactions closed up during the week and few transfers of any importance have been recorded. Negotiations underway, however, show that there is a strong undertone to the market, and it is known that a number of good offers for local properties have been submitted for early consideration. February business with the local dealers has been rather quiet, but the weather conditions have had much to do with deterring prospective purchasers from getting out much, and it is still a little early for deals with outside parties. Some have been made right along, but there is every indication, by the flood of inquiry through the mails, that the current year will see some lively business later on.

* * *

Rents are to be advanced this spring, in fact, some notices of advances have already been sent out to the people occupying houses and flats. Inside of the next month it is expected that the rest of the notices will be duly made.

This is the serious problem that again confronts the people in the city who do not own their own homes. Last spring when rents were advanced the people who had to pay were unanimous in raising their protests, but of no avail. It was then declared that houses and flats in this city were bringing higher rents than the same class of buildings in the Twin Cities or other cities of the Northwest, but the owners merely remarked that they could easily find tenants at the advanced prices, and the occupants could either meet the raise or get out.

* * *

The scarcity of houses and flats is just as apparent now as last year, and it seems that the owners are again proposing to take advantage of conditions and shove prices up another notch. While there has been some building of houses and flats to rent the past year there have not been nearly enough of them to supply the demand and the situation is about as bad, for that matter, as a year ago. Peopjle must have places to live, and the owners, knowing this, will squeez the renters a little harder. It is an unfortunate condition of affairs for the people who must pay the rent, but the same conditions should appeal powerfully to those who have money to invest in the class of houses and flat buildings that would find ready tenants. It is claimed that there is scarcely a new flat building in the city, now under process of construction, that is available for rental, all the apartments have been engaged for weeks in advance, some before the first stone in the foundations was laid.

* * *

As near as can be learned, the advances in rent have been from $2 to $5 per month, depending on the proximity of the building to the central portion of the city and the conveniences. Already some of the people who have been notified that their rent will be advanced May 1 have signified their intention of storing their goods and boarding. The number of families that were driven to do this last year was surprisingly large, but it it said the number will be more than double the coming season.

As the realty dealers say, it seems no wonder that the people who have been renting for years have been driven by desperation into greater efforts to raise the money with which to build their own homes. There are many who would build, but lack just a little of the ready means to do so. As one realty and loan man said yesterday, "It takes a blue chip to come in, and they have only two whites and a red."

The advance in rents already noted and the promise of other raises a little later are causing a great deal of indignation among the people who must rent their homes, but there seems to be no help for it. They are at the mercy of the owners, and the latter realize it.

* * *

The most promising outlook for local improvement of properties the coming season is still apparent in the prospective building activity. The amount of new building already being planned for 1903 has already been commented on, but every week there are announcements of new propositions, mostly in the way of homes, although several flat buildings are being planned. The year promises pre-eminently to be one of moderate-priced new homes.

* * *

A realty transaction of interest that was closed this week through the office of Whitney Wall was the transfer of a number of lots on Minnesota avenue, Park Point, about a block below the ferry landing, from local parties to the United States government. The property has been sold to the government for improvement, and while not a great deal will be done there along that line just at present, the plans contemplate the expenditure of a great deal of money in improvements eventually. It is believed also that the contemplated improvement of the property by the government will have the effect of raising the prices of other lands in the vicinity. The entire property was sold to the government for $6700.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck report the sale this week of a double corner at Third street and Nineteenth avenue east to F. G. Bradbury. The price was $2100. It is understood that Mr. Bradbury has bought the property for improvement.

The firm has also sold a lot and frame building on Grand avenue in West Duluth from Eastern to local parties, the consideration being $1650.

The sale is reported by Mr. Stryker of twenty-five feet on East Third street for $650. The firm has several offers ranging from $1900 to $10,000.

* * *

J. J. Wagenstein, the architect, reports that he will have in the hands of the contractors by Monday next, the plans for a new frame residence for C. H. Fugle, to be erected at Lakeside. Mr. Wagenstein is preparing plans for a modern brick residence for Dr. J. N. O. Tufte, to be erected on Second street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east.

* * *

It is expected that the contract for the new Arlington hotel building, on Superior and Michigan streets, between Fifth and Sixth avenues west, will be awarded today. The building will be owned by the Dickerman Investment company.

* * *

Hill & Bray, architects, are getting out plans for a handsome residence for F. E. House, to be built on Superior street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third avenues east. The building will be of the Swiss chalet style of architecture and will be built of stone and brick.

The same firm of architects will have in the hands of the contractors next week, for figures, the plans for remodeling the Berkelmann block on Superior street, between First and Second avenues east. The upstairs portion of the building will be remodeled into four large and modern flats.

* * *

Plans will be finished the coming week for remodeling a barn belonging to M. S. Burrows. The improvements include alterations and additions.

* * *

Cooley & Underhill report a liberal inquiry from their advertising during the past week with the prospects good for a consummation of transactions the coming week.

* * *

W. E. Richardson, of Richardson & Day, says that his firm has had more inquiry the past week than for the ten days preceding. He considers the outlook for a movement of local realty as excellent.

* * *

C. P. Craig & Co. report a rather quiet month with a present inquiry that indicates livelier transactions the coming month. The firm has practically closed in the last few days the sale of some West Duluth property.

* * *

Architect Austin Terryberry has plans to remodel the Svea hotel at Nineteenth avenue west and First street, for F. B. Thomas, of this city. It will be made into a three-story frame structure with thirty-three rooms and will have all modern improvements.

* * *

MacLeod & Smith have the contract for constructing the new boathouse of the Duluth Boat club, on Minnesota Point. The foundations are now being put in. J. J. Wagenstein was the architect.

* * *

Young & Nystrom, architects, are preparing plans for a three-story modern brick flat building for L. M. Erickson, to be erected on East Fourth street, near Sixteenth avenue.

The firm is also getting out plans for another modern brick flat building at Sixth avenue east and Fifth street. E. D. Field & Co. represent the owners in the latter case.

* * *

The following permits have been issued this week: Jennie E. Robertson, remodeling a dwelling at Lakeside, $450; N. H. Witt, repairing frame butcher shop, $900; R. Bradley, frame dwelling, $5300; Scott-Graff Lumber company, addition to factory, $2000; Carlo Romanna, frame store building, Fifty-seventh avenue west, $300; David Adams, frame dwelling, Second street between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west, $1360; Mrs. E. M. Clark, dwelling on Jefferson street, $4000.

* * *

Following are the transfers for the week:

T. F. Phelps vs. Johanna Helstrom: w½ of lot 4, block 91, Endion	300
V. C. Randall to Commercial Investment company: undivided ⅛ se¼, section 26-63-13	300
Vencedor Investment company to Frank Carlson: southerly 25 feet of northerly 100 feet of lot 2, block 35, Endion	125
John Barthol et ux to Joseph Smith: lot 1, block 36, Biwabik	425
Vencedor Investment company to John W. Glazier: northerly 25 feet of southerly 50 feet of lot 2, block 35, Endion	125
Frank Conlon et ux to Jay Hubbard: lot 13, block 26, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	1
Catharine Randall to Michael Kelley, w½ lot 59, block 57, Duluth proper, Third division	$ 763
H. M. Peyton et ux to P. E. Dowling et al, lot 16, block 15, Chisholm	1,300
Northwestern Improvement company to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, s½ sw¼ section 2-51-13	140
Boston and Duluth Farm Land company to Joseph H. Haines, same	320
Union Building and Loan association to James Frink, lot 15, Scovell's re-arrangement of block 25, Duluth proper, Third division	600
John S. Maginnis et ux to Dan Haley, ne¼ sw¼ section 1-64-18	250
John B. Kehl et ux to Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, n½ section 2-52-12	7,000
John Hedlund et ux to Claus Olson, lot 4, block 40, Eveleth	210
Charles P. Maginnis et ux to W. H. Cook et al, ne¼ ne¼ section 30-58-13	500
D. A. Duncan et al to C. O. Flynn, lots 28, 34, 40, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth	300
Carolina W. F. Ruhnke et mar to Albert H. Kent, se¼ sw¼ section 30-51-13	500
A. D. Gewksbury et ux to Mary M. Wellington, lot 12, block 119, West Duluth, Second division	1,150
J. W. Hunt et ux to Emil Larson, lot 10, block 18, Walbank's addition	300
Fannie E. Farrar et al to William B. Phelps, lot 250, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	250
Daniel Garrison et ux to George Bloomfield, lot 6, 7, block 8, Ely	900
Cook & Turrish to John Schroeder Lumber company, timber on lands in sections 21, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, township 58-13	3,000
Edward J. McLaughlin et ux to William Quinn et al, timber on und ¾ se¼ se¼ section 19-60-15	300
Same to same, timber on und ¾ se¼ section 25-60-16	900
William Quinn et ux to Edward J. McLaughlin et al, timber on und ¾ sw¼ section 20-60-15	300
Same to same, timber on und ¾ s½ ne¼, n½ se¼ section 26-60-16	750
Edward J. McLaughlin et al to William Quinn, und ¼ nw¼ sw¼ section 8-60-17	1
John A. Clarey et ux to Jay Hubbard, lot 24, block 26, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	1
John P. Gordon to R. D. Hubbard, lots 21, 22, 23, 24, block 25, Duluth Heights, Sixth division	1
Charles R. Stai to Mary A. Parl, lot 10, block 18, Walbank's addition	1
Mary A. Perl to J. Hunt, same	1
Southern Townsite Co. to Frank Tischer, lots 5, 6, 9, 10, block 17, Hibbing	300
Same, lot 18, block 86, West Duluth, Sixth division	265
J. D. Taylor to Carrie S. Thompson, lot 20, block 19, Virginia	1 750
Virginia Improvement Co. to Henry King, lot 12, block 12, Virginia	250
Sarah S. Lovecraft to James Morrison, undivided 1-3 of lot 3, block 54, Endion	500
Helen E. Barney et al to W. Scott Lovecraft, lot 3, block 54, Endion	2,000
(Correction) Kate Walbank to John Sundquist, lot 7, block 9, Walbanks addition	275
Albert A. Baker as guardian, to J. D. Morrison, undivided 2-3 of lot 3, block 54, Endion	1,000
J. Arthur Robert to Chas. M. Forest, part of lot 6 in Scovill's rearrangement of block 25, Duluth Proper, Third division, being a piece of land 25x50 feet	1,450
Kate Walbank to John Sundquist, lots 7 and 9, Walbank's addition	275
Northern Pacific Railway Co. to Providence Steel Co., block 74, Rice's Point	4,108
Otto G. Korb to Richard Roberts, lot 5, block 16, Ely	250
Eliza Cochran et mar to Robert E. Patterson, lot 110 and westerly eight feet of lot 108, block 22, Duluth Proper, Third division	3,000
J. L. Washburn et ux to Charley Carlson, lot 2, block 22, Hazelwood addition to Oneota	525
Susan M. Stryker to Fred G. Bradbury, lots 15 and 16, block 75, Endion	2,100
Henry W. Wheeler et ux to Ole Carlson, lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, block 28, Oneota	1,200
Carolyn A. Blackmarr to Edith G. Myers, lot 6, block 4, Proctorknott	250
Margretha Ebner et mar to Augustus G. Grochau, lots 333, 335 Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	650
Adaline W. Simonds to John G. Persson, lot 15, block 111, Portland	700
Edith G. Myers to Roy J. Leonard, lot 6, block 4, Proctorknott	350
K. A. McDonald et ux to John McAlpine: Timber on lands in sections 9, 10-66-19; in section 5-67-18; in sections, 10, 21-67-20; in secion 1-67-21; in sections 14, 13, 21, 22, 24, 32-68-20; in sections, 11-69-20; in section 34-68-21; in section 1, 2-68-52	30,000
Thomas J. Walsh et ux to W. T. Brooke: Timber on lot 1, section 28-69-17	1
A. P. Lovejoy et al to Kenneth A. McDonald: Timber on lands in sections 9, 10-66-19; sections, 21, 22, 28-67-18; sections, 10, 21-67-20; section 1-67-21; section 14, 13, 21, 22, 24, 32-68-20; section 11-69-20; section 34-69-21	17,000
J. D. Ensign, judge, to Adaline W. Simonds: lot 15, block 111, Portland	1
J. E. Bowers to Kate Walbank: lot 7, block 9, Walbank's addition	1
Edson D. Rogers to A. P. Lovejoy: lands in sections 9, 10-66-19; in sections 5, 21, 22, 28-67-18; sections 10, 21-67-20; sections 13, 14, 21, 22, 24, 32-68-20; sections 34-69-21	1
Harrie Rogers et al to Same: same and also lands in sections 1-67-21; in section 11-69-20	1
Western Land association to U. S. of America: lot 205, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth	500
Chas. S. Hinchman et ux to same: lots 202, 203, 204, 207, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth	2,000
Mary D. Greer to same: undivided 1-3 lots 206, 208, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth	333.34
John B. Atwater to U. S. of America: undivided 1-3 lots 206, 208, St. Louis avenue Upper Duluth	333.33
Ama P. Dorman to same: undivided 1-3 same	333.33
Cornelius O. Flynn et ux to Same: lot 202 Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	800
Western Land association to U. S. of America: lots 206, 208, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth	100
Same to Same: lot 202, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	1
Gertrude O. Flynn et mar to Same: lots 204, 206, 208, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	2,400
Kate O. Wespy, administratrix to Nellie Zuger: lot 15, block 42, Endion	2,950
J. Henry Gruber et ux to Victor Simmonson: lot 4, block 35, Floodwood	25
Northern Pacific Railway Company to Eastern Railway Company of Minnesota: right of way over se¼ of ne¼, section 17-52-21	32.50
William McCollum to J. S. Kimball: lot 21, block 24, Virginia	375
M. D. Jones to A. P. Silliman, lots 7, 8, 9, blk 12, Hibbing	100
C. G. Shipman to A. S. Jones, west 23 ft. of lot 1 b. 15, Ely	2500
A. L. Bedford et ux to F. R. James, lot 9, blk 9, Ely	600
Same to A. S. James, lot 8 blk 9, Ely	400
H. W. Cheadle et uv to Vincent M. Grady, sw sw sec. 8-60-17	50
Michael Elschen et ux to Henry Elschen et al, s½ se ne ne sec 17-50-14	4000
Thos. R. Lyon et ux to A. B. Coates s½ ne, w½ se sec 4-59-19	320
Taber Lmbr. Co. to A. B. Coates, timber on s½ ne, w½ se sec 4-59-19	3200
Otto Sievers to John McAlpine, e½ sw and sw sw sec 23, ne nw sec. 26-65-20	575
M. E. Coffin et mar to Moshek Lmbr. Co., lands in secs. 14, 15, 10 tp 60-21	960
Same to same, nw nw sec 32-61-21	240
Same to Same, lands in secs. 5, 6, 17, tp. 60-20	960
Santa Fe Pacific Ry. Co. to M. E. Coffin, lands in secs. 14, 15, 10, tp 60-21	880
Same to Same, nw sw sec. 32-61-21	220
Same to Same, lands in secs. 5, 6 17, tp. 60-20	880
J. J. LeTourneau et ux to Olive B. Jackson, w½ lot 4, blk 144, London addition	1

CROSBY

Will sell on easy terms a fine lot on upper side of Helm street between 28th and 29th avenue west—good neighbors and street has water, sewer, gas and is macadamized—only **$550**

$15,000 Takes modern brick houses in fashionable district east end—guaranteed to net buyer over 15 per cent. Apply in person or by letter.

Houses and lots for sale in all parts of the city. Fire insurance in strong companies.

GEORGE H. CROSBY, 106-7-8 Providence Building.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President. JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.
C. A. CONGDON, Vice President. WM. G. HEGARDT Ass't Cashier.
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

The American Exchange Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.
ESTABLISHED 1879.

Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposit allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

We invite the accounts and collections of banks, bankers, corporations, firms and individuals

DIRECTORS:
T. F. COLE, Pres. Oliver Mining Co. and Minnesota Iron Co.
G. A. TOMLINSON, Vessel Owner.
W. C. AGNEW, Manager Mahoning Mine.
JAMES DAVIDSON, Vessel Owner, Bay City, Mich.
S. G. KNOX, Knox Lumber Co.
A. GOWAN, Lumber, Pres. Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
KENNETH CLARK, Pres. Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.
H. M. PEYTON, Peyton, Kimball & Barber.
C. A. CONGDON, Billson & Congdon.
J. D. ENSIGN, Judge District Court.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.

VALUABLE JEWELS

Returned to Fair Owner Through the Postoffice.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 28.—Jewels valued at $1000, which mysteriously disappeared from the residence of Miss Evylin Jordan, a local society leader, about five weeks ago, and which were given up as lost by detectives working on the case, were returned to Miss Jordan loosely wrapped in an unsealed box that had been mailed in this city. The package bore no postmark and had no address other than Miss Jordan's residence. Postoffice officials located the address in the city directory and delivered the valuables to Miss Jordan, who is at a loss to account for their disappearance or return. Three diamond rings, a diamond sunburst and smaller jewels were in the box, which was posted as fourth class matter. The police regard the case as one of the strangest they have ever handled.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

BARGAINS IN HOMES!

INVESTIGATE THESE.

1905 Dingwall street, 25 feet........ **$1850**
8-rooms, furnace, water, sewer, bath. House newly painted outside and in, also papered. Can sell for $300 cash, balance monthly payments. House alone cost over $2000.

1702 New street, 50 feet $1200; 100 feet........ **$1400**
7-room house, newly painted and new roof, good warm house, street improved. Easy terms. House alone cost over $1500.

8-room house and two lots 100x150........ **$2000**
At Hunter's Park, best place in city to live. Hardwood finish down stairs, furnace, etc. Also barn. Easy payments.

816 East Seventh street, 25x140........ **$2100**
8-room house, stone foundation, cement floor in cellar, new house. Hardwood floors in dining room, kitchen and hall.

7-room house on Second avenue East........ **$1850**
city water, sewer, bath, etc.

8-room house on Second Ave. West, good cellar........ **$1575**

9-room house on Fifth street, near Second avenue East........ **$2100**
City water and closet. Rentals $23 per month.

9-room house on Fifth street, near Second avenue East........ **$2500**
House is new, well built and convenient.

Elegant 10-room house on West Second street........ **$5250**
Hardwood finish, two mantles, gas and electric light, steam heat, 50-foot lot. House alone cost $8000. All in good condition. The biggest bargain in the city in a handsome house.

7-room house near Portland Square........ **$2000**
Stone foundation, some hardwood floors.

8-room house, upper side Superior street........ **$4500**
Near Seventeenth East, lot worth $2500 or more, house cost $2800.

ABOVE ONLY SAMPLES. LARGEST LIST OF BARGAINS IN THE CITY.

WEST DULUTH.

75 houses for sale, mostly taken on foreclosure and offered cheap.

Three lots on Grand avenue at $400 each, between 58th and 59thh avenues. Think of it.

LAKESIDE.

Many choice homes at very low prices.

There is money in acres. We have some in all directions.

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS
Now on sale via
Louisville & Nashville R.R.
TO
Florida
AND
Gulf Coast Points

Route of the Famous Florida Limited.

Finest Dining Car Service in the South.

For Rates, Folders and Descriptive Matter write to

C. L. STONE,
General Pass. Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:35	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:30 a.m.
† 6:45 a.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 9:00 p.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Montana and Coast.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Dakota and Montana.	* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*12:40 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv-North Country Mail-Ar. *10:00 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv........ LOCAL........ Ar. †7:55 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:06 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

Advertisements in The Herald are read by all Duluth.

YES, A CHANCE BUSY DAY MAY COME WITHOUT ADVERTISING, BUT PERMANENT PROSPERITY Comes as the RESULT of Persistent Publicity

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$5500 Seven-room up-to-date brick flat; all modern conveniences. East End.

$8000 Nine-room house, all modern conveniences; hardwood finish, hot water heat; best location on East First street west of Tenth avenue East.

$6000 Nine-room house on East Superior street; 50 foot lot. Hardwood finish, four mantles, hot water heat; in first class condition. West of Nineteenth avenue East.

Great bargain in 50-foot lot on Fourth street, west of Third avenue East.

$3150 Seven-room new house, water, sewer, bath, electric light; 50x140 corner lot situated on upper side of street in one of the best locations in the West End. Choice bargain. This property is worth $4000.

1000 acres on Vermilion Range in good location. Owner will take $350 per acre for one half interest.

Some good snaps on Highland Range.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

More Real Estate Bargains:

$400 25x140 feet in Helm's addition.

$750 Corner lot 50x100 feet, six room house, good well, chicken house, Twenty-second avenue West, near Sixth street.

$700 House and lot, Eighth street, near Fourth avenue East.

$2000 six rooms, water, sewer, fine condition. Very central.

$3000 Seven rooms, stone foundation, water, sewer, bath. Ten minutes walk from St. Louis hotel.

$1700 A large lot, good 8-room house well and out buildings, not far from court house.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789.

$2000 Seven-room house, 19th avenue East. Stone foundation, water, sewer, gas and electric light.

$2500 Seven-room house, 16th avenue East, stone foundation, water, sewer and gas.

$1250 Eight room house East End.

$700 Lot on Fifth street. Centrally.

Fine 40-acre tract on the Pike Lake road.

O. G. OLSON,
415 Burrows Bldg.

RICH Copper PROPERTY

Near the Calumet and Arizona mines, for sale cheap and on easy terms. See, write, phone or wire us at once.

The William Kaiser Company,
106 Palladio, Building, Duluth, Minn.

$6300 Takes modern four flat building in East End, earning 15 per cent. A snap.

$1300 Takes fine 75-foot corner on Twenty-first avenue East.

Houses and lots in all parts of city.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

FOR SALE.

New building, with two flats of 6 rooms each, stone foundation. Will always rent to pay 15 per cent net.

B. LANDFIELD, 927 E. 5th St.

Double Corners in East End.

WE HAVE THEM and it will pay you to look at our list before you buy. There are very few for sale.

Lakeside Houses.

We have three or four choice houses for sale, ranging in price from $2500 upwards. You can get a better home at Lakeside for a small amount of money than anywhere else in town. Come and see us about them whether you expect to buy or not.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

SUMMERLAND

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

Has inaugurated new through service to Florida and the South, without parallel in magnificence.

Chicago & Florida Special—

Leave Chicago, Big Four Route	1:00 p m
Arrive Jacksonville, Q. & C. and Southern Railway	8:05 p m
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Railway	9:15 p m

Via Cincinnati and Atlanta, Daily except Sunday.
ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT.

The Florida Limited—

Leave Chicago, Penna. Lines	8:40 p m	Via Louisville
Leave Chicago, Monon Route	9:00 p m	Via Cincinnati
Arrive Jacksonville, Q & C. and Southern Ry	8:30 a m	
Arrive St. Augustine, F. E. C. Ry	10:00 a m	

Via Chattanooga and Atlanta, Daily.
Note the new through route via Louisville.

These trains, the "Special" and the "Limited" carry Pullman Drawing-room sleepers, dining, cafe, composite and observation cars, and vestibuled coaches. Close connection made at Louisville and Lexington by Southern Railway trains from St. Louis. A Pullman Drawing-room sleeper is also run through from Cincinnati to Jacksonville daily, via Asheville, Hot Springs and the "Land of the Sky," leaving Cincinnati 8:05 p. m. Connections made at Cincinnati by Chicago trains daily. For our Florida booklet and other descriptive matter of the South write,

J. S. McCULLOUGH, N. W. P. A.
225 Dearborn., Chicago, Ill.

G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.
St. Louis, Mo.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

One-sixth interest in iron land, 320 acres, near Highland. Cheap.

6-room house, $1200, $250 cash, balance on monthly payments. 526 Fifth avenue West.

We are going to sell at some price ten lots, on 23rd and 24th avenues West. Come if you want one.

Two 50-foot lots on Sixth street. Level. For both.................... **$700**

7-room house. First class condition, one block off Central avenue, West Duluth. One-half its value..... **$1000**

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

Two Splendid Locations for Flats!

One on West Third street, 3 blocks from postoffice. The other on Fifth street and Tenth avenue East. Must be sold at once and are genuine SNAPS.

We have exclusive sale of a large list of LOTS in all parts of Duluth and ACRES in St. Louis county.

SOME REAL BARGAINS.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co
303 Lonsdale Building.

Free Homes

is not what I advertise, but will sell you a house and lot on Duluth Heights cheaper and upon easier terms than you can buy anywhere else in Duluth. I have yet about 15 buildings out of sixty to sell and must be closed out this spring. This is well worth to look up for any one wishing to get his own home. Also a good chance to speculate.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1500 Buys a 10-room house in first-class condition and lot 50x140 feet on Fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues West.

$900 Buys a good 6-room house, large new barn and fine lot, near 39th avenue West.

$800 Buys an 8-room house in fine condition and lot located within six blocks of First National Bank.

$600 Takes a six-room house in good condition and lot on Eighth street near Twenty-first avenue West.

$1000 takes four fine lots, 29th avenue West, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

$625 takes a fine lot on upper side of Fifth street, near Portland Square.

$400 takes a lot 50x140 feet on Sixth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues West.

ALFRED KJELLIN,
306 Burroms Bldg.

$3000 for West Michigan street lot near Eleventh avenue. 50x140 feet, ¼ improved and earns $23 a month. This is cheap, lying between the two business centers. No Rock.

$300 to $600 for some good Endion Division lots, below Superior street.

$5000 for a brick building in Virginia, Minn., rented for three years to a solid party at $900 a year. A fine investment in a growing young city.

$40000 for a desirable Superior street property, earning net 7 per cent.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

4½ and 5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN. ON OR BEFORE.
We offer exceptional advantages to those desiring building loans.
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 LONSDALE BUILDING.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE trance medium, of 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior, lectures and gives spirit messages Sunday nights, 7:45, at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue West and Superior street.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIUM and clairvoyant, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

RETURNED! RETURNED! PROF. LE ROY, CLAIRVOYANT AND Psychic Palmist, tells the object of your call and full name without asking a question. Gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic affairs, and in fact all affairs of life. Parlors 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours 9 to 9 daily and Sunday.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A SPIRITUALIST meeting Sunday evening, March 1st, at the Agen hall, corner of Sixth and Tower, West Superior.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WE WILL START ANY YOUNG MAN in the electric door bell business. Pleasant work, good money maker. This work leads you to something better. Write today. Northern Electric Co., 524 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

BUY WHEAT AND CORN

$100.00 invested in Grain or Stocks by our "Safety Valve Plan" should result in a profit of $500.00 to $1000 within 30 days. Write for particulars and send for our free book, "Modern Methods For Safe Investments." Richard Oliver & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

VACANT LOTS

We offer good building lots in different parts of the city at $250 and upwards. $25 cash, balance monthly.

$850 lot 50 by 140 feet on Jefferson street. Good lot, cheap.

$850 corner 100 by 140 feet in Endion. Big bargain.

$1600 50 feet on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue East.

$2200 200 feet on Fourth street, near incline. A snap.

$1800 Corner 100 by 140 feet on Third street, near Lincoln Park.

$1700 50-foot lot on Fifth street. Very central.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER or cashier in office, by steady young man of several years' experience. Can furnish A1 city references. Will go out of city if necessary. Address O 74, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SOME KIND OF office work. Has some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address, P. 18, Herald.

BOOKKEEPER OF LARGE EXPERIENCE seeks position. Highest references. Moderate salary. Address, W. 63, Herald.

WANTED, BY LADY 35 YEARS OLD, position for coming season as stewardess on passenger boat. Address X 77, Evening Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, 24 YEARS OLD, AS an accountant, or for general office work. Excellent references P. O. box 164.

AGENTS WANTED.

MANUFACTURERS, GENERAL agents, also energetic demonstrating canvassing agents everywhere. Absolutely no risk. Large pay. Write. Medina Cushion Shoe Co., Medina, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN Annuity company; something entirely new. Good commission. Chas. Boerner, general agent, 2 West First St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

M. D. TALYOR, FIRST CLASS STENOGRAPHER, 34 Mesaba block.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONAL Bank bldg. Phones, Zen., 831; Dul., 544.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—FURS, SKINS, TALLOW, etc., etc. Highest prices paid. C. Dreyfuss & Co., 36 LaSalle street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND HAND Regina music box. Good repair, cheap. Address, C, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY OR RENT—ONE TO five acres, suitable for garden, within a mile of a car line. Address O 72, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—PAIR OF HORSES, harness and sleigh, complete, to work at the mines. Call at 403 Palladio bldg.

Savings Department of the City National Bank
Open This Evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED.

A. BRADLEY, EXPERT CHIMNEY sweep. Good work guaranteed, with no damage to carpets. W 25, Herald.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1902, FOR SALE BY C. J. Tufte, druggist, 2015 West Superior St.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LICENSED optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old, 705-5.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD MEDIUM-sized coal heater, cook stove for wood, dining table, iron bedsteads, dresser, rocking chairs and miscellaneous furniture. Address O 75, Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE AND FRESH milch cow. Adolph Peterson, Nineteenth avenue east and Twelfth street.

HAVE SPLENDID BARGAINS TO offer in iron lands on Mesaba and Highland. Also snap in a house, possession April 1. B. 627, Manhattan.

FOR SALE—A SNAP! HOME BAKERY on an improved plan, with an established trade, at a bargain. Bell 'phone, 970—3, or address, "Bakery", care Herald.

FOR SALE CHEAP—OAK BEDROOM suite. 1805 West Second street.

FOR SALE—FOUR DRAUGHT horses, one team suitable for hack or buss; also harness. Call Stewart's Livery barn.

$128 New, elegant, large sized, modern upright piano, mahogany, walnut or oak case. Duluth Music Co. Lake avenue and Superior street.

FOR SALE — ONE WRITING DESK, one office chair, one letter press; cheap, for cash. 633 Manhattan building.

$138, $150, $160, $175 buys beautiful pianos that were once worth double. Easy payments. Duluth Music Co.

FOR SALE—EIGHT SWARMS OF ITALIAN bees, good and strong, also 50-egg incubator, new. David Adams, 1922 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—TOP WAGON, BRAND new, cheap. Call Sundby Tea Co., 1825 West Superior street.

$50 for good square grand piano. $3.00 down and $2.00 a month. Duluth Music Co.

SPRING GOODS AND NEW FASHION plates now in. Make your selection early. Suits to order, $16. Union label. Hagberg Bros., over 218 West Superior street.

MAPS OF HIGHLAND IRON DISTRICT and Isle Royale, $1.00 each. C. G. Krelwitz, 321 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, folding beds, tables, chairs, refrigerator, clocks, range, heater, two tons coal. Call No. 14 Fourth avenue East, H. Herrick.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just arrived at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR STOCK and store fixtures, with building and good will, for sale cheap. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

TWO $600 KRANICH & BACH

Pianos have been used for concert purposes, a few little scratches on case, otherwise fit as a fiddle. Now only $365 each. Duluth Music Co.

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES just received, weighing from 1300 to 1900 pounds. Call and look them over. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, FOR sale or exchange for vacant property. 107 Wicklow street—fine 8-room house, very cheap; also want to buy a small, cheap house. Duluth Commission Agency, 710 Torrey building.

OREGON TIMBER LAND.

Homestead and Timber and Stone claims located. Fees $100. Estimate runs from three to five million per claim. For references as to our ability and honesty, call or write John Schroeder Lumber Co., Milwaukee, or Burrows block, Duluth; R. G. Anchutz, of Alger-Smith Co., Duluth. For homestead and timber claims call on Clement & King, 510 Woodward street, Roseburg, Ore.

Horses for Sale

Just arrived with a carload draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1700 pounds. Can be seen at Palmer House, 17 West First street. S. H. Newman.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

PERSONAL.

THE HAMILTON BED SPRING TIGHTENING company. Folding beds a specialty. Work guaranteed. 626 West Superior street.

HANDSOME, INTELLIGENT, AMERICAN lady, immensely wealthy, but lonely, desires to correspond with an honest, capable gentleman; object, early marraige. Add. Vera, 407 Temple Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

WEALTHY, LONELY, KIND-HEARTED gentleman, with elegant home, seeks wife to share his home and wealth. Mr. Mantel, 310 Olive, room 802, St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR ANY case of obstinate, abnormal suppression, in pathology, from any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless, veg., safe, sure. How long suppressed? $1000 reward for any other remedy advertised that will relieve one in 20 treated. Dr. Jackson R. Co., Crilly Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Corporation. Paid-up capital, $50,000.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADLE to grave; what I tell you comes true; send dime and birthdate. Prof. J. Myers, Drawer 704, Chicago.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist. **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.**

LADIES! USE OUR HARMLESS REMEDY for delayed or suppressed menstruation; it cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Jouven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. 17 Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. 1424 London road.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework, 2016 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. Inquire Merchants bank, West Duluth.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL, AT ONCE. 123 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 12 North Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY SWEDISH girl or widow, no children. Must be able to read Swedish to care for elderly gentleman. Call at 1428 West First street.

WANTED—FIVE COOKS, GOOD wages; waitresses, $18 to $20 per month; nurse girls, second girls. Call at once at the old reliable employment office of Mrs. Somers, 17 Second avenue East.

WANTED—DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER girl. Belmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

COPYING LETTERS AT HOME—$20 per thousand. The advt. dept. of a registered company has a large amount of copying to give out. No addressing. No samples to buy. Paper sent in lots of 500 sheets to accepted applicants. Addressed envelope for copy and application blank. Imperial Co., Liberty St., N. Y.

LADIES, TO DO PIECEWORK, AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 Monroe street, Chicago.

$5.00 PER HUNDRED FOR ADDRESSING envelopes. Send dime and stamp for material and instructions. Steady work. C. E. Miller, Ely bldg., Chicago.

$6 TO $15 WEEKLY; NO CANVASSING. Several lines of work to give out. Working evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly income. Some to copy short letters at $20 per thousand. Enclose stamp for copy of letter, instructions, etc. Eagle Wholesale Co., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—GIRL FOR PLAIN SEWING. Call at 214 Second avenue West.

WANTED—GOOD FAMILY COOK. APPLY Bon Ton Bakery, 25 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING-room girl. Dakotah House.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN for traveling manager. Mail order house. Salary and expenses. O 73, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 219 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work. Lake Avenue Bethel. Ask for Mr. Asher.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 122 Sixth avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUPERIOR street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED — EXPERIENCE DINING-room girl at once. 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework, 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—NURSE MAID, WITH REFERENCES; wages, $12.00 a month. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

LADIES WISHING HELP PLEASE call at 215 East Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM, AND KITCHEN girl, who understands plain cooking. 394 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT girl. Apply 1431 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK, 432 West Second street.

WANTED — SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST in housework in exchange for board. Apply 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMPLOYMENT office. 17 Second avenue East.

MALE HELP WANTED.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—RELIABLE MAN AS ORGANIZER, collecting and advertising, in Minnesota. $20.00 weekly and all expenses; advancement to branch office manager; steady position. Manager Ernest, 202 Pontiac Bldg., Chicago.

ENERGETIC MAN TO REPRESENT mfgr. in Minnesota. Salary, $78 per month. Expenses advanced. Salary paid direct from office each week. Enclose references and self-addressed envelope. Smith, Mgr., 701 Star Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Prepare for Spring rush. More calls for help than can be supplied. Steady practice, instructions, lectures. Time unlimited. Tools and board given. Write today. Moler Barber College, Omaha, Nebr.

WANTED—MEN WITH RIG TO INTRODUCE Monarch Poultry Mixture; $20.00 weekly and expenses; straight salary; year's contract; weekly pay. Monarch Mfg. Co., Box 1410, Springfield, Ill.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants FREE OF CHARGE. Apply to
W. C. McCARTER,
Business University.

WANTED!

Young men for bank work, 17 to 20 years of age. Must have completed two years at high school or equivalent. Apply by letter First National Bank of Duluth.

Tiemakers

WANTED—Fifty Tiemakers and Cedar cutters, good timber. Enquire at Palmer House, Duluth. Cloquet Tie & Post Co.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED--CONTINUED.

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in each state to manage business of wealthy corporation; salary $18 cash each Thursday direct from headquarters; expense money advanced. Manager, 372 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—A GOOD LIVE MAN TO canvass and collect. Salary and commission. Answer, giving two references, to C. A. M., Evening Herald office.

WANTED—DELIVERY BOY. DECKER Manufacturing company, 16 Second avenue west.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

WILL ASSIGN LEASE 1427 EAST SUPERIOR street and sell furniture. Daniel Waite, care Blake & Waite Co., South Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED HOUSE. 1826 West Second street. Either seven or ten rooms. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

ROOM FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT room; gas, bath and heat. 309 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—LARGE, DOUBLE, FRONT room, suitable for two men. All modern conveniences. Apply between 7 and 9 p. m. 301 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—MODERN—1322 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE ROOMS AND bath, on London road near Lester Park. R. 23, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 705 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room; central; private family; modern. Apply 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER and sewer. 19 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS OVER Palm Garden; gentlemen only. Apply at bar.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, bath privileges, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICE, LARGE, FRONT ROOM, SUITABLE for man and wife or two gentlemen. Board, if desired. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS, AT 220 Fifth avenue West.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS WITH board, 202 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE for two, with table board. Warm brick house, very central and modern. 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOM AND BOARD FOR two young men. 305 East Third street. Modern.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD, 19 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—ROOM FOR lady, on Second street between First and Fourth avenue West. "Boarder," Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—COTTAGE ON Minnesota Point, near pavilion, for summer. Address 25 West Fourth street.

WANTED TO RENT—BY MAY 1, A DESIRABLE house in East End. G. A. French, French & Bassett.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE—also on furniture, pianos and personal property of all kinds without removal or publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1, 5:30 to 6:30 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN; ANY AMOUNT. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD WATCH, BETWEEN Fifteenth avenue East and Freimuth's store, on Superior or First street. Reward. Notify Hilma Peterson, care of Herald, or 1427 East Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

HAIRDRESSING.

FINE LINE OF SWITCHES, MANICURING, face massage. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240; Zenith 601.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair Works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son., Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

AUDITING.

T. H. HOWARD, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT. 311 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DULUTH Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 2, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next Meeting March 9, 1903. Work Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 11, 1903. Work Royal Arch degree. Jerome E. Cooley H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave, March 3, 1903. Work—Election of officers. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue West. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Com., City Hall; W. A. Putman, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the 3rd rank, Tuesday, March 3rd. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp. No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meet first and third Saturday of each month.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1903.

THE DOINGS OF SOCIETY.

Now for the society reporter's articles on "Lenten's Leaden Pall." The past number of weeks in society's realm were like the description of a Chinese play—a continuos performance with the same actors day after day. The number of delightful parties this season has been large, but they have left the society matrons and maids ready for the Lenten rest. The season has been one of afternoon parties, for the number of evening parties can be tolled off on the fingers of one hand and this seems rather too bad, too, for the evening parties are always the most beautiful and it is too bad for the men not to get a larger share of the gayeties. Grand opera is promised the last of March at Minneapolis and no doubt a large number of Duluth society people will go down to hear the artists in their own particular roles. Meantime the clubs and matters musical will occupy the time formerly taken up with teas, card parties and a dozen other joys which Lent taboos.

* * *

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Richardson entertained at cards at their home, 227 West Third street. The affair was most charming, the decorations and game played being in honor of Washington. The rooms were prettily decorated in bunting and flags and the cards delightfully carried out the idea.

Military euchre was played, which was its first appearance in uluth. The game is novel and makes a pretty party. The guests are divided into forts of six each and each table is given the name of some fort connected with Washington's military campaign. Three of the players remain at their fort to defend it and three go into foreign territory to gain laurels for their table. The successful trio receive a flag for each game won, which they carry back and place over their fort. The numerous flags fluttering over the tables are very pretty and the concerted, rather than the individual playing, is exciting and interesting. The prizes were taken by the fort consisting of Mrs. W. H. Salter, Mrs. M. Bywater, Mrs. Walter Scott, Miss Rupley, C. H. Munger and Frederick Lee Gilbert. The affair was very clever and charming.

* * *

Among the most charming affairs of the week was the card party Tuesday afternoon at which Mrs. Richard V. Day, of 226 Fourth avenue east, was hostess. The home was simply, but beautifully decorated, the chandeliers being daintily twined with smilax and in the parlor pink roses were also used in the decorations. In the library deep red roses were placed about in large bowls and the music room held red and yellow roses. The score cards, which were charming bits of work, represented Japanese lanterns and fans, and in the playing the fans were together as were the lanterns.

Assisting their mother were Misses Virginia and Katherine Day. Six-handed euchre was played and the game prize went to Mrs. E. F. Burg, the declare prize to Mrs. William Gallagher and the consolation to Mrs. W. P. Heimbach. Those invited were:

Mesdames—

Edward Hazen,	R. S. Powell,
C. F. Leland,	W. P. Heimbach,
J. M. Gray,	Allen,
C. P. Craig,	N. F. Hugo,
J. H. LaVaque,	L. P. Totman,
J. H. Upham,	A. C. Hubbell,
S. Smith,	C. H. Bagley,
O. H. Clarke,	W. Gallagher,
W. C. Winton,	M. Baldwin,
G. A. St. Clair,	Cora Macdougall,
McKenney,	John Panton,
W. P. Colbrath,	Charles Edgar,
A. C. Weiss,	B. C. Church,
D. D. Murray,	Harrie Stewart,
W. T. Bailey,	D. H. Day,
W. B. Phelps,	D. T. Helm,
H. H. Phelps,	W. C. Agnew,
W. E. Richardson,	S. G. Knox,
S. R. Holden,	G. C. Howe,
Mulford,	M. Kelley,
A. E. Kirby,	J. F. McCarthy,
M. Bywater,	W. Starkey,
C. L. Gilham,	C. J. Lesure,
J. H. Ball,	A. L. Agatin,
William White,	W. W. Routh,
C. F. Macdonald,	Mullen,
F. I. Breeze,	W. H. Stultz,
John Millen,	R. A. Eva,
C. E. Lum,	E. F. Burg,
A. D. McRae,	A. W. Ryan.
N. B. McNulty.	

* * *

The reception given Thursday afternoon by the members of the Commercial club in honor of Ossip Gabrilowitsch was a most charming affair. In honor of the occasion the reception room of the club was prettily decorated with palms and greens and the pillars wound with ground pine. A few yellow tulips added to the decorations the charming touch of spring which was in the air. An informal musicale was given in which the Beethoven trio, Milton B. Griffith and Miss Mary Bradshaw took part. As a last number Mr. Gabrilowitsch played two numbers, completely charming his listeners. A very large number of the society folk called during the afternoon.

* * *

Monday afternoon Mrs. G. A. St. Clair and Miss Lillian St. Clair entertained at a delightful card party. It was a Washington affair, the national colors and the emblems of George Washington appearing in the decorations, score cards and in the dainty refreshments served. Mrs. E. G. St. Clair, of Eveleth, received with the hostess. Six-handed euchre was played and the prizes went to Mrs. J. E. Bowers and Mrs. Roger Powell. Those invited were:

Mesdames—

M. Bywater,	S. L. Frazer,
S. R. Holden,	S. T. Harrison,
C. H. Bradley,	D. W. Stocking,
L. D. Kitchell,	King,
R. S. Powell,	A. E. Walker,
W. S. Conklin,	D. D. Murray,
J. H. Crowley,	Victor Stearns,
D. D. Gaillard,	G. S. Swift,
Cora Macdougall,	John Panton,
A. H. Viele,	William White,
W. Close,	C. F. Macdonald,
J. E. Bowers,	W. W. Billson,
E. L. Bradley,	A. C. Weiss,
L. C. Harris,	W. T. Bailey,
W. Pressentin,	Frank Leslie,
Hall,	Sterling Smith,
T. W. Hoopes,	G. S. Barnes,
W. B. Phelps,	M. Bunnell,
M. B. Cullum,	

Misses—

Hale,	Davidson.

* * *

Monday evening some young people of Superior gave a delightful masque party at Odd Fellows' hall in this city. The costumes worn were quaint and beautiful and the party was a charming affair. Among those present from Duluth were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

H. J. Achenbach,	Zinger,
C. G. Howard,	Yale.

Mesdames—
C. H. Whitemore,

Misses—

Alice Bartlett,	Etta Monroe.

Messrs.—

Douglas Moore,	Walter Mishler,
McArthur,	Frageau.
H. W. Howard,	

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Phillips and child have gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the remainder of the winter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kreitter left this morning for New York city and other Eastern cities, and will be absent for about three weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Graham left Tuesday for a visit at the Sault.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Samuelson and son have left for California, where they will make their future home.

* * *

Mrs. W. J. Ellison, of Marquette, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mds. William Mies, of Ashtabula terrace.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Milton B. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Marx Orbendorfer made up a box party Thursday evening at the Gabrilowitsch recital at the Lyceum.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Maynard of Park Point, have returned from an extended visit in Texas and Wisconsin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Meagher and Miss Meagher entertained at a pretty card party Tuesday evening at their home, 318 Fifth avenue east. The house was prettily decorated in read and green and progressive cinch was played. The ladies' prizes were taken by Miss Trainner and Miss Merrill. The men's prize went to P. Meagher and R. Trainner. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:

G. King,	T. Burnet,
P. Meagher,	Murray,
Dolen,	Romer.

Misses:

Pratt,	A. Meagher,
Trainner,	Merrill,
Meagher,	S. Trainner,
Agnes Trainner,	Scoot,
T. Meagher,	E. Meagher.

Messrs:

C. J. West,	P. Trainner,
Edward Meagher,	LeDuc.

* * *

A banquet was given last Monday evening at the residence of Rev. John Feehely, West Duluth, to the officers of St. James' church, the trustees and the choir. There were about thirty present and Father Feehely made a very happy welcome speech and thanked all very kindly for the assistance they have given him during the past year. He congratulated them on the excellent standing of the parish and hoped that in another year St. James' parish would do as much more good work as had been done in the last year. Several toasts were given and happy speeches made by a number of those present. The affair was given by Father Feehely as a little token of appreciation for the services rendered by those present in building up the pari-

* * *

Mrs. D. P. McDonald, of 115 East Third street, entertained the Monday Evening Euchre club this week. The house was elaborately trimmed with bunting in honor of Washington's birthday. Pretty souvenirs of the affair were the unique George and Martha Washington score cards.

* * *

Mrs. George Kimball, of the Delaware hotel, gave a dancing party Monday evening at which about thirty couples were present. LaBrosse's orchestra, assisted by Sig Valenza, furnished the music and B. J. Vokes had charge of the floor.

* * *

In honor of the birthday anniversary of George Washington, Miss Margaret E. Kelley and Miss Ella Stitt entertained at a card party at 812 East First street. The decorations were pretty, being numerous hatchets attached to a background of bunting. The tiny hatchets served as score cards. The lady's head prize was taken by Miss Allen McDonald and the consolation went to Miss Lucy Shannon. R. L. Mallmon received the men's head prize. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

W. T. Hackett,	S. D. Allen.
Allen McDonald,	

Misses—

Kathleen Macdonald.	Anna Reed,
	Harriet Morrison,
Agnes Kelley,	Lucy Shannon,
Rosa Kelley,	C. F. Sheldon,
Mabel Falton,	J. A. Wood,
Nettie Holland,	J. Coleman,
Harriet Hogan,	G. E. Warren,
Annette Barnes,	R. L. Mallman.

* * *

The Liberty club spent a pleasant evening at their club rooms at Park Point Monday afternoon. The rooms were decorated in the club's colors, red and white, and a great many flags were hung about the rooms. Music and dancing made the evening a most happy one. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

Cooley,	Fortin.
Daugherty,	

Misses—

Mayme Shaw,	Aunic,
Tena Shaw,	Seraphine,
Virginia Nicol,	Susie Shearer,
Sullivan,	Elizabeth Shearer,
Brown,	Holt,
Fortin,	

Messrs.—

Johnson,	Charbonneau,
Blake,	Cutter,
M. Fortin,	Brown,
J. Fortin,	A. Fortin,
Vorous,	Jones,
Morrison,	Shearer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wharton, of Lester Park, entertained this week Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Huotte, of Ashland, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. Huotte were married this week in Ashland, where they are both well known and where they will make their home.

* * *

The Monday Evening Euchre club met Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, of 115 East Third street. It was a Washington birthday party and the idea was prettily carried out in the decorations and menu.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Macier, of West Duluth, entertained a number of their friends Wednesday evening. A delightful evening was spent. For the dancing the Olympia orchestra furnished the music.

* * *

Miss Elsie Hallock and Edward Hallock, of West Duluth, returned Tuesday from Braham, where they have been visiting friends.

* * *

Miss Pearl Mull, of West Duluth, left Wednesday for Minneapolis to attend the wedding of her sister.

* * *

Mrs. George M. Smith left Wednesday for a two weeks' visit with her mother in Denver.

* * *

Mrs. D. R. Black and children left this evening for a visit at Portland.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Laforge, of Oshkosh, Wis., is visiting friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. R. J. [illegible]yer, who has been visiting friend[illegible] in West Duluth, returned to her home in Calumet Monday.

* * *

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hansen were pleasantly surprised at their home in West Duluth. The evening was a most enjoyable one.

* * *

Miss May Stevens, of Cloquet, visited Mrs. Sidney Montgomery, of 214 East Second street, the past week.

* * *

Monday evening a pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. James Regan, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wright left Tuesday for Los Angeles, Cal.

* * *

Miss Susan C. McFadden left Tuesday for Brainerd, where she will make her home in the future.

MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,
Who Was Re-Elected President-General of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

DID GERMANS SACK HER?

Charges Made Regarding the Warship Restaurador.

Caracas, Feb. 28.—The authorities at Porto Cabello, after receiving the warship Restaurador, which has been seized by the blockading powers, have made an official report regarding the transfer and the condition of the vessel. The report reads in part:

"The Germans, before delivering the Restaurdor had sacked her in a ruinous manner. They carried off silverware, covers, curtains, electric globes, kitchen utensils and even copper clasps from the ship's side. The machinery was purposely left out of order. It was necessary to employ mechanical engineers for twenty-four hours in order to place the Restaurador in a condition fit to go to sea. The pillage of the ship was scandalous."

German officers interview concerning this accusation declare that the charge of the Venezuelan authorities is false and assert that the ship was not robbed. On the contrary, they said that Germany had spent $12,000 in repairing the Restaurador and had left 150 tons of coal on board of her without asking a cent for it.

AMERICANS IN MEXICO

To Build Air Ships On California Model.

Mexico City, Feb. 28.—The Mexican Aerial Navigation company has been organized under the laws of this country, with a capital stock of $500,000. The stockholders are wealthy Americans of this city.

The purpose of the company is to build and operate airships on the design of Charles Stanley, an inventor of San Francisco, Cal.

It is now constructing in this city an airship which wil have a capacity of fifty passengers and 2000 pounds of freight.

The first trip will be between Mexico City and Washington, D. C. This round trip, Mr. Stanley says, can be made in four days.

Lessens Silver care,
Prevents Silver wear.

ELECTRO
Silver Polish
SILICON

Used by owners of valuable Plate for more than a quarter century.

Electro-Silicon Si ver Soap
for washing and polishing Silver and Glass is pronounced perfect. All dealers, 15 cts.

Clubs and Musical

In the women's club world this week some charming events have occurred, and probably the most interesting and fascinating to lovers of Shakespeare was the meeting of the evening Shakespeare class, on Wednesday. Luther C. Harris was the speaker of the evening, and his paper was an excellent one, and the fact that more people do not profit by the opportunities of this class is deplorable.

The work of the morning Shakespeare class differs from that of the evening class. In the morning all the members read and discuss the play, while in the evening there is but one speaker and one play or topic for the evening. Mr. Harris' subject was "Macbeth," and in part he said:

"Paradoxical as it may seem, the critics of Shakespeare's plays is at the same time the easiest and the most difficult task one may essay, for we have no standard of comparison—the bard of Avon is alone. The supremacy reached in the drama by Shakespeare is equivalent to the height reached by Raphael in painting and Michael Angelo in sculptor. There are only two that might be compared with him at all, and they are Goethe, with his 'Comedie Divine,' and later Balzac.

"Which of his tragedies is the freatest is discussed again and again, some calling it 'Othelo,' others' Lear,' and others 'Hamlet,' but all admit that "Macbeth' is one of the greatest of the world's tragedies. The critic can pick many flaws in the construction of the play, point out weaknesses and find incomplete verse, but in the dramatic conception it is nearly perfect. It is an unelaborated, imperfect piece of work, compressed in the extreme and elliptical to a degree, but with its celerity of action and its directness it is one of the greatest playing plays. Action is its characteristic from the first scene, with the witches brewing their hell broth to the death of Macbeth, in the last scene, where his death expiates in part the trail of crimes he has committed.

"Macbeth is a study in the problem of evil, which has been the problem for discussion since Aeschylus gave to the world 'Promethus Unbound,' Dante his creations of the nether world, Milton his Lucifer, Gothe his Mephistopheles, aid later Hawthorne suggests the discussion of the problem of evil in his 'Marble Faun.' Shakespeare does the same in Macbeth. Students of the question tell us that there are two types of evil, the one rooted in the natural inherent, its acts delighting the individual, and the other, which is simply a lapse from virtue, a moral weakness. One has no sense of right, the other does wrong with reluctance from fear of the punishment to follow. In Macbeth two types of evil are shown, or rather two reproductions of one type. Macbeth and his queen are often represented as monsters in crime, and fiendish in deed, but the play disproves this attitude, and but for the whim of fortune Macbeth might have lived and been regarded by all as a wise, just and upright man.

"Given by the king the title with which the witches had greeted him, Thane of Glamis, he was prompted to dwell, and invent ways and means to kill the king and become one himself. He would have things so, but shrank from the doing of the deeds, and at the most critical moments was spurred on by his wife. That the evil in his nature was simply a lapse from the sense of right within him is shown before the foul murder of Duncan was perpetrated, when he soliliquizes and tells that in the role of host he should defend and shelter his guest, his kinsman and his king. But Lady Macbeth dispels this frame of mind and the deed is done.

"From speeches before his crime we know that Macbeth had been honored as a warrior, respected as a subject, and was a loving husband. He went on in his path of crime only to find himself robbed of sleep. He swept Banquo from his path, only to be pushed himself from his seat at table with the terrible ghost, and in the end his life is taken by Macduff."

Passages of the play were read by Miss Frankenfield, and Mr. Harris and the social committee served chocolate to the guests.

* * *

Tuesday morning of next week the parliamentary law class of the Twentieth Century club will meet with Mrs. R. N. Marble, of East First street.

Tuesday afternoon the travel class of this same club will meet in the club room of the library, and for this meeting a special program has been arranged. This meeting is the last regular meeting of the year, and an interesting program has been arranged. The subject for next year's study will be discussed, and it is desired that many will come with suggestions for the work.

Thursday morning the morning Shakespeare class will meet in the club room of the library, at 10 o'clock. "Twelfth Night" will be the study for the morning, with Mrs. F. L. Barker as leader. This will also be the last session of this class for this year.

* * *

The Matinee Musicale held a regular meeting Monday afternoon, and the music of America was studied and the program was delightful. Mrs. S. H. Jones and Mrs. F. G. Bradbury were in charge of the afternoon. America has as yet not had the time to produce the musicians the older countries boast of, and the music Monday was of a simple, sweet sort that was pleasing.

The next meeting will be held a week from next Monday, and the first of the two days devoted to German music will be given, with Mrs. C. H. Munger and Mrs. J. A. Stephenson in charge.

* * *

There will be but one more meeting of the Shakespeare class, when E. W. Bohannon, of the normal school, will speak on "Hamlet, a Psychological Study."

* * *

The next meeting of the Unity club will be held on Monday evening, March 2, at the Unitarian church. Subject for discussion, "Great Fortunes and Their Responsibilities." Speaker for the evening, L. J. Hopkins.

* * *

The Bishop's club will hold an open meeting next Tuesday evening, and the program will be as follows:

Scripture Reading ....
Paper—"Eliza Allen Starr"..Miss Murphy
Recitation ....Miss McClaran
Religious Reading ....Estelle Miller
Paper—"Martin Luther" ....Mrs. Stephans
Current Events ....Miss Sweeney
Recitation ....Miss Brotherton

* * *

The Outlook will hold a regular meeting next Friday afternoon in the club room of the library. Harry C. Strong, the leader for the year, will as usual have charge of the meeting. The subject for the afternoon is "Oliver Cromwell and the Protecorate."

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class are devoting the last number of meetings of the year to the study of mediaeval art. The study of the class this year has been the literature of the middle ages, and in connection with this they have secured Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour for a series of lectures. At the meeting Tuesday the works of Bonicelli were principally studied and explained. The next meeting will occur a week from next Tuesday.

* * *

Greysolon du Lhut chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, held a meeting in commemoration of Washington's birthday, Monday, February 23d, at the home of Mrs. W. A. McGonagle. There was a large attendance and the meeting was most enthusiastic. Eight new members have been added to the chapter during the past month. The regent of the chapter, Mrs. N. F. Hugo, gave an interesting report of the State Regents' council held at St. Paul February 12th.

* * *

The Daughters of Liberty chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution held the February meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Page Morris. The meeting was postponed from Wednesday of last week. The meeting was a most charming one, many of the members coming in the costumes of the time of the revolution, because of the historical significance of this month. A musical program and a number of the members read papers. Those who took part in the program were Mrs. Albert Baldwin, Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge, Mrs. C. A. Smith, Mrs. C. H. Munger, Miss Katherine Ensign and Miss Morris. The hostess served dainty refreshments. The meeting was one of the most delightful of the winter.

* * *

Lanners' concert band, Otto Muhlbaur director, will play at the Metropolitan tomorrow afternoon, and the program is one that will give much pleasure. Franz Schultz will be the soloist and Miss Willa Mae Wylie will give a reading. Gustave L. Wedan, of the band, will give a tuba solo. The following is the program:

March—"International Vaudeville" ....
....Alexander
Overture—"Orpheus" ....Offenbach
Bass solo—"Evening Star" ....Wagner
Franz Schulz.
Descriptive—"A Hunting Scene" ......
....Bucalossi

Synopsis: "The Morning breaks calm and peaceful." "The huntsman prepares for the pleasure of the chase." "We jump on our saddle and our huntsman sounds a merry blast." "The road is alive with horsemen." "On the scent." "Tally-ho." "Full Cry." "The death."

Caprice—"A Lesson in Flirtation".....
....Englander
(From "The Strollers").
Tuba solo—Selected ....Phelps
Gustave L. Wedan.
Reading—"Helene Phanre" ....
Miss Willa Mae Wylie.
Pattol—"Salvation Army" ....Herman
Duet—"Miserere" from "Il Trovatore"
....Verdi
Harry W. Lanners, cornet;
Edwin J. Hosfield, trombone.
March patriotic—"United Nation" ....
.... Barnhouse

* * *

MARCH TERM JURORS.

Those Called to Serve at the Coming Court.

The following grand and petit jurors have been summoned to serve in the March term of district court, which begins Wednesday morning, March 5:

Grand jurors: City—William Besson, Eugene E. Dwello, W. D. Austin, Louis F. Dworschak, Walter Johnson, Leander Sinotte, Andrew Swanstrom, Michael J. O'Brien, William Tischer, W. W. Nelson, Joseph S. Grover, George S. Gardner, Erick G. Wallinder, William V. Grubb, Henry Reau, S. L. Reichert, L. L. Culbertson, A. J. Anderson, A. F. Swanstrom; Sparta—John A. Justen, N. J. Colvin.

Petit jurors: City—Endon J. Morin, John Place, Harry Pearson, William Dalrymple, Andrew Otterson, Henry Berbig, R. P. Jentoft, John B. Adams, I. N. Powers, George M. Davis, S. M. McGregor, George C. Stone, Frederick Schadewald, P. A. Sjoselius, W. H. Laidley, C. W. Person, Samuel S. Skrove, Laurence E. Giley, Harry Hutchinson, J. Wood, Thomas S. Kelley, George Mason, Louis Goldberg, Elmer Harvey, Theodore Weld, Edward F. Heller; Virginia—E. E. Burley, Alex Carlson; Floodwood—J. C. Blackwood, J. D. Moore; Eveleth—C. E. Bailey; Dingham—Fred Fisher; Hermantown—C. V. Lundgren, August Hall; Ely—Richard Polkinghorn; Alborn—L. B. Asphjorsen; McKinley—John R. Forde; Mountain Iron—M. S. Hawkins; New Duluth—H. J. Thompson.

FUNDS PROVIDED

For Dramatic Academy and to Uplift Stage.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.—The efforts of George Clark, the veteran actor of the legitimate drama, to establish an merican academy of dramatic art, for which $2,000,000 is required, met with considerable success last night, when at a meeting in the Hotel Bellevue, $250,000 aws subscribed toward the fund, provided the proposed institution be located in Philadelphia. Only nine persons were at the meeting besides Mr. Clark, and seven of them are prominent in Philadelphia financial business circles.

P. A. B. Widener, the traction magnate, started the subscription list with $100,000. John M. Mack expressed his willingness to give $100,000 and Clarence Wolf, of Wolf Bros. & Co., agreed to raise $50,000.

The proposed academy has for its object the purification of the English language and the moral, literary and dramatic uplifting of the American stage. The conduct of its affairs will be along lines similar to those which have gained fame for the Comedie Francais in Paris.

NO MONEY IN SIGHT.

Bitterness In Congress Over Department of Commerce.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Secretary Cortelyou, head of the new cabinet bureau of commerce and labor, may not be able to organize the department. A bill must be passed this session appropriating money for necessary expenses of the department.

There is so much bitterness existing over the Butler-Waggoner contest that it will be easy to defeat the bill.

On the senate side Senator Nelson is in no humor to favor the bill. He says today that everything is in the air relative to appointments in the new bureau.

To Preach on the Range.

Rev. John A. Anderson, of the First Swedish Methodist church, left this afternoon for the range town and will preach tomorrow morning in the Methodist church at Hibbing, and in the evening to conduct service in Virginia.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Glass Block prices on furniture!

Parlor furniture, diningroom furniture, chamber furniture, library furniture, hall furniture, den furniture, club furniture, kitchen furniture.

Inexpensive furniture, medium grade furniture, finest furniture. None better is on sale in Duluth than the fine grades bought for Glass Block customers.

Do you know that we can sell furniture at 50c, 60c, 70c and 80c on the dollar of customary Duluth prices—and still make our usual small, fair profit?

We'll prove to you that we can. "Enough said."

Wait for our furniture opening

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SECTION TWO. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. PAGES 11 to 18.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1903.

THE DOINGS OF SOCIETY.

Now for the society reporter's articles on "Lenten's Leaden Pall." The past number of weeks in society's realm were like the description of a Chinese play—a continuos performance with the same actors day after day. The number of delightful parties this season has been large, but they have left the society matrons and maids ready for the Lenten rest. The season has been one of afternoon parties, for the number of evening parties can be tolled off on the fingers of one hand and this seems rather too bad, too, for the evening parties are always the most beautiful and it is too bad for the men not to get a larger share of the gayeties. Grand opera is promised the last of March at Minneapolis and no doubt a large number of Duluth society people will go down to hear the artists in their own particular roles. Meantime the clubs and matters musical will occupy the time formerly taken up with teas, card parties and a dozen other joys which Lent taboos.

* * *

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Richardson entertained at cards at their home, 227 West Third street. The affair was most charming, the decorations and game played being in honor of Washington. The rooms were prettily decorated in bunting and flags and the cards delightfully carried out the idea.

Military euchre was played, which was its first appearance in Duluth. The game is novel and makes a pretty party. The guests are divided into forts of six each and each table is given the name of some fort connected with Washington's military campaign. Three of the players remain at their fort to defend it and three go into foreign territory to gain laurels for their table. The successful trio receive a flag for each game won, which they carry back and place over their fort. The numerous flags fluttering over the tables are very pretty and the concerted, rather than the individual playing, is exciting and interesting. The prizes were taken by the fort consisting of Mrs. W. H. Salter, Mrs. M. Bywater, Mrs. Walter Scott, Miss Rupley, C. H. Munger and Frederick Lee Gilbert. The affair was very clever and charming.

* * *

Among the most charming affairs of the week was the card party Tuesday afternoon at which Mrs. Richard V. Day, of 226 Fourth avenue east, was hostess. The home was simply, but beautifully decorated, the chandeliers being daintily twined with smilax and in the parlor pink roses were also used in the decorations. In the library deep red roses were placed about in large bowls and the music room held red and yellow roses. The score cards, which were charming bits of work, represented Japanese lanterns and fans, and in the playing the fans were together as were the lanterns.

Assisting their mother were Misses Virginia and Katherine Day. Six-handed euchre was played and the game prize went to Mrs. E. F. Burg, the declare prize to Mrs. William Gallagher and the consolation to Mrs. W. P. Heimbach. Those invited were:

Mesdames—
Edward Hazen, R. S. Powell,
C. F. Leland, W. P. Heimbach,
J. M. Gray, Allen,
C. P. Craig, N. F. Hugo,
J. H. LaVaque, L. P. Totman,
J. H. Upham, A. C. Hubbell,
S. Smith, C. H. Bagley,
O. H. Clarke, W. Gallagher,
W. C. Winton, M. Baldwin,
G. A. St. Clair, Cora Macdougall,
McKenney, John Panton,
W. P. Colbrath, Charles Edgar,
A. C. Weiss, B. C. Church,
D. D. Murray, Harrie Stewart,
W. T. Bailey, D. H. Day,
W. B. Phelps, D. T. Helm,
H. H. Phelps, W. C. Agnew,
W. E. Richardson, S. G. Knox,
S. R. Holden, G. C. Howe,
Mulford, M. Kelley,
A. E. Kirby, J. F. McCarthy,
M. Bywater, W. Starkey,
C. L. Gilham, C. J. Lesure,
J. H. Ball, A. L. Agatin,
William White, W. W. Routh,
C. F. Macdonald, Mullen,
F. I. Breeze, W. H. Stultz,
John Millen, R. A. Eva,
C. E. Lum, E. F. Burg,
A. D. McRae, A. W. Ryan.
N. B. McNulty,

* * *

The reception given Thursday afternoon by the members of the Commercial club in honor of Ossip Gabrilowitsch was a most charming affair. In honor of the occasion the reception room of the club was prettily decorated with palms and greens and the pillars wound with ground pine. A few yellow tulips added to the decorations the charming touch of spring which was in the air. An informal musicale was given in which the Beethoven trio, Milton B. Griffith and Miss Mary Bradshaw took part. As a last number Mr. Gabrilowitsch played two numbers, completely charming his listeners. A very large number of the society folk called during the afternoon.

* * *

Monday afternoon Mrs. G. A. St. Clair and Miss Lillian St. Clair entertained at a delightful card party. It was a Washington affair, the national colors and the emblems of George Washington appearing in the decorations, score cards and in the dainty refreshments served. Mrs. E. G. St. Clair, of Eveleth, received with the hostess. Six-handed euchre was played and the prizes went to Mrs. J. E. Bowers and Mrs. Roger Powell. Those invited were:

Mesdames—
M. Bywater, S. L. Frazer,
S. R. Holden, S. T. Harrison,
C. H. Bradley, D. W. Stocking,
L. D. Kitchell, King,
R. S. Powell, A. E. Walker,
W. S. Conklin, D. D. Murray,
J. H. Crowley, Victor Stearns,
D. D. Gaillard, G. S. Swift,
Cora Macdougall, John Panton,
A. H. Viele, William White,
W. Close, C. F. Macdonald,
J. E. Bowers, W. W. Billson,
E. L. Bradley, A. C. Weiss,
L. C. Harris, W. T. Bailey,
W. Pressentin, Frank Leslie,
Hall, Sterling Smith,
T. W. Hoopes, G. S. Barnes,
W. B. Phelps, M. Bunnell,
M. B. Cullum,
Misses—
Hale, Davidson.

* * *

Monday evening some young people of Superior gave a delightful masque party at Odd Fellows' hall in this city. The costumes worn were quaint and beautiful and the party was a charming affair. Among those present from Duluth were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
H. J. Achenbach, Zinger,
C. G. Howard, Yale.
Mesdames—
C. H. Whitemore,
Misses—
Alice Bartlett, Etta Monroe.
Messrs.—
Douglas Moore, Walter Mishler,
McArthur, Frageau.
H. W. Howard,

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Phillips and child have gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the remainder of the winter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kreitter left this morning for New York city and other Eastern cities, and will be absent for about three weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Graham left Tuesday for a visit at the Sault.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Samuelson and son have left for California, where they will make their future home.

* * *

Mrs. W. J. Ellison, of Marquette, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mds. William Mies, of Ashtabula terrace.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Milton B. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Marx Orbendorfer made up a box party Thursday evening at the Gabrilowitsch recital at the Lyceum.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Maynard of Park Point, have returned from an extended visit in Texas and Wisconsin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Meagher and Miss Meagher entertained at a pretty card party Tuesday evening at their home, 318 Fifth avenue east. The house was prettily decorated in read and green and progressive cinch was played. The ladies' prizes were taken by Miss Trainner and Miss Merrill. The men's prize went to P. Meagher and R. Trainner. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:
G. King, T. Burnet,
P. Meagher, Murray,
Dolen, Romer.
Misses:
Pratt, A. Meagher,
Trainner, Merrill,
Meagher, S. Trainner,
Agnes Trainner, Scoot,
T. Meagher, E. Meagher.
Messrs:
C. J. West, P. Trainner,
Edward Meagher, LeDuc.

* * *

A banquet was given last Monday evening at the residence of Rev. John Feehely, West Duluth, to the officers of St. James' church, the trustees and the choir. There were about thirty present and Father Feehely made a very happy welcome speech and thanked all very kindly for the assistance they have given him during the past year. He congratulated them on the excellent standing of the parish and hoped that in another year St. James' parish would do as much more good work as had been done in the last year. Several toasts were given and happy speeches made by a number of those present. The affair was given by Father Feehely as a little token of appreciation for the services rendered by those present in building up the paris

* * *

Mrs. D. P. McDonald, of 115 East Third street, entertained the Monday Evening Euchre club this week. The house was elaborately trimmed with bunting in honor of Washington's birthday. Pretty souvenirs of the affair were the unique George and Martha Washington score cards.

* * *

Mrs. George Kimball, of the Delaware hotel, gave a dancing party Monday evening at which about thirty couples were present. LaBrosse's orchestra, assisted by Sig Valenza, furnished the music and B. J. Vokes had charge of the floor.

* * *

In honor of the birthday anniversary of George Washington, Miss Margaret E. Kelley and Miss Ella Stitt entertained at a card party at 812 East First street. The decorations were pretty, being numerous hatchets attached to a background of bunting. The tiny hatchets served as score cards. The lady's head prize was taken by Miss Allen McDonald and the consolation went to Miss Lucy Shannon. R. L. Mallmon received the men's head prize. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
W. T. Hackett, S. D. Allen.
Allen McDonald,
Misses—
Kathleen Macdonald, Anna Reed,
Harriet Morrison,
Agnes Kelley, Lucy Shannon,
Rosa Kelley, C. F. Sheldon,
Mabel Falton, J. A. Wood,
Nettie Holland, J. Coleman,
Harriet Hogan, G. E. Warren,
Annette Barnes, R. L. Mallman.

* * *

The Liberty club spent a pleasant evening at their club rooms at Park Point Monday afternoon. The rooms were decorated in the club's colors, red and white, and a great many flags were hung about the rooms. Music and dancing made the evening a most happy one. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Cooley, Fortin.
Daugherty,
Misses—
Mayme Shaw, Annie,
Tena Shaw, Seraphine,
Virginia Nicol, Susie Shearer,
Sullivan, Elizabeth Shearer,
Brown, Holt,
Fortin,
Messrs.—
Johnson, Charbonneau,
Blake, Cutter,
M. Fortin, Brown,
J. Fortin, A. Fortin,
Vorous, Jones,
Morrison, Shearer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wharton, of Lester Park, entertained this week Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Huotte, of Ashland, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. Huotte were married this week in Ashland, where they are both well known and where they will make their home.

* * *

The Monday Evening Euchre club met Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, of 115 East Third street. It was a Washington birthday party and the idea was prettily carried out in the decorations and menu.

* * *

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* * *

Miss Elsie Hallock and Edward Hallock, of West Duluth, returned Tuesday from Braham, where they have been visiting friends.

* * *

Miss Pearl Mull, of West Duluth, left Wednesday for Minneapolis to attend the wedding of her sister.

* * *

Mrs. George M. Smith left Wednesday for a two weeks' visit with her mother in Denver.

* * *

Mrs. D. R. Black and children left this evening for a visit at Portland.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Laforge, of Oshkosh, Wis., is visiting friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. R. J. [illegible]ver, who has been visiting friends in West Duluth, returned to her home in Calumet Monday.

* * *

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hansen were pleasantly surprised at their home in West Duluth. The evening was a most enjoyable one.

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Miss May Stevens, of Cloquet, visited Mrs. Sidney Montgomery, of 214 East Second street, the past week.

* * *

Monday evening a pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. James Regan, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wright left Tuesday for Los Angeles, Cal.

* * *

Miss Susan C. McFadden left Tuesday for Brainerd, where she will make her home in the future.

MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,
Who Was Re-Elected President-General of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

DID GERMANS SACK HER?

Charges Made Regarding the Warship Restaurador.

Caracas, Feb. 28.—The authorities at Porto Cabello, after receiving the warship Restaurador, which has been seized by the blockading powers, have made an official report regarding the transfer and the condition of the vessel. The report reads in part:

"The Germans, before delivering the Restaurdor had sacked her in a ruinous manner. They carried off silverware, covers, curtains, electric globes, kitchen utensils and even copper clasps from the ship's side. The machinery was purposely left out of order. It was necessary to employ mechanical engineers for twenty-four hours in order to place the Restaurador in a condition fit to go to sea. The pillage of the ship was scandalous."

German officers interview concerning this accusation declare that the charge of the Venezuelan authorities is false and assert that the ship was not robbed. On the contrary, they said that Germany had spent $12,000 in repairing the Restaurador and had left 150 tons of coal on board of her without asking a cent for it.

AMERICANS IN MEXICO

To Build Air Ships On California Model.

Mexico City, Feb. 28.—The Mexican Aerial Navigation company has been organized under the laws of this country, with a capital stock of $500,000. The stockholders are wealthy Americans of this city.

The purpose of the company is to build and operate airships on the design of Charles Stanley, an inventor of San Francisco, Cal.

It is now constructing in this city an airship which wil have a capacity of fifty passengers and 2000 pounds of freight.

The first trip will be between Mexico City and Washington, D. C. This round trip, Mr. Stanley says, can be made in four days.

Lessens Silver care,
Prevents Silver wear.
ELECTRO
Silver Polish
SILICON
Used by owners of valuable Plate for more than a quarter century.
Electro-Silicon Silver Soap
for washing and polishing Silver and Glass is pronounced perfect. All dealers, 15 cts.

Clubs and Musical

In the women's club world this week some charming events have occurred, and probably the most interesting and fascinating to lovers of Shakespeare was the meeting of the evening Shakespeare class, on Wednesday. Luther C. Harris was the speaker of the evening, and his paper was an excellent one, and the fact that more people do not profit by the opportunities of this class is deplorable.

The work of the morning Shakespeare class differs from that of the evening class. In the morning all the members read and discuss the play, while in the evening there is but one speaker and one play or topic for the evening. Mr. Harris' subject was "Macbeth," and in part he said:

"Paradoxical as it may seem, the critics of Shakespeare's plays is at the same time the easiest and the most difficult task one may essay, for we have no standard of comparison—the bard of Avon is alone. The supremacy reached in the drama by Shakespeare is equivalent to the height reached by Raphael in painting and Michael Angelo in sculptor. There are only two that might be compared with him at all, and they are Goethe, with his 'Comedie Divine,' and later Balzac.

"Which of his tragedies is the freatest is discussed again and again, some calling it 'Othelo,' others' Lear,' and others 'Hamlet,' but all admit that "Macbeth' is one of the greatest of the world's tragedies. The critic can pick many flaws in the construction of the play, point out weaknesses and find incomplete verse, but in the dramatic conception it is nearly perfect. It is an unelaborated, imperfect piece of work, compressed in the extreme and elliptical to a degree, but with its celerity of action and its directness it is one of the greatest playing plays. Action is its characteristic from the first scene, with the witches brewing their hell broth to the death of Macbeth, in the last scene, where his death expiates in part the trail of crimes he has committed.

"Macbeth is a study in the problem of evil, which has been the problem for discussion since Aeschylus gave to the world 'Promethus Unbound,' Dante his creations of the nether world, Milton his Lucifer, Gothe his Mephistopheles, aid later Hawthorne suggests the discussion of the problem of evil in his 'Marble Faun.' Shakespeare does the same in Macbeth. Students of the question tell us that there are two types of evil, the one rooted in the natural inherent, its acts delighting the individual, and the other, which is simply a lapse from virtue, a moral weakness. One has no sense of right, the other does wrong with reluctance from fear of the punishment to follow. In Macbeth two types of evil are shown, or rather two reproductions of one type. Macbeth and his queen are often represented as monsters in crime, and fiendish in deed, but the play disproves this attitude, and but for the whim of fortune Macbeth might have lived and been regarded by all as a wise, just and upright man.

"Given by the king the title with which the witches had greeted him, Thane of Glamis, he was prompted to dwell, and invent ways and means to kill the king and become one himself. He would have things so, but shrank from the doing of the deeds, and at the most critical moments was spurred on by his wife. That the evil in his nature was simply a lapse from the sense of right within him is shown before the foul murder of Duncan was perpetrated, when he soliliquizes and tells that in the role of host he should defend and shelter his guest, his kinsman and his king. But Lady Macbeth dispels this frame of mind and the deed is done.

"From speeches before his crime we know that Macbeth had been honored as a warrior, respected as a subject, and was a loving husband. He went on in his path of crime only to find himself robbed of sleep. He swept Banquo from his path, only to be pushed himself from his seat at table with the terrible ghost, and in the end his life is taken by Macduff."

Passages of the play were read by Miss Frankenfield, and Mr. Harris and the social committee served chocolate to the guests.

* * *

Tuesday morning of next week the parliamentary law class of the Twentieth Century club will meet with Mrs. R. N. Marble, of East First street.

Tuesday afternoon the travel class of this same club will meet in the club room of the library, and for this meeting a special program has been arranged. This meeting is the last regular meeting of the year, and an interesting program has been arranged. The subject for next year's study will be discussed, and it is desired that many will come with suggestions for the work.

Thursday morning the morning Shakespeare class will meet in the club room of the library, at 10 o'clock. "Twelfth Night" will be the study for the morning, with Mrs. F. L. Barker as leader. This will also be the last session of this class for this year.

* * *

The Matinee Musicale held a regular meeting Monday afternoon, and the music of America was studied and the program was delightful. Mrs. S. H. Jones and Mrs. F. G. Bradbury were in charge of the afternoon. America has as yet not had the time to produce the musicians the older countries boast of, and the music Monday was of a simple, sweet sort that was pleasing.

The next meeting will be held a week from next Monday, and the first of the two days devoted to German music will be given, with Mrs. C. H. Munger and Mrs. J. A. Stephenson in charge.

* * *

There will be but one more meeting of the Shakespeare class, when E. W. Bohannon, of the normal school, will speak on "Hamlet, a Psychological Study."

* * *

The next meeting of the Unity club will be held on Monday evening, March 2, at the Unitarian church. Subject for discussion, "Great Fortunes and Their Responsibilities." Speaker for the evening, L. J. Hopkins.

* * *

The Bishop's club will hold an open meeting next Tuesday evening, and the program will be as follows:

Scripture Reading ....
Paper—"Eliza Allen Starr" ..Miss Murphy
Recitation ....Miss McClaran
Religious Reading ....Estelle Miller
Paper—"Martin Luther" ....Mrs. Stephans
Current Events ....Miss Sweeney
Recitation ....Miss Brotherton

* * *

The Outlook will hold a regular meeting next Friday afternoon in the club room of the library. Harry C. Strong, the leader for the year, will as usual have charge of the meeting. The subject for the afternoon is "Oliver Cromwell and the Protecorate."

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class are devoting the last number of meetings of the year to the study of mediaeval art. The study of the class this year has been the literature of the middle ages, and in connection with this they have secured Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour for a series of lectures. At the meeting Tuesday the works of Bonicelli were principally studied and explained. The next meeting will occur a week from next Tuesday.

* * *

Greysolon du Lhut chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, held a meeting in commemoration of Washington's birthday, Monday, February 23d, at the home of Mrs. W. A. McGonagle. There was a large attendance and the meeting was most enthusiastic. Eight new members have been added to the chapter during the past month. The regent of the chapter, Mrs. N. F. Hugo, gave an interesting report of the State Regents' council held at St. Paul February 12th.

* * *

The Daughters of Liberty chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution held the February meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Page Morris. The meeting was postponed from Wednesday of last week. The meeting was a most charming one, many of the members coming in the costumes of the time of the revolution, because of the historical significance of this month. A musical program and a number of the members read papers. Those who took part in the program were Mrs. Albert Baldwin, Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge, Mrs. C. A. Smith, Mrs. C. H. Munger, Miss Katherine Ensign and Miss Morris. The hostess served dainty refreshments. The meeting was one of the most delightful of the winter.

* * *

Lanners' concert band, Otto Muhlbaur director, will play at the Metropolitan tomorrow afternoon, and the program is one that will give much pleasure. Franz Schultz will be the soloist and Miss Willa Mae Wylie will give a reading. Gustave L. Wedan, of the band, will give a tuba solo. The following is the program:

March—"International Vaudeville" ....Alexander
Overture—"Orpheus" ....Offenbach
Bass solo—"Evening Star" ....Wagner
Franz Schulz.
Descriptive—"A Hunting Scene" ....Bucalossi

Synopsis: "The Morning breaks calm and peaceful." "The huntsman prepares for the pleasure of the chase." "We jump on our saddle and our huntsman sounds a merry blast." "The road is alive with horsemen." "On the scent." "Tally-ho." "Full Cry." "The death."

Caprice—"A Lesson in Flirtation"..... ....Englander
(From "The Strollers").
Tuba solo—Selected ....Phelps
Gustave L. Wedan.
Reading—"Helene Phanre" ....
Miss Willa Mae Wylie.
Pattol—"Salvation Army" ....Herman
Duet—"Miserere" from "Il Trovatore" ....Verdi
Harry W. Lanners, cornet;
Edwin J. Hosfield, trombone.
March patriotic—"United Nation" ....Barnhouse

* * *

MARCH TERM JURORS.

Those Called to Serve at the Coming Court.

The following grand and petit jurors have been summoned to serve in the March term of district court, which begins Wednesday morning, March 5:

Grand jurors: City—William Besson, Eugene E. Dwello, W. D. Austin, Louis F. Dworschak, Walter Johnson, Leander Sinotte, Andrew Swanstrom, Michael J. O'Brien, William Tischer, W. W. Nelson, Joseph S. Grover, George S. Gardner, Erick G. Wallinder, William V. Grubb, Henry Reau, S. L. Reichert, L. L. Culbertson, A. J. Anderson, A. F. Swanstrom; Sparta—John A. Justen, N. J. Celvin.

Petit jurors: City—Endon J. Morin, John Place, Harry Pearson, William Dalrymple, Andrew Otterson, Henry Berbig, R. P. Jentoft, John B. Adams, I. N. Powers, George M. Davis, S. M. McGregor, George C. Stone, Frederick Schadewald, P. A. Sjoselius, W. H. Laidley, C. W. Person, Samuel S. Skrove, Laurence E. Giley, Harry Hutchinson, J. Wood, Thomas S. Kelley, George Mason, Louis Goldberg, Elmer Harvey, Theodore Weld, Edward F. Heller; Virginia—E. E. Burley, Alex Carlson; Floodwood—J. C. Blackwood, J. D. Moore; Eveleth—C. E. Bailey; Dingham—Fred Fisher; Hermantown—C. V. Lundgren, August Hall; Ely—Richard Polkinghorn; Alborn—L. B. Aspbjorsen; McKinley—John R. Forde; Mountain Iron—M. S. Hawkins; New Duluth—H. J. Thompson.

FUNDS PROVIDED

For Dramatic Academy and to Uplift Stage.

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.—The efforts of George Clark, the veteran actor of the legitimate drama, to establish an merican academy of dramatic art, for which $2,000,000 is required, met with considerable success last night, when at a meeting in the Hotel Bellevue, $250,000 aws subscribed toward the fund, provided the proposed institution be located in Philadelphia. Only nine persons were at the meeting besides Mr. Clark, and seven of them are prominent in Philadelphia financial business circles.

P. A. B. Widener, the traction magnate, started the subscription list with $100,000. John M. Mack expressed his willingness to give $100,000 and Clarence Wolf, of Wolf Bros. & Co., agreed to raise $50,000.

The proposed academy has for its object the purification of the English language and the moral, literary and dramatic uplifting of the American stage. The conduct of its affairs will be along lines similar to those which have gained fame for the Comedie Francais in Paris.

NO MONEY IN SIGHT.

Bitterness In Congress Over Department of Commerce.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Secretary Cortelyou, head of the new cabinet bureau of commerce and labor, may not be able to organize the department. A bill must be passed this session appropriating money for necessary expenses of the department.

There is so much bitterness existing over the Butler-Waggoner contest that it will be easy to defeat the bill.

On the senate side Senator Nelson is in no humor to favor the bill. He says today that everything is in the air relative to appointments in the new bureau.

To Preach on the Range.

Rev. John A. Anderson, of the First Swedish Methodist church, left this afternoon for the range town and will preach tomorrow morning in the Methodist church at Hibbing, and in the evening to conduct service in Virginia.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Glass Block prices on furniture!

Parlor furniture, diningroom furniture, chamber furniture, library furniture, hall furniture, den furniture, club furniture, kitchen furniture.

Inexpensive furniture, medium grade furniture, finest furniture. None better is on sale in Duluth than the fine grades bought for Glass Block customers.

Do you know that we can sell furniture at 50c, 60c, 70c and 80c on the dollar of customary Duluth prices—and still make our usual small, fair profit?

We'll prove to you that we can. "Enough said."

Wait for our furniture opening

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

Aitkin.

Aitkin, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Downer Mullen has returned to his home in Wabasha.

L. W. Slipp went to a Brainerd hospital Sunday night, to receive medical treatment.

H. C. Hanke, of Minneapolis, one of the property owners of this county was here on business last week.

Mrs. W. E. Griffith has been seriously ill, but is recovering.

E. P. McQuillin left Monday for Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hurn gave a dinner party Wednesday evening at which covers were laid for twelve.

J. N. Marr visited Duluth and Grand Rapids last week.

E. Garrity and wife have returned from their wedding tour.

William Williams, of Dodge county, a real estate dealer, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Zuver gave a dancing party at their home Wednesday evening.

Miss Luella Woodworth, of Minneapolis, who is teaching near Beaver, has been visiting her cousins Mrs. Belshiem and Miss Potter.

Mrs. Klafverstedt is the guest of her son, Gust Raymond.

The buildings of Andrew Peterson's logging camp near Verdon were entirely destroyed by fire, recently.

Judge G. T. Williams, representing the Aitkin lodge, left Monday for St. Paul to attend the fiftieth anniversary of the Masonic grand lodge of Minnesota.

The pulpit and choir platform at the Congregational church has been raised nearly three feet and is better adapted to general use.

D. A. Armstrong was down from the north end of the county last week and is circulating a petition asking for a state drainage ditch in 51-26.

Mrs. I. Carmichael went to Minneapolis Wednesday.

The youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Sickner fell into a pail of boiling water last Saturday morning and was terribly scalded on the back and hips. Hopes are entertained for his recovery.

The Ladies' Guild gave a "coffee" at the home of Mrs. Zeeze on Saturday afternoon and evening which netted eleven dollars.

Miss Kate Lorenze, of the Grand central, was a severe attack of rheumatism.

A daughter was born recently to Mr. and Mrs. Thor. Anderson of Boston.

W. E. Dean, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was here last week with a party of land seekers.

The wife and little daughter of Herbert Blackburn who lives across the Mississippi are sick with diphtheria and are under quarantine, although reported to be recovering. Mr. Blackburn's parents from Iowa came last week to attend the family.

The home of C. T. Newman on Cedar street is quarantined, the little daughter, Elolah, being ill with diphtheria.

The detention hospital is again free from smallpox.

Another child in the Lindquist family, the fourth in as many weeks, died last Thursday morning from a complication arising from diphtheria. The boy was eight years old.

A young man giving his name as Roy Smith, who had been working in the woods for Olts and Armstead, left the Willard hotel Friday night taking a coonskin overcoat belonging to Land Agent Briggs, of West Concord. Smith took a freight train to Brainerd, but as the officers had been wired, he was arrested by Officer Hurley at that place and brought back. At a hearing before Judge Williams, Smith was bound over to the May term of court and is held in the conty jail until that time. The coat was restored to its owner until needed at the trial.

Daniel Lozway, who was brought here from McGregor some time ago for medical treatment, died of brain fever at the Allen hotel Monday night. His wife and six small children were with him at the time of his death. The loss of the father is a sad affliction for the family. The funeral was held in the Catholic church Tuesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Father Wurm.

J. H. Bedbury, of Wealthwood, was in town Tuesday and reports having shot a wildcat near his place Saturday night. The hide measures over three feet.

Judge Harrison has been apprised of the death of his brother A. H. Harrison in Denver, Col., on the 16th inst. J. P. Harrison, of St. Cloud, came up last Saturday, but the brothers decided it was too late to start for Denver to attend the funeral.

Dr. and Mrs. Avery returned Monday from the Rovey DeLaittre camps at Esquagamah where John DeLaittre has been entertaining H. M. DeLaittre and daughter, Miss Grace, of Minneapolis, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Farrell. The party reports a gay time.

The appearance of the horned lark, the first sign of spring, was reported Tuesday by Albert Lano, Aitkin's ornithologist.

The violinist Theobaldi was given a good audience in the city hall Monday night. The receipts were $68, one half of which went to the famine sufferers' fund.

The Methodist Sunday school has rented the office building, vacated by Dr. Avery, for a year to be used as a meeting place for the pastor's bible class.

Miss Radtke's and Miss Reddick's primary grades united in giving a Washington day program in the school Friday afternoon that was exceedingly well carried out. Edward Vachon and Ruth Lano impersonated George and Martha Washington and Margaret Cluff played the part of Betsy Ross. The little people looked very quaint in their colonial costumes.

The 1,200 acres of state land in this county through which the Gun Lake ditch was dug last year was appraised at five dollars an acre before the ditch was in. Since then 6,000 acres of the land has been sold at an average of eight dollars an acre. After paying for the ditch the state is now $12,000 ahead by the transaction.

The postoffice department has directed the establishment of a mail route between Pierz and Vineland, and the service will begin April first. The distance is twenty five miles and the mail will be carried each way three times a week.

The Columbian Colored Concert company which was to appear here Wednesday evening missed their train and could not reach here. That was the second time the company has been billed for this place and failed to appear.

P. Waldeck, the postmaster at Waldeck, is dangerously ill with pneumonia.

Andrew Olson cut his hand quite seriously with an ax last week.

Mrs. W. B. Marr, who has been confined to her home with illness for some time, is now convalescing.

Fred Jenkins has returned from Grand Rapids.

D. E. Holston, of Duluth, was an Aitkin visitor Friday.

Mrs. Benjamin Hassman entertained the ladies' auxiliary of St. James' church last Thursday afternoon. Light refreshments were served.

A. J. Vanderwater, of McGregor, was injured at that place by being knocked down and stepped on by a horse, the calk of the horse shoe having penetrated his skull. The patient is now here receiving medical treatment.

S. S. Luther and Messrs. Nichols and Gould, of the Nichols Lumber company, of Little Falls, drove to Deerwood Monday to look after their interests there.

The basket ball teams of Little Falls and Aitkin will play a game here in the auditorium Saturday evening.

Mrs. A. A. Sweetman gave an informal card party last Friday evening.

Mrs. P. Casey is slowly recovering from a recent illness.

The logging business is being most vigorously pushed, and with everything favorable as it has been, the cut in this county will exceed 100,000,000 feet this season.

Thomas Moore, of Redwood county, has beenthe guest of his sister Mrs. W. Scriven.

George D. Davis made a tour of the lumber camps last week accompanied by Rev. W. E. Griffith who held religious services at the camps.

William Orr took his little son to Brainerd last week where the boy was operated upon for tonsilitis.

The enclosure for the scaffold has been built on the north side of the jail.

Carl Taylor was in town a few days last week. He is employed in surveying and laying off timber lots in the vicinity of Tenstrike.

Mesaba.

Mesaba, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. Howenstein was in town on business this week.

L. H. Merritt was in town Monday.

A. Brousseau was in Allen Junction this week.

G. Anderson was on the sick list this week.

Mark C. Williams was in Duluth Saturday and returned Sunday on the special train.

Thomas Tracy was in Tower on business this week.

Miss Josephine Gibean was on the sick list the latter part of last week, but is fully recovered now.

L. Gagne was laid up with rheumatism this week.

Mrs. Edward Stokes, whowas on the sick list, has fully recovered from her illness.

James Frink, who has been visiting his mother, Mrs. Jennie Frink, at Superior, returned last week.

Louis Gibeau was quite ill this week.

Mr. Norman, from Skibo, was in town on business last week.

Otto Reydell was in town visiting friends.

Eveleth.

Eveleth, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sam Eckstein, of Chicago, spent the past week in Eveleth.

George L. Bolten, of Nashwauk, who was formerly connected with the Talboys Mercantile company, was in town this week.

Most of the business houses observed Monday as Washington's birthday. The postoffice was closed most of the day.

George Dorner, cashier of the Fayal Iron company, was in Duluth a couple of days.

The little daughter of M. E. Nichols has been quite seriously ill with bronchitis.

Mrs. T. B. Wheelock, of St. Paul, has been giving a series of free cooking lessons at Vail hall this week. They have been much appreciated and enjoyed by a number of ladies.

A. V. Robertson, of Chicago, spent Monday and Tuesday in town.

Beatrice Murnik is ill with an attack of measles.

The first ball given by the Eveleth clerks was a great success. More than one hundred couples danced until morning. The music was furnished by the Ross orchestra, of Hibbing, and the delicious luncheon was provided and served on the stage by the shop girls of Eveleth.

Samuel Owens made a business trip to Tower this week.

Mrs. W. D. Ellsworth has been ill this week with la grippe.

Theo. Barker, of St. Paul, was in the city the first of the week.

Superintendent J. H. Hearding, accompanied by his mother, left on the noon train Saturday for a trip to Chicago and other points. Mr. Hearding will be absent about two weeks.

The insurance inspector was in town this week, and after inspecting thoroughly, reduced the rates on many places, to the great satisfaction of those favored.

Rachel Harwood, the little daughter of Dr. W. E. Harwood, has been quite seriously ill with bronchitis.

The ladies of the Methodist church served luncheon at the residence of Mrs. C. A. Morrison on Thursday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. T. H. Hamilton, of Duluth, who has been the guest of Mrs. James Robb, left Monday for Virginia.

William A. Shaw, who died last week in Buhl, was well known here, where he resided for three years, and his death is much regretted. He was the father of Dr. Shaw and Mrs. C. B. Lenont, of Virginia.

The ladies of the Episcopal church are to meet with Mrs. Fred Barrett at the Fayal next Thursday afternoon, for the purpose of organizing a guild.

Aubrey Guillette is quite ill with la grippe.

There was a cave-in at the Spruce mine last Saturday. One man was killed.

Mrs. Neil McInnis left Monday for St. Cloud to spend a month with her daughter, Mrs. F. A. Hoyt.

Fayal hall narrowly escaped being burned last Thursday night. In some manner a large palm that was in the hall for decoration caught fire and burned up. It caught a couple of chairs and burned a hole in the floor and then went out.

The Sagwa tribe of Modern Redmen held their fourth annual ball at Vail hall Monday evening, the twenty-third. The hall was beautifully and appropriately decorated with flags and bunting. There was a good-sized crowd and a splendid time was reported.

Frank Campbell has been ill with la grippe for several days.

Edward Hatch left for Hibbing to accept a position in the laboratory there.

Mrs. Stephen James has returned from Duluth.

Mrs. Kuehne left yesterday for a short visit in Hibbing.

The Fayal club is making preparations for a ball on Friday, April 24th.

C. Stillman was over from Hibbing on Sunday.

The social club of Virginia entertained at a poverty social and dancing party last evening. Many Eveleth people were invited but on account of Lent, very few went over.

Stephen James, the marshal, returned Thursday from Sauk Center, where he arrested John F. Polinsky, who left town last week neglecting to pay his hotel bill to A. J. Filiatrault.

Louis Decker left Thursday for a weeks' visit in Ironwood.

H. Van Horne, who is running a hotel near Biwabik, was in town Friday.

Jas. Lockery has returned from Chippewa Falls.

McKinley.

McKinley, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A number of people from here attended the union lodge masquerade at Biwabik last week.

Conductor C. H. McDermott, of the Virginia passenger, has been taking a vacation the past week. George Smith, of Two Harbors, is relieving him.

Mrs. J. R. Ford did shopping at Biwabik on Saturday.

The Tower Logging company are now shipping from six to eight cars of ties daily from their camps near Bearhead Lake to the Northern Pacific railway.

Florence and Mabel Johnson visited with friends at Biwabik on Saturday.

The usual interest in the approaching village election seems to be lacking this year.

Frank Vlink looked after his business interests at Sparta on Wednesday.

About a month or five more weeks stockpiling and the mines will be again starting ore shipments for another season. The first ore shipped will be only what is hoisted. Steam shovel shipments will hardly start before May 1st. Last season the first ore trains were run about March 29th.

Roy Campbell visited at Biwabik on Wednesday last.

The Leseur Lumber company have completed their logging work at mile post 61, near the Whiteface river, and have moved their outfit from that place to mile 88, near Norway, where they have some logs to get out.

James Enright, of Biwabik, has accepted a position as bookkeeper for the Elba Iron company here.

William O'Brien has put in some camps at mile 63 near the St. Louis river, where he has a small logging job.

Agent Nels Nelson, of Tower Junction, is taking a few days vacation. Mr. Baileau, of Duluth, is relieving him.

Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, Feb. 28.—(Special to the Herald.)—Lumberman L. St. Jaques of Waldo, was in town on business Wednesday.

Brakeman J. Lusk, who was injured last week by a couple of logs falling on him at Drummond, is able to be around again.

The village caucus was held at the court house last evening but was not as interesting as was anticipated.

H. W. Cobie is away on a couple weeks business trip to Detroit, Mich. and other eastern points.

William Lawerence was up from the business university of Duluth over Sunday for a visit with friends.

Mr. & Mrs. John Shoben are the happy parents of a baby girl born last week.

R. E. Jones is enjoying a visit from his father, Mr. I. Jones of Galesburg, Illinois.

The ladies missionary society of the Presbyterian Church held their annual meeting Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Jas. Coggswell.

Mrs. Jas. Watherby is disposing of her household effects, and will shortly leave for Roseburg, Oregon to join Mr. Weatherby, who is located there.

The supper given at the Norden hall Tuesday evening by the ladies of the Catholic church was well patronized and proved a success in every particular.

Special services were held at the different churches and at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday, the occasion Washington's birthday.

A number of the contractors and small loggers have completed their work along the Duluth & Iron Range.

The local lodge Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are making arrangements to give a grand ball at the Norden hall, March 17th, St. Patricks day.

R. B. Elliot returned Monday from a three weeks vacation spent visiting at Chatanooga, Tenn., Mobile, Alabama, New Orleans, Lousiana, and Vicksburg, Miss.

Realizing that spring is not far away, the lumbermen have taken on their last spurt before the break up, and for the next few weeks everything will be rushed, while the snow has settled considerable, there is still too much on the ground for successful work.

The entertainment given at the Swedish M. E. church Friday evening was well attended and a good sum netted.

William Kenney, of Highland visited with friends here Sunday.

The Fairbanks, Morse Co. have already commenced work on their contract for laying 4,000 feet of water mains for the Duluth & Iron Range and though the ground is frozen hard the work is being hurried. The pipes will be connected with the village system and will be laid so the docks and to the ore yards, where a water tank will be built.

William O'Brien has completed part of his logging operations near Drummond for the season and shipped a part of his outfit to Duluth this week.

W. D. Holliday, departed Saturday on a month's vacation which he will spend visiting on the Pacific coast.

The county commissioners have received application from Capt. Charles Anderson for revenue of his liquor license at Knife River for another year.

W. A. Doerr has returned from a few days visit at the twin cities.

Owing to the ice in the bays the white line boats have stopped their north shore trips for the season.

The hockey game Tuesday evening between the Zeniths of Duluth and the local club proved very interesting and a warm game was had, the Two Harbors winning by a score of 5 to 1. Quite a number of Duluth people came up to witness the game. The players were as follows.

Duluth		Two Harbors.
McFarland	goal	L. Pierce
Filsbil	point	F. Bury
Wood	cover point	H. Pearson
Erickson	cover	O. Leclain
Whithead	center	L. Woolesy
McDonald	right wing	G. Glasford
Weller	left wing	R Wade

The receipts were $40.

Miss Amelia Vanderbloom, of Marquette, Mich., visited here with her sister, Mrs. L. D. Rose for a few days this week.

The Scott-Graff Lumber company have increased their log shipments from Drummond this week and are now shipping about forty-five carloads per day to their Duluth mill. The Iron Range have put on a night log train between here and Drummond to handle the business.

Jacob Macki employed at one of the Merrill & Ring camps on the Split Rock river, about twenty miles down the shore from here, had his back broken and received internal injuries Friday by a limb falling and striking him. He was brought here for medical attendance, but died just before reaching town. Deceased was about 40 years old and is said to have a family living in Finland, and a brother some place in this state, but as efforts to locate them were unsuccessful, he was buried Wednesday at the local cemetery.

Thomas Magson, of Ely, is now working for the Duluth & Iron Range out of here.

The Empire Comedy King's company played to a fair house at the Norden hall Thursday evening.

A man named Jesse John died at the Budd hospital here on Sunday last. His home is at Olathe, Mo., where his body was taken for interment.

A lumberjack named B. Northrup was brought to the hospital here Wednesday with a broken ankle, caused by getting caught between two logs, where he was working near Skibo.

The Alger-Smith company are now shipping about ten carloads of ties per day from off their line at Knife River to the Northern Pacific railway.

R. Fowlds has completed his logging contract at Highland for the Red Cliff Lumber company and has moved his outfit to Duluth.

The town caucus held at the court house last Friday evening passed off very quietly. M. T. Hannon was elected chairman of the meeting, W. N. Moulton as secretary, and George Watts, George Munford and P. G. Pastoret as tellers. For chairman of the town board, L. St. Jacques and S. M. Jenson were named, the former receiving 81 votes to Mr. Jenson's 54, received the nomination. For supervisors, John Boyer and B. F. Kegg were nominated by acclamation, as were also W. F. Lawrence for town treasurer; Frank Kempffer for assessor and L. P. Christinson for constable. The main contest was for town clerk, J. E. Chandler, A. J. McGee and B. E. Andrews being the contestants and it requiring two ballots to decide; the vote being as follows: First ballot, B. E. Andrews, 73; J. E. Chandletr, 49; A. J. McGee, 31. Second ballot, B. E. Andrews, 91; J. E. Chandler, 43; A. J. McGee, 17; Mr. Andrews being nominated. For overseer of highways there were five contestants, the vote being: First ballot, C. E. Ecklund, 20; M. McLeod, 64; Axel Carlson, 50; T. A. Fetter, 13; A. Dahlberg, 8. Second ballot, M. McLeod, 83; Axel Carlson, 63.

George Mills was called to Frontenac, Minn., this week by the death of his father at that place.

George Drewett, who has been on the sick list the past two weeks is now able to be about again.

John Brown started his ice harvest the fore part of the week at the east end of the bay, but was forced to postpone work until next winter, the heavy northwest winds and swells breaking up and cracking the ice so as to make it unsafe for teams. However, a good supply of ice is being gotten from near No. 1 dock.

The local lodge, National Protective Legion, met at the Iron Range hall Thursday evening.

The First National bank here added a savings department to their institution, which is proving very popular.

Martin Goffney died at the Two Harbors hospital on Monday; his remains were taken to his home at Green Isle, Minn., for burial.

August Peterson, one of the pioneers of this place died at his home on Fifth avenue, Saturday, of cancer of the throat after a long illness. The funeral was held Tuesday from the Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. J. D. Nelsmans preaching the sermon. Deceased leaves a wife and six children.

Mrs. L. D. Rose was called to Marquette, Mich., Thursday by the death of a relative at that place.

A "rought house" was had at the pesthouse Wednesday night, one of the boarders getting unruly and damaging the furniture some.

Fred, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ohlund had the misfortune to break his collar bone while coasting Tuesday evening.

Postmaster E. E. Price, of Bunison, was in town Wednesday.

The business on hand required a lengthy session of the village council Monday evening. The laying of water mains in the East addition as completed by Contractors Ecklund, Haughstem and Runquist was accepted and the balance due them on same amounting to $5353.94 was ordered paid. The total length of mains laid by above contractors being 5874 feet. Street Commissoiner Yernberg reported that the assessment for grading done on West Second avenue had been collected, amounting to $610.40. A petition was received from fifty-eight electors, asking that the question of liquor license be again submitted to the voters at the coming election, was received and the necessary steps taken in accordance. The office of City Attorney Dwan was designed as the place for holding the annual village election March 10, and the following were named as judges of election and clerks: W. A. Doerr and John Turnquist as judges, and Dennis Dwan and Joseph Galaman, clerks. Application was received from M. Hedman and I. Hegge, asking that Mr. Hegge's present liquor license be transferred to Mr. Hedman for the balance of the term; the place of business to be lot 15, block 5, First avenue. Application was also received from Mr. Hegge, asking for license to sell liquor in the new Brown block, where he will reopen his saloon as soon as the building is completed. A resolution was passed adopting the plan and specifications for projected intake pipe and well, and pumping and lighting station, as furnished by Thomas F. McGilvray. Reports from justices of the peace for the year were received, showing a balance due the village after expenses from Judge A. J. McGee of $37 and from Judge W. S. Andrews, of $30. Miscellaneous bills amounting to $97.80 were allowed.

Mrs. F. P. Lally was called to Havana, Ill., the fore part of the week by the serious illness of her mother at that place.

New Duluth.

New Duluth, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. A. Domm, Miss Mary Fischer and Miss Bertha Grosch went to Duluth Monday to take the medical examination for entrance into the Lady Maccabee lodge.

Miss Kelley of Duluth was the guest of Mrs. Sprague part of the week.

J. G. Brink, William Harbour and Ed Dash, of Smithville, were callers in New Duluth Monday night.

The Modern Woodmen gave a benefit dance, Friday night for Adelbert Sea, of Superior, who had both legs cut off last fall. A very large crowd was in attendance and a pleasnt time is reported by all present. The Woodmen cleared about $75. Among those from out of town who attended were Mr. and Mrs. Murray, Miss Hazel McArton, Messrs Boyer, Wood and Hellen of Duluth, Mrs. James Lockhart, Mrs. Robinson and Miss Kelley of Duluth Misses Florence Brink, Anna Sagl, Grace Segl and Ed Dash of Smithville.

Mrs. L. S. McKay and daughter, Lorette, returned from a weeks' visit in Barnum Friday.

Mrs. James Lockhart and sons, Earl and Lionel, of Duluth, spent part of the week as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lockhart.

Among those who went to Duluth Saturday were Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Tizzard, Misses Smith and Miller and Peter Olson, Arthur Mahoney, A. J. Munroe and Joe Wood.

W. H. Rieckhoff made a business trip to Chicago Friday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Christ Larsen Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Mehlhorn, of West Duluth called in New Duluth Tuesday.

Charlels Wills and George Reindl took the page degree in the Knights of Pythias lodge Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson entertained a number of friends Tuesday evening in honor of Mrs. Robinson of Duluth. The evening was pleasantly spent with music and games. Those present were Messrs and Mesdames Jerry Lockhart, Joseph Wege, Mesdames Robinson and Lyle, Misses Luella Lockhart, Wilson, Fischer, Maggie Fischer, Kenney and Messrs Jerry Lockhart, Jr., Jack Lockhart, Wilson, Karn, Douglas, Fischer, Kenney, Speckien, Smith Strand and Kennos.

Ed Hendricksen returned to his home in Superior Tuesday after spending part of the winter in New Duluth.

Bert Tizzard returned to New Duluth Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower, Mrs. C. Becklinger, Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen and Paul Sheff transacted business in Duluth on Monday.

William Boyer of Duluth, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Leo Biebl. Mr. Boyer expects to stay about a month.

Peter Hanson of Shortline Park, spent Sunday with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. McNally and children of Duluth, spent Sunday with Mrs. C. Becklinger.

John Daly, of Duluth, arrived in New Duluth Friday to spend the rest of the winter. Mr. Daly has accepted a position with the Hurd Refrigerator Co.

Miss Hazel McArton, of West Duluth, was the guest of Miss Luella Lockhart Friday nd Saturday.

Mr. Frank Noacill has been quite ill with grip. Mr. Noacill was getting over one attack when he had a relapse, which has made him much worse.

Among Tuesday's Duluth visitors were Mrs. I. J. Mahoney, Mrs. A. G. Messer, Miss Mable McDonald, Ernest Bushell, John Bartz and Archie Berbert.

Miss Florence Brink, of Smithville, was the guest of Miss Ethel Mahoney the latter part of the week.

Mrs. P. Knutson is on the sick list this week.

Paul Sheff went to Duluth Tuesday after Mr. Miller, a cedar inspector, who visited the cedar yards.

A number of the young people had a small party at the Maccabee hall Saturday night. The evening was spent in dancing. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lockhart, Mrs. James Lockhart and Mrs. Robinson of Duluth, Misses Boyd, Gilbertson, Fischer, Maggie Fischer Lockhart and McArton of West Duluth, Messrs Karn, Fischer, Jerry Lockhart Jr., E. Bushell, Bartz, Saker and Jack Lockhart.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney attended a sleighride party at West Duluth Tuesday night.

Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen is quite ill with an attack of the grip.

George Bushell drove to Smithville Wednesday night.

R. Evans of Duluth, was a business caller in New Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Peter Olson spent Thursday with friends in Fond du Lac.

The machine room at the Hurd Refrigerator factory, had to shut down Saturday afternoon, because of a shortage of fuel. A special train brought up a load of fuel about five o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Miss Lily Hicks and Rudolph Dietz went to Duluth Tuesday to attend the theater.

Mrs. A. G. Messer went to Duluth Thursday for a few days visit with Mrs. A. A. McDonald. Mr. Messer will go to Duluth Saturday to stay over Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Messer will attend the Houghton-Duluth indoor baseball game and dance at the Armory Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Dardis were Duluth visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney attended the play "The Crucifix" at the Metropolitan theater at Duluth, Saturday night.

The Beardsley property on 102nd avenue West consisting of a dwelling house and two lots has been purchased by A. G. Messer, cashier of the Hurd Refrigerator Co., who will make improvements on the house and occupy it in the spring.

W. A. Thayer transacted business in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank Noacill is quite ill this week.

A number of parties have been in New Duluth this week looking at the New Duluth hotel with the intention of renting it.

Mr. Hicks is very busy repairing the Freckburg house on Ninety-sixth avenue West, so as to have it ready for his family who will move to New Duluth in the near future.

Mrs. Albert Laidley is ill this week.

Paul Sheff and Byron Karn are papering and repairing the Kelley house and barber shop on Commonwealth avenue.

Mrs. James Lockhart and sons returned to their home in Duluth Monday, after a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lockhart.

Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. W. L. Spencer is visiting with relatives at Verndale.

Harry Crawford of Sebeka has purchased the Stevens Bros.' restaurant and will take possession soon.

Mrs. D. C. Fuller visited with her daughter Mrs. W. H. Petrie at Nevis, a few days this week.

Mrs. Chas. Maltby is reported to be seriously ill at her home in this city.

George Gage transacted business in Bemidji the first of the week.

B. F. Stevens transacted business in Bemidji Tuesday.

Mrs. Robert Smith has been very ill during the past week.

W. R. Smythe transacted business at Little Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Hancock, of Parkdale, Mississippi, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. David Kidd.

Mrs. Tom Rima arrived Tuesday from Spokane, Wash., and will spend some time with relatives here.

Miss Pearl Wright, of the Park Rapids hospital, is visiting with relatives at Hubbard this week.

Miss Etta Mills, of Hewitt, is now employed as compositor in the "Eenterprise" office.

Rev. W. J. Conard is in Wadena this week.

Mrs. A. P. Henrionette has sold her millinery business here to Miss Nellie McKinley, and Mrs. Luther who took possession Monday.

Lewis Delezene has been quite ill the past week.

The last of a series of fine entertainments given under the auspices of the Ladies' Library club, was held at Rima's hall Wednesday evening and was well attended. All of the entertainments have been first class in every respect and the ladies are to be congratulated upon the success of their undertaking.

W. C. Smith of Menahga, transacted business here Thursday.

Rev. Mettee arrived from the southern part of the state Saturday and will take charge of the M. E. church here.

Attorney Bills transacted business in Akeley the first of the week.

Virginia.

Virginia, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ladies' Aid society of the Catholic church, together with several invited friends, surprised Father Bilban at the church parsonage Friday evening last. The occasion being the Father's thirty-ninth birthday anniversary. Cards were the order of the evening. Vocal selections were rendered by Mrs. John Korby and Miss Josephine Steele and an organ solo by Professor Smythe constituted the short musical program. Lunch was served.

Mrs. Joseph Koran has been elected treasurer of the Ladies' Aid society of the Catholic church.

E. J. O'Rourke, after a ten days' tussle with grip and other miserable ailments, is again able to attend to his duties at the "Virginia Cash."

The Royal Neighbors will give a dime social at their lodge rooms in the Hawkinson block Wednesday evening next.

Father Gamasche, of Hibbing, visited with Father Bilban a few hours Tuesday.

Mrs. T. J. Jones and daughter, Margarite, left on Tuesday for Faribault, where the daughter is to be placed in a school of that place.

Miss Laura Pelow, of Ishpeming, Mich., is visiting with Miss Clara Eddy. She had been visiting with friends at Ely and stopped over at this city on her way home. Misses Eddy and Pellow were companions in their younger days.

Frank Brosseau, of Burnett, is filling in temporarily as operator at the Missabe depot.

Anthony Hill, of St. Thomas, N. D., is the new assistant clerk at the Virginia pharmacy.

Frank W. Meyer returned Wednesday evening from a flying business trip to Marion, Ia.

W. J. Harlow, formerly agent at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern depot here and who left the city some two years ago for Colorado in the hopes of regaining his health, returned to the city Wednesday evening and has entered upon the duties as cashier at the above depot. Mr. Harlow's search for health was not a failure and he looks much more rugged than heretofore.

Owing to the fact that there is no "ice man," speaking from the point of a general delivery system, in Virginia during the summer months, a small company of four families was organized here some time ago for the purpose of putting up enough ice and paying for the cost of constructing an ice house and putting up the crop on the "party" plan. The company consists of Mrs. Mary A. Booth, J. A. Kennedy, Ole Johnson and S. C. Conners. Eight cords were put up, the same being nicely packed with sawdust and housed substantially. The cost to each family was a nominal one. One thing is sure and that is no trouble will be experienced in getting ice by the parties concerned when the hot, sweltering days of summer are upon them.

Contractor W. B. Shaver, who had the contract of constructing the Lemont hospital, together with his efficient crew, left here yesterday for Nashwauk, where Mr. Shaver has the contract for erecting offices and boarding house for the Cleveland Cliffs company.

John Holmberg and family left the city Wednesday for Great Falls, Mont., at which place Mr. Holmberg will immediately enter upon the duties of treasurer and bookkeeper of the Great Falls Lumber company. Mr. and Mrs. Holmberg were residents of Virginia for nearly ten years and have made scores of friends who will miss them.

Mark Eddy, proprietor of the Eddy Dray line, was a Duluth business visitor Monday.

Civil Engineer Lamont and family have moved into the Cole & McDonald building at the corner of Maple street and Wyoming avenue.

Mrs. Thomas W. Hamilton, of Duluth, visited with friends here Monday.

J. L. Kimball went to Duluth Monday and Tuesday forenoon proved up on a valuable "forty" in 26, 60-18, securing the

CURING CONSUMPTION.

When Scott's Emulsion makes the consumptive gain flesh it is curing his consumption.

Exactly what goes on inside to make the consumptive gain weight when taking Scott's Emulsion is still a mystery.

Scott's Emulsion does something to the lungs too that reduces the cough. More weight and less cough always mean that consumption is losing its influence over the system.

Scott's Emulsion is a reliable help. Send for Free Sample.

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SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;
Acts Pleasantly;
Acts Beneficially;
Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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For sale by all leading Druggists, in original packages only, bearing the full name of the Company.

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IT IS THE ITCH-KING OF THE BLOOD!

We Cure the Disease in the Young and Old, or Make No Charge.

DO YOU WANT TO BE CURED?

The prevalence of Eczema among the young and old is due to the introduction of poisonous matter in the blood. Those pimples, sores, and eruptions upon the face, neck and body are all due to the same cause. It is a waste of time and money to attempt to cure such a condition by doctoring the skin. The seat of trouble is in the blood. A specific course of MEDERINE will open the natural channels of the system and promote a drainage of the impurities of the blood, which will filter, cleanse and purify it so that no form of eruption upon the skin can appear. MEDERINE is the only Guaranteed Cure for Eczema and all blood impurities. It stands alone today upon its own merits and challenges the world for a specific blood purifier like it.

Every bottle of MEDERINE is sold on the positive and absolute guarantee that if taken as directed in the regular course of treatment it will cure you or every dollar expended for it will be promptly refunded. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing cures mailed free.

ECZEMA IS A LIVING FIRE.

to the skin, and the blood fires the skin with the fuel of its impurities, remove the impurities and the trouble passes away. MEDERINE is a specific blood prescription that cleanses, filters, and purifies the blood of every possible taint, and quickly and permanently cures Eczema. Thousands of Chicago's well known citizens have been cured by the MEDERINE treatment after all other remedies had failed.

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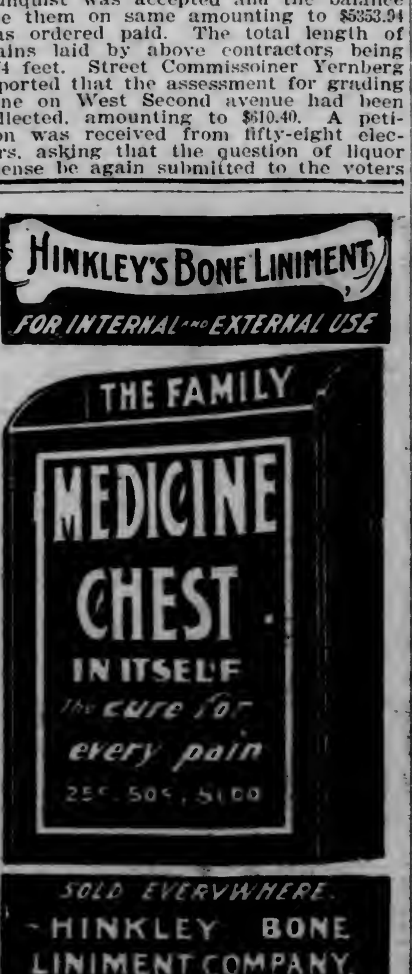
Two Harbors Drug Co; W. E. Elfstrand, Two Harbors; A. S. James, Ely. Sodergren's Drug Store, Virginia; Eveleth Pharmacy; Eagle Drug Store and The Globe Drug Co., Hibbing; M. A. Hayes, Druggist, Chisholm; City Drug Store, Hibbing, Minn.



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Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

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ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

same under the stone and timber land act.

Register of Deeds Palmer spent the fore part of the week in Virginia, returning to his official duties at the court house Wednesday.

Nothing of special importance was transacted by the city fathers at their regular meeting Tuesday evening. City Attorney Palmer drafted a new set of rules and regulations for the guidance of the council and the same was adopted. The set is a good one and runs in harmony with the new city charter. It will be published in book form for the councilmen and others connected therewith. The aldermen who fail to attend meetings hereafter, with a good and sufficient excuse, will be fined $2.00, and the chief of police or any police officer will be sent for aldermen who do not appear. Ordinance No. 33, relating to the franchise of the proposed electric railway, was given its second reading, the same to be given the deciding vote next Tuesday. The salaried men of the city were made glad Wednesday by being paid their January salaries, as a series of accidents, sickness and absence from the city prevented meetings the fore part of the month.

Rev. P. O. Hanson, of the Swedish Lutheran church, attended district conference at West Superior the fore part of the week, returning yesterday.

About forty of the congregation of the Swedish Lutheran church of Eveleth drove to this city Sunday afternoon and very pleasantly surprised Rev. P. O. Hanson, their pastor, and Mrs. Hanson. Mr. Hanson is away from the city most of the time and the surprisers selected a day when they would surely find him home. They came prepared with the viands which please the inner man and a pleasant lunch was served before they departed for their journey home. For the pleasant time which his Eveleth brethren brought his family and for the substantial financial present tendered him, Mr. Hanson wishes to thank the donors.

Oscar Johnson is able to be about again after an illness of ten days.

Miss Edyth Nelson and John A. Jutin and Miss Elyn Olson and John N. Carlson, all of Sparta, figured prominently in a double wedding at the Sparta society hall on the 18th inst., the ceremony being performed by Rev. P. O. Hanson, of this city. The grooms constituted the firm of Jutin & Carlson, general merchants.

Mrs. Emil Buelke, of Mountain Iron, visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Brown, Sunday afternoon.

Joel Turnquist had business at the county seat the fore part of the week.

Maurice Harrigan and Charles Blair spent the Sabbath at Hibbing.

James Geary, the Hibbing mining man, was in the city Wednesday.

The Eagles will have a regular meeting Sunday afternoon.

Louis Olson and Miss Anna Taceultonen, both of Buhl, were married the 19th inst., by the Rev. P. O. Hanson.

The Misses Annie and Abbie Sheehy were over from Eveleth Monday visiting with relatives and friends.

Conductor W. L. Barber, who guides the destinies of the "cannon ball" which plies between here and Wolf, recently awarded the contract for the building of his cottage to Contractor Andrew Grande. Mr. Barber has selected Maple street for his residence. The cottage will be 22x28, story and a half and will be built square. Work on the building has already commenced.

W. W. Wells, of Duluth, spent Sunday with F. W. Peet, of the First National bank.

John P. Willing, one of Virginia's most popular musicians, left today for Buhl where he takes the leadership of the Buhl band, which numbers twenty-two pieces.

John Lamont left yesterday for a business trip to Utah.

Mrs. R. W. R. Freeman left for St. Louis, Mo., to spend a few months with a son there.

Julius and Mose Shonedling are away on a purchasing trip.

The machinery for Virginia's new saw mill is being placed.

Peter Wring, a Hibbing "cop", was here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lamb, of West Superior, are guests at the Hotel Fay this week.

It is understood that Virginia parties are preparing to open up undertaking parlors. A new and elegant hearse will be purchased.

John Griffith, of Sidnaw, Mich., a brother of Mrs. M. L. Fay, is visiting in the city.

Joseph Meteraud, of the cigar firm of Meteraud & Startha, visited with his family at West Superior over Sunday.

Sparta.

Sparta, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A basket social was given at Society hall Friday evening for the benefit of the M. E. church.

Editor Ganott, of the Mining News, was in town Monday.

Postmaster A. R. Anderson has recovered from his recent illness.

Louis and Max Shurman transacted business in Eveleth Thursday.

Nick Burzevich, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Friday.

John Gustafson made a business trip to Eveleth Friday.

Peter Hoglund made a business trip to Eveleth Friday evening.

Banker F. B. Meyers, of Biwabik, was a Sparta visitor Wednesday.

Judge McGilvery transacted business here Thursday.

Charles P. McClure has announced he is a candidate for township treasurer. Capt. A. J. Sullivan, Capt. C. M. Mackenzie and Capt. W. P. Chinn are candidates for seats on the township board.

William Petersen transacted business in Eveleth Friday.

Charles Norquist is seriously ill at the Mare hospital, Eveleth.

William Hogan made a business trip to Eveleth Thursday.

Mrs. John Carlson went to Tower Monday.

Ely.

Ely, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The dance at Mattila's hall Saturday evening was well attended and enjoyed by all.

Peter Schaefer, of the Ely Miner, spent several days in Duluth this week on business. He returned home Wednesday.

T. A. Slattery left Wednesday morning for St. Paul, where he goes to get information regarding his job as mail weigher. It is understood that Mr. Slattery will be in the Ely & Duluth railroad post-office.

J. W. Osborne spent several days in Duluth this week.

The show given by the Austrian Social club at their opera house was well attended. It is said the show was first-class.

A crew of linemen are busy about the city moving the central office from its present location to the D. & I. R. depot.

C. G. Shipman left Tuesday morning for Florida, where he will visit for sometime.

A. F. Thayer spent several days in Chicago last week.

Miss Ada Tippets spent Tuesday in the city, from Tower.

J. D. Conan spent several days in Duluth this week.

Miss Lulu C. Wright, of the High school, spent several days in Duluth this week.

The "Heroic Dutchman of 1776," given at the opera Tuesday evening by the Tower City Band, was about the best home talent ever given here. The opera house was fairly filled and the show was enjoyed by all who attended. The Ely city band were on the streets the same evening doing what they could towards bringing a good house.

Joseph Koshaba, a Persian lecturer, spoke to an audience at the Swedish church Sunday evening. Mr. Koshaba is a medical student of Minneapolis, and his lecture was enjoyed by all. He was dressed in full Persian costume.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS "ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz"
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS
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Ponce De Leon's Land of Easter, whose summer now reigns, is only thirty hours away by the

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Solid Pullman train via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, Nashville and Atlanta. Runs on fast schedule all the way through. Latest Pullman equipment, including drawing-room sleepers for St. Augustine, Tampa and Thomasville, Ga. Library observation car and dining car service clear through.

Leave Dearborn Station 1:00 p.m. daily, reach Jacksonville and St. Augustine early next evening.

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Call on home ticket agent or address
W. H. RICHARDSON
Gen. Pass. Agent, C. & E. I. R. R., Chicago

Hibbing.

Hibbing, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—John A. Redfern spent the past week in the Twin Cities.

Thomas J. Godfrey is building a forty-foot addition to his store building on Pine street.

James Geary was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

The village caucus has been called for next Friday night.

The concert and literary entertainment to be given in the opera house next Thursday evening promises to be a rare treat for the music-loving people of Hibbing. Among those taking part are, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss Theresa Lynn and Miss Elsie Thiel, of Duluth; Miss Florence Dyer, of Minneapolis; assisted by the best local talent including Frank Skinner, the tenor singer. A part of the proceeds will be donated to the Swedish famine fund.

The fourth annual masquerade of Winnibegoshish tribe No. 32, I. O. R. M., was held in the opera house Monday night and was the closing event of the season pending the advent of lent. Over 300 people participated, fully 200 of whom were masked. The following were the prize winners: Ladies' first prize, Mrs. B. H. Flaherty; ladies' second prize, Miss Mary Burke; gentlemen's first prize, John P. Wedmark; gentlemen's second prize, William Gukkala; most comic, first prize, Frank E. Haben; most comic, second prize, Frank Hoffman; special prize, Henry Johnson.

The First National bank opened for business Thursday in the Redfern block. They will continue also their banking business in their old stand on Pine street and Second avenue.

Thomas Slattery returned Monday from a four months' tour of the western country journeying as far as the Pacific coast.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fredolph Anderson was over from Eveleth and spent a few days with relatives.

Capt. Maggee of Stevens was in town a few days calling among friends.

Miss Fanny Osborne is disposing of her household articles and expects to leave soon for her home in Nebrask.

Malcolm Anderson was at Eveleth Monday on a short business trip.

Capt. and Mrs. Carmichael returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit at Champion, Mich.

Mrs. M. Tearney is at Two Harbors visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Holden.

Jennie Glasener returned Saturday from a few days visit with friends at Eveleth.

Miss Gertrude Mallman is down from Duluth on a visit with Mrs. Carey, of the Iron Range hotel.

Mrs. John McGraw returned Wednesday form a weeks' visit among friends at Two Harbors.

The granting of a franchise to the Mesabe Street Car Co., was again brought up for discussion at the council meeting Monday evening and it was decided to grant it to them.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Struch, of the Canton location Sunday.

Mrs. Herbert Dane was over to McKinley Saturday visiting with her sister, Mrs. Dundas.

Judge McGilvery was over from Eveleth Sunday renewing acquaintances.

W. W. Browne returned from Eveleth Monday, where he attended to legal business.

Archibald McCormick, of the Hale, left Monday for Hibbing, where he has accepted a position.

Arthur Talboys, of Eveleth, was a visitor here Monday on business.

Capt. Schultz was in Duluth a few days this week on business.

A party of young people drove over to McKinley Saturday evening and took in a dance at the old school house, which was given in their honor. About twenty-five were over from here. At twelve a lunch was served by Mrs. J. R. Ford. The party reached Biwabik at about 1:30 and every one reported a fine time.

Dr. Eklund, of Duluth, has appointed the following firms and individuals as members of the county relief organization for the famine sufferers in Sweden. Erickson & Co., M. F. Marion, Louis Sleetin, J. W. Falk, B. J. Carlson, Ed Olson, Chas. Gustaveson and A. Hawkinson.

Messrs John and Herman Alte, of Pike River, were in town Tuesday on business.

Mrs. Gleason has received the sad news of the death of a brother in Michigan.

Harry Price is now working as express messenger on the short line passenger to Virginia, relieving Dave Owens.

Mr. Jerow moved his family to Hibbing this week, where he has accepted a position for the summer.

The village is going to hold its caucus meeting Wednesday evening.

Gulbranson Bros. are getting out some logs and ties on the Duluth & Iron Range line near Cloquet this season.

The Clio club met at the home of Mrs. Frank Dane Saturday afternoon. The subject for the day was science with Mrs. Dane leader. Miss Lottie Stultz had a paper on zinc mining; Miss Ober on coal mining and Mrs. Henry Seeley had one on iron mining. The subject for current events was news from the countries, with Jeanette Glassner leader. Each member present was presented with a hatchet, each containing a maxim used by Washington, they were tied in red, white and blue, after the meeting each member was asked to read the writing on their hatchet. The next meeting will be held Saturday afternoon at the school house with Miss Brant leader, with "Art" for the topic.

Miss Clem Smith returned to Eveleth Wednesday after a few days visit with her parents here.

The Duluth & Iron Range railroad hve put in a spur track for the LeSuer Lumber company to get out their logs at mile post 88.

Miss Mary Brozitch has returned from a weeks' visit with her brother at Ely.

Mr. Glassner visited at the different range towns a few days this week.

Duncan McCullum was over from Buhl and spent a few days with his sister.

Mr. Smith of Stevens, was in town on business Monday.

The village has received a new smoke stack for the engine house and it was put into its place Wednesday.

Mrs. Crane, spent a few days at Duluth the fore part of the week with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Myers.

Wm. Murray left for Duluth Wednesday after a few days here on business.

Mr. Myers of Stevens, was in town on business Monday.

Frank Lamb was over from Virginia Monday looking after business matters.

Miss McCullum spent Sunday at McKinley with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Salmon were over from McKinley Tuesday on business.

Miss Saundria Johnson, employed as clerk for Mr. Mandel the past few years has given up her position and expects to leave for her home in Michigan the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Charles Merrill has opened a small confectionery store.

Victor Johnson and sister, of Ironwood, are in town on a few days visit with their sister.

The ladies of the Congregational Aid society met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dane Thursday afternoon.

Fred Myers was in Duluth this week visiting with Mrs. Myers.

Mrs. Will Mewhiney and children left Tuesday for Hibbing, where they expect to make their home for the summer.

Mr. Baer, of Chisholm, left here Wednesday, after a few days on business.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lokala died Wednesday, after a short illness, the funeral took place from the home Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Bearsley was over from McKinley Wednesday visiting with friends.

Miss Rose Maintz was over from Sparta a few days visiting with her sister, Mrs. Endrizi. Miss Maintz expects to leave soon for Europe.

Henry Seeley returned Wednesday from a business trip at Duluth.

The Kanawa mine has had to be closed down on account of the lack of coal.

Henry Evanson has returned to Grand Rapids after a short visit here with his parents.

Bemidji.

Bemidji, Feb. 28.—The village caucus will be held in the city hall Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Miss Evangeline Foster, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. U. A. Foster, accompanied her father to Cass Lake, Monday, where she gave some readings.

William Ellis, of Barnesville, spent Sunday afternoon and Monday forenoon with his brother, J. J. Ellis, and family. Mr. Ellis thinks Bemidji is a hummer.

W. C. Weeks, who has spent the past month in Koochiching and the Little Fork country, returned Monday morning. He says times are lively in that vicinity.

T. J. Miller returned to Minneapolis after his family and household goods. They will be here about March 20.

The superintendent of the Minnesota Farmers' Institute announces that an institute will be held at the city hall in Bemidji, Saturday, March 14. Dairy and farming experts will be present to give short addresses and answer questions. Prof. Hoverstad of the Crookston experiment station, will explain the work that the station is doing in the solving of various problems that interest the farmers of this part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Miller left Thursday for Portland and other points in Oregon. Mr. Miller was employed in the hardware department of E. H. Winter & Co.

Dr. R. Gilmore is home from his trip to Canada, where he was called on account of the illness of his sister.

Arrangements have been made to take the testimony in the Clearwater county contest case at Shevlin on March 4, and the evidence will be taken on the following Friday at Bagley.

Z. W. Lindborg, who has been in the employ of McCuaig & Ludington for the past four years, has resigned his position and will go to Oregon.

Mrs. Joe Carter, of Tenstrike, stopped off here with friends Friday on her way to Park Rapids on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Robideu.

Miss Elly Lafontisee left Bemidji Wednesday morning of last week for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. C. L. Freer, of Cove, Minn.

Tower.

Tower, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Modern Woodmen of America, camp 4629, gave a mask ball in the opera house here, which was attended by many Ely people. Mrs. A. A. Leighton and Mrs. William Voss, old citizens of Tower, attended the dance masked as natives of America.

John Rossen, night clerk at the Little Klondike restaurant, is ill at the Pioneer hotel.

Joe Coty is here working for the Tower Lumber company, after an absence in Ontario for nine years.

James Haggerty struck the city for a vacation.

George R. Davis is running the boom at the Tower Lumber company's mill, Dan Baust having resigned.

Joe Lenore quit his position at the Tower Lumber company's mill, to cook nights in the Little Klondike restaurant.

The Tower Lumber company is moving its camp from Pike river to Pine island.

Mr. Jaley brought in thirty men to work for the Tower Lumber company.

James Tippett and W. H. Congdon are in St. Paul as delegates to the A. F. & A. M.

Arthur Tippett has gone to Ely to represent the city band of Tower, for their play on the 24th inst.

The Tower city band gave a revolutionary war drama, entitled "1776." The receipts were $50.

James Haney is in the city working.

Thomas Thomas is removing his saloon from the Dambery building to his own building in the Central hotel, near the city hall.

John Swanson, who used to keep the mill boarding house here, is very ill.

John McNish, who at one time mixed drinks at the Pioneer hotel, is now employed with the Tower Lumber company, driving horses.

John King, at one time farmer at the Sucker Point Indian school, came to the city with a very sick horse, which is not expected to live.

Ed Wiseman is ill at his home.

Alex McDonald, the shot thrower, is accompanied by Bob Haney as a coach.

Alex Cameron, an engineer at the Tower Lumber company's sawmill, and William Napier, a teamster, have leased the United States hotel, built by Charley Martell and kept by Everett & McLaren, then by B. C. Everett, then by William Kennedy.

Miss Meeker, who is housekeeper for her brother Harry, engineer at the city electric light plant, is very ill at their home with erysipelas.

Mrs. William Doyle is very ill at her home with pneumonia.

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Than self-esteem grounded on just and right
Well manag'd"
—Paradise Lost

That the modest self-esteem of the GORHAM Co. Silversmiths is grounded on just and right, is happily beyond dispute. Enquiry of any responsible jeweler will establish this. Gorham silverware has held pride of place for nearly three-quarters of a century; its trademark is a guarantee of sound workmanship and sterling material.

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Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. B. Clair, Chas. E. Seelye, William E. Neal, Angus McIntosh, R. S. McDonald and William C. Gilbert, went to Brainerd Monday to attend court, they being called as witnesses in the case of Robert Stitt vs. Rat Portage Lumber company, which comes up for trial before Judge McClennahan in chambers this week.

The first annual meeting of the Itasca County Sunday School union was held here last Sunday and Monday, a goodly number of Sunday school workers from throughout the county being in attendance. A number of papers were read, and the discussion of Sunday school work was animated. The meeting will undoubtedly be attended by good results.

The village election will be held on Tuesday, March 10.

Henry Olin, aged 21, was killed last Thursday by a falling tree at Kingston's camp near this village. Funeral service was conducted by Rev. Jaquish over the remains at the Methodist Episcopal church Saturday afternoon, after which interment was had in Itasca cemetery.

A petition has been forwarded to Washington, praying that a roadway be built on the Pokegama dam, which reservoir is being rebuilt by the government.

Several young ladies have formed the D. F. N. Sewing society. The officers elected are: Mattie Wheelock, president; May Kennedy, vice president; Blanche Newcomb, secretary; Frances Paulls, treasurer.

Rev. Palm has returned from Chicago, whither he was called to the bedside of his mother, who was dangerously ill. Rev. Palm reports the good lady as convalescing rapidly at last reports.

The G. A. R. dance Monday evening at village hall was a grand success. The attendance was large, the music by the Hewis orchestra good, and the supper served by the Ladies Relief Corps was the best ever. The event netted the soldier boys a neat sum.

C. W. Forest was called to his old home in Wisconsin, Thursday last, by a message reporting that his father was dangerously ill but arrived too late to see him alive.

Mrs. R. S. McDonald and infant, who have been seriously ill with measles, are both convalescing rapidly.

William Scollard of Petroborough, Ont., arrived here last Friday on a visit to his sister, Mrs. Sheriff Hoolihan.

Capt. James Murchie and wife have returned from a three months' visit with relatives at St. John, New Brunswick.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. George Martin was gladdened Tuesday afternoon by the advent therein of a bouncing baby boy and heir.

Mrs. Nesbitt holds the championship for lady bowlers at the alleys. Her score is 184.

Gorden Meagher returned last week from a visit with friends in Michigan.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Washington's birthday musical at the First M. E. church was a great success in attendance and proceeds. The musical quartet sang in a very fine manner. It consisted of Mrs. Kelsey, Miss Sund and Messrs. Sarff and Osborne. Mrs. Kelsey's solo was a gem. The elocutionary powers of Miss Foster, of Bemidji, were powerful. The oration by Rev. U. A. Foster was eloquent and able. The interest was intense and the applause loud. The refreshments by the Ladies' Aid were of the very best.

A. F. Smith, of Minneapolis, was a visitor to the Endion this week.

Mrs. George Lydick was a visitor in town on Wednesday from the camp, and reports the weather is against good logging.

Lee West and Jos Allen, of West & Beness, of St. Paul, were in town seeking men for their camps near Walker. They went to Bena for men.

Pat Kiley came in from the woods on Tuesday and was shaking hands with his many acquaintances.

J. E. Johnson, firm of Johnson & Toole, went early this week on a tour to Michigan and to Cleveland, Ohio, to put the oar lock on the market, for which company he is treasurer.

Henry Warren, of Bena, was here this week visiting his brother, Chief Examiner E. L. Warren.

Chief Examiner Warren and Assistant Marshall are busy getting ready to pay the estimators their first payments. The total is about $2000 for part of the month of December.

Dr. A. F. Brooks, of Scanlon-Brooks & Co., of Minneapolis, was in town on Tuesday in the interests of his company at this point.

G. H. Gallagher, of West Superior, chief machinist for the Great Northern, and his wife, were visitors for a few days this week.

Conductors Cardle and Campbell and Brakeman Duff are on their old run from Duluth to Cass Lake and return. This is a sensible change.

A. B. Wood, who recently purchased the Pilot, was a visitor on Sunday. He reports a lively time in Walker between Major Scott and other persons.

H. Appleton went to Bena after a short visit here on business.

Dr. and Mrs. Stanton went to Bemidji on Tuesday to visit a friend who is in the hospital.

Fred LaFavar is able to get out into the fresh air, after weeks of severe sickness.

Miss Edith Scott is again on the sick list, having suffered a relapse. Mrs. Scott is also indoors with a scalded foot. Mr. Scott has just recovered from illness.

Rev. Dr. Dodds, presiding elder, preached in the M. E. church all day Sunday. His sermons were very fine and evangelical. The quarterly conference was held.

At the quarterly conference of the M. E. church it was reported that the membership had increased in the quarter, twenty-two members. William Hough was elected Sunday school superintendent and Charles Dudder, John Palmer and Mrs. George Gibson were elected stewards. An Epworth league was organized with twenty-two members. About $400 have been paid on indebtedness and the salary is being taken care of and is in better condition than last year.

Miss Drysdale is now able to be out again.

Mrs. Chapin has been seriously sick this week and is in bed.

There are five persons sick at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Mackey, of Farris, all belonging to the family. They are improving.

John Jackson, Sr., is better, after a long siege of grippe. He was in town on Thursday.

The Tuesday club met with Mrs. Brabner Smith at the Methodist parsonage this week and an excellent program was rendered and light refreshments served. The club will meet with Mrs. Young next Tuesday. At the last meeting Mrs. E. M. Stanton was elected president, in place of Mrs. B. H. Scott, who goes to Minneapolis next week on an extended visit, accompanied by her husband, on business. Mrs. H. L. Hartley is vice president.

Mrs. George Birtch is better after weeks of sickness.

Walter McDonald was a visitor from Blackduck this week, with his family.

The four-weeks-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Burns was buried in the village cemetery on Tuesday.

Harry Judkins takes the place of Robert Reed at the Great Northern depot as ticket agent.

George Stein returned from the Twin Cities, where he has been in attendance as the Masonic grand lodge. He took two of his boys to visit their grandfather at Shakopee for a few weeks.

Mrs. Mott and child were visitors to Cass Lake from Farris this week.

Dell LeMay has returned to his old job as chief of the local telephone exchange. He was in charge at Bemidji for a few weeks.

Mr. George Beckett and Miss Zella Gardner attended the Masonic ball at Grand Forks on Tuesday. They report a good time.

Mrs. J. O. Johnson went to Blackduck on Tuesday to visit friends for a few weeks.

Robert Reed resigned as ticket agent at the Great Northern depot and left for Great Falls, Mont., on Thursday noon.

I. P. Byhre went to Bridgie to visit with Mr. C. Gilbertson, anent the business they are together in at Cass Lake.

A. G. Bernard is expected in Cass Lake from Washington next week. His place on the Voice has been filled by the Rev. J. T. B. Smith, of the First Methodist Epescopal church.

Mrs. C. M. Johnson, of North Branch, Michigan, is visiting her sons and daughter for a few months.

Edmond L. Perkins and Mrs. Mourer were married at the Boston hotel by Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith yesterday. Perkins is a logger and immediately after the marriage went in search of men for his camp. Mrs. Perkins has a very valuable piece of land near Bena and adjoining land belonging to Perkins. The two quarters contain pine and other merchantable lumber. They have a host of friends at Cass Lake.

The local Masons were invited, after the last meeting of the lodge, to the home of the worshipful master, George Stein, and there found a sumptuous feast awaiting them. It was Stein's birthday. Oysters and other luxuries were served by Mrs. Stein and speeches delivered by Dr. Rodwell, B. A. Strawbridge and Rev. Brabner Smith. The worshipful master responded and so did the youngest mason, Dr. Stanton.

Cloquet.

Cloquet, Feb. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ladies' Guild of the Norwegian Lutheran church met on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. P. M. Fosse on Twelfth street, and turned over the money made at the social a few evenings before to help pay off the debt on the church. The congregation has been organized less than two years and the church building cost nearly $2500, which has been all paid with the exception of about $500. The church committee at a meeting last week voted to raise the pastor's salary $200 per year.

F. B. Poole made a business trip to St. Paul this week.

C. L. Dixon visited the Zenith City on Thursday.

Miss Daisy Hermitage of Carlton, was the guest of Miss Pearl Bisson the first part of the week.

Epworth League will hold their weekly meeting at 6:45 Sunday evening in the league rooms. The subject for March will be "Total abstinence the only safe rule." Leader, Mrs. A. Pease. All are most cordially invited to attend the meetings.

W. L. Lane transacted business in St. Paul this week.

Miss Mary McGrath, of Le Sueur, Minn., is the guest of Mrs. James Peacha this week.

O. S. Parker made a trip to Minneapolis this week.

Guests registered at the Northern hotel this week were: H. G. Aker, J. E. Budd, E. F. Roach, L. V. McLaran, I. Hall, West Superior; G. T. Kent, C. W. Stockwell Elmer Davis, J. B. McLaren, Mrs. Russell, C. H. Whitman, G. H. Haynes, O. W. Topping, A. L. Nutting, N. C. Colbrath, W. Olsen, T. Thompson, Duluth; F. J. Austin, A. M. Locke, M. Boehming, A. J. Moer, E. I. Erskine, S. B. Christopher, M. Louch, Minneapolis; J. B. Hardy, M. Spencer, G. B. Ware, R. S. Ring, G. W. Rodenburg, St. Paul; M. O. Church, Des Moines; I. F. House, Rhilander; J. Mess, Sandstone; A. E. Tilley, J. Opperheimer, M. C. Sleuker, M. Booth, Chicago; W. Patenaude, Chippewa Falls; H. S. Searle, Hazleton; A. Johnson, New York; W. H. Grinnell, Beloit; H. C. Shaw, Cass Lake.

Charles Doucet, who has been a resident of Cloquet for some time, left on Friday for Regina, Manitoba, where he will remain until the beginning of April, when he will leave there for Idaho to make his future home.

The Oliver Show Co. is in the city and will give entertainments in the Elm hall for one week.

A number of Cloquet young people enjoyed a sleighride party Thursday evening, after driving to Carlton they partook of a sumptuous supper, which was served them at the Northern hotel.

Mrs. Levi Connors returned to the city today after a brief visit with friends in West Superior.

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C. L. STONE,
General Passenger Agent,
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles H. Graves, applicant to have registered the land described as follows: Situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, lot numbered sixteen (16), in block sixty (60), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the office of the register of deeds for said county.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Peter N. Dahl, Margaret D. Edwards, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1903.

J. P. JOHNSON,
By H. A. LIEDEL,

(Seal of District Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-14-21-28-1903.

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CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, no ill results; no obstinate case over 10 days. $2.00 at Druggists.
MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

FRANK DANIELS IN "MISS SIMPLICITY"

At the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday--Ward and James Friday--Field's Minstrels Saturday--Ferris Comedians at the Metropolitan.

Frank Daniels will bring his big comic opera company to the Lyceum next Tuesday and Wednesday, presenting his latest successful musical comedy, "Miss Simplicity," which from all accounts has proved the greatest success of his career. Mr. Daniels' visits are among the most pleasurable events of the season, and the fact that he has not been seen here for a long time adds piquancy to the announcement of his engagement.

"Miss Simplicity" is the work of R. A. Barnet, who will be remembered as the clever author of "1492" and "Jack and the Beanstalk." The music is by Harry Lawson Heartz, a Boston composer, who is said to have written some exceedingly tuneful and catchy music. The story of "Miss Simplicity" concerns one Claire de Loinville, daughter of a local noble count who has always lived in Paris, and according to a compact must marry the king. She is accompanied by an English maid, Patty Yarrell. Mlle. de Loinville ignores all social conventionalities, however, and conceives the idea of exchanging places with Rosalie, a beggar girl, who is in love with the young king. Mlle. de Loinville herself poses as the beggar girl, and the king, who falls madly in love with her, starts in her pursuit. When his courtiers insist that he cannot disregard the coronation ceremonial, he orders his man Blossoms, impersonated by Mr. Daniels, to be crowned king, and also to marry the unknown Claire de Loinville. Blossoms' attempts to assume the dignity of royalty form the basis of the ensuing humorous complications, and his life is made miserable trying to keep at proper distance the amorous Rosalie and to allay the suspicions of his own sweetheart, Patty. Just how much humor Mr. Daniels manages to extract from such an imbroglio may be left to the imagination of his admirers.

"Miss Simplicity" will make an especial appeal through the numerical and individual streungth of its principals. Besides Mr. Daniels, who is always a host in himself, there are three score of pretty women, including such favorites as Grace Odd Myers, Mai Lowery, Kate Uart, Florence Holbrook, Isabelle D'Armonde. Among the men in the company are Frank Turner, Douglas Flint, Grafton Baker and Mark Lane.

Frank Daniels In "Miss Simplicity."

WARDE AND JAMES

To Appear Next Week in "Francesca da Rimini."

Managers Wagenhals and Kemper, whose productions of classic plays have become almost the standard of comparison in this country, displayed even more than their well known enterprise and shrewdness in effecting the combination of Louis James and Frederick Wards. These two famous artists, whose return engagement is announced for next Friday evening at the Lyceum theater, have no rivals in the legitimate field in this country worthy the name. Their tour has so far been a popular triumph, both in a financial as well as an artistic sense.

They are to appear respectively as Pepe, the jester, and Lanciotto, the hunchback, in Wagenhals and Kemper's widely talked of production of "Francesca da Rimini." It is a play of old Italian life, which is so true in detail and so full of the romance of the times, that we of the present day can only look on the production and admire what another has set forth and beautified.

It is a tale of love, borne from a mission from a brother, and the ambassador, whose own personal attractions are too great for the fair Francesca to withstand, and the result is simply in accordance with the universal law of causation. Lanciotto was a hunchback and cripple, and Paolo was a young man with all the well springs of love and tenderness flowing over, and of the style and nature to capture the maiden heart of the susceptible girl, who was destined for his brother by those arrangements which then prevailed.

"Francesca da Rimini" is a strong story, well told, intensely beautiful and dramatic. So important a production is particularly interesting, especially when the too all-important roles are to be portrayed by two artists better calculated to sustain the illusion of the actual characters than any others the imagination can suggest. As a production it is said to excel in elaborate detail "A Midsummer Night's Dream," "A Winter Tale" and "The Tempest," which in themselves were enough to establish the reputation of Messrs. Wagenhals and Kemper, had they never done anything more.

The scenic effects for this play alone require two of the largest baggage cars for their transportation. The supporting company numbers fifty people, all told, which includes among other well known players Miss Teresa Maxwell, Norman Hackett, Thomas Coffin Cooke, Wadsworth Harris and Aphie James.

AL G. FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Al G. Field's Minstrels will be at the Lyceum next Saturday evening. There are enough features comprising the performance given by the Field minstels to make two ordinary shows. The first part, "The Roof Garden," or a night in New York, is a most beautiful stage picture. It is replete with electrical effects and elaborately invested with scenic embellishment.

The ten funny comedians are headed by Al G. Field, and also include Harry Shunk, Tommy Donnelly, Billy Murray, Tommy O'Neill, Tommy Hyde, Sam Goldman and Billy Cawley, all men who long ago established their reputation as top liners.

The singing contingent contains the names of Reces Prosser, Matt Keefe, John C. Dickens, Paul LaLonda, Frank Casey, G. D. Cunningham, James Cavanaugh, Addison Waltz and George Simms.

Among the many high class features comprising the olio are the Faust family of Australian acrobats, ten in number, who have lately returned from a tour of the world; the musical Mignani family is another novelty from the other side of the ocean. Al G. Field himself is appearing this year in a monologue on the trust question that is a gem of wit and wisdom, and, told as it is in his inimitable style, is one of the best things on the program.

The Original Clipper Quartette are appearing in a great sketch of Southern life, entitled "Uncle Eph's Dream," which is making a tremendous hit.

The big show closes with Louis Weslyn's political satire, "King of the Filipinos," with forty people in the cast.

AT THE METROPOLITAN.

Ferris Comedians Will Begin Their Eighth Week.

Manager Dick Ferris is satisfied that the citizens of Duluth appreciate his efforts sufficiently to warrant him in giving them a permanent stock company, where they can at all times witness fine productions at popular prices. Tonight will close the eighth week of the Ferris Comedians at the Metropolitan, and it has been the largest since the company's opening here. Tonight there will be presented for the last time the sensation, "Spaho," the play which has been crowding the theater.

"A Young Wife," a vigorous and plausible drama, will be presented the first half of next week. The plot is exceptionally strong, revolving around the bride of a capitalist's son, whose half-brother is the "black sheep" of the family. Care will be taken in the staging of the play. The play has been secured by Mr. Ferris at a heavy royalty.

For the last half of the week beginning Thursday night, Frank Mayo's great success, "Davy Crockett," will be the bill. This is a startling play of the backwoods, showing vividly the many startling and exciting scenes and situations encountered in those regions. Much special scenery is being prepared for this production.

In addition to the plays there will be introduced between the acts new and pleasing specialties.

Frederick Warde and Louis James In "Francesca da Rimini"

SEASON OF GRAND OPERA.

Duluth is to have a season of grand opera in March at the Lyceum, the Gordon-Shay Opera company having been engaged for three nights and a matinee. The bills will be "Carmen," the double bill of "Cavaleria" and "Paglacci," "Faust" and "Il Trovatore." This company is one of the few companies in this country presenting grand opera in English at average prices. There are about forty-five people in the cast, including a full set of principals in addition to Rose Cecelia Shay, who is claimed to be unexcelled as Carmen.

SUMMER OPERA SEASON.

Arrangements are being made to give Duluth a splendid opera company this season, collecting principals and chorus from among the Henry W. Savage forces. Mr. Savage controls the Castle Square Grand Opera company, "The Sultan of Sulu," "Prince of Pilsen," "Peggy From Paris," "King Dodo" and other musical attractions. The idea of those interested in the enterprise is to put on two bills a week, opening some time in May of June 1. The Lyceum theater is suited to opera, having a commodious stage and a very large assortment of scenery, to which special scenery could be added. Special appliances will be added to keep the theater cool.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Eleanor Robson to Have a Try at "Juliet."

New York, Feb. 28.—Arrangements have just been completed for the most elaborate production of the spring season. This will be a presentation of "Romeo and Juliet" under the management of Liebler & Co., in which Miss Eleanor Robson, Kyrle Bellew and Eben Plympton will appear as equal stars. Miss Robson will, of course, play Juliet to Bellew's Romeo, while Mr. Plympton will have the role of Mercutio. The important role of the Friar has not yet been filled, but negotiations are under way with several actors of importance, and the one selected will rank but little lower, if any, than the principals already named. It has long been the desire of Miss Robson to appear in this role, and George Tyler insists that her performance will be a revelation to the stage. She possesses not only the physical requisites for the role, but the strength and dramatic power called for in Shakespeare's plays. Bellew, who has already gone over a considerable portion of the play with her, is most enthusiastic about her work, and predicts that she will be hailed as the greatest Juliet seen in many years. The tour will be confined to five weeks and will be literally a flying one, as a vast amount of territory will be covered. Cincinnati is to have one performance and only two cities will get more than this share.

* * *

At last Tolstoi's "The Resurrection" has been seen in this city. The verdict, both as to play and the merits of Miss Blanche Walsh and Joseph Haworth, is practically unanimous. But one important fact has apparently been overlooked by the dramatic experts. On the bills the play is described as by "Henry Bataille and Michael Morton," the author of "Miss Frances of Yale." Owing to the fact that the only fault found with the play was the remarkably poor English into which it has been adapted, the prominence of Mr. Morton is remarkable. As a matter of fact, Mr. Morton, while in Paris some time ago, paid a visit to the French production of "The Resurrection," and, as was every one else who had seen it, strongly impressed with its wonderful power. He sought out Bataille, who is solely responsible for the dramatization, and asked him what he would take for the rights of adaptation into English. The play was unprotected by copyright, and Bataille was quite willing to accept any reasonable offer, in view of the fact that there was nothing to prevent piracy. And this is as far as Mr. Morton's connection with the play has gone. It is much to the credit of Miss Walsh and Mr. Haworth that their efforts have received so much enthusiasm from the audience. Undoubtedly it is the greatest piece of work they have ever done, but unfortunately both just failed to rise to the dramatic height required to carry the last three acts of the play. The first two are the strongest seen here in many years, but the others call for dramatic power of far more than ordinary degree to make them the equals of the first. Signora Duse was so impressed with the play that she obtained the rights for its production in Italy, and may possibly be seen in it here should she return.

* * *

Louis Mann's aspirations for a newer and nobler part of the history of the stage have been cut short. No more will he dream of surpassing Nat Goodwin in legitimate comedy or of making that actor look like 30 cents in Shakespearean revival. Mann has had enough honor as a star, and now yearns for a salary that will insure an easy life at his boarding house. He has signed a contract with Weber and Fields and will go into burlesque with them for a while, and perhaps later on be given a chance at comedy with William Collier.

* * *

Marie Dressler, a popular comedienne, who recently recovered from a long and serious illness, returned to vaudeville this week, beginning with an engagement at the Orpheum theater, Brooklyn, Monday night. It was while appearing at this theater last fall that Miss Dressler was taken ill. For weeks her life was despaired of. As soon as Percy Williams learned that Miss Dressler had entirely recovered, he offered her an engagement at the Orpheum at a salary of $1000 a week. The offer was promptly accepted, and as soon as her engagement in Brooklyn ends she will commence an engagement of fourteen weeks in vaudeville, which has been booked for her by the Vaudeville association, at a salary of $1000 a week, the same as she receives from Mr. Williams.

* * *

When Amelia Bingham produced "The Climbers" two years ago it was the novelty of her bric-a-brac and the point of view presented at the dinner scene and the discussion of the funeral which aroused interest. Again she came to Broadway with "A Modern Magdalen," and her work in this play demonstrated her worth as an emotional actress stronger than ever. Now with "The Frisky Mrs. Johnson" running to crowded houses at the Princess theater she appears as a brewer's widow from Cincinnati, and the breezy touches with which this character is invested, the magnificent gowns displayed by her have caught the fancy of the smart set, who are amused beyond measure at the satire wafted across the footlights at their heads. One amusing feature in this latest creation of Clyde Fitch is the attempt of an English lady, a member of the British nobility, to properly pronounce the word "Ohio," which she renders "Ohyo." No play produced in recent years has been invested with such an amount of magnificent scenic investiture. In all probability Amelia Bingham will be on Broadway for some time to come, and this success is a matter of congratulation to her many friends in her native state, Ohio.

* * *

While James T. Powers is fairly satisfied with his personal triumph in "The Jewel of Asia," he was obliged to share his honors unexpectedly with Mrs. Mary Mack. Mrs. Mack incidentally was on Monday afternoon a scrub woman of the Criterion theater. On Monday evening at 10 o'clock she was a full-fledged actress, with more of a hit to her credit than many a follower of the stage has won in a lifetime. Mrs. Mack's own story of how it happened is highly interesting. "Monday morning,' she said, "Mr. Lederer put a piece in the paper saying he wanted a lady to play the part of a cook. I was scrubbing out the lobby when they came in bunches, but not one of them suited the boss—that's Mr. Lederer. That afternoon, during the last rehearsal, I was dusting one of the boxes while Mr. Powers was singing his song about "We Think We'll Do a Thing, But We Do Not." When he came to that part about what he was going to do to the cook he stopped and told Mr. Lederer he had to have somebody that looked just like a cook. 'Mr. Lederer looked at me and asks could I act. I said 'sure,' for I had been for ten years a janitress of a flathouse up town and not one tenant ever made a kick, and anybody that could do that is a actress all right. He put me on, and all I had to do was to stand there for three minutes and look like I was goin' to bat Mr. Powers with my broom. After the show Mr. Lederer told me I was the biggest hit Broadway has had in a long time. Sure, if that's all it is, I'm never going back to scrubbing again. Git all this money for jest three minutes of lookin' at little Jimmy Powers, then I'm an actress for always."

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Marbury, who makes a fair-sized fortune every year by selling plays to actresses and keeping a considerable army of ambitious writers away from them, has just lost her best friend. It was all because of the dog show, where in a moment of weakness Miss Marbury had consented to act as a canine judge. Her best friend had a pup on the list, but it never even got a mention, and when next the two women met the conversation was thrilling. The friend opened up:

"I just want to tell you one thing, Bessie Marbury, you are no longer a friend of mine. Three years ago I sent you a play of mine to read. It would have suited Julia Marlowe down to the ground."

"That's quite true, and I refused it for the simple reason that there wasn't a situation in the entire play. As to its fitting Miss Marlowe, well—'

"Well, even if it wasn't perfectly right, you might have touched it up for me, seeing that I was such an old friend. But I would have forgiven that, but since then you've turned down two other plays of mine."

"That's true, too. But, my dear woman, they were much worse than the first."

"Well, I'd have forgiven even that, Elizabeth Marbury, if you hadn't been so mean and low down as to refuse my poor little dog a nasty, skimpy little quarter of a yard of ribbon. Hereafter we will meet as strangers."

* * *

The scarecrow in the "Wizard of Oz" is a remarkable example of clever "make-up." Indeed the costume and make-up are so marvelously realistic that when Fred Stone, who plays the part, is first lifted on the stage and leans against the stile, few people in the audience believe that the figure is that of a real man. He not only looks like a rag dummy, a veritable man of straw, but he so closely counterfeits the rigidity of a dummy that nearly all the spectators are convinced this manikin will presently be replaced to the accompaniment of some hocus-pocus by the real, live comedian so essential to the play. Thus, when Dorothy rubs the magic ring bringing the scarecrow to life, and Stone utters his first speech, there is a gasp of astonishment all over. Not only is Mr. Stone's make-up remarkable, but being a contortionist and limber dancer as well, he is able to give the scarecrow the necessary loose-jointed effect. Mr. Stone's dressing room is known in The Wizard of Oz company as "the stable." In one corner of it he keeps a small bale of hay to fill the rents of his rag-bag attire.

* * *

And the news goes forth that Miss Sandol Milliken, of "The Bird in the Cage" at the Bijou, is to become leading ingenue of the Empire Theater company, succeeding Miss Beatrice Irwin as Beatrice Fielding in "The Unforeseen." This is the era of succession. Likewise the period when beauty carries one up to the pinnacles of managerial favor as well as assured art.

* * *

Mme. Eugenia Mantelli soon will introduce something new in vaudeville. The famous contralto has accepted from Sig. Arturo Buzzi-Peccia, a well-known Italian composer, his recently completed one-act opera comique, "Paquita." In this little work she will push Fregoli for quick change honors, as she must change her costumes five times in three-quarters of an hour, twice appearing as a boy. The music of "Paquita" is said to be catchy, but of a decidedly higher character than is common in continuous houses. The opera will be staged in the spring.

* * *

"I'm surprised at the hit my feet seem to have made in 'Mice and Men,'" said Annie Russell. "I hardly expected they would attract so much attention, or that they would be talked about. It was hardly fair to criticise my feet, as some writers did, for they're the only feet I have, and they, therefore, can't possibly be expected to profit by criticism. But, in justice to them, I should like to say, in confidence, of course, that they've been modeled from my girl-friend sculptors, and, if I do say it, were pronounced rather artistic. This is the first time in my stage career that my feet have pushed themselves into public notice. It was decidedly embarrassing at the start, and I'm glad the first plunge is over. You may imagine how I felt at the murmur they provoked. And when I nervously wiggled my toes and the audience broke into a laugh I felt an almost irresistible impulse to scamper off the stage. I want to deny all use of paint and powder make-up for my feet. Some one has declared that I tidy my feet. 'Tisn't so. They're as natural as the first day I got them."

* * *

E. S. Willard brought out his new play, "The Optimist," in Philadelphia last week, and is credited with a pronounced hit. The story is an adaptation from the French play, "La Chatelaine," and deals with the life of Andre Jossan, who falls in love with an unhappily married woman. The working out of the plot and the suggested marriage of the two lovers in the end is said to be cleverly handled and one that Mr. Willard will find a worthy successor of "The Cardinal."

* * *

Clyde Fitch has again been compelled to seek rest and quiet at Atlantic City as a result of overwork. He is reported to be improved in health since he got away from his labors.

* * *

Bolossy Kiralfy began last week's rehearsals on a mammoth ballet that is to be a feature of the Barnum & Bailey circus the coming season. The circus opens at the Madison Square Garden in the spring. It will be the first appearance in America in several years, and will doubtless be the circus event of the approaching tent show season.

* * *

The destruction of the famous old Lyceum theater in London, which was ordered by the municipal authorities, has awakened so many memories of that famous house that Sir Henry Irving has been prevailed upon to write a history of it. The famous player is now at work on the book, which will be published both in this country and in England as soon as it is completed.

* * *

Dan Daly closes his season in "The New Clown" at Boston the end of this week and goes back to New York to join one of Klaw and Erlanger's big productions as the principal comedian.

Now that Louis Mann has been gathered into the Weber and Fields fold, what is to become of that promised revival of "The Merchant of Venice," with the comedian as Shylock and his wife, Clara Lipman, as Portia? Incidentally, Mann's engagement means the retirement of Charles Bigelow from the Weber and Fields organization. It is whispered that this is a consummation that Bigelow has long wished for.

* * *

Marie Cahill's success in "Nancy Brown" has been so pronounced that this early in the game there is talk of taking the show over to London when the summer season sets in.

* * *

"A Chinese Honeymoon," which has nearly reached the record of an unbroken year's run in New York, will be taken off at the Casino in the spring and shipped direct to Chicago, where they are to remain for the summer at the Illinois theater.

* * *

La Shelle's management, but will immediately begin rehearsals for the production of Henry Blossom's "Checkers."

* * *

Sullivan, Harris and Woods are booking "Jim Bludso" for a solid tour through the larger cities of forty weeks, beginning in September. They say they are investing $15,000 in printing, besides $20,000 paid for Rich and Harris for the piece, which does not include Author I. N. Morris' rights.

* * *

Ad S. Whitmark, youngest of the musical family, is considering an offer to enter the vaudeville field. He has made a success in drawing rooms and musicales.

* * *

Clyde Fitch announces that he will sail for Europe April 7—not for his health, for he takes abroad commissions for six new plays.

* * *

London is to see a version of "Old Heidelberg"—not Aubrey Boucicault's.

* * *

Edward Terry is playing Dick Phenyl in "Sweet Lavender" in Cape Town.

* * *

Justin Huntly McCarthy has engaged to write for E. H. Sothern another medieval play on the lines of "If I Were King."

Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., is to have a second opera company out next season. It will be headed by George Castleman, the Dresden tenor, and Miss Grace Van Studdiford. The piece will be by Reginald De Koven and Charles Klein, and of a somewhat beter quality than the average comic opera.

* * *

On March 4 three companies appearing in "Way Down East" will reach the five thousandth representation of that famous play in this country. Managers Brady and Grismer are getting up pretty souveniers to commemorate the event.

* * *

Joseph Murphy has no respect for people with weak hearts or else he would not have announced his intention of producing a new play next season. He insists that he is going to do this unexpected thing, however. The play will be an Irish drama and will likely be called "The Lily of Killarney."

* * *

On Monday Robert McWade dropped out of the cast of "The Earl of Pawtucket" and was supplanted by Charles Halleck. McWade will not leave Kirke

A MINSTREL ROW.

There is serious trouble between George Primrose and Lew Dockstader, the minstrels, and J. H. Decker, who has been the manager of their show. The trouble started in January in New Orleans, and grew out of a persoanl affair between Manager Decker and George Primrose. Decker says:

"In September, 1902, I entered into a contract with George Primrose for five years. The first two years I was to manage the show for a salary and a percentage of the receipts and the last three years I was to be equal partner with Mr. Primrose. Klaw & Erlaner, the booking syndicate, engaged Lew Dockstader to head their all-star aggregation for the next five years, commencing with the opening of the season of 1903-1904. Primrose saw that he could not compete with this powerful combination and he came to me and said he had decided to make his show a cheap one, and rely on his name to draw the crowds. I refused to be a party to this, and we dissolved the contract by mutual consent. Mr. Dockstader, hearing I had severed my connection with Primrose, came to me and asked me what was I going to do. I told him I had not decided. He made me a proposition to manage a show for him, providing he could get released from his contract with Klaw & Erlanger. I agreed to this.

"As soon as I made the contract with Mr. Dockstader it was announced in all of the papers and a few days later Mr. Primrose announced that he would retire from the minstrel business. I was in New York at the time and received a telegram from him telling me to report at New Orleans in twenty-four hours. Before I took the first train that started for New Orleans, which is a sixty-hour trip, I was notified by telegraph that I was discharged for not reporting for duty. When I arrived there Mr. Primrose told me that I was discharged as manager of the show. I refused to except the discharge without the concurrence of Mr. Dockstader, and Mr. Dockstader refused to concur, saying it was spite on the part of Primrose. I continued in the management of the show."

Decker is still managing the show, and Primrose is threatening injunction proceedings, while Dockstader is backing up Decker.

AMUSEMENTS. | AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL, MANAGER. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Tuesday and Wednesday, March 3 and 4.

KIRKE LASHELLE

Announces the engagement of

Frank Daniels

And His Merry Company of Pretty Girls and Clever People, in the Laughing Musical Triumph,

Miss Simplicity.

The Chorus! A Stageful of Girlish Loveliness.

Gowns Garnered in the Swell Shops of Paris.

Two Round Dozen of Whistly Lyrics.

And Fun! Well, There's Frank Daniels!

Sale open Monday. Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.

Frank Daniels will be at West Superior Monday night.

Triumphal Return of the Transcontinental Success.
Overflowing Houses in Every City Visited.

One Night—FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 6—One Night.

Managers Wagenhals & Kemper Present America's Foremost Theatrical Organization

LOUIS JAMES AND FREDERICK WARDE

In a Sumptuous Scenic and Spectacular Production of George H. Baker's Powerful Tragedy

Francesca Darimini

Overpowering in its Elaborateness. Bewildering in its magnificence.

Prices—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Seats on sale Thursday, 9 a. m.

Next Saturday, Matinee and Night, March 7th— THE AL. G. FIELD GREATER MINSTRELS.

Big company of comedians, including Al. G. Field, Harry Shunk, Doc Quigley, Tommy Donnelly, Wm. Murray, Sam Goldman, Tommy Hyde and other well-known fun-makers. Famous Faust family of Australian acrobats. Musical Mignani family. Original Clipper quartet. Big street parade at noon. Matinee Prices—75c 50c and 25c. Night prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

METROPOLITAN

W. H. REAREY, Manager. Both 'Phones 969.

Last Time Tonight—"SAPHO."

Week Beginning Monday, March 2, Dick Ferris Presents

FERRIS COMEDIANS

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Nights and Wednesday Matinee. The Greatest of all American Dramas "A Young Wife"	Thursday, Friday, Saturday Nights and Saturday Matinee. The Best Play Yet Presented, "Davy Crockett"

Both Plays Will Be Given Elaborate Scenic Display.

Complete Change of Specialties.

Never Changing Prices—Nights, 10c, 25c, 50c; Matinees, 10c and 25c.

Carriages at 10:30. Seats on Sale Monday for the Entire Week.

Star Lecture Course,

First M. E. Church, Duluth.

HAMILTON W. MABIE

Wednesday Evening, March 4.

Subject: "Literature as a Personal Resource."

Price, 50 Cents.

Seats at Chamberlain & Tailor's.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ZENOTA FLOUR DULUTH, MINN.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

For Kidney & Bladder troubles. Cures in 48 Hours URINARY DISCHARGES

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

Beware of counterfeits

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 13th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander C. MacKenzie, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Roderick McKenzie of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Alexander C. MacKenzie, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Roderick McKenzie, granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 16th day of March, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 14-21-28, 1903.

BASKETBALL AND INDOOR BASEBALL

University of Wisconsin Basketball Team Coming to Duluth Soon—Big Crowd at the Indoor Baseball Game.

The financial puossibilities of the basketball game, with a dance following, promise to give Duluth a much better sort of sport along that line than it has had in the past.

Since the formation of the Zenith Athletic team on that principle, the outlook for the Duluth season has improved considerably. On March 6 the University of Wisconsin will send its strong team up here to contest with the local men in what is sure to be a fast game from start to finish.

Minnesota university, which has perhaps the best basketball team in the West, is the only team which has succeeded in defeating the Badgers. The Zeniths have met only one defeat in

ED SMITH,
Captain of Zenith Basketball Team.

two years, but during the present season financial considerations have kept them from playing and real real strong teams which it was necessary to bring from a distance.

Negotiations are under way between Manager Tibbets of the Zenith team and several other strong teams about the country. The result of the game with Wisconsin will largely determine whether or not they can be brought here.

The expenses of the Wisconsin game will be very large, and if the project should fail from the monetary standpoint it would be a great blow to the basketball season. It stands those in hand who are interested in the game to turn out and see the game.

* * *

The trip of the Houghton indoor baseball team to Duluth this week was proven a success by the great enthusiastic crowd of 1500 people which turned out to see last evening's game at the Armory.

No better team has ever played here than the Houghton aggregation. Last night they played under difficulties of being on a strange floor, in a strange crowd, and that caused their defeat. Duluth will be lucky if it succeeds in defeating them again this evening, as it did last.

Murphy, the Houghton pitcher, is the speediest indoor man who has ever been seen in Duluth. His eye was bad during the first few innings last evening, and as a result his team was defeated by a score of 16 to 5.

Difference in the play, due to the fact that the Houghton men have played together all season, while the local men have just been placed together during the last week, was noticeale in favor of the Michigan men last evening.

* * *

The success of the Portage Lake hockey team, which is largely due to superb team work and combination playing rather than individual efforts, has created a veritable hockey craze over in Houghton. Every match the team plays is attended by crowds of from 3000 to 5000, which pack the big Amphidrome rink, erected at Houghton by a stock company mainly for the use of the seven. Special trains are run from all portions of the district, and numerous teams have been organized throughout the county.

The team's record to date is as follows:

Portage Lake, 13; Toronto' varsity, 2.
Portage Lake, 20; St. Paul, 2.
Portage Lake, 8; St. Paul, 6.
Portage Lake, 13; St. Louis, 0.
Portage Lake, 10; St. Louis, 1.
Portage Lake, 11; Detroit, 2.
Portage Lake, 12; Detroit, 3.
Portage Lake, 10; Pittsburg Victorias, 1.
Portage Lake, 7; Pittsburg Victorias, 6.
Portage Lake, 13; Duluth, 0.
Portage Lake, 1; Pittsburg A. C., 1.
Portage Lake, 3; Pittsburg A. C., 1.

* * *

The baseball fan has been relieved of the painful duty of studying up two sets of baseball rules.

The delegates from the National and American leagues and the National Association of Minor leagues got their heads together at Chicago Monday and decided on a set of uniform rules.

The prediction that there would be a couple of knockouts at the meeting was away wrong, for peace reigned supreme. There was not a shade of friction over any of the conflicting rules.

Before the motion to adjourn was made, a uniform strike rule had been adopted; a new section added to the rule regarding the make-up of the diamond and an amendment made to the balk-ball rule. With a few other changes of minor importance the delegates decided that the code was as near perfect as it could be and the day was given over to the making up of schedules.

As soon as the meeting was called to order, Max Fleishman, representing the National league, moved that the foul strike line, as covered in the National league rules, be adopted. The vote was unanimous in favor of it.

A new section was added to rule 1. It will be known as section 2, and reads as follows:

"The pitcher's box shall be no more than fifteen inches higher than the baselines and home plate. The base lines and home plate shall be perfectly level and the slope from the pitcher's box towards the base lines and home plate shall be gradual."

Rule 33, section 2, was amended so as to read:

"A balk shall constitute any delivery of the ball to the batsman by the pitcher while either foot of the pitcher is back of the plate."

* * *

Arthur Pringle, of the St. Paul central high school, was chosen president of the Northwestern Intercollegiate association at a special meeting of the schools of the Twin Cities and Stillwater Monday afternoon at Minneapolis Central High School.

For several weeks a deadlock has existed in the association over the election of president. Both St. Paul and Minneapolis central high schools had candidates in the field and neither would withdraw in favor of the other. A Stillwater delegate decided the result Monday, when he cast his vote in favor of the St. Paul football player.

After sending written refusals to the association on two different occasions, the "U" athletic management finally changed its mind about granting the use of the university armory for an indoor track meet, and the high schools will have their annual indoor games.

A committee was appointed at once to arrange for the meet, which will probably take place on March 21.

The application of the farm school for admittance to the association was turned down. The members decided that the farm school was part of the university and entitled to enter the university meets, therefore it could not take part in the high school events.

The next meeting of the association will be held in St. Paul in two weeks.

* * *

Princeton defeated Yale at basketball 26 to 22.

Cornell defeated Harvard at basketball 15 to 8.

Springfield, Mass., wants the Harvard-Yale boat race.

Hernando has been declared out of the Brooklyn handicap.

The Scotch curlers sailed from New York for England Saturday.

Jake Holtman will do the starting at Churchill Downs this spring.

Harvard defeated Yale at hockey Saturday night, 3 goals to 0.

Cold weather interfered with the training at Yale during the past week.

Betting on the Corbett-Hanlon fight favors the champion at odds of 10 to 7.

The ladies' entertainment at the Amateur Athletic association has been set for March 10.

Girls of Syracuse university have petitioned the faculty for permission to organize a boat crew.

A new course in yacht designing has been introduced in the Sheffield scientific school at Yale university.

Cornell won the triangular track meet from Syracuse and the Seventy-fourth regiment at Buffalo Saturday.

The "U" girls defeated the South Side high school girls' team at Minneapolis Saturday night by a score of 3 to 4.

The Stillwater high school basketball team, with a clean record, claims the high school championship of Minnesota.

The intercollegiate whist tournament will take place in the rooms of the Knickerbocker Whist club, New York, March 21 and 22.

The indoor championships of the Amateur Athletic club, which were originally scheduled for March 12, have been postponed until March 25.

Tim Kearns, of Boston, knocked out "Kid" Black, of Chicago, in less than two minutes of fighting before the Milwaukee Boxing club Saturday night.

Coach Hanlan has ordered a new stroke for Columbia. It consists of a long stride forward, a small body reach and a quick kick downward when the blade strikes the water.

Arthur Duffy, the world's champion sprinter, was defeated at Philadelphia Friday night in a 40-yard dash race by E. S. Emsler, of the university of Pennsylvania. Time, 4 3-5 seconds.

There is a dearth of good jockeys in the United States at present. W. H. Poole, of Memphis, Tenn., offers $5000 to any person who will find him a jockey and $10,000 a year to the jockey.

Frank Gotch defeated Carl Pons, the French wrestler, at Bridgeport, Conn., Saturday night two out of three falls. The first fall was gained in 8:14 and the second 11:18, both Graeco-Roman style.

British Cruiser a Record Breaker.

The new armored cruiser recently built for the British government is a record breaker, having developed the fastest speed of any vessel in their navy. In medicine, however, we have the record breaker in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Introduced over fifty years ago it has forged ahead until today finds it occupying the foremost position as a family remedy, and is used largely to the exclusion of all others. Don't fail to try a bottle, especially if you are weak and run down or suffer from poor appetite, heartburn, belching, nausea, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia or constipation. It cannot help but do you good, and if taken regularly will surely restore you to perfect health. The genuine must have our Private Stamp over the neck of the bottle. Refuse all imitations.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

SHOTS THAT ARE HARD TO MAKE

Birds That Try the Skill of the Gunner --Swift-Flying Teal Tacked By An Expert Hunter.

"The greatest of all duck shooting," said the Farmer, "is pass shooting. They are flying high then, and as they are coming in to roost they are on business. The light isn't any too good and you've got to know how to hold."

The party were three miles westward of Bayou Marie in a wire-fenced pasture. The Farmer in front was making his way with long strides toward a dam which they could see in the distance, says the New York Sun.

For some reason the ducks had established a pass directly over this dam. Each morning and evening they poured over it in countless thousands.

The dam being reached the Farmer disposed his forces to the best advantage. He placed the Doctor back ten feet from the edge of the tank in the sheltering willows and some forty yards from the dam. The Engineer was placed twenty feet from the Doctor, also in the willows. Taking the Journalist with him, he assumed a position on the very center of the dam, standing entirely hidden in the willows which covered its top.

"I will take the birds which pass between me and the far bank," he called to them. "You can have those which go between us, if the Journalist will keep his gun still."

The Journalist, however, refused to be directed. He went to the far end of the dam himself. Thus the party had all of the dam covered, and the ducks were sure of a hot time if they flew low enough.

For fifteen minutes all was still. The sun had sunk near to the horizon. The western sky was turning blood red. It tinged the tops of the forest inland, and the slow billows to the south had streaks of crimson on their tops.

There was not a breath of wind, and not a cloud moved across the blue vault above them, which seemed utterly empty. A whooping crane flew over, 100 yards high, calling in lonely fashion now and then, and so flopped its way until it was only a little speck making along the edge of the sea.

From within twenty feet of the Engineer a shy-poke which had been standing and looking at him for five minutes suddenly started, flying slowly. Wrought to a high pitch of excitement, the Engineer shot at it with both barrels and missed it. The blue smoke bellied outward and upward and hung still in the still air.

The Farmer asked softly: "What's that?" and the Doctor bellowed: "Gone crazy again; that's all." The Engineer swore.

Against the northern sky appeared a black speck not larger than an orange. It grew rapidly and resolved itself into a solitary mallard making its way toward land. It shot above the billows fifty yards in air and in its course was as straight as a rule.

They all watched it and each hoped that it would pass above them. So clear was the air and so strong the beams of the declining sun that they could make out the brown of its feathers and say that it was a female when it was a quarter of a mile distant.

As it neared the dam it rose slightly. Its long neck was stretched forward, its wings sharply elbowed. The whimpering of these wings came down to them clearly.

The end of the Farmer's long gun showed above the tops of the little billows. A jet of smoke arose from it and a dull report. The mallard started insantly upon a long downslant, endeavoring desperately to maintain its level.

There was something pitiful in this weakened flight, ruined by a single tiny pellet of lead. It struck the water of the tank 100 yards from the dam, disappeared for an instant, then came to the surface and swam away.

"Wing-tipped!" the Farmer said.

Ten minutes passed and other dots showed against the sky. Three minutes later and a large flock of blue-bills passed over. They were followed by other blue-bills—all high and going fast. From a far island three geese came honking, out of gunshot. Not a shell was fired.

The sun's lower rim was within a yard of the horizon. Suddenly, coming apparently from nowhere, a bunch of teal flashed by. They had been skimming not ten feet above the waves and rose and swirled over the top of the dam, going 100 miles an hour.

Neither the Farmer nor the Journalist saw them. They swung by the Doctor and Engineer, who gave them four barrels and every load of shot passed ten yards behind them.

"Hold ahead! Hold ahead!" the Farmer called.

The southern sky was black with the birds now. It seemed that all of the thousands had risen from their island pools at once and started to bed. The men could see them coming, some in Vs, some in straight lines, now and then in a small flock flying almost in Indian file, and occasionally a larger flock making a big letter O against the sky.

"There's three-quarters of an hour left," the Farmer called. "Shoot fast."

In that country there is little twilight. Darkness treads closely upon the heels of day.

The sounds of the ducks' wings made a constant murmur about them. Many of the birds were too high for shooting, but there were others who had been crossing the dam for weeks and feared no danger, and the guns spoke against them.

The shooting was terrifically rapid. The difference between the men who knew how, the men who knew a little about it and the man who knew nothing at all and could not learn was shown plainly.

The Farmer picked his birds with a nice judgement of speed and distance. When his gun sounded something fell, maybe a mallard or two, maybe three or four blue-bills, possibly teal.

All sorts of ducks were in that living torrent which poured past.

The Doctor and the Engineer strove to select only birds within killing distance, strove to make due allowance for speed, strove to be cool and deadly. Occasionally they killed; more often they missed.

The Journalist banged away recklessly. Incomers twenty yards high and outgoers seventy-five yards high were alike to him. He could see no difference in them. Nor could he understand that a crossing duck thirty yards distant and flying at a speed of seventy-five to ninety miles an hour should be led by a good five feet in order to give the shot time to get there. His gun barrels grew almost too hot to hold and powder-cake was in his throat and nostrils, but he had knocked down only three ducks that he knew of, and he more than suspected that one of them had been killed by the Farmer.

It was a wonderful sight, that inpouring of the swarms of the water fowl. By the time that the sun had sunk entirely there was practically a solid stream of them roaring in. The air was filled with the beatings of wings and the sounds of cries. As the light grew grayer the birds flew lower and execution became more certain.

Suddenly there was a pause in the flight. Looking southward, they saw a clear sky with not a duck in it. The tail of the army flashed above them and went northward. Again all was still.

The water of the tank was dotted with dead ducks. Now and then a cripple endeavored to swim and was despatched. Many of the birds had fallen on dry land and these were gathered quickly.

"That's the first flight," the Farmer yelled. "There'll be another before dark."

The Farmer and Journalist set about retrieving. They were wading in water not more than knee deep and throwing, or carrying the ducks to bank. They had a mighty pile of them.

The Engineer saw far away a couple of swiftly moving objects making toward him. He could not tell whether they were geese, cranes or ducks, but he said not a word to anybody. In another minute they resolved themselves into a pair of deuks, the only living winged things in all the wide expanse of sea and sky.

How they happened to be alone the Engineer did not know, although the Farmer could have told him if he had seen them. They were big ducks and they came straight, one twenty feet behind the other, flying in a line. Evidently they would strike the dam on the Engineer's side of it and he stealthily slipped the safety slide of his hammerless as far forward as it would go.

Another moment and the ducks were nearly over him. The Doctor looked up, startled by the wings. He saw the Engineer standing with head thrown back and gun in air. The forefinger crooked and the right barrel cracked.

The head duck came down somersaulting and struck the tank within a yard of the Doctor. The Engineer half turned and followed the second duck, which had swerved widely and shot up twenty feet when the gun sounded. A gfth of a second he paused, then he fired again and the second duck came plunging down. It was really a beautiful double. No man that ever stood in shoe leather could have done faster or cleaner work.

The Engineer's long face was pale, his heart thumping with a great joy, his eyes shining. The hand with which he extracted the emptied shells trembled. He glanced at the Doctor in an icy manner.

"Perhaps," he said, "as you are standing in the water you won't mind picking up those ducks. Throw them on my pile, please; not yours."

The Doctor's fat chin had fallen. He picked up the two ducks and deposited them with care exactly in the center of the Engineer's pile.

"There," he said, "are the ducks. If you can claim them, take them. But I'd hate to have your disposition."

The Engineer picked them up and looked at them, stroking them lovingly. They were drake and hen, large and fat. The feathers were of an almost uniform dark brown, somewhat lighter on the breast. On the back between the wings they were nearly black.

There was little to distinguish the male from the female, except that she was darker, larger and had at the root of the tail two little jetty feathers curled like a pig's tail. He learned afterward that they belonged to the solitude loving family called dusky ducks, or dusky mallards. These are ducks which do not associate with the more gorgeous mallards and travel in pairs even in the dead of winter.

The Engineer dropped his "duskies" as a flock of gadwells shot by, and the Doctor killed one of them. He did not care, however. The memory of his double was with him and would stay with him for years.

The sun was down now, though the light was still good, and the second stream of flyers was headed toward them. They were lower than the first ones, but the guns now had a slight flash to them and that warned them more effectually than the sound. At each discharge those far in the rear could be observed to tower, scared upward by the leaping red of the burning powder.

In this second flight there were few mallards or bluebills. Those ducks had gone inland. Pintails, widgeons and gadwells made up the bulk of the late comers, though there were many teal. As the light failed, shooting became uncertain, and even the Farmer made several bad misses. He put his gun down for a moment and stretched his arms.

"In ten minutes," he said, "you will see the fastest ducks that ever flew. Out on the islands are always a few teal until nearly dark. When they find that they are left, they will rise and start after their companions.

"They belong to different flocks and will not fly together. They will be in a hurry and will do their best. A lost teal, or a belated teal, will go through the air faster than any living thing I know of."

A black ball shot over the dam and rushed away. It did not look larger than a man's fist. It came and went in a second. It seemed to have been thrown by some immensely powerful hand. It had been blended with waves over which it had skimmed until it threw itself upward as it reached the dam, and immediately after passing the willows it dipped again to the surface of the water.

"That was one of them," said the Farmer. "It is flying close to the water for two reasons: It can see better there owing to the reflection, and it is less likely to run into an obstacle. Teal are often killed near dark by running into something like a tree limb, or pole, or stump. The shock breaks every bone in their body."

The men were standing in a clump now at the east end of the dam, their ducks on game-straps thrown on the ground. They had made a bag of sixty all told.

"There are few men," said the Doctor, "to whom I take off my hat when it comes to duck-shooting, but I can't hit birds that fly like that, and I'm not going to try."

He sat down and lit a cigarette.

"Nor me," said the Journalist, following suit. "I made a score of one in fifteen this evening and I'm satisfied."

The Engineer thought of how beautifully he had downed the two mallards, and hesitated, but finally sat also, saying resignedly:

"Let's see the Farmer work. I don't want to rob him of his glory."

They saw the Farmer work. Here was a man born, not made, a wing-shot, with his natural ability brought the nearest possible to perfection by years of practice, observation and experience. There was dusk on the gulf and dusk on the tank.

Most often the teal were not visible until they launched themselves upward to clear the willows on the dam. They were in sight for only a part of a second, because they dropped again immediately and they were flying every foot of 125 miles an hour.

Out of the void they came and went into the void. There was a shrill quiver and shimmer of wings and they were gone. They did not come together. Occasionally a pair of the little darters showed, but mostly they were solitary.

The Farmer stood with his long French gun ready in almost the position a shooter assumes at the trap. He took them as they passed over the tops of the dam willows. It was much as if a man had stood upon the seaward side of the dam and hurled black balls over it, only the ducks were going faster than any ball hurled by human hands.

As the gun cracked the teal began whirling over and over, striking the tank sometimes twenty yards from the dam, carried so far by immense momentum. He killed a half dozen in this way, six of them without a miss, and quit.

"It's nothing when you know how," he said. "It's merely trick-shooting. The birds were crossing at from twenty to thirty yards and I swung from five to ten feet ahead of them, keeping the gun going. They're much harder to hit when they're higher up—say sixty feet—and going that way."

They gathered the dead teal from the tank and started for the house-boat. It was quite dark and stars were shining over the flat land and the sea. In the gloom the surf showed white and murmured the song it has sung for millions of years.

Night hawks and leather-winged bats swooped about them. Now and then a strange bird of which they did not know the name flew by heavily, possibly some belated crane, or heron lumbering on through the night. From afar they saw lights gleaming from the house-boat as she lay dumbly in Bayou Marie. A quarter of a mile distant they got a whiff of delicious odor made up of hot coffee, broiled pompano and baked wild goose.

"Good old Alphonse!" said the Doctor feelingly.

What His Wife Says.

"My wife says: 'Nothing will do but Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,' " says H. W. Dockham, publisher of the Gazette, Lindsay, Cal. There is many another good wife of the same opinion. The quick relief which this remedy affords in cases of coughs, colds and croup, and the fact that it is pleasant and safe to take makes it a favorite everywhere. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

Worse Every Day

That's the trouble—you think it is only a little backache—but it gets worse every day.

It doesn't do to neglect it; it isn't safe. Backache is really kidney ache—To cure it you must cure the kidneys—Help them to do the work nature intended them to do. If you don't other kidney ills will follow — Urinary troubles, Diabetes, Bright's Disease—

Doan's Kidney Pills

Help the kidneys to do their work—make them strong and active—the backacke is cured because the cause is removed.

Hundreds of Duluth people will tell you so—They have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they know.

Here is one instance—

Mrs. M. McGillivray, of 1228 Superior street, says: "I was troubled a good deal for a year or two and had heavy dull pains through my loins. My back tired easily and especially if I reclined or sat long in one position. In the morning I felt tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box from W. A. Abbett's drug store and began to use the preparation. I received wonderful benefit from the treatment and since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have felt splendid."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale at all drug stores—50c a box.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts	15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts	14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts	12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts	10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts	8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4.00, less 15 per cent discount, net $3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net $2.52

Duluth General Electric Co.,

Office: 216 West Superior Street.

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St. Louis and the South

Are conveniently and comfortably reached by our two trains a day.

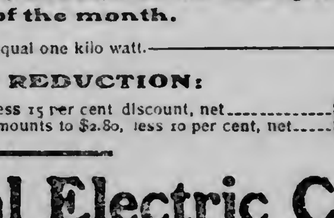
The Limited, leaving Minneapolis at 7:25, St. Paul 8 p. m. daily, arrives in St. Louis the following afternoon. Combination Compartment and Standard Sleepers and Reclining Chair Cars.

The Scenic Express, leaving Minneapolis at 7:30, St. Paul 8:05 a. m. except Sunday, arrives in St. Louis early next morning. Sleeping Cars from Rock Island south.

This is the most direct route from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Clinton, Davenport, Rock Island, and all Mississippi River cities.

Passengers by either train make close connections with lines South, Southeast and Southwest in St. Louis Union Station.

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON.



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Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee and Virginia. On Tuesdays,

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At the very low rate of one fare for the round trip plus $2.00 to $5.00. Tickets are good going 15 days, and for stopovers South of the Ohio river, with final limit for return of 21 days from date of sale.

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will be sold to points in same territory, including certain points in Florida at half rate, plus $2.00 from Ohio River Gateways. Lines north thereof will add one fare.

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BIG G Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 331, Times Bdg., New York.

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Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

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Pillsbury's Vitos,

the ideal Wheat Food for breakfast, dinner and supper, are copies of

Famous Paintings

Ask your grocer. Pillsbury's Vitos is made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour.

STRONG FOES AWAIT THE DEBATING TEAM

Go to Fergus Falls Next Thursday to Meet Team There---Honor Pupils of High School Will Begin Work on Essays.

To Fergus Falls to capture the scalps of the debating team of the high school there, the Duluth debaters will go on Thursday.

Effective preparation has been under way for the last few weeks, under the guidance of Instructor Thomas, and the members of the team have the subject almost perfectly in hand, so that they will be able to go to Fergus Falls with confidence in their ability to win.

If they do succeed in winning from the team there they will be well on their way toward the championship of the state, as that aggregation has won three hard debates already this season and is well toward the front.

This is the first inter-district debate that the local team has participated in. If they are successful with this and the other contest which follows, it will probably take only three debates to land them the championship of the state.

The Fergus Falls team which they meet this week is composed of mature debaters, who were trained in last year's struggle for the cshampionship. They have proved their versatility and general ability by winning debates on both sides of the question during the present season, so it will be no small honor for the local boys, one of whom is a sophomore, another a junior, and a third a senior, if they succeed in lowering the colors of their opponents.

Joe Harrison, Stanley Strand and Albert Evans are the three to represent the Duluth high school at Fergus Falls. They will debate on the affirmative side of the question: "Resolved, that United States senators should be elected by popular vote."

THE HONOR PUPILS.

Preparation of Their Essays to Begin at Once.

Alfred Moe, Gertrude Schiller, Mary Richards, Harry Davis and Irene Reau are the five seniors who graduate with honors this year.

It is a great honor to have attained the highest standings in a class which, on entering the high school, was some 280 strong, and a class, too, which has contained some unusually good scholars.

The honor comes only as a culmination of a high school career that has been full of hard work and determination. The honor itself imposes an extra amount of hard work an those successful enough to receive it. They are given the responsibility of representing satisfactorily a large class of high school students on the most important evening of their high school life—an evening of excitement and pride.

The class of '03 is unusually fortunate in having as honor pupils students whose ability is not confined to their capacity for hard study only, but those who will be able to make the graduating exercises brilliant and interesting to the hordes of proud parents who gather to see their sons and daughters go through the last act of completing their high school course.

The papers which are to be read by the honor students will be prepared at once, and during the months from now until graduation time there will be plenty of midnight oil burned in their preparation. The best literary and declamatory ability of the honor pupils will be expended in preparing them.

"A REGULAR FIX."

Rehearsals Are Soon to Be Begin For Senior Play.

Mr. Custance has selected the cast for the senior play which will be given on April 17. Study of parts has already begun, and the piece will be in rehearsal within a week or two.

The piece selected, "A Regular Fix," is full of situations which cannot fail to extremely amuse if they are well carried out by those who take the parts.

Only one part requires any unusual amount of talent to make it successful. Frank Kane has that, and he will probably be as successful with it as he has been with other matters of the kind.

The cast selected is as follows:

Hugh De Brass, who has unpaid bills ....Frank G. Kane
Mr. Surplus, a lawyer..William Steiner
Charles Surplus, his nephew........ ....Worth Andrews
Abel Quick, clerk of Surplus...... ....Oren Safford
Mrs. Surplus............Mary Richards
Emily ....Katherine Watterworth
Deborah Carter, housekeeper of Surplus ....Olive Colbrath
Matilda Jane.....Genevieve Washburn

Mr. Custance will train the high school histrions for the production, and he will begin rehearsals as soon as the players begin to get an understanding of their parts.

The piece is a very amusing farce when well done, and with A. F. M. Custance to direct it the cast selected will be able to give a very good amateur rendition of the little play.

The class shows great interest in the production, and the enthusiasm put into it is sure to make it a success. It will be given after Lent. The date set is April 17.

JUNIORS SCORED A HIT.

Fine Washington's Birthday Program Presented.

The junior class more than did well with its annual Washington's birthday program which it gave on Monday afternoon.

The tableau representing the thirteen states was one of the finest things that any class has ever put on for the amusement and instructian of the students.

All of the essays and readings were admirably given, as were the musical numbers. Frank Scobie's essay of Washington was excellent in a literary way and effectively delivered. That of Miss Gale Swift was thoroubhly enjoyed. Susan Thompson read another fine essay and Albert Evans delivered a short and interesting oration. A piano and violin duet by the Misses Harrington was one of the bright features of the program.

Both as to costuming and drilling, the program was one of the best that has been seen at the high school for a long time.

Literary Society.

An excellent literary program was given at yesterday's meeting of the Literary society. A large crowd attended to make up for last week when there were only those who were to take part in the program present.

Oscar Biorge talked on recent inventions. An excellent essay was read by Willis Hamblin. And a reading by Miss Mable Hollister was much enjoyed by the students present.

Miss Gale Swift rendered a piano solo which was liberally applauded.

The Annual Concert.

High school musicians are still assiduously applying themselves to preparation for the annual sacred concert which is to be held on March 22.

A. F. M. Custance has selected a very excellent program for that event, and it will doubtless be as successful as the concerts of years past. St. Paul's church choir and the High School Musical society co-operate to make it enjoyable. This year the high school students will sing in the chorus only.

Wood For Sale

all kinds of dry and green wood on hand.
DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.
410 West Superior Street.

FRENCH PROTOCOL SIGNED.

The Sixth Convention Negotiated By Minister Bowen.

Washington, Feb. 28.—M. Jusserand, the French ambassador, and Herbert W. Bowen, the Venezuelan plenipotentiary, signed a protocol yesterday afternoon for the settlement of the French claims against Venezuela by a joint commission to meet at Caracas, and for the reference to The Hague tribunal of the contention of the allied powers for preferential treatment and discussion of their demands.

The French protocol, which is the sixth convention Mr. Bowen has signed, is identical save as to parties with that of the United States, recently signed by Secretary Hay and Mr. Bowen.

For several days it has been feared that President Castro's suggestions regarding a separate mode of settlement for the French, Belgian and Spanish claims might result in complications in Washington which would delay the signing of the French convention.

Talk this over with your doctor. If he says Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is all right for your hard cough, then take it. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LEADER OF WOMEN

Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, of Lady Maccabees, to Visit Duluth.

Woman of Clear Mind, High Attaiments and Wide Travel.

The various hives of Duluth Ladies of the Maccabees will initiate a class of 150 at Hunter's hall March 9. The supreme commander, Lillian M. Hollister, will be present and deliver an address at the reception which will follow the class initiation. The degree teams of Duluth hive No. 1 and Pearl hive No. 4 will exemplify the work, and the knights of the Uniform Rank will be present in uniform. Extensive preparations have been made to make this a great event in the history of Duluth Maccabees. The growth of the order has been phenomenal. In 1895 the first hive in the state was organized in Duluth with twenty-five members. Today they number 800 in Duluth, and the total membership is 120,000.

The committee on arrangements for the coming initiation and the visit of

MRS. LILLIAN M. HOLLISTER

Supreme Commander Hollister is composed of: President Mary Barton, of Duluth hive No. 1; Record Keeper Mrs. Marie A. Cox, of hive No. 1, and Finance Keeper Mrs. Mary Burns, of hive No. 4. Chairmen of other committees are: Decorations, Mrs. Williams, of hive No. 4; refreshments, Mrs. Kern, of hive No. 73; hall, Mrs. Alice Lee, of hive No. 61.

When Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister assumed the office of supreme commander in 1895, the supreme hive had 5770 members. Oct. 1, 1902, 105,000 women were enrolled as members of this grand organization. When one takes into consideration the fact that she stands at the head of an organization of such magnitude, and performs her duties with entire satisfaction, and that the order is increasing under her personal guidance at the rate of 2000 members a month, as she has charge of field work and organizers, some idea of her attainments and capacity for work can be obtained. She is one of the greatest organizers known in the fraternal field, having had a wide experience in other societies—philanthropic, church societies, etc., etc. The entire country is so mapped out that when an important issue arises, the entire force of organizers and the membership can be reached in ten days.

She has traveled extensively in this country, on the American continent and through England, Scotland, France, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands, Switzerland, Italy and Austria, and has lectured and written interestingly upon her travels.

At the triennial session of the National Council of Women, recently held in Washington, D. C., Mrs. Hollister was elected treasurer for the ensuing year. The National Council of Women is composed of sixteen national and eight local councils, representing 1,500,000 women.

Mrs. Hollister is a versatile woman and has filled with equal facility the position of author, lecturer, educator, temperance, missionary and church worker, and has devoted two years to the study of law and given much time to the cause of philanthropy and the study of sociological conditions. She is considered one of the best parliamentarians among women of the United States, and her text book, "Pocket Manual of Parliamentary Terms," her "Manual of Parliamentary Terms and Procedure" and her "Parliamentary Charts" are unique. Another book of hers, "Convention How," has never been excelled by any publication in giving directions for arranging for convention and public meetings. Her book entitled "Model Union" has almost become a classic as a model for conducting Women's Christian Temperance unions.

Her gifts and graces naturally make her a leader among women, so that she has been called upon to stand at the head of many women's organizations, and her contact with the work and workers of other organizations has made her cosmopolitan in her ideas and judgments.

The Secretary of Commerce.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Will you please give in your paper the correct pronunciation of the name of the new secretary of commerce in President Roosevelt's cabinet—Cortelyou? A YOUNG READER.

The name is pronounced Cort-elyou, with the accent on the first syllable.

MISS BARRETT INDICTED.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—The grand jury yesterday voted a true bill against Miss Elsie Barrett for assaulting Miss Bessie Palmer, the actress, in their rooms early in the morning of Jan. 2. The girls were room-mates, and in a quarrel resulting from jealousy Miss Barrett shot and seriously wounded Miss Palmer.

The Herald 'phones are: Editorial 1126. Counting room 324. Both 'phones.

DULUTH ARTIST WINNING FAME

Miss Anna Burnham Achieving Marked Success In Illustrating—Works Principally In the Advertising Field—A Specimen of Her Work.

The career of any person who is mounting the ladder of success and fame is always of keen interest to the people of the community in which the early life of the individual was spent, and hence Duluthians are watching the strides taken by Miss Anna Burnham, of this city, who now makes her home in New York, with great pleasure. She is steadily forging to the front as an illustrator, and her art is beginning to attract much notice in high circles.

The February number of Profitable Advertising, a periodical which is devoted to the interests of the art of advertising, and which is a very handsome and artistic publication from a typographical standpoint, devotes considerable space to Miss Burnham, and the beautiful cover, always a feature of this monthly, is of her design. In its article it says of her:

"The pictures of charming women drawn by Miss Anna Burnham, of New York, have brought this young artist considerable renown, especially in the advertising field, to which her work is principally confined. Her figures are, perhaps, best defined by the word stunning. They always suggest grace, up-to-dateness and vivacity, and art is evident in the pose and in every line.

"Miss Burnham began her study of art under Howard Chandler Christy at the Cooper Institute, New York. After two years there she went to Chicago, being under the impression that Chicago was in some need of artists. In that city she first became connected with the Illinois Engraving company, two and a half years later going to Gage Bros., milliners, as their advertising manager. She scored a distinct success in this position. One of her ideas was the Gage, a quarterly house organ, which she edited and for which she made designs. So notable was her work that several times Profitable Advertising reproduced and commented on her drawings as excellent specimens of advertising art.

"But after being a year with the firm mentioned, a larger field opened for her, of which she promptly took advantage, going to the New York branch of the Barnes-Crosby company, where she now is.

"Referring to the subject of advertising art, Miss Burnham recently expressed herself thus:

"'It does not take a keen observer to note the great improvement which has taken place in the quality of advertising illustrations during the past few years. Various forces have been at work to bring about this result. As the country grows older and the population becomes more dense, there is an ever-increasing class devoting its attention to art. This class acts as a leaven, and the whole mass of people has a constantly increasing knowledge and appreciation of art.

"'There is, of course, a wide difference in the quality of the illustrations used throughout the advertising world. Some can bring themselves to believe that it is profitable to employ the better grades of work, and still continue to employ the cheapest that can be obtained. There are those who wish to go into the open market and purchase their illustrations just as they would purchase a basket of potatoes or a load of coal, paying therefor the lowest possible price. No good results can possibly be obtained under such conditions. The public today thoroughly appreciates the difference between good and bad drawing, engraving and printing.

"'As an illustration, take the mail order catalogue. The direct selling of goods, such as are usually found in dry goods and department stores, through the mails is continually assuming greater proportions. Most of the buying is done by women. There are very few women buying through the medium of mail-order catalogues that do not have more than one catalogue from which to make selections. The only guides they can possibly have in making these selections are the illustrations shown in the catalogue. It is perfectly natural to get all the information possible relative to an article before making a purchase, and illustrations are carefully scrutinized and compared. As a natural result, those catalogues having the best illustrations prove the most successful. It is not enough that the illustration shows the detail well, but the figure must have good style and the face must be attractive. It is a curious psychological fact that an attractive face and pose have quite as much to do with the selling of a garment as the illustration of the garment itself. Merchants who understand this watch the making of their illustrations very carefully to see that these points are carefully carried out.

"'A few years ago the accepted form

Miss Anna Burnham, Artist.

of illustrating men's figures for advertising purposes was by means of very severe illustrations showing no wrinkles in the garments or ease of posture. There are some who still cling to this style, although it is recognized that those illustrations which more nearly represent the garments as they actually appear when in use are more attractive, and the advertising produces better results. It is safe to assume that the fashion-plates vogue of a few years ago will eventually disappear.

"'Other things being equal, no one will dispute that those goods which are best advertised will sell best. Competition seeks out and takes advantage of everything that tends to increase business. Success and failure travel the same road to a certain point. In advertising, that point is very apt to be the choice between good illustrations at a fair price and poorer ones at a smaller price. One who cheapens his advertising by the use of poor illustrations will cheapen it in every way possible, and its result is failure. And the pity is he never knows how it happened.

"'There is another point of view from which to look at this proposition, and that is the viewpoint of the artist. A great many artists have objected to anything which smacks of commercialism. The only reason which can be ascribed for this is that there has been so much poor art or such a lack of art in the making of commercial illustrations. Now that it has been demonstrated that there is a field for the best art in the commercial world, that feeling has passed away, and the work of many of the better artists is now being employed commercially. Art is thoroughly practical, and there is no reason why it should not enter into every walk of life.

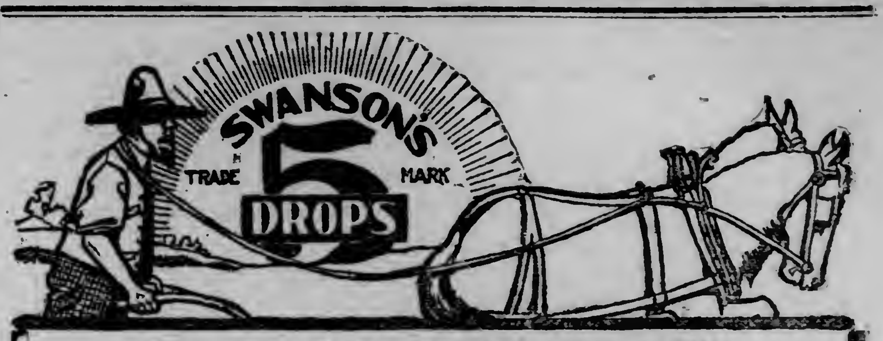
"'It does not need a prophet to predict the future. We are at the beginning of the good illustration era, and we cannot fail to get larger results from the better work which is sure to be done.'"

Poster figure drawn by Miss Burnham for the Erie railroad.

Kickapoo Oil

Toughens tender feet, reduces swollen feet, stops that itching, pricking and burning, and makes them feel worth having. Every rub with Kickapoo Oil makes the feet feel better. Winter shoes and rubbers are hard on tender feet, but Kickapoo Oil is harder on shoe pain. It is indispensable for the toilet. You should try it. Only 25 cents at all druggists.

TOUGHENS TENDER FEET.



THE ONLY REMEDY THAT WILL CURE

Rheumatism

IN ALL OF ITS FORMS AND IN ANY STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT

WASHINGTON HESTER, Cox, Ohio, writes:—"I used the trial bottle of "5 DROPS" and it helped me so much that I purchased a dollar bottle from a druggist in Gillespieville, and have used over half of it. When I got your "5-DROPS" I was on crutches; now I can walk and have been plowing corn for two weeks. I have walked ten miles in half a day, and not felt tired. "5-DROPS" is the best remedy I have ever used. I have recommended it to five different parties who are suffering with Rheumatism, and it is curing them."

It does not matter whether you are suffering from **Inflammatory, Nervous, Muscular or Articular Rheumatism**; whether your whole system is full of uric acid, whether every part of your body is aching and every joint is out of shape, Swanson's **"5-DROPS,"** if used as directed, will positively give instant relief and effect a permanent cure. **"5-DROPS"** is an internal and external remedy combined, and will give quick relief to the sufferer by application to the afflicted parts, while a permanent cure is being effected by its use internally.

NEURALGIA. SWANSON'S **"5-DROPS" will stop Neuralgic pains instantly.** It is an external and internal remedy which affords early relief and effects a permanent cure. In neuralgia the nerves are inflamed, they throb and shoot from congestion and arrested cirulation. **"5-DROPS"** hastens circulation, quiets the nerves and the pain stops.

"5-DROPS" NEVER FAILS TO CURE

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble, La Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver Complaint, Nervousness and all Blood Diseases.

All that is required to keep in perfect health is to have the disease germs destroyed, the blood purified and the nerves and muscles restored to normal condition. That is what **"5 DROPS"** does, and that is the reason why it will give immediate relief and cure so many different diseases.

NOTICE. If "5 DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

Large Size Bottle (300 Doses $1.00.) For Sale by Druggists.

Ask your druggist for the Swanson Pill, a sure cure for constipation, Price 25 cts.

FREE COUPON No. 212 Cut out this coupon and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid. 5 DROPS [TRADE MARK.]

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

MRS. THAW EXPLAINS

Her Position Concerning the Suit of Yarmouth.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Thaw, formerly of Pittsburg but now residing in Washington, has sent the following card to the Associated Press for publication:

"The statements made pro and con in the papers regarding myself and family I have endured heretofore in silence, rather than submit to interviews by representatives of the press. I now wish to make certain corrections of erroneous statements.

"First—While, in my opinion, international marriages are undesirable, there has been at no time such violent opposition to the suit of the earl of Yarmouth as represented—simply the natural desire any parent should have to guard against a too hasty decision.

"Again: The visit of my daughter to her sister's home on Cumberland island, with the understanding that Lord Yarmouth be invited at the same time, was made not only with my consent, but would have been made in my company except for important engagements which prevented my going with the little party of which the earl of Yarmouth was not a member. He preceded them south, however, and joined them the morning of their arrival at Fernandina and was one of the invited house party.

"My own 'unexpected trip South,' of which much has been written, was decided upon when I heard that the remainder of the party wished at the last moment to remain a couple of weeks longer. My disinclination to having my daughter return with only a maid, and the wish to see both my daughters together, decided this. The earl of Yarmouth arrived in Washington the morning after I left for the island, leaving later for New York.

"Other still less important facts need not be referred to.

"M. C. THAW, Washington.

In all the world, no medicine like Rocky Mountain Tea, the system purifier and vitalizer. It builds your health from the ground up. Try it. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

AN ANAESTHETIC

Is Recommended as Part of Train Equipment.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 28.—Mrs. Ballington Booth, of the Volunteers of America, has sent a letter to the managers of the several railways of the United States, in which she says that much of the suffering endured by those injured in railroad wrecks could be alleviated by anaesthetics, which should be a part of the trains' equipment.

She says that she has traveled much and has seen a great many passengers fatally hurt who could have been relieved by being made unconscious. Her letter concludes as follows:

"Would it not be an unspeakable comfort to bystanders, as well as the sufferers, if those dying in agony could be rendered unconscious by a few breaths of a merciful anaesthetic, to say nothing of the prompt aid which could be rendered to those who might yet be saved?"

Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect." For sale by Boyce's drug store.

Indigestion

is caused by trying to compel the stomach to keep too rapid a pace. It is

the bane of

the present age and is wrecking lives by the wholesale — a little assistance is needed by the digestive organs of

half the world.

That distressed feeling can be removed speedily by using Beecham's Pills and can positively be

cured by

taking a course of this excellent medicine. Your stomach will be kept sweet and clean and your general health will be perfect if you will use

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere.
In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN THE DULUTH CHURCHES

Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul Will Preach at the Cathedral In the Morning—Rev. C. F. Davis at Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, will preach the sermon at the Cathedral tomorrow morning at the high mass at 10:30 o'clock.

* * *

At the men's meeting of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon Rev. C. F. Davis, of Lester Park will talk on the subject "Backbone." There will be special music by the Y. M. C. A. orchestra and Frank Maxwell, the physical director, will sing. The afternoon after the meeting will be occupied by a discussion of "What Is My Ideal of a Successful Man?"

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach in the morning at 10:30 o'clock on the subject, "The Great Example" and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock on the theme, "Things of Great Interest." In the evening as a prelude there will be a short address on "General Booth's Threat." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on: "Christianity as a Healing Power," and in the evening on: "Strength for the Needy."

The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Anthem—"Hear Us, O Savior"..Hauptman

Solo—"A Ballad of Trees and the Master" ....Chadwick

Mr. Gearhart.

Quartet—Chorale .... Bach

EVENING.

"In Heavenly Love Abiding"......Parker

Quartet.

Solo ....Selected

Miss Hector.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach at both services. The morning theme being, "Possessing Our Heritage" and the evening subject, "A Thing Not to Be Marveled at."

* * *

The sermon subjects at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "Fickle Religious People;" evening, "Daniel in Babylon."

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church there will be holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., holy communion and sermon at 11 a. m., hospital service at 2:30 p. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

* * *

At the Endion Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow, Rev. John W. Powell Jr., will preache in the morning on "Life by Death" and in the evening on "Crises." Milton B. Griffith will sing at the morning service.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth R. Sine will conduct services at 10:40 a. m. The morning topic will be "A Safe Investment." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and the jail meeting will be held at 3 p. m. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:30 p. m., and the evening service at 7:30 p. m., the topic being "The Power of Example."

* * *

At the First Pnitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White will preach on "The Demand Which a Man May Make Upon Religion, and the Demand which Religion Makes Upon a Man."

* * *

Services will be held at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock, when the pastor will preach the annual temperance sermon. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock noon. Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, services will be held tomorrow at 10.45 a. m., the subject being "Man." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

* * *

At the Lake Avenue Bethel, at 7:30 p. m., Rev. B. Frankland, general superintendent of the Western Seamen's society will speak on the subject: "Life From the Dead." Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30. Monday evening, Mr. Frankland will conduct the Bible study, taking for his subject: "A Strong Man Fallen." Gospel meetings are held every night except Saturday.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service will be held at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher will sing. On Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Swedish Baptist church, and on Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

* * *

At Grace M. E. church, Rev. H. W. Knowles, the pastor, will preach in the morning on "Conscience and the Crown," and in the evening on "Your Yea and Nay, a Word for Skeptics and Dogmatists."

* * *

At the Star of Home Mission, 617 West Superior street, meetings are held each evening of the week, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan. Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be a consecration service. The evening program is as follows: 7:15, graphophone concert; 7:45, song service; 8 o'clock, preaching service. John Callahan will speak at both services.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue north, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., conducted by Rev. D. W. Michael.

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Sermon at 11 a. m.; Young People's Alliance meeting at 7:15 p. m., led by Miss Amelia Bader; evening sermon at 8 p. m. At the evening service a duet and selections by several choirs will be given. Rev. L. S. Stapf, pastor.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue West, corner First street, there will be morning prayer and Litany at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. The sermon will be the first of a series of special Lenten sermons.

* * *

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue West and First street, the services tomorrow will be at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Arvid Edstam will preach at both services. Sunday school will meet at 11:30 at close of morning service. Bible class for adults led by the pastor and young people's meeting will be held at 5 p. m.

* * *

At the First Swedish Methodist Episcopal church, Twentieth avenue West and Third street, the presiding elder, Rev. Andrew Farrell, will preach in the morning. In the evening Rev. S. Magnuson of West Superior, will preach. Sunday school will meet at 10 o'clock and the Epworth League at 7 p. m. There will be special music at the Sunday evening service by the string band and the Svea quartet.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue East and Third street Anton Ringsved will preach in the morning at 10:30, and Mr. Carl Hvoal in the evening at 7:45. The choir will sing. Sunday school, Norwegian and English will meet at 9 a. m.

* * *

At the church of the Holy Apostle, Episcopal, Fifty-seventh avenue West and Ellvan street, there will be evening service at 7:30. The first of a series of special sermons on "The Last Seven Words," will be given.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church Rev. J. C. Hartley, the pastor, will preach in the morning at 10:30 o'clock, taking for his subject "A Successful Life." At 7:30 p. m. Rev. T. S. Thompson, who is assisting the pastor in special services, will preach. The special services will continue all next week.

* * *

At the Oneota M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach both morning and evening. The morning theme being "Which Way are You Falling," and the evening topic: "Resolution," the fifth sermon on "The Prodigal Son." Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

* * *

Regular preaching services will be conducted in the Proctorknott M. E. church Sunday evening at 7:30.

* * *

The Band of Light, Spiritualists, will hold services Sunday night at 7:15 at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue West and Superior street. A lecture and spirit greetings will be given. Meium, Mrs. Elizabeth Holmes.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN

Pleasant circumstances may not be ours, but we can have sunny souls.

The world loses faith in the church when the Christian treats it as a fad.

It is easier to sweep off the snow of an act than to break the ice of habits.

The green wood of innocence bunrs quickly amongst the dry sticks of vice.

Many put zero into the collection and then complain that the church is cold.

Purity of heart is too great a price to pay for being posted on the poison of modern literature.

The world will not believe in the church that forgets the souls of the poor while it fights over the spoils of the rich.

There will be no more mercy for the church obtaining money under false pretenses than for the man who does the same.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Philadelphia North American: Rev. Hugo Wendel of Trenton, N. J., says he preaches regularly to spirits, as well as to his ordinary congregation. He is probably the only clergyman who tries to cover home and foreign missions at one time.

New York Tribune: A clergyman highly esteemed for his many excellent qualities, of which oratory is not one, has recently had placed in his church by his loving congregation a new pulpit. It is a fine piece of work ornate with carving and artistic embellishment. But the text inscribed on it, considering the effect of the good pastor's sermons, might have been more happily chosen. "He giveth His beloved sleep," it runs.

Brooklyn Eagle: At a church function in which Bishop Potter recently took part several deacons happened to be present. One of them called the bishop's attention to that passage in the liturgy which reads, "O, all ye priests of the Lord, bless ye the Lord," and complained that there was "no mention of us deacons." "Yes, indeed, there is," replied the bishop; "don't you remember, 'O, all ye green things upon the earth, bless ye the Lord?'"

Indianapolis Journal: Pope Leo XIII is making a remarkable record for longevity and well preserved powers. A few days past his ninety-third birthday his physician says he "reads without spectacles, walks without a cane, dresses and undresses without assistance, and works about fourteen hours daily." The responsibilities of the most important ecclesiastical office in the world sit easily on him, and with his regular life and serene temperament he may fulfill the doctors' prediction of living to be 100 years old.

A RUNAWAY WIFE

Marries Again While a Detective Chases Her.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 8.—Married twice in one week to the same woman, and still he has no wife. This is the unique experience of Oscar S. Lockary, of Meekling, S. D.

On Tuesday Lockary, who is a well-to-do young business man of Meekling, was married at Vermillion, S. D., to Sarah I. Ulch. The next day he was married in Sioux City by a judge of the state court to Sarah I. Haden, of Sioux City.

It develops these two names were given by the same woman, and the double weddinng was an expedient to clear up a possible difficulty. The husband went home to Meekling Thursday, and his wife was to follow him the next day—that was a week ago—but she has failed to put in an appearance. It is said that $400, which the trusting husband left with the woman to make same purchases, was not returned to him.

A Council Bluffs detective, who arrived at Vermillion three days later to head off the wedding there, declares the woman is the runaway wife of one of the wealthiest men in Council Bluffs, Iowa, and that she not only deserted him, but left an 8-months-old baby besides. The sleuth says he followed her to Denver, then back to Des Moines, Iowa, then to Madison, S. D., to Britton, to Aberdeen, Grand Forks, N. D., Ortonville, Minn., and finally located her in St. Paul. He claims she eluded the officers there and went to Sioux Falls, where she married a man named Ulch, and left almost immediately, without him, but with $1400 of his money. The woman is evidently abroad looking for more men and more fortunes.

There are twelve Yale students who, because they are more than six feet one inch tall are eligible to membership in the new club of Brobdingnags of the university. The president is Frederick W. Wilhelmi, of New York, and secretary, George A. Gross, of Waterbury, and the vice president and treasurer, Stuart B. Sutphin, of Cincinnati. The tallest man in the club is Thorn Baker, of Cincinnati, who stands six feet five inches in his stockings.

"77" FOR GRIP

"77" PREVENTS PNEUMONIA.

The effective treatment of an ordinary "Cold" is a matter of a day or two against a possible subsequent sickness for weeks.

The indications of a severe attack of Influenza are headache, chilliness, general muscular pains, fever, sore throat, cough and systemic lassitude.

It is folly to risk Grip or Pneumonia, when the use of Dr. Humpreys' "Seventy-seven" will prevent and cure Grip and Colds. The best results are obtained by keeping "77" handy (it fits the vest pocket). Taken early, it cuts it short promptly. Taken during its prevalence, preoccupies the system and prevents its invasion. Taken while suffering, relief and cure are speedily realized. At Druggists, 25c, or mailed.

Humphreys' Med. Co. Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

BEAUTIFUL SIGHT AT LAKEWOOD.

The above picture presents a beautiful ice pyramid which has been formed by the water spouting from a small water fountain in the park at the Lakewood pumping station. As the pyramid increased in height the pipe was lengthened and adjusted so that the water would be evenly distributed over the sides of the pyramid, making it symmetrical in shape. The larger part of the stately pile was formed during the recent cold snap. Its height and size may be appreciated by comparing it with the hydrant in the foreground and the tree to the rear. Its total height is sixty-four feet, and as it sparkles in the sunlight its beauty is indescribable and well repays a visit to Lakewood for the view. The idea was conceived and carried out by Engineer Wilson Palmer.

PRESIDENT ASKS

Senate to Pass the Philippine Tariff Bill at Once.

Sends a Vigorous Special Message to That Body.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The president, late yesterday afternoon, sent the following message to the senate:

"I have just received a cable from Governor Taft, which runs as follows: 'Necessity for passage of house tariff bill most urgent. The condition of productive industry and business considerably worse than in November, the date of last report, and growing worse each month. Some revival in sugar, tobacco prices, due to expectation of tariff law. The interests of Filipinos in sugar and tobacco extensive and failure of bill will be blow in the face of those interests. Number of tobacco factories will have to close, and many sugar haciendas will be put up for sale at a sacrifice if the bill will not pass.

'Customs receipts have fallen off this month one-third, showing decrease of purchasing power of islands. General business stagnant. All political parties including labor unions most strenuous in petition for tariff bill. The effect of its failure very discouraging.'

"Vice Governor Luke E. Wright endorses in the strongest manner all that Governor Taft has said, and states that he has the greatest apprehension as to the damage that may come to the islands if there is not a substantial reduction in the tariff levied against Philippine goods coming into the United States. I very earnestly ask that this matter receive the immediate attention of congress and that the relief prayed for be granted.

"As congress knows, a series of calamities have befallen the Philippine people. Just as they were emerging from nearly six years of devastating warfare, with the accompanying destruction of property and the breaking up of the bonds of social order and the habits of peaceful industry, there occurred an epidemic of rinderpest, which destroyed 90 per cent of the caribous, the Philippine cattle, leaving the people without draught animals to till the lands or to aid in the ordinary work of farm and village life, the extent of the disaster can be seen from the fact that the surviving caribous have increased over tenfold in value.

"At the same time a peculiar Oriental horse disease became epidemic, further crippling transportation. The rice crop, already reduced by various causes to but a fourth of its ordinary size, has been damaged by locusts so that the price of rice has nearly doubled.

"Under these circumstances there is imminent danger of a famine in the islands. Congress generously appropriated $3,000,000 to meet the immediate needs; but indispensable and pre-eminent need is the resurrection of productive industry from the prostration into which it has been thrown by the causes above enumerated. I ask action in the tariff matter not merely from the standpoint of wise governmental policy but as a measure of humanity in response to an appeal to which this great people should not close its ears. We have assumed responsibility toward the Philippine islands which we are in honor bound to fulfill. We have the specific duty of taking every measure in our power to see to their prosperity. The first and most important step in this direction has been accomplished by the joint action of the military and civil authorities in securing peace and civil government. The wisdom of congress at the present session has provided for them a stable currency, and its spirit of humane liberality and justice toward them will be shown in the appropriation now substantially agreed upon of $3,000,000 to meet the pressing immediate necessities; but there remains a vital need that one thing funrther shall be done. The calamities which have befallen them as above enumerated could have been averted by no human wisdom.

"They cannot be completely repaired; but the suffering can be greatly alleviated and a permanent basis of future prosperity assured if the economic relations of the islands with the United States are put upon a satisfactory basis.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"White House, Feb. 27, 1903."

LEAVES FOR THE SOUTH.

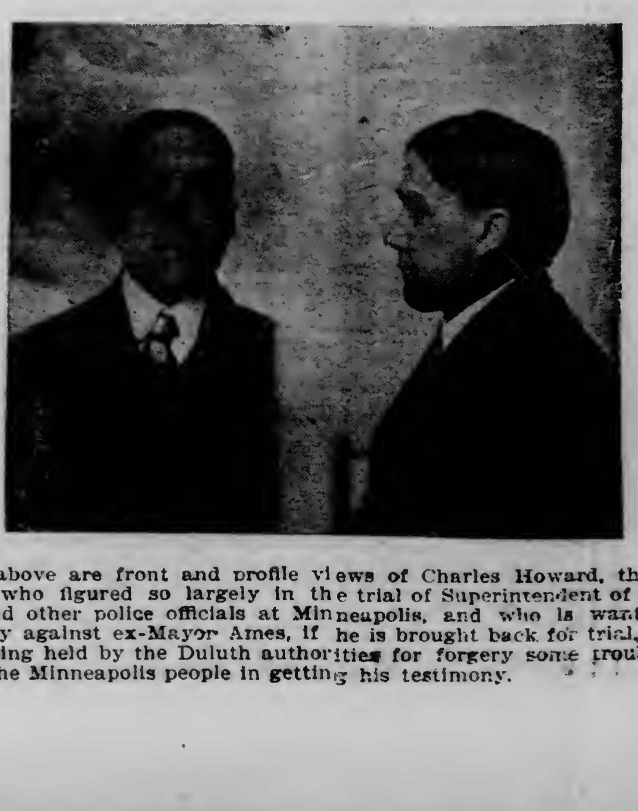
Iowa Governor to Spend Week In Florida.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 28.—A message received from Governor Cummins is to the effect that he has left Washington and gone to Jacksonville. He and Mrs. Cummins will remain in Florida for a week or ten days and will visit Palm Beach and other points of interest.

It is believed here that one of the results of the governor's trip to Washington and his visit with Roosevelt will be a visit to Des Moines on the part of the president when he comes west to attend the dedication at St. Louis April 30. In case the president comes he will have a reception here on the scale planned last fall when Des Moines was included in the itinerary, which he was compelled to abandon on account of his injured knee.

Announcement is made that a rate of one fare for the round trip from all parts of Iowa has been secured for the state G. A. R. encampment in May.

CHARLES HOWARD THE NOTORIOUS GRAFTER.



The above are front and profile views of Charles Howard, the notorious grafter, who figured so largely in the trial of Superintendent of Police Fred Ames and other police officials at Minneapolis, and who is wanted to give testimony against ex-Mayor Ames, if he is brought back for trial. As Howard is being held by the Duluth authorities for forgery some trouble may be met by the Minneapolis people in getting his testimony.

IN LABOR WORLD

Labor Temple Project Again Discussed By Trades Assembly.

Much Discussion In Regard to Appointing Walking Delegate.

The regular meeting of the Trades' and Labor council was held last evening in the Kalamazoo hall.

The principal subjects under discussion were the advisability of appointing a business agent or walking delegate, and the building of a labor temple. The committee appointed to look into the question of the labor temple reported that it would be necessary for the members to incorporate before anything could be done in the matter. The report was accepted and the committee given an extension of time in which to make further investigations into the cost of incorporation. The plan must have the sanction of a two-thirds vote of all the separate labor unions in the city before any action can be taken, and it will be laid before them before the next meeting of the assembly.

The question of appointing a business agent or walking delegate was provocative of much discussion. It was argued by those in favor of the appointment that there was a great amount of work which might be accomplished by such an agent. The work of organizing new unions and of enlarging those already established, acting as a representative of the men when they have trouble with their employers, protecting and advertising the union label, guarding against the abuse of the union card, and many other duties would fall to his share. Those opposed to the appointment claimed that it would be a great drain on the treasury, and that such work as organization and the protection of the union card and the union label could be better accomplished by the members of the different unions working individually than by means of a paid agent.

The question was finally referred back to the committee with instructions to draw up a detailed plan of how the salary of the agent was to be levied, upon the understanding that the assembly was in favor of such an appointment.

A number of minor matters also came up for discussion and the regular routine business was transacted.

* * *

After several conferences held in the rooms of the builders' exchange, the boss painters and the union have come to an agreement and this year all of the boss painters iin the city will employ nothing but union painters. Besides the agreement that none but members of good standing in the painters' union should be hired by the bosses, a minimum wage scale of 35 cents per hour was adopted with the stitpulation that no member of the union should take contracts or do work on his own account.

* * *

W. Fisher was elected vice president of Butchers' union at its meeting this week to succeed William Tuskin, who is no longer a member of the union. A social will be given by the members of the union next month. Action against the shops which do not close at 6:30 in the evening was discussed by the union, but no action was taken.

* * *

The Duluth Plumbing company has been returned to the bair list after having been under the ban of the Plumbers' union for two years. Most of the members of the union are confident that their candidate for plumbing inspector, Charles Rigdon, a prominent member of the union, will succeed in getting the appointment next month.

* * *

George Skinner has been elected a delegate to the Trades' assembly by the Carpenters' union. Secretary Robataille, of the Building Trades' council, will leave the city next week for a trip in the South on account of poor health.

* * *

James Walsh returned from a visit to all of the principal lake ports on behalf of the L. T. P. A. during the last couple of weeks.

* * *

The International Steam Engineers' Local Union No. 15 will give a smoker at their hall in the Hunter block on Thursday, March 5.

LABOR NOTES.

Ottawa, Canada, civil servants want an increase in pay.

Shoe factory employes are organizing at Milwaukee.

Toronto, Canada, concrete pavers are organizing a union.

Retail clerks of Chippewa Falls, Wis., have organized.

Indianapolis clerks won their 6 o'clock closing demand.

Retail clerks have formed an organization at Aberdeen, S. D.

San Francosco's United Railroads have recognized the union.

Ice wagon drivers at Kansas City, Mo., have formed a union.

The executive board of the International Brotherhood of Papermakers has decided to hold the next International convention at Erie, Pa., on May 11. A general plan for raising a $100,000 defense fund was adopted.

Chicago plumbers demand $5.50 for an 8-hour day, beginning May 1.

A union of stationary firemen has been organized at Albany, N. Y.

Rope factories in Cuba pay from $85,000 to $100,000 a year in wages.

Union carpenters on strike at Worcester, Mass., have returned to work.

An effort to organize the furniture finihers of Cleveland, Ohio, is being made.

In the ranks of labor there are 153 women employed as "boatmen" and sailors.

Reports from Tacoma, Wash., indicate an unusually large number of unemployed.

Union achinists at San Francisco, Cal., are agitating a movement for a 9-hour day.

At Portland, Ore., the strike of marin engineers on river boats is practically at an end.

At Topeka, Kas., all the painters of the Santa Fe have been granted an increase in wages.

There will be no more Sunday work in the shops of the Southern Railway at Sheffield, Ala.

The Kingston and Pembroke (Can.) Railway trainmen have been refused an increase in wages.

British pottery works employ 70,000 work people, of whom about 25,000 are women and children.

Pittsburg has about 30,000 skilled workmen in the building trades, and advances will only be asked on May 1 in cases where a just rate was not conceded last year.

Dissatifaction is reported to exist among the motormen, firemen, guards and clippers employed on the Manhattan Elevated Railroad on account of wages and hours of work.

At the fifth annual convention of the Illinois State Bottlers' Protective association and the Interstate Brewers' and Bottlers' association, at Chicago, state associations were formed for all of the Central western states.

The Kings county (N. Y.) district of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners appointed a committee of four to notify the boss carpenters of Kings county that the local unions had decided that from May 1 a union wage scale for the craft of fifty cents an hour would be demanded. The present wage scale is 45 cents an hour.

Chicago brickmakers have voted in favor of an increase in wages averaging about 2½ cents an hour. The wages at present run from $2 a day to $4.50. No laborer around a brick yard in Cook county receives less than $2 a day, while some of the piece workers make as high as $5 for eight hours. There is not a non-union brickmaker in Cook county.

It is stated that a vote will be taken this month by the Machinists' unions in Chicago on the question of demanding a five per cent increase in wages on May 1. Apprenticeship regulations are also to be considered, as well as a recommendation from the district lodge that any member dropped from the rolls for non-payment of dues must pay $25 for reinstatement in the union.

George Westinghouse is understood to be planning the formation of a Russian electric company, to be operated similarly to the British Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company, limited, at Birmingham, Eng. It is proposed to erect a monster plant near St. Petersburg, where the Westinghouse Airbrake company has a plant under separate organization.

The meeting of representatives of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the Amalgamated Woodworkers' International union, to settle the question of jurisdiction, will be held in Indianapolis February 24. According to the decision of the A. F. of L. a committee of five from each organization is to be selected, those ten to chose an umpire and draw up lines of demarcation between the two unions in the woodworking industry. The executive council of the Amalgamated Woodworkers' International union will hold a session in Indianapolis February 23, and will decide on its representatives.

The Boston & Northern and Old Colony Street Railway companies have announced an increase of wages to the 2522 motormen and conductors on both systems, to go into effect March 1. The increase ranges from 5 to 25 per cent and averages 12.18 per cent.

10 Story Book

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OLD MAN

Was Found Starving Among Herd of Rats.

New York, Feb. 28.—John Berg, an old man, was found starving yesterday among a herd of rats in an attic at Grand and First streets, Hoboken. The rats scampered to their holes when Patrolman Meyers entered the attic, but reappeared again at a whistle from Berg. Berg said that he had not eaten anything in two days and had tried to forget his distress by putting the rats through tricks he had taught them since occupying the attic. He made them go through their performance for Meyers, who says it was the most unique thing of the kind he had ever witnessed. The rats, according to the policeman, marched like soldiers, juggled with jack straws, turned back and front flips, and gave a weird squealing concert. Berg was committed to the Hudson county almshouse.

CONTESTS AT BASKETBALL

Minnesota University Girls Defeats Superior Normal.

The girls basketball team of the University of Minnesota played with the Superior normal school team last evening in the normal school gymnasium and won by a score of 15 to 11 in a hard fought game.

Superior took the lead in the first of the game and before Minnesota woke up the score was 8 to 3 in favor of the Badger maidens. Then the U girls took a brace, and at the end of a fierce first half the score was 8 to 8. Through the basket thrownng ability of Miss Cox the Minnesota girls were able to build up their score to 15 in the second half while Superior only landed three more scores.

Miss Mills, of the normal school, was good at throwing baskets, but the team work of the normal school girls was not as good as that of the Minneapolis players.

Another game will be played this evening, and it is expected that a large number of Duluth people will attend to see the game.

* * *

The first and second basketball teams from Lakeside went up to Proctorknott and played games with the first and second teams there last evening. Both games were interesting, but the second team contest was much more even. The scores were 35 to 9 in favor of the Proctorknott first team and 8 to 10 in favor of the Lakeside second aggregation.

Audley, Morse and Valley, of the Duluth Y. M. C. A., were officials.

When the Lakeside people reached Duluth last night, coming down in a sleigh from the hill top, the cars had stopped running, and some fifteen or twenty young women were forced to stay down town instead of pursuing their way toward their suburban homes.

MINNESOTA LANDS.

Representative-Elect Steenerson Again Urges Opening.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Representative-elect Steenerson called on Secretary Hitchcock yesterday and again urged that steps be taken to open the agricultural land in the Indian reservations in northern Minnesota. Speaking of the necessity for this action, Mr. Steenerson told the secretary of the rapid deveopment of that part of the state. He also told of the many people from all over the country who are seeking good land and who would settle in Minnesota if they could find desirable places, but not finding them, have gone on to Canada.

The secretary said he realized the importance of the speedy opening of the agricultural land, and indicated his desire to give the settlers a chance to obtain these lands at an early date, but there are certain details in classification of lands and allotments to the Indians that must be gone through with before the land can be opened to settlement and entry. He said examinations of the land were being made by the Warren corps and Indian allotments were being made as rapidly as the Indians will consent to take the lands assigned to them. He could not set a date for opening the agricultural lands, but hoped it would be done in a few months.

A PROTEST FROM KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 28.—Mr. Wulfekuhler, of Leavenworth, has introduced a resolution in the senate protesting against the seating of Reed Smoot, of Utah, in the United States senate.

SPRING STYLES IN MILLINERY

Paris Milliners Doing a Thriving Trade--A Season of Spangles--Uniformity of Tints in Trimmings--Small Toques for Evening Wear.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Paris letter to the Millinery Trade Review says: Spring millinery business with Parisians consists of theater hats, a series of "first nights" of more or less importance having given unusual impetus to this division of the business. True, in most of the important theaters, ladies occupying stalls, must forego hats. But this rule is not generally applied to the balcony. In the private boxes ladies may wear what they choose, and they often choose to appear both in the balcony and in the boxes in hats of gigantic proportions, much to the inconvenience of those sitting near them.

Fearing, with some cause, that exaggeration in this matter may lead to the theater hat falling into discredit altogether, some milliners of note are advocating quite small toques for evening wear, made of white tulle or lisse and trimmed with light aigrette or paradise. While others, less far seeing, or more daring, tempt their customers into purchasing shapes that beat the record for size.

Mme. Reboux has never pandered to a taste for exaggeration in any form, and she is now foremost in the desire to see small toques adopted for evening wear. Carlier, on the other hand, is famous for his large hats, and he has a considerable following, more especially among those who number among their customers many artistes and demi-mondaines.

Although quite unfitted for usual town wear, the ultra broad-brimmed hat is a picturesque head covering and very becoming to some faces. Probably we shall see a good many of them at Auteuil and Longchamps this summer. In the meanwhile hat brims throughout the spring are likely to remain wide without exaggeration. There are broad brims and broad brims, and those favored so much by your buyers cannot compare in size with the hats which some Parisians are now wearing at the theaters.

While on the subject of evening millinery, I must tell you that in some quarters an effort is being made to bring the mantilla into fashion—the mantilla of white or creamy blonde as worn by Castillian ladies with a flower inserted in the ear. Other new styles of evening head-dresses also have their adherents. The most novel of these is undoubtedly the small cap, such as babies wear, fitted closely to the back of the head to which the puffed hair forms a border. These are supplied made of gold lace, also of a lattice work of gold threads with pearls at the intersections, or a network entirely composed of pearls.

Milliners are also doing a thriving trade in early spring millinery other than what is specially designed for evening. Hats and toques of white gossamer are worn at afternoon receptions and weddings. These owe their chief beauty to the delicate way in which the material—tulle, lisse or mousseline de soie—is handled, now closely ruched, tucked, frilled or quilled. Some of these arrangements are being carried out in straw for the summer models. As, for example, loosely woven straw braids, slightly gathered on one side and laid on in a spiral, beginning with the edge to finish in the center of a low crown. Also frilled or quilled braids for bordering shapes made of braids simply sewn together. In some of the wide braids the effect of quilling or pleating is provided ready to hand.

Trimming with small spangles, which is much resorted to for theater hats, is not, as will have been gathered from my last letter, restricted to these. One of the latest ideas consists of sewing them here and there on the petals of flowers and on leaves. But they combine favorably, perhaps, with tulle and other thin fabrics. Ruchings of gossamer are often powdered with spangles, or they are sewn on the edge of microscopic frillings. Bands of spangled tulle are used to drape round lace or straw hats.

Besides gilt, jet, silvered and steel spangles, there is a new kind made of the same composition as imitation pearls, showing pretty iridescent colorings. These spangles have one important advantage over metal spangles in being so light that the least movements sets them trembling.

One of Mme. Reboux' elegant demi-saison hats is wreathed with green leaves studded with these pearl spangles. The hat itself—a plateau of medium size—is built up if narrow pinked frillings of black taffeta araged alternately with frillings of black taffeta arranged alternately with frillings of black tulle.

It is hardly necessary to insist more fully on the immense importance of lace as a trimming, but in addition to what I wrote you on this head last month, I may add that the demand for lace as a trimming for hats is likely to incerase as time goes on. It is to be a lace season. Of this all are agreed, dressmakers as well as milliners. Nor will milliners restrict themselves to white, black, cream and ecru lace. They will also use guipure of various shades of beige and light brown, and probably other colors besides. One of the chief dressmaking firms has had the novel idea of ordering Brussel's application, Ireland, Chantilly and other sorts of lace in pastel shades to match different materials; it may, therefore, be surmised that milliners will follow suit and that one shall see pale pink, mauve, lilac and light green shades trimmed with lace of the same colors. Silk blonde is said to be coming into fashion again, and if this proves correct, there will probably be a demand for it in various light colors.

As matters stand at present, there sees to be rather a fancy for uniformity of tints in straw and trimming, more especially when flowers are used as a facing for the brim of the hat or the rolled brim of a large toque. Among the new models noted are a marquis hat in dark blue straw faced with bands of blue flowers closely clustered together; a sky blue toque faced with forget-me-nots, and a nut-brown straw hat faced with hyacinths of the same tint of brown. When the straws are of the new glace sorts, the flowers, ribbons or feathers used for trimming will sometimes partake of the same combinations of colors.

Contrasts, however, are by no means eschewed. A charming hat worn by the heroine of the new piece at the Gymnase is in mistletoe green straw trimmed with a wreath of loose petalled yellow roses with black stamens. A particularly bright scheme of color is chosen for a trim little Russian toque in bright red English straw. This has a band of the same colored velvet covering the lower half of the brim, and at the side two loose rosettes made of soft satin ribbon of a gay foliage green, and bunches of ash-berries and leaves dangling below.

Silver gray and bright red are the colors chosen for a broad-brimmed hat. The shape is built up of red satin straw, interwoven with gray chenille. On this, both outside and under, is sewn a number of very small rosettes made of red velvet comete. A gray amazon slightly tinged with red at its extremity partly encircles the low crown, to hang down finally in a loop behind the left ear.

Sky-blue, pink, green and black are combined in a medium-sized hat intended for early spring. The shape is covered smooth with blue satin and bordered with a double quilling made of taffeta to match, frayed out at the edges. The brim, which rolls at the side, is, as it were, faced by a half-long black ostrich feather fastened in front by a rosette to match the quilling. A cordon or garland of pink anemonies with their pale green leaves encircle the crown, its two ends falling down in the neck behind over loops of black velvet.

A theater hat of plateau form tilted toward the right by a high bandeau, is covered entirely and faced with very narrow cross-cut folds of rose-petal pink illusion. On the outside lies a large spray of pink orchids, the pink in the flowers being slightly tinged with mauve. The bandeau is covered with a quilling of satin ribbon to match the flowers, and over the left ear is attached a paradise tail dyed to match the tulle.

As will be seen, flowers and feathers are pretty equally favored, still for the opening weeks of the season it is understood that for day wear flowers will have the lead, whereas somewhat later on trimmings composed of flowers and feathers will have the preference for smart hats. Between this and Easter large toques and medium-sized hats made entirely of violets will be well worn. There is always a run on these flowers just at this time. But it is to be noted this year that the bluish-purple violets are neglected for those with a decided strain of pink or red in them, and for the lilac and pearl-gray varieties. A cluster of gardenias or of camelias, or a bunch of white violets on one side is considered an improvement. Sometimes it is only the brim that is covered with flowers, and the crown with heavy or maiden-hair fern.

So little change having been made in shapes, the slightest modifications become of importance. Indeed, details are of paramount interest just now, and by the curve of a brim or the set of a feather it is possible to determine whether a model comes from a first-rate house or not. For instance, most of the chic of a broad-brimmed hat in yellow tuscan comes from the way in which its brim is rolled and crinkled at the edge. These irregular rolls and wrinkles may be compared to those on the edge of a rose petal. At the same time there is a decided movement upward of the brim on the left. The trimming is a cordon of large roses running from blush to deepest pink, which encircles the low crown from the side where its two ends form a double band looping up the brim. From behind these bands protrudes a little coquille of yellow lace.

A large hat in black rice straw is made to assume vaguely a tricurve form by having the crown and brim nipped together at their base in three places by pearl cabochons. But its noticeable feature is the way in which the single long white ostrich feather is placed; its stem is fastened on the right side of the brim beneath a loose rosette of black velvet ribbon, and it passes thence straight across the crown and brim on the left to curve under the latter and rest finally tip forward on the hair.

The brim of a plateau hat built up of nut-brown braids rolls from the front and left side, flutes slightly on the right and has two fluted pleats at the back. The outside trimming consists of a very wide soft taffeta ribbon, brown shot with two shades of green, arranged in groups of loops held in their places by dull gilt slides, the two ends ravelled out at their extremities, finishing it off behind. The under side of the brim is faced to a certain depth with rose leaves made of brownish-green panne, studded here and there with small gilt spangles. On the left side is placed a cluster of four white naisette roses.

Turning to toques, we find the same relative simplicity with attention to details. Here is one of the glace satin straw, described in my last letter, exhibiting an opaline combination of tones. The trimming consists of two wings showing the same combination of very pale tints, fastened to the top of the brim, the tips pointing straight downward a little behind the ears. Lapets of deep cream lace are arranged between the wings in a loose bow.

A large toque with rolled brim, rather higher in front, is covered and faced with black tulle, closely ruched, honeycomb style. Mounted in the tulle on the facing of the brim are five flat jet rings set at equal distances one from another. A black paradise tail fastened to the crown by a large ornament in cut jet sweeps over from the right side to the back.

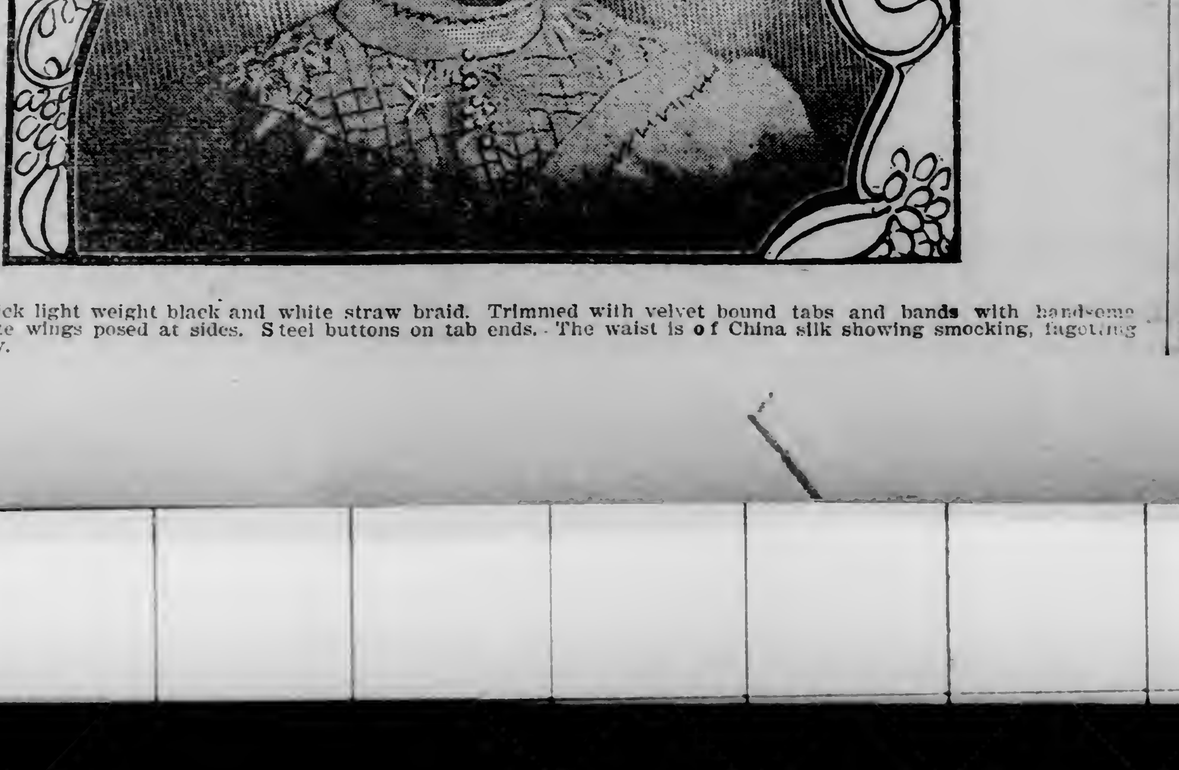
Different ways of arranging ostrich tips are shown in the following: The first is a toque or small hat, rolled up in front and sloping down behind, stitched with white Irelande and bordered deeply with black Chantilly. Around the crown is draped a narrow scarf of the latter, knotted behind with a little posy of white rosebuds. The two black tips are fastened under this scarf and come curling over the front of the brim.

In the other model a large toque of bolero form built up of pastel pink cabochon straw braids, the tips three in number, are fastened by three pearl cabochons, so as to curl over the side one behind the other; the first fastened to the center of the crown, only just comes over the border of the brim; the second, fastened to the edge of the crown, falls lower, and the third falls over the hair, being secured to the outside of the brim. These feathers are tipped with white.

PARISIAN WALKING COSTUME

Costume of dark grey cheviot, the skirt cut plain with fan plaits let in at two breadths each side front, headed with cord ornaments. Blouse coat cut with pointed basque back and front. Trimming of grey silk edged with black braid, and passementerie of grey and white silk cord, and cut steel buttons. New shape puff sleeves.
JOS. SCHOEN & CO.

NEW SPRING SHIRT WAIST HAT



Hat of thick light weight black and white straw braid. Trimmed with velvet bound tabs and bands with handsome black and white wings posed at sides. Steel buttons on tab ends. The waist is of China silk showing smocking, fagoting and embroidery.

Positive Proof of Pinkham Cures

The wonderful power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over the diseases of womankind is not because it is a stimulant,—not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the whole uterine system, positively CURING disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures, and physicians who have recognized the virtue in **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

One of Many Women Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Without Submitting to an Operation, Writes:—

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I was a great sufferer for three years, had some of the leading physicians, and they all said nothing but an operation would cure me, but to that I would not submit.

"I picked up a paper and saw your advertisement and made up my mind to try your medicine. I had falling and inflammation of the womb and a flow of whites all the time, pains across small of back, severe headache, did not know what it was to be without a pain or an ache until I used your medicine. After three months' use of it, I felt like a new woman. I still sound the praise of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**."—Mrs. Wm. A. Cowan, 1804 Bainbridge St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Graduate Nurse, Convinced by Cures, Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She Writes:—

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—Ministering to the sick I have had numerous chances to compare **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** with other medicines in cases of diseases of women, and the number of cures recorded where your medicine was used convinced me that it is the **safest and surest** medicine for a sick woman. Doctors certainly must know the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I am convinced that you deserve the splendid record you have made.—Yours very truly, Mrs. Catherine Jackson, 769 Beaubien St., Detroit, Mich." (Graduate Nurse and President Detroit Emergency Association.)

Many Physicians Admit that no Medicine Known to the Profession Equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound for the Cure of Woman's Ills, and We are Permitted to Publish the Following:—

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—It gives me great pleasure to state that I have found **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** very efficacious, and have often prescribed it for female difficulties.

"My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for uterine trouble some two years ago, and my youngest daughter is using it for female weakness, and as a tonic, and is slowly but surely gaining strength and health.

"I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all disorders which women are subject to, and give it honest endorsement.—Yours very truly, Sarah C. Brigham, M.D., 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass."

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience that it can be relied upon to effect a cure.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. No living person has had such a vast and successful experience in treating female ills. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Immense Tonnage Being Sent Out at Present.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 28.—An immense tonnage is being sent out from the mines of the Cripple Creek district to the mills and smelters at present. Every ore train is being work and there is a crying need for more cars on all the railways to handle the output. The production is not less than 2000 tons a day, and the probability is that 80 per cent of it is being sent to the different reduction plants, and the remaining 20 per cent to the Pueblo and Denver smelters.

The new ore chute opened from the 800-foot level of the American Eagle, on the Orpha May No. 2, is developing nicely. The streak is better than two feet in width and so far the ore is averaging nearly $50 a ton. The American Eagle is one of the Stratton properties.

The lessees of the Mary Cashen, on Battle mountain, are shipping some smelting grade ore from the 350-foot level, where they made a strike a few months ago. The vein is very irregular. The leasing company now operating this property has paid into the company's treasury in royalties about $1400.

Extensive development work is going on in the Last Dollar mine, the Raven hill bonanza. Dividends have again been started an it is understood that from this time forward they will be paid quarterly.

Another strike has been made on Raven hill, this time on the Wide Awake, situated near the crest of the hill. Five or six years ago George Keener, now superintendent of the Mary McKinney, shipped several hundred tons of high grade ore from this property and made good money out of the lease. As depth was attained, however, the ore chute was lost. No less than half a dozen sets of lessees have attempted to find the lost ore chute, but the present lessees are the first to meet with any success. They have a three-foot vein of ore which assays from $30 to $190 per ton.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Milder Weather Has Accelerated Demand For Seasonable Goods.

New York, Feb. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Milder weather not only accelerated the demand for many lines of merchandise, but relieved the pressure for fuel, which threatened to become a serious matter, and incidentally facilitated efforts to reduce the freight congestion. With no other retaining feature business fully maintain its gratifying position. Returns of both domestic and foreign trade are fully equal to those of the same month last year and in many cases there are marked gains. The people are consuming on a scale never before equalled, as evidenced by the enormous distribution and continual inquiries for prompt shipment. Firmly held quotations also bear testimony to the fact that demand is often greater than supply.

Increased interest has been displayed by purchasers of all products of iron and steel, giving a decidedly firmer tone to the market and in many instances quotations have advanced. One of the definite changes was a rise of $2 a ton in wire products which was not a surprise and a new ore averaging over 25 cents a ton higher. This makes every step of the process more expensive to the independent producer; ore, pig iron, coke, wages and freights having reached a higher position. To leading producers, however, the situation is less disturbing, as most of these factors are under one control, and it will be possible to hold prices of finished steel at a fairly conservative position.

A heavy tonnage of pipe has been moved on old orders, and considerable new business is reported.

Few additional advances have occurred in quotations of cotton goods, the developments of the week being chiefly in the direction of establishing the market on the higher basis that was suggested by earlier spasmodic advances. There is more conservatism on the part of buyers. Business in woolens has fallen off unexpectedly, some early buyers reducing the size of their initial orders, while in a few exceptional cases there have been complete cancellations. This change of front is attributed to the fact that manufacturers have not held to opening prices.

New England shops have secured moderate advances in several grades of footwear, chiefly of fall styles in demand by Western buyers. Other divisions are very firm, and the entire market exhibits an upward tendency. Quotations of leather are fully maintained, although trade is quiet in sole leather. Foreign dry hides are strong, but inactive, owing to light stock and restricted arrivals.

Failures this week numbered 211 in the United States, against 215 last year and 28 in Canada compared with 35 a year ago.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
Walter Baker's
BREAKFAST COCOA

The FINEST COCOA in the World
Costs Less than One Cent a Cup
Forty Highest Awards in Europe and America
Walter Baker & Co. Limited
Established 1780 Dorchester, Mass.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD

JAN 1 1903 THRU FEB 28 1903

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	Filmed by: Mary Seibeck	Date: Oct. 1, 1958	Camera No. Gen 6
	Reduction Ratio: 14 3/4	Voltmeter .25/92	No. Expos. 761
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